surpassed it, the mercury at 2 colock standing at 95 in the shade. A large number of prostrations were reported, among them being: W. F. Oblitty, Alfred Kuilon, Bennett Jones, John Walsh, Charles Etorch and Thomas Kearn. All are in a serious condition. PARIS, May 31.—In the senute to day

M. Hanntaux, the minister of foreign affaire, made an important statement regarding the foreign policy of the government, in which he denied that French national interests were suberdinated to the interests of other powers. He explained that the part which France took in the European representations to Japan was dictated by the interests of France, io view of her interests of France, to view of position in Hindoo-China, and the protection she oweu to French religious missions in China. France could not are the independence of China menaced by a permanent Japanese occupation. If the empire of China fell, or was rudely suffer from the conservation of was surely suffer from the coosequent disorder and anarohy. Russis, he continued, held the same view regarding the necessity of mulntaining the statu quo in China in ber own interest, and Germany, likewise, had good rea-sons for acting in unisen with France and Russia,

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31.—An interesting question has arised in the treasury department which involves the legal meaning of the word "polygamist." Commissioner Geueral Stumpf, of the immigration hureau, has received application for admission to this country of Robert Stensor, wife Kate, Barbara Hunton, Lizzle Naylor and seven children.

These immigrants recently arrived at Quebec, Canada, from Glasgow, and in their affidavits state they are Mormons in religion and full believerers in polygamy and intend to practice polygamy it so included on reaching their destination, Balt Lake City.

The question involved is whether belief in polygamy of itself and in the absence of proof of any pilygamous act, brings the party within the inbibiton of the law declaring that polygamists shall not be admitted to this country. Acting Secretary Wike has the subject under consucration. Mr. Stumpf is of the opinion that the parties should be deharred admission.

PITTEBURG, Ps., May 31.—It is generally understond here that furnace cuke for July delivery has been advanced to \$1.50 a tor, and it is rumored another advance will be made in July. The present price is \$1.35. The advance will cause a similar advance in all the iron and steel products, and is regarded as an indication that further advances will be made in the price of abor.

LONDON, June 1.—The Davy News bas an editorial this morning, commenting upon the recent incluents at Jiddah, Moosh and Beyrout, involving assault: upon representatives of the Christian powers by the Muhammedan residents. The editorial says: "It is not too much to say that there are many signs of a holy war against all Christian communities and all Christian rights whatever in the Turkish empire. The powers represented on the Armenian commission cannot poseibly mistake its character, Armenia was probably never nearer to complete and final delivery than at this bour."

The *Times* also comments on the Sultan's delay in accepting the Armenian scheme of reform, and calls him the great international Micawher.

NEW YORK, June 1.- According to the Engineering and Mining Journal the total value of the mineral and metal production of the United States for 1894 and 1898 war: 1893-\$615,846,-806; 1894-\$553,272,902; a decline of ab.ut \$62,573,904, or 9 per cent. ab. ut \$62,573,904, nr 9 per cent. This great falling off was, however, due far more to lower prices than the lessened quantity of the product. Thus the value of the coal production de-cliced last year \$13,758,828, or 7 per cent, while in quantity it lell off only 6,220,970 short toos, or 3½ per cent. Thissmall decline in volume of coal produced is substantially the measure of the whole mineral output of the country. The copper output increases 8 per cent, from 327,255,788 pounds in 1893 to 353,604,814 pounds in 1894, though in value it declined no lease tuan \$1,639,208, or 41 per cent. The production of gold increased from \$85,-955,000 in 1893 to \$39,761,205 in 1894, but the commercial value of silver produced declined from \$47,311,450, in 1894, to \$31,403,531 in 1894, a fail of \$15,907,929, or 34 per cent.

PHILADELPHIA, JUDE 3.—A special from Bradford, Pa., says: Forest fires are again raging in McKean and Elk counter, and it is estimated that the luss will reach into the million?. The extreme warm weather has made the forests very dry, and a spark from a locomotive set fire to the woous.

NEW YORK, June 4.—A special \$; the World from Havana says: "The whole province of Puerto Prin-

"The whole province of Puerto Principe is in a state of the wildest excitement," says a merchant who arrived from there last hight. "It may rise up any momeot like an explosion in a powder magazine."

Realizing the critical situation in that legion the merchant sold out all his belonging 8 and came bere.

The insurgents throughout Puerto Principe are only awaiting the arrival of General Maximo Gomez, who is to assume command of their forces and for whom they are anxiously looking. The bouses open in this city for recruiting Cuban soldiers for the revolution continue enlisting men unmolested.

San lago is completely surrounded by rehels and an attack is momentarily expected.

Telegrams from Santiago represent that the revolution is growing more and m. reserious in that department. Santiago has been without meat three days. A berd of cattle was brought into Santiago guarded by a force. The troops were attacked by insurgents and routed last night. According to the efficial dispatch the troops lost two m+n killed and four wounded while the reb-is lost two killed and five wounded.

It is common knowledge here that the soldiers of the government do not want to fight and that the commissioned officers inflict terrible cruelties on them, during battles to make them fight.

Francisco Cartillo, a naturalized United States citizen who has been imprisoned in the Moro castle since February 27 charget with implication in the revolution, has been set at liberty, anu sent on board a steamer leaving for New York.

It is rumored that Jose Mari Aguirre, a prisoner on the same charge, will be released. Nothing has been made public of their trial.

WOLCOTT, Col., June 4.--Advices received to ay from Hayden state that the cattlemen and ranchmen, srmed and masked and 800 strong, decided to descend upon the camp of Sherman on Els Head creek. At daylight on Wednessiay the sheep camp will be visited by a committee serving notice to move over on Suske river divide within s.x hours. At the expiration of that time the main body will arrive to kill every sheep in California Park, twenty miles north of Hayden in the Elk mountaine, and fifteen miles west of Hayne's Pesk.

NEW YORK, June 4.— A special to the World from Havana, Cuba, says: The World's correspondent is able to assert positively that the report ofrcusted by the Spanish that General Maximo Gomez, the Cuban incurgent commander, was killed at the battle of Boca de con Rio, is untrue. General Gomez is not dead.

General Martinez Campos has asked the government at Madrid for eight more regiments of regulars.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 4. — The reply of the Turkish government to the noise of representatives of Great Britain, France and Russis, regarding the proposed reforms in Armenis, has been delivered to the envoys. The porte's answer is not satisfactory. The Turkish government does not agree to the principle of control in the proposedreforms, by the powers.

After receiving the reply the envoye of the three powers held a meeting at which they decided to refer the whole matter to their respective governments. The situation is serious as last week the British embassy informed the porte that Great Britain had decided not to accept any modifications of the propositions affecting the reforms in Armenia, and the representatives of the other powers have made the same declaration to the porte.

PORTLAND, Or., June 3.—In the United States circuit court this afternoon Judge Gilbert signed an order appointing John M. Egan receiver of the Oregon Short Line & Utah Notthern railroad, and also an order allowing the issue of receiver's certificates to the amount of \$750,000.

METROPOLIS, Ill., June 4.— A preacher named Benton, blind from bis birth, received bis cycsight last night aud is today the happiest man in this city. He is a preacher for the United Brethren bere and he claimed that the receiving of his eight is the direct answer to prayer. Mr. Benton is 30 years old.

About twenty-five men are now employed at the sulphur minee, says the Beaver Utonian. A good demand in sulphur gives rise to the belief that a good, full season's work will have to be dong to keep up the supply to equal the demand.

Charles Nelson, an employe at Bobeld's brewery, says the Saoramento Bee, committed suicide about 1:30 o'clock Saturday morping by shooting himself, the half of the pistol used entering just below the left nipple and passing through the body. It is said that Nelson has tried to take his life on two of three other occasions.