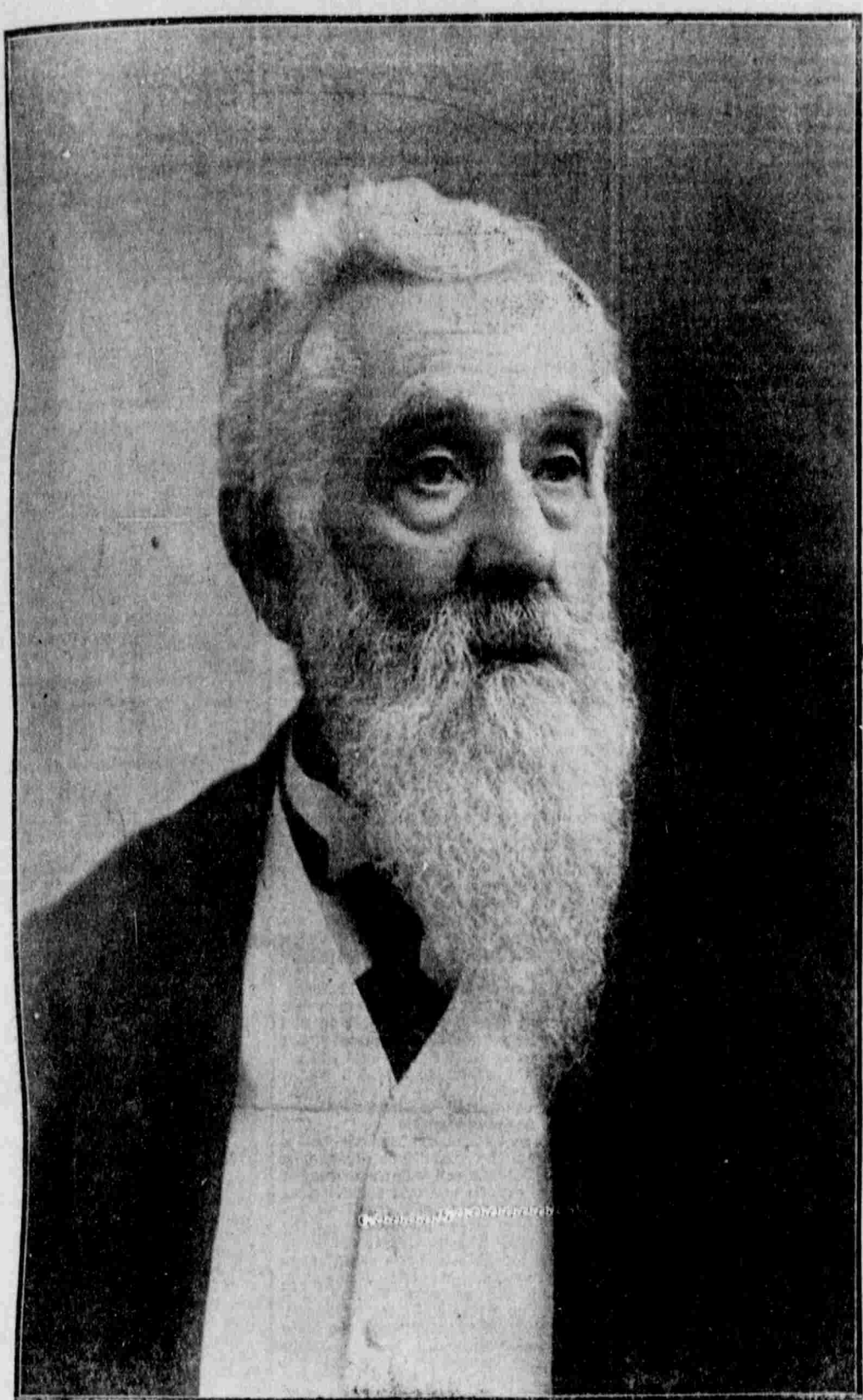


PRESIDENT SNOW'S BIRTHDAY.

Venerable Head of the Mormon Church Enters the Eighty-Eighth Year of His Eventful Career, a Splendid Specimen of Well Preserved and Vigorous Manhood—Occasion Joyfully Celebrated This Afternoon at the Bee Hive House.



PRESIDENT LORENZO SNOW,
As He Looks on Entering His Eighty-Eighth Year.

President Lorenzo Snow, who entered upon the eighty-eighth year of his mortal existence today, is no "old man," but a splendid specimen of well preserved and vigorous manhood, the result of a life of love and respect. It was a fitting occasion for the celebration of his birthday, and the occasion was joyfully celebrated at the Bee Hive House, the residence of President Snow, which was opened for the purpose of celebrating his birthday. The occasion was joyfully celebrated at the Bee Hive House, the residence of President Snow, which was opened for the purpose of celebrating his birthday. The occasion was joyfully celebrated at the Bee Hive House, the residence of President Snow, which was opened for the purpose of celebrating his birthday.

by carried but in the order herewith given:
Opening hymn, "We Thank Thee, O God, for a Prophet."
Invocation, Bishop George Romney.
Duet, "In Thy Temple."
Misses Owens and Ellis (words by Lulu Green Richards).
Address in behalf of the Temple workers, Bishop John R. Winder.
Response, President Lorenzo Snow.
Address, Miss Sarah Wimmer.
Address, President Joseph F. Smith.
Anthem, "As Shepherds Watch Their Flocks."
Address in behalf of the Twelve, Elder Brigham Young.
Solo, "The Mormons Shout Hosanna."
Elder George Teasdale.
Solo, "The Mormons Shout Hosanna."
Patriarch John Smith.
Solo, "The Mormons Shout Hosanna."
Benediction, Elder F. M. Lyman.

After the guests had all gathered and quieted down the program which was one of the most interesting that could be got up, was opened by the Temple choir, under the direction of Prof. C. J. Thomas, singing, "We Thank Thee, O God, for a Prophet." Prayer was offered by Bishop George Romney, and

after another selection from the choir, Bishop Winder, who is in charge of the Temple, delivered a brief address to the venerable guest, in behalf of the Temple workers.
He congratulated President Snow very heartily, on reaching the 87th milestone in health and vigor of body and mind, and assured him that the love of the Temple workers went out to him without stint. They continue to sustain their Prophet, with their love and prayers, so long as God spared him to them, which the speaker hoped would be many years to come.
A more homogeneous company could scarcely be brought together than that which thronged the parlors and corridors of the Bee Hive House this afternoon. The spirit of affection and sweet sympathy pervaded the whole atmosphere, and the spirit of equality reigned supreme. The Bee Hive House is admirably adapted for such occasions as these for almost the lower floor can be thrown open. On the east side the two parlors and the hall was made into one room so that the great room aspect was charming.
Besides all of the Temple workers being present there were nearly all of the Apostles and their wives, the pres-

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BEE HIVE HOUSE—RESIDENCE OF PRES. SNOW.

CHINA NEED FEAR NONE BUT RUSSIA

Li Hung Chang Declares This to Be the Case.

WILL SIGN THE CONVENTION

Russia's Reply to Japan's Protest Considered Unsatisfactory—Crisis in Latter's Foreign Affairs.

London, April 2.—Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Peking, describes an interview with Li Hung Chang, in which the latter admitted that his policy was based upon a conviction that Russia was the only power which China need fear.
"He acknowledged the existence of various secret Russo-Chinese agreements," says Dr. Morrison, "and declared himself convinced that China must and would ultimately sign the Manchurian convention. He asserted that China was willing to disclose the terms of all her agreements with Russia, but that the latter insisted upon keeping them secret."
"He admitted that he had no hope that the present Manchurian agreement would satisfy Russia, but he said he thought it would give China a respite of ten or twenty years, while Russia was going her prey, during which the Chinese might strengthen themselves for the future."
"I am satisfied that Li Hung Chang is so fully committed to the policy of buying off Russia at any price that he is almost inclined to resent the possibility of intervention by other powers."
"The ministers of all the great powers except Russia have been instructed to present forthwith to the Chinese plenipotentiaries the punishment list which was agreed upon before Russia acceded on this point. The list is so moderate that there is little doubt the Chinese will comply."

WILL SIGN THE CONVENTION.

London, April 2.—The Morning Post publishes the following dispatch from Pao Ting Fu, dated March 21st:
"Chinese officials here profess to have received information from Li Hung Chang that the Manchurian convention has been signed."
"The Chinese expect after all that the Manchurian convention will be ratified in the course of the next few days," says the Tien Tsin correspondent of the Standard, wiring Monday.
"The southern viceroys and governors are incensed against the Russian policy of the court yields. The northern Chinese are more ignorant and indifferent."
"The Tartar general at Feng Tien, Manchuria, has issued a proclamation assuring the people that the Russian occupation is only temporary. The Chinese troops at Feng Tien are wearing Russian badges, and the Russian flag is being hoisted in the city."

RUSSIA'S REPLY UNSATISFACTORY.

London, April 2.—Russia's reply to Japan's protest against the Manchurian convention, says the Yokohama correspondent of the Daily Mail, is regarded as unsatisfactory and further vigorous representations will follow.
"Prince Konoye Atsumaro, president of the house of peers, in a course of inflammatory speech, openly discussed the probable results of a war between Japan and Russia, and said that Japan could count upon the friendly neutrality of Great Britain and Germany. He declared that the United States would not interfere, and that France would only cause uneasiness by the employment of her Annapolis force and by a naval demonstration off Formosa. He predicted, would be the limit of French action, and therefore Japan's vast army would be enabled to march without great difficulty to drive Russia out of Manchuria."

JAPAN'S FOREIGN AFFAIRS ACUTE.

Yokohama, March 22, via Victoria, B. C., April 2.—The crisis in the foreign affairs of Japan has become more acute. The proceedings of the Japanese cabinet, combined with the extraordinary interpretation put by Count von Buelow upon the Anglo-German compact, has aroused the highest indignation of the people and the spirit of equality reigned supreme. The Bee Hive House is admirably adapted for such occasions as these for almost the lower floor can be thrown open. On the east side the two parlors and the hall was made into one room so that the great room aspect was charming.
Besides all of the Temple workers being present there were nearly all of the Apostles and their wives, the pres-

ent continued on Page 2

Yokohama, April 2.—Leading Japanese newspapers assert that the Russian government has replied to Japan's protest against the Manchurian convention to the effect that Russia does not wish to enter upon a discussion with a third power relative to her negotiations with China; that the proposed agreement is purely temporary and not intended to impair the sovereignty of China or to injure the interests of other powers, and that the contents of the agreement, immediately upon its conclusion, will be communicated to the other powers, who will undoubtedly find them acceptable, and that if any of the provisions are not acceptable to Japan, Russia is prepared to discuss the matter in a friendly spirit.

JAPAN WILL STAND BY CHINA.

New York, April 2.—A dispatch to the Herald from Peking says:
Despite statements to the effect that China has not rejected the Manchurian convention, it is thought here that she will probably do so.

Japan has given to China written assurances that she will share the consequences of China's refusal to sign the Russian treaty if such consequences include war.
The peace negotiations are at a standstill.

Maj. Gen. Young Goes to Washington

San Francisco, April 2.—Maj. Gen. B. M. Young, who is to succeed Gen. Shafter as commander of the military department of California, left for Washington today, accompanied by Lieut. Smedberg.

GREAT STORM NEAR PITTSBURG

Miles and Miles of Poles and Wires Are Down.

THE SNOW FALL IS IMMENSE

Trains on Pennsylvania Road Stalled at Various Points—Extra Engines in Demand—Streams Rising.

Pittsburg, April 2.—One of the worst snowstorms ever experienced in this region began early today and soon telegraph, telephone and trolley car service became practically suspended. Miles of poles are down making the streets literally a net work of wires. The falling snow throughout the outlying portions of the city made it extremely dangerous for pedestrians, teamsters and street car men, but up to noon no fatalities have been reported. The damage in the city will be very heavy.

The clinging snow has broken down all the wires along the Pennsylvania system tracks between East Liberty and Huntington. Trains are stalled at various points, the dispatchers are unable to straighten out the tangle, and the whole division is more or less paralyzed. The snow upon the mountains is from 12 to 15 inches in depth and is so heavy that it has brought down poles and wires all along the road under its weight. Extra engines have been required to pull the trains, and unless the snow fall ceases soon a blockade is threatened.

The Buffalo and Allegheny valley system is almost in the same condition. On the main line of the Pennsylvania division the snow is from 10 to 15 inches in depth, the wires are down and the train schedule has been abandoned. The trains on this road are late today and were from 40 minutes to two hours. On the main line of the Pennsylvania division the snow is from 10 to 15 inches in depth, the wires are down and the train schedule has been abandoned. The trains on this road are late today and were from 40 minutes to two hours.

Folketing Elections Progressing.

Copenhagen, April 2.—The elections to the folketing are in progress today. The question of reform in taxation is being largely in the campaign but the fight was mainly around the question whether the present De Sehested cabinet shall be sustained or re-elected.
The secret ballot law, passed during the last session of the folketing, is operative for the first time.

French Off for Chiang Ting Fu.

Berlin, April 2.—The Cologne Gazette today published a dispatch from Peking announcing that the French force was en route April 1st, bound for Chiang Ting Fu, 35 miles southwest of Pao Ting Fu, the scene of the recent massacre of Christians.

Newfoundland Shore Dispute.

Liverpool, April 2.—The White Star liner Majestic which sailed from here today for New York has among her passengers, the Hon. J. P. Morgan, the Newfoundland delegate on the French shore question. Mr. Morgan said that while a settlement had not actually been reached he was hopeful that they were nearing the end of the difficulty.

Treasury Purchases Bonds.

Washington, April 2.—The secretary of the treasury today purchased at New York for the sinking fund \$475,000 in government short term bonds on substantially the same terms as the \$2,000,000 purchased yesterday.

English Tax on American Incomes

London, April 2.—An important question was raised today in the king's bench court by a photographic company which objects to the tax commission levying an income tax of £10,000 on an American company in which a British citizen holds most of the shares. The court granted a mandamus compelling the commissioners to show cause why they should not be prohibited from assessing the tax.

American Jockey Disqualified.

London, April 2.—At the first day's racing today of the Northampton and Pychley Hunt spring meeting, Mr. McIntyre, an American jockey, rode A. Bailey's Ravenston in the mile selling plate, but was disqualified for boring. The race was awarded to the King of Pearls, of which Lester Reiff had the mount.

This is the first complaint that has been made against any of the American jockeys in this country during the present racing season.

Macedonian Congress Convoked.

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 2.—The Macedonian congress has been convoked for April 15th.
Several agents of the Macedonian committee have been imprisoned by order of the minister of the interior, Gen. Petroff, in connection with agitation on the frontier. A number of Bulgarian officers have resigned rather than forbidding military men to retain membership in the Macedonian societies.

Fresh Abscess for Waldeck-Rousseau

Paris, April 2.—The physicians in attendance discovered a fresh abscess in the throat of M. Waldeck-Rousseau.

Prince Henry's Ship Grounds.

Kiel, April 2.—The flagship of Prince Henry of Prussia, the turret ship Kaiser Friedrich III, grounded yesterday afternoon east of Arcadia owing to some unexplained cause. She arrived here today under her own steam and was docked. The damages she has sustained appear to be so extensive that she may have to be put out of commission.

LI HUNG IS TOO PRO-RUSSIAN.

Rumor that He Has Been Recalled From Peking.

DESIGNS UPON MARCHURIA.

May Have Received a Severe Check—Exact Language of the Agreement Is Not Known.

Washington, April 2.—Although no official notice has reached here of the reported departure of Prince Li Hung Chang from Peking for Shanghai, the officials are inclined to believe it is true, and that Li Hung Chang is really leaving Peking for good and because the emperor is displeased with his conduct of the negotiations. It was known here that when Li Hung Chang was made one of the peace envoys he was pro-Russian in sentiment, but there was no cause for complaint on that score until the Manchurian agreement came up for consideration. Now it is believed by officials here that Li has proved so earnest an advocate of the Russian cause, and has so strenuously worked for the signing of the agreement that his own government has felt it necessary to deprive him of power to further the agreement. If this understanding is correct, it is believed that an effective check has been administered to Russia in her designs upon Manchuria for it is thought the emperor of China would scarcely have acted in this summary fashion had he not received assurances of support from some of the other powers.

Mr. Rockhill has not acquiesced the government with the exact language of the agreement reported to have been reached at Peking as to the Chinese forts, but taking the press accounts of the ministerial meeting as accurate it is gathered that Secy. Hay views have formed the basis of the agreement. The original proposition, strongly backed by most of the European powers, was to completely destroy the Chinese forts in the Gulf of Peking and on the road from Taku to Peking. The state department felt that it would be inexpedient to proceed so far and leave China naked to the attack of the nearest foe. Therefore the powers were urged to content themselves with the simple dismantlement of the forts, leaving them in a condition to be again mounted with guns as a reasonable time. It is believed here that this project has been accepted, for it appears from the language of the press dispatches that the only fort ordered to be "destroyed" in one on a point in the Pei river, which is to be removed simply because it forms an obstacle to navigation.

HANNA DENIES REPORT.

No Truth in the Morgan-Panama Purchase Rumors.

New York, April 2.—Senator Hanna's attention was called at the Waldorf Astoria last night to the report that J. P. Morgan had formed a syndicate to buy the rights of the French Panama Canal company, and that in conversation with the President and Senator Hanna Mr. Morgan had advocated the abandonment of the Nicaraguan route.
"Yes, I have already seen that report," he said, "and you may say for me that there is not a word of truth in it. Personally, I have never expressed a preference for any route, but as for this story, I have never heard of such a thing. If Mr. Morgan is going into the canal business, I am not in his confidence."

TWO ATTORNEYS FIGHT.

Each Draws a Pistol and Begins Firing.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 2.—During a session of the court at Kingston today Hon. Samuel A. Brinson and Hon. James T. Littleton, prominent attorneys and leading Republican politicians in the Second congressional district, quarreled over a speech which Littleton made against Brinson, who is running for mayor of Kingston, and each drew a revolver and began firing. None of the shots took effect. They were separated by bystanders and both placed under arrest.

MCLEERY BROWN DIFFICULTY

American Minister at Seoul Telegraphs It Has Been Settled.

Washington, April 2.—A cablegram has been received at the state department from the United States minister at Seoul stating briefly that the McCleery Brown difficulty had been satisfactorily adjusted. Brown was an Englishman charged with the management of the Korean custom department, and it was reported he had been removed from the position. However, although Mr. Allen does not state directly by the basis of settlement, it is known that his sympathies were strongly with Brown, so it is believed that this official matter has been arranged.
The immediate result of this settlement is to remove what promised to be an ugly issue between the United States and Russia, for the American minister's report shows clearly that Brown's removal would have seriously injured American commercial interests in Korea.

ITALY AND GERMANY.

Verona Conference Intended to Remove False Impressions.

Berlin, April 2.—The Lokal Anzeiger says that the conference between the imperial chancellor, Count von Buelow, and Signor Zanardelli, the Italian premier, at Verona, yesterday, which was of considerable length, was intended to remove the false impression created by the insinuations in the French press regarding the relations between Italy and Germany.
The paper interprets the meeting as proving the continuance of thoroughly friendly relations between the two countries and says that the undertaking of the two statesmen was cordial.
In official circles it is admitted that while the meeting at Verona was accidental, Signor Zanardelli held on his way to his country estate, the relations between the two countries were discussed. Signor Zanardelli, it is said, gave entirely satisfactory assurances.

Gold Found in Carabaya, Peru.

Lima, April 2.—The government engineer was measuring the India rubber concessions in Carabaya, he noticed that the soil was auriferous.

PREST. CANNON CONGRATULATES.

Sends a Felicitous Message to President Snow—Has Continued to Improve Since Sunday, Though Very Weak.

It was welcome news that President Lorenzo Snow received today from the bedside of his first counselor and bosom friend, President George Q. Cannon. There were two messages, both signed by General John Q. Cannon, and each showed that President Cannon's condition was less critical than a few days ago.
President Snow received a considerable number of telegrams from various parts during the day but none were more appreciated than the two from

President Cannon, which read as follows:
"President Lorenzo Snow—Yesterday's improvement continued today. Resting well; condition quite encouraging."
"President Lorenzo Snow—Father sends congratulations on your anniversary, with warmest expressions of affection and esteem. His steady improvement since Sunday was somewhat disturbed by a restless night, leaving him weaker and fatigued this morning."

RESULTS OF MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

St. Louis, April 2.—Complete returns show the election by a plurality of 8,186 of Rolla Wells, the Democratic candidate for mayor. The remainder of the Democratic ticket was also elected by about the same pluralities and that party will control the house of delegates. The vote for mayor on the four principal tickets was as follows:
Wells, 8,186; Parker, 4,546; Meriwether, 3,568; Filley, 3,121.
The returns indicate that the house of delegates will be made up as follows: Thirteen Democrats, 12 Republicans, and 2 public ownership members.
Yesterday's total vote was 119,420, about 10,000 below that cast at the national election in 1900. There were six tickets in the field, and the independent movement drew votes from both the Democratic and Republican parties. Compared with the vote cast for presidential candidates in 1900, yesterday's vote shows a loss of fully 45 per cent for the Republicans and 25 per cent for the Democrats.

CHICAGO CITY COUNCIL REPUBLICAN.

Chicago, April 2.—The new Chicago city council, which probably will be called upon to decide the question of the extension of the street railway franchises and other public grants worth many millions, is Republican by a majority of ten votes. As a result of yesterday's election, the council will be made up of 29 Republicans, 2 Democrats, 2 Independents and 2 Independent Democrats. This makes a total of 72, or 2 more than are provided for by the law, the tangle being caused by the recent ward re-districting and the consequent shifting of two holdover aldermen in the Second and Twenty-first wards. The new council and the courts will be called upon to decide the problem.

PROHIBITION LEADING ISSUE.

Topeka, Kan., April 2.—Results of the municipal elections over the State yesterday showed that the prohibition sentiment is still in the ascendency. In Atchison and Leavenworth the temperance issue was not brought forward, city improvements and other questions being the order of the day. In Wichita the temperance people made a fight for supremacy, but polled only about 48 per cent of the vote. Numerous cities went straight Republican, and the board of supervisors in the Republican candidates were law enforcement people, and their election can therefore be counted a victory for that element.

DENVER IS REPUBLICAN.

Denver, April 2.—Nearly complete returns show that R. R. Wright (Rep.), was elected mayor of this city yesterday by a 1,700 plurality over R. T. Wells. The board of supervisors, the board of city aldermen and the board of aldermen consists of ten Republicans and six Democrats.
The Democrats win in Pueblo, Creek and Victor, in Leadville J. F. Mc-

STABLEMEN'S STRIKE.

American Boys Going Over to Take Strikers' Places.

London, April 2.—As a result of the stablemen's strike at Newmarket, the trainers announce that 220 American stable boys will leave New York today on the White Star and Atlantic transport steamers. The boys will be drawn chiefly from the racing establishments of the Westchester Racing association, the Coney Island Jockey club, the Brooklyn Jockey club and the Brighton Beach Racing association. They must not weigh over 112 pounds. Their wages will be from \$6 to \$7 per week with board and lodging.
The Newmarket trainers at their last meeting refused to receive a deputation of the strikers. An additional force of police has been drafted to Newmarket.

NOTHING KNOWN IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 2.—Inquiries made at the Associated Press at the offices of the White Star Atlantic Transport company show that nothing is known there of the reported sailing of 250 American stable boys for England. The Teutonic of the White Star line, sails today and the Minnehaha, of the Atlantic Transport, sails Saturday.
The strike of the stablemen at Newmarket began March 22. The strikers demanded an increase of their wages from 20 shillings to 25 shillings per week. They argue that an honest living is impossible on the wages paid for the care of animals valued at thousands of pounds sterling.

Gold Found in Carabaya, Peru.

Lima, April 2.—The government engineer was measuring the India rubber concessions in Carabaya, he noticed that the soil was auriferous.

TOPEKA ELECTIONS DEMOCRATIC.

Topeka, Kan., April 2.—Albert Parker, Democrat, was elected mayor over Hughes (Rep.), by the small majority of eleven votes. The result was in doubt until the final count was revealed shortly after 8 o'clock this morning. The Republicans elected the remainder of their ticket with the exception of one councilman. Hughes ran considerably behind the rest of the ticket on account of the latter part of the Republican primaries, many of the Republicans opposed to his nomination voting for Parker at yesterday's election.

RESULTS IN OKLAHOMA.

Kansas City, April 2.—Specials to the Press from Oklahoma and Indian Territory indicate a lively contest displayed by elections yesterday. In Oklahoma the Republicans elected their tickets at Guthrie, Oklahoma City and Ponca City, and the Democrats were successful at Perry.

REPUBLICANS CARRY EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., April 2.—The city elections here resulted in a Republican victory. Charles G. Cover was elected mayor. The city council will stand eight Republicans and three Democrats. The result is a complete reversal of the city government, politically. By recent amendment of the city charter these officers will serve for four years.

KANSAS CITY DEMOCRATIC.

Kansas City, Kan., April 2.—William H. Craddock (Democrat) was elected mayor by a plurality of 1,133 over B. L. Short (Republican). This is the first time the Democrats have elected the head of the ticket in Kansas City, Kansas since 1896.
The Republicans elected city clerk, treasurer, attorney, one district judge, one county clerk, one constable and two councilmen. The Democrats elected besides Mayor Craddock, four councilmen, one judge, one court clerk, and one constable.
The principal issue was corporation ownership. Women cast over five thousand of the 11,400 votes polled.

LA CROSSE DEMOCRATIC.

La Crosse, Wis., April 2.—Joe Hochert (Democrat) defeated Samuel T. Hyde (Republican) for mayor yesterday by a majority of only 67 votes. Four members of the city ticket were elected by a majority of 158. This is the seventh time that Mr. Stephens has been elected mayor of East St. Louis.

RACINE IS DEMOCRATIC.

Racine, Wis., April 2.—Returns from yesterday's election show that Michael Higgins, Democrat, candidate for mayor, won by 86 majority over Klein, Republican. Higgins elected six Republicans. The rest of the city ticket by 800 majority. The hottest contest was over judge of the first judicial circuit. E. B. Belden won over J. R. Simmons by a majority of 270.

HE FOUND TWO GOLD NUGGETS, ONE WEIGHING 40 GRAMMES, AND THE OTHER 90 GRAMMES. THE GOLD WAS FOUND AT THE LOWER PART OF THE SANAGABAY RIVER, IT PROVES THE EXISTENCE OF THE RUBBER METAL EVEN IN THE RUBBER FORESTS OF CARABAYA.

Smallpox in Eleventh Infantry.

San Francisco, Cal., April 2.—Orders to the discovery of a case of smallpox among the men of the Eleventh Infantry, the regiment will not sail for Manila on the transport Klamath on April 5th as had been planned. Two companies of the regiment are to be detained at Angel Island until danger of the spread of the disease is past.

RIOT AT DIENNE, SWITZERLAND.

Caused by City Council Selling Land Used for Grazing Purposes.

London, April 2.—The Daily Express has received the following from its correspondent at Geneva: "A terrible riot has occurred at Dienne. In the valley of Chamouni, owing to the municipal council selling land on which the inhabitants had enjoyed grazing rights, the town had been set on fire to the town hall, and a fierce conflict ensued between the rioters and gendarmes. Ten persons were killed and fifteen injured."

ORDERED TO LEAVE TOULON

Russian Fleet Will Avoid Meeting Italian Squadron.

Toulon, April 2.—There is much comment here at a strange and unexpected order received by the Russian admiral to leave Toulon for the Italian squadron to avoid meeting the Italian squadron. The Russian fleet, which arrived here in these waters to participate in the maneuvers of the Italian fleet, is probably will sail this evening.