NAPOLEON LETTERS.

Suppressed Correspondence to Be Published.

CHARACTER OF THE EMPEROR

As Portrayed in Private Epistles on Various Subjects—Advice to His Brother.

PARIS, July 1.—M. Leon Lechtre, curator of the French archives, will issue during the present week the first volume of 300 letters which were suppressed by the editors of Napoleon's correspondence, issued in 1869, as not calculated to increase the glory of the great French emperor. The volume includes some heated family letters and some vigorously worded epistles to Fouche and Dubois, the ministers of police and war respectively.

A letter to Marshal Soult in 1804 shows that Napoleon did not hesitate in adopting any means of obtaining confessions. He ordered Soult to arrest a fisherman suspected of communicating with the British, adding: "If he refuses to speak you must squeeze his thumbs in a musket lock."

Learning in 1807, through Marshal Victor, that Prince Agustus of Prussia was intriguing against him, Napoleon wrote him not to be punished because he was a dull man and spent his time courting Mme. de Stael at Coppet, Switzerland, and of course, could only pick up bad habits with her. "Send word to him that at the first mischievous remark he utters you will lock him up in his castle and send Mme. de Stael to console him. There are no men so cringing as these princes of Prussia."

Writing to Tallyrand in 1808 that princes of the former reigning family of Spain were about to arrive, Napoleon says: "You may send for Madame Tallyrand and four or five persons. If the prince of Austria should form an attachment for a pretty person it will be no drawback, as it would supply another means of watching him."

Another letter from Napoleon to Tallyrand reads: "Your mission is honorable enough to receive three illustrious personages and amuse them, and is quite in keeping with your character."

When Napoleon received the news June 11, 1809 that the pope had excommunicated him, he wrote: "I spare the pope no longer. He is a raving madman and must be locked up."

Some letters to his brother, Prince Jerome, are interesting. When Jerome was outwitted by the Austrian Kienmayer, he still boasted of his strategic plans, in an inflated order of the day. This caused Napoleon to write as follows: "I have seen your order of the day, which makes you the laughing stock of Austria, Germany and France. Haven't you a friend about to tell you the plain truth? You a king and a brother of the emperor, these are ridiculous titles. In time of war you must be a soldier and nothing but a soldier. You must have no minister, no diplomatic corps, no state.

"You must camp with the vanguard, by day and night on horseback, and march in the van to pick up news, or remain in a harem.

"You make war like a satrap. Is it from me, good God, that you learned that? From me, who, with an army of 200,000 men keep at the head of my skirmishers?

"The people are provoked with you. Kienmayer, with 12,000 men, has laughed at you and your ridiculous pretensions and has slipped away from you and fallen upon Junot. You have a lot of pretensions, some little mind and not a few good qualities, but these are marred by your fatuity and your extreme presumption. You have no knowledge of the fitness of things. Leave off being ridiculous, send your diplomatic corps back to Cassels, have no baggage, and wage war like a young soldier wishing to earn glory and reputation. Try to deserve the rank you have reached and the esteem of France and Europe, who are watching you, and, by God, so fight and speak in a seemly manner if you can."

To Recover Lost Land.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—An effort is being made through the courts to recover some of the lost estates of the Pico family, made illustrious through the famous Don Pio Pico, twice governor of this state and the last to enjoy that distinction under the Mexican government. The will of the late widow of Don Antonio Maria Pico, who died fifteen years ago, was filed with the county clerk today as a preliminary step towards that end. Fifty years ago Don Antonio was very wealthy and lived in great splendor in San Jose, where he held the office of district judge under Mexican rule. He held immense tracts of land in San Mateo, Marin and Alameda counties, and some 50,000 acres in Lower California, but when he died his vast estates had vanished and there was little or nothing left for his widow and family.

DELAGOA BAY.

In the Hands of a Transvaal-German Syndicate.

LONDON, July 1.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail asserts that Dr. W. J. Leyds, the Transvaal secretary of state, has engineered a syndicate, ostensibly French in order to conceal its political nature which has brought up all the available shares of the Mozambique company. The money is actually contributed by the Transvaal government and several German houses, and the syndicate will pay Portugal a large sum for a new charter to the Mozambique company, including the whole of Delagoa bay, with its port, customs and civil administration.

"Thus," continues the correspondent, "unless England acts quickly the Delagoa region will fall within the control of a Boer-German group."

A dispatch to the Times from Capetown says that President Kruger has telegraphed to Dr. Leyds to return to Pretoria immediately, giving as his reasons his own illness and important matters of state.

RIOTS AT CANADA.

Mohammedans Threw Stones at the Europeans.

CALCUTTA, July 1.—Serious riots among the Mussulmans occurred here yesterday evening. Besides the main mob, scattered gangs of rioters paraded the streets, hooting and stoning the Europeans, several of whom were injured. Finally the authorities were compelled to call out the troops. It is regarded as significant that the Hindoos positively sympathize with the rioters.

The situation this morning is still grave. An additional force of cavalry was required to disperse the rioters, but the mobs quickly gathered together again. The riot was caused by the reported profanation of a mosque.

Woodford Is Acceptable.

HAVANA, July 1.—La Lucha, commenting editorially on the appointment of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford as United States minister to Spain says it ought not to surprise anyone. The fact that he expressed an opinion favorable to Cuban independence during the last war, when he did not form a part of the government and was without responsibility, is, La Lucha declares, no reason to be urged against his appointment.

RIVERA'S CONDITION.

He is Said to Suffer From an Abscess in the Stomach.

HAVANA, July 1.—The correspondent of the Associated Press had an interview with General Ruis Rivera in the San Ambrosio hospital, to which he was removed from Cabanas fortress by the advice of the attending surgeons.

After a consultation between the medical directors of the hospital and other hospital physicians, it was decided to make an incision in the upper part of Rivera's liver. This operation was performed, but it was not considered expedient to continue that line of treatment, and the physicians will probably confine themselves hereafter to local applications for the patient's relief. The bulletin issued as to the patient's condition says he is suffering from an abscess to the right side of the stomach and above the liver.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The Finance Committee Meets With Reverses.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The finance committee suffered several unexpected reverses during the consideration of the tariff bill today, being defeated on three important votes. Cotton bagging was placed on the free list, 30 to 25, and cotton ties also, by a vote of 29 to 23. The duty on white pine lumber was reduced from $2 to $1 per thousand, 32 to 31.

The amendment on pine occasioned the greatest surprise, and led to the general breaking up of party lines on both sides of the chamber. During the early stages of the debate the duty on lumber, including pine, was placed at $2, after a protracted contest. Today Teller returned to the contest, and moved to place white pine lumber on the free list. The amendment was defeated by the close vote of 32 to 33, four Republicans, Baker, Carter, Hansbrough and Quay, joining in the affirmative, while three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, voted with the Republicans in the negative. Following up this close vote, Mantle (silver Republican) moved to reduce the rate on white pine from $2 to $1, and this was carried by a majority of 1. Two Republicans, Baker and Carter, voted with the Democrats in the affirmative, and three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, with the Republicans in the negative. The bill is now completed with the exception of the reciprocity section and some comparatively minor paragraphs heretofore passed over. Only three of these—coal tar, potash and tea—remain, so that these items, the reciprocity section and the brief internal revenue and administration provisions are all that remain of the bill to be disposed of before the final vote is taken.

Few Indians Off the Reservation.

BOISE, Idaho, July 1.—There have been no developments in Indian matters today. The governor received the following from the agent at Fort Hall today:

Stewart, chief of police, a competent white employe, was sent with the police to Camas prairie to investigate and return any Fort Hall Indians found there. Very few if any Indians are absent from the reservation. Will go to Camas prairie if Stewart reports that my presence is desirable.

F. G. BROWN, Acting Agent.

WILL HOLD THESSALY.

The Turkish Government so Notifies the Powers.

LONDON, July 2.—A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople, dated Wednesday, says: Tewfik Pasha will announce to the embassadors of the powers tomorrow (Thursday) that the cabinet maintains the inalienable right of Turkey to retain Thessaly by virtue of conquest.

A dispatch to the Standard from Constantinople says that Edhem Pasha, commander of the Turkish forces in Thessaly, has tendered his resignation of command to the sultan, on the ground that under the proposed peace conditions he will be unable to guarantee the discipline of the army.

Women do Not Want Him.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.,—July 1.—An unusual feature of the fight being made against the confirmation of John Goodnow of this city, as consul-general to Shanghai, is the number of protests being made to President McKinley and to the Senate by women and women's organizations. Seven W. C. T. U. unions of St. Paul and the Women's Rescue league of Minneapolis have wired protests. The ground of this action is the character of evidence introduced in the divorce suit in which Mr. Goodnow was recently an unsuccessful defendant.

Cannot Fight in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Superintendent McKelvey of the Brooklyn police has effectually blocked the Sullivan-Fitzsimmons sparring match scheduled for July 5th at Ambrose park. He has instructed the police not to allow the match to take place under any circumstances. The park officials will not be allowed to begin the erection of a platform for the fight. An invasion of the instructions was attempted when the park people learned that the fight could not come off even under the Horton law. They allowed it to be generally understood that the fight would come off under the guise of an illustrated lecture.

Escape From a Convent.

CINCINNATI, O., July 1.—Maggie Gaffney of Covington, Ky., aged 15, and Millie Hober of Cincinnati, aged 16, made a daring escape from the convent of the Good Shepherd in this city after midnight. They dropped twenty feet from a fourth-story window to a roof, and then scaled the convent walls. Millie Hober sprained her ankles, and her companion would not desert her. So the police took charge of them. The girls tell of starvation, hard work and cruel treatment, and threaten suicide if they are returned.

Japanese Minister Feels Insulted.

CHICAGO, July 1.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says: Toru Hoshi, the Japanese minister, is likely to be recalled at an early date. While officials of the Japanese legation here claim to be in ignorance of any such probability, well-informed opinion in state department circles inclines to the belief that Mr. Hoshi will ask for his papers within a short time. The minister himself feels insulted because the state department did not apprise him of the negotiations which led to the signing of the treaty for annexation of Hawaii.

The June Statement.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that during the month of June the receipts from all sources amounted to $29,504,706, and the expenditures $22,934,634, leaving a surplus for the month of $13,650,614. The surplus during June, 1896, was $2,349,43. The statement shows that the deficit for the fiscal year closed yesterday was $18,623,108, a reduction of $31,821,905 since March 11th of the present year.

Minister to Greece.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—It is understood that the President has selected W. W. Rockhill, late assistant secretary of state, for United States minister to Greece, and his nomination is likely to go to the Senate tomorrow.

McKinley Gives a Dinner.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.—The President gave a dinner today to the members of his official family and a few invited guests. It was an entirely informal affair.

Tomorrow night the President and Mrs. McKinley and Mrs. Saxton leave the city for Canton, to visit the President's mother. They will return early next week.

Another Peralta Claim.

DENVER, July 1.—A special to the Republican from Santa Fe, N. M., says:

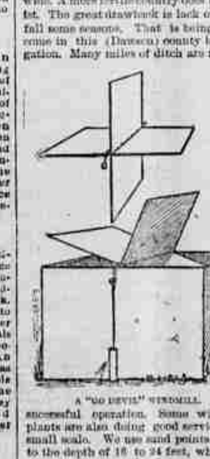
E. A. Garza, a Mexican lawyer from Monterey, who also has an office at San Antonio, Texas, has been here some days consulting with prominent attorneys respecting the filing in the United States Land court of another Peralta grant claim beside which the bogus claim of J. A. Peralta-Reavis stands as a mere bagatelle. Garza alleges to have access to the original Spanish archives to substantiate the validity of the Peralta grant for fifty million acres of land in Arizona, Mexico and southern New Mexico.

HOMEMADE WINDMILL.

Recommended by a Nebraskan Who Has Used It With Success.

A farmer of Overton, Neb., calls attention to a homemade windmill by an illustrated description in Rural New Yorker. He says:

We are located on the Platte river bottom, which here is about nine miles wide. A more fertile country does not exist. The great drawback is lack of rainfall some seasons. That is being overcome in this (Dawson) county by irrigation. Many miles of ditch are now in



A "GO DEVIL" WINDMILL.

successful operation. Some windmill plants are also doing good service on a small scale. We use sand points driven to the depth of 16 to 24 feet, where we get an endless supply of water. Windmills may be turned on and run the year round, and never affect the water supply.

A great many in this part of the country use homemade windmills, of which I send a drawing.

An old buggy axle is used for the shaft, which is set in boxes at the top of the tower, which is a square box. Our prevailing winds are north and south, so the mill is set to face that way. It will run with any wind except a direct side wind. The cost of such a mill is about $6, and answers the same purpose as a high priced mill. By using large tanks or reservoirs, water may be obtained for irrigating small areas at very little outlay of money, by using this device.

In an explanatory note the editor of the journal quoted says: "This form of windmill is called a 'godevil' in some part of the west. As will be seen from the picture, it is a box without top or bottom set firmly on the ground. The 'windmill' is made like an old fashioned water wheel, and is set on the box so that the upper surface is exposed while the ends of the box protect the lower parts. The wind, blowing over the top of the box, turns the wheel over and over, since the blades outside of the box are the only ones that feel the wind."

SALT LAKE CITY, July 2, 1897.

Today's Temperature at 1 p.m.—69.
Tomorrow—Cloudy, cooler.

$400.00 not $200.00

Two San Francisco grocers—Ring Bros. and T. Salomon—won $100.00 each because they sent the most yellow tickets before June 15th.

But grocers and clerks can get more tickets than other consumers; so we also paid $100.00 each to the two persons named below:

Mrs. Wm. Fonk, Winnemucca, Nevada, 232 tickets.
Mrs. L. During, 819 Bryant Street, San Francisco, 72 tickets.

Mrs. During got a number of friends in San Francisco and near by (one keeps a boarding house) to give her their tickets; and she used the tea herself.

By the way, she uses *Schilling's Best* baking powder and extracts—too bad she doesn't know how good *Schilling's Best* spices are! But she says the extracts and baking powder are wonderful.

A woman in Stockton, who keeps a restaurant, came very near getting a prize. She deserves one for supplying her customers such good tea.

Better read our advertisements every day—some contain suggestions how to win the prize.

By the way, grocers can't compete for the two $150.00 prizes offered for the most yellow tickets in one envelope between June 15th and August 31st. They can, however, compete for the $1000.00 prize. B 4

SCHILLING'S BEST TEA SAN FRANCISCO

AT WALKER'S.

In Order to

Put in Operation Our Plans

For remodeling our Suit and Carpet Departments, it is of vital interest to us first, to make an entire clearance of the stocks.

We Have Made Prices to do it.

Avail yourself of this opportunity to organize your wardrobe and your household at about half regular cost.

TAILOR MADE DRESSES, Reefer, Eton and Blazer Coats, silk lined, upward from......

$5.00

Duck, Eton or Blazer Suits, upward from.....

$1.25

SHIRT WAISTS, 13c up. | SEPARATE SKIRTS, $1.00 up.

Carpets, Draperies, Upholstery Stuffs priced for a double quick step departure this week.

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

Deseret National Bank

U. S. DEPOSITORY

Salt Lake City, Utah.

Capital, - - - $500,000.
Surplus, - - - $250,000.

L. S. Hills, Prest. Moses Thatcher, Vice-Prest.

DIRECTORS.

Geo. Romney, James Sharp, Wm. H. McIntyre, E. R. Eldredge, Jas. T. Little, Henry Dinwoodey, John R. Barnes, Wm. W. Riter, John C. Cutler, D. H. Perry, John R. Winder.

H. S. YOUNG, Cashier.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

Wilford Woodruff, President. Geo. M. Cannon, Cashier.

CASH CAPITAL, - - $200,000
CASH SURPLUS, - $100,000

Zion's Savings Bank & TRUST CO.

No. 1-3 East Temple Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Established 1873. Incorporated 1888.

DIRECTORS:

Wilford Woodruff, President.
Geo. Q. Cannon, Vice-President.
Joseph F. Smith, George Reynolds,
Angus M. Cannon, Heber J. Grant,
James Jack, Lorenzo Snow,
T. G. Webber, Francis M. Lyman,
H. B. Clawson, L. John Nuttall,
George M. Cannon.

Safety deposit boxes in our burgular proof vault for rent at very low rate.

Open for deposits Saturday night until 8 o'clock.

THE

STATE BANK OF UTAH,

CORNER MAIN AND SO. TEMPLE Streets, Salt Lake City.

Capital, - - $500,000.

Heber J. Grant, President.
Wm. B. Preston, Vice-Pres't.
Heber M. Wells, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Heber J. Grant, Heber M. Wells,
Joseph F. Smith, Spencer Clawson,
Chas. S. Burton, P. T. Farnsworth,
Wm. B. Preston, Isaac Barton.

COMMERCIAL BANKING In all its Branches.

Accounts Solicited—Large and Small.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COUNTRY TRADE.

WALKER BROS. Bankers

SUCCESSORS TO THE UNION NATIONAL BANK

Established 1859.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

T. R. JONES & CO., Bankers,

150 MAIN STREET.

B. H. SCHETTLER,

WHO DOES A

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS At No. 23 Main Street, Opposite the Co-op

And Pays Interest on Deposits, Desires your accounts.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S BANK,

SALT LAKE CITY, - UTAH.
Established, 1852.

Buys and sells Exchange, makes Telegraphic transfers on the principal cities of the United States and Europe, and all points on the Pacific Coast. Issues letters of credit available in the principal cities of the World. Special attention given to the selling of Ores and Bullion. Advances made on consignments at lowest rates.

Particular attention given to collections throughout Utah, Nevada, and adjoining territories. Accounts solicited.

J. E. DOOLY, Cashier.

Commercial National Bank

Capital Paid in $200,000.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Directors:

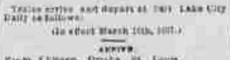
Dr. Theo. Meyer, John J. Daly, O. J. Salisbury, Moylan C. Fox, Thos. Marshall, W. P. Noble, George M. Downey, John W. Donnellan, Newell Beeman.

ESTABLISHED 1841. 150 OFFICES.

The Oldest and Largest.

R. G. DUN & CO., The Mercantile Agency.

George Osmond, General Manager, Utah, Idaho and Wyoming. Offices in Progress Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.



Oregon Short Line RAILROAD.

Trains arrive and depart at Salt Lake City Daily as follows:

(In effect March 10th, 1897.)

ARRIVE.

From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Park City and Ogden.......... 3:20 p.m.
From Juneau, Butte, Portland, San Francisco, Ogden and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
From San Francisco, Cache Valley, Ogden and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and Ogden.......... [illegible]
From Eureka, Milford, and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
From Mercur, Tintic, Provo, Nephi, Sanpete Valley and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
Mixed train from Terminus, Tooele and Garfield Beach.......... [illegible]

DEPART.

For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Park City.......... 7:00 a.m.
For San Francisco, Ogden, Cache Valley and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
For Ogden and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Butte, Portland, San Francisco.......... [illegible]
For Eureka, Mercur, Provo, Nephi, Sanpete Valley.......... 7:40 a.m.
For Provo, Nephi, Milford, Frisco and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
Mixed train for Garfield Beach, Tooele and Terminus.......... [illegible]

Trains south of Juab run daily except Sunday.
Daily except Sunday.

City Ticket Office, 201 Main Street.

Telephone No. 250.

The only line in connection with the Union Pacific operating Through Pullman Palace Sleepers. Finest Improved Tourist Sleepers. Free Reclining Chair Cars. Elegant Day Coaches.

D. E. BURLEY, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
S. W. ECCLES, Gen. Traffic Mgr.
W. H. BANCROFT, Vice Pres. and Gen Mgr.

THE RIO GRANDE WESTERN RAILWAY. GREAT SALT LAKE ROUTE.

STANDARD GUAGE.

CURRENT TIME TABLE.

Effective Jan. 18, 1897.

Leave Salt Lake City.

No. 2—For Bingham, Provo, Grand Junction and all points east.......... 7:50 a.m.
No. 4—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points East.......... 7:40 p.m.
No. 5—For Ogden and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
No. 6—For Bingham, Mt Pleasant, Manti, Belknap, Richfield and all intermediate points.......... [illegible]
No. 8—For Eureka, Payson, Provo, and all intermediate points.......... [illegible]
No. 3—For Ogden and the West.......... 11:45 p.m.
No. 1—For Ogden and the West.......... [illegible]

Arrive Salt Lake City.

No. 1—From Bingham, Provo, Grand Junction and the East.......... 12:12 p.m.
No. 3—From Provo, Grand Junction and the East.......... [illegible]
No. 5—From Provo, Bingham, Eureka, Richfield, Belknap, Manti and all intermediate points.......... [illegible]
No. 6—From Ogden and intermediate points.......... [illegible]
No. 7—From Eureka and Payson.......... [illegible]
No. 2—From Ogden and the West.......... [illegible]
No. 4—From Ogden and the West.......... [illegible]

Only line running through Pullman Palace sleeping cars Salt Lake City to San Francisco, Salt Lake City to Denver via Grand Junction and Salt Lake City to Kansas City and Chicago via Colorado points.

Through tourist or family sleepers without change, to Kansas City, Chicago and Boston.

Free reclining chair cars Salt Lake to Denver.

Ticket Office, 103 W. 2nd South, (Postoffice corner.)

D. C. DODGE, Gen. Manager.
F. A. WADLEIGH, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

WE INSURE YOU

A safe, pleasant and comfortable journey on one of the finest vestibuled trains in America. The limited trains on the Erie between CHICAGO AND NEW YORK are without a peer, and are

FREE

Of any Extra Charge. Don't forget it's the Erie, leaving Dearborn station, Chicago. City ticket office, 242 Clark Street. Going east or west you are on the train

FOR ONE NIGHT

And a day, and have all the comforts of home.

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS and EAST.

ONLY TWO DAYS LOST via SANTA FE ROUTE TO CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS

You leave Ogden, or Salt Lake in the evening, and after breakfasting in the sumptuous dining cars of the SANTA FE ROUTE, on the third morning, you arrive in Chicago or St. Louis in season to attend to business or connect with all fast trains for the East. Some one has said recently that the track of the ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE railroad was in such perfect condition that the long distance run of the "Flyer" on the New York Central could be equaled, if not excelled, by its magnificent trains.

J. L. KENWORTHY, General Agent, Room 41 Dooly Block.

SCAVENGER No. 5.

Closets and Cesspools Cleaned.
N. J. SANDBERG,
Address: 325 East Stevens Avenue.
Office, 241 State Street.

The People's Favorite

Trains leave and arrive Salt Lake City as follows:

(In effect March 10, 1897.)

LEAVE.

"The Overland Limited" for Chicago, St. Paul, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver and Park City.......... 7 00 a m
"The Fast Mail" for Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City and Denver.......... 7 00 pm

From three to twelve hours quicker to all above points than any other line.

ARRIVE.

"The Overland Limited" from Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver and Park City.......... 3 10 pm
"The Fast Mail" from Chicago, St. Paul, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City and Denver.......... [illegible]

City Ticket Office, No. 201 Main St.

Telephone No. 665.

The only line operating through Pullman Palace Sleepers, Library Buffet Smoker, Dining Cars, Tourist Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars.

D. E. BURLEY, General Agent.

SALT LAKE & OGDEN RY.

Daily Time Table in effect May 26.

[illegible]

LAGOON.

The ideal resort and picnic grounds. Round trip, including admission, 25 cents.

Special rates to societies, Sunday Schools, etc.

Round trip to Hot Springs, including bath, 25 cents.

H. W. FARLEY, Passenger Agent.
SIMON BAMBERGER, Genl. Manager.

From Ogden to Lagoon and return on Sundays, holidays, etc., via O. S. L. R. R., 50 cents, including admission to grounds.

The Colorado Midland R. R.

Two Through Trains Daily

Between Salt Lake City, Ogden and Leadville, Cripple Creek, Colorado Springs, Denver and all points east. Only line running THROUGH CHAIR CARS. Through sleepers on both morning and evening trains. This line, in connection with the Rio Grande Western, reaches Denver earlier than any other line via Colorado Springs. No change of cars or delayed trains. Take the Colorado Midland and enjoy the finest ride and grandest scenery in Colorado. For full information call on R. G. W. Ry agent, or

W. F. BAILEY, G. P. A., Denver Colo.
G. W. BROWN, Gen. Agent, Salt Lake City.

THE

DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD

SCENIC LINE OF THE WORLD

The only line running two through fast trains daily to Leadville, Aspen, Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver.

EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 29, 1896

Train No. 2 leaves Ogden 6:45 a. m., Salt Lake 7:50 a. m., arrive at Pueblo 5:30 a. m., Colorado Springs 7:03 a. m., Denver 9:30 a. m.

Train No. 1 leaves Ogden 6:35 p. m., Salt Lake 7:40 p. m., arrive at Pueblo 5:35 p. m., Colorado Springs 6:49 p. m., Denver 9:30 p. m.

Connections made at Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver with all lines east. Elegant day coaches, chair cars and Pullman sleepers on all trains. Take the D. & R. G. and have a comfortable trip and enjoy the finest scenery on the continent.

A. S. HUGHES, Traffic Manager, Denver, Colo.
S. K. HOOPER, G. P. & T. A., Denver, Colo.
B. F. NEVINS, General Agent, Salt Lake City, Utah.
B. M. CUSHING, Salt Lake City.

To the East.

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway.

The Rock Island is foremost in adopting any plan calculated to improve speed and give that luxury, safety and comfort that the popular patronage demands.

Its equipment is thoroughly complete with vestibuled trains,

BEST DINING CAR SERVICE IN THE WORLD.

Pullman Sleepers, Chair Cars, all the most elegant and of recently improved patterns.

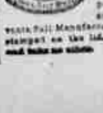
Its specialties are—

Fast Time,
Courteous Employes,
First Class Equipment and
First Class Service Given.

For full particulars as to Tickets, Maps, Rates, apply to any Coupon Ticket Agent in the United States, Canada or Mexico, or address,

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago.
W. H. FIRTH, Gen. Agt., Denver, Col.
L. A. BENTON, Local Agt., R. G. W. Ry.

SAPONIFIER.



Pennsylvania Saponifier is the original and old reliable Concentrated Lye for family soap making and general household uses. Beware of counterfeits. The success of this article has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. None genuine unless Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, is stamped on the lid. Ask your grocer for it and take no other.