THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
BRIGHAM YOUNG,
EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Wednesday . . March 12, 1879.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The snow blockade on the U. P. R. R. is raised and the track is clear from Ogden to Omaha. Now for the mails.

Oregon papers say there is more snow in the mountains of that State than has been piled up for several years. High waters are anticipated about June.

The new silver dollar is out. The Philadelphia mint put thirty thousand of them afloat to-day. The DESERET EVENING NEWS will take ten of them for a year's subscription, at any time.

The world need not take trouble about getting out of coal. The geologist of Japanese government reports that on the Island of Yesso there are, at a rough guess, 150,000,000,000 tons of the black diamonds.

A new way to collect old debts has been invented. A merchant sends a number of receipted bills to a friend in New York, who delivers them in neat boxes and sends them to the debtors by express marked "Valuable, C. O. D." The amount due is charged with the expressage. When the debtor pays and opens the box, "phancy his pheeling."

You who buy milk and want to know whether it is genuine cow juice or a watered article, try the German test. Here it is: A well polished knitting-needle is dipped into a clean vessel of milk and immediately withdrawn in an upright position. If the sample is pure, some of the fluid will hang to the needle; but if water has been added to the milk, even in small proportions, the fluid will not adhere to the needle.

Those who love to exhibit their self-righteousness and to expose the failings of others, might profit by the following: "Having in my youth severe notions of piety," says a Persian writer, "I used to rise in the night watches to meditate, pray and read the Koran. One night, fully occupied with these practices, my father, a man of practical piety, awoke. 'Behold,' said I, 'thy other children are lost in irreligious slumber while I am awake to praise God.' 'Son of my soul,' answered he, 'it is better to sleep, than wake to remark the faults of thy brethren!'"

THE LATEST "LIBERAL" PLOT.

LAST evening we touched briefly on the attempt to procure the removal from office of Governor Emery. We have little more to say on this subject. It is not a matter of very great moment to the "Mormons" who is or may be appointed to the position of Chief Executive of the Territory, while the policy of the Government is to send strangers here and persons who are not in accord with the great majority of the people. If we had any voice in the appointment, directly or indirectly, or if there was any probability of the advent of a gentleman who would be sustained in taking a fair and impartial stand, without reference to the religious politics of any section of the community, it would be a different thing, and we might cease to be indifferent about it. But now it makes small difference to us who is appointed or who is removed.

But it is a matter of great regret that the national "powers that be" are so easily influenced by unprincipled schemers, and will give heed to the fabrications of impudent and malignant slanderers. If the "Mormons" were to be continually agitating for the removal or ruin of officials who do not harmonize with their views of what is equitable and proper, the cry of "disloyalty," "treason" or "rebellion" would ring through the land. But the persistent plotting of a small clique of adventurers, most of them without character or reputation, to the injury of decent men, simply because they will not fully fraternize with them, seems to be considered all right and natural and to meet with favor rather than reprobation and scorn.

Governor Thayer, of Wyoming, and Governor Brayman, of Idaho, are each the object of the wrath of such persons, just as Governors Axtell and Emery of Utah have been. A new appointment has been made for the Governorship of Wyoming, which, however, has not been confirmed by the Senate; efforts will be made to oust Governor Brayman, and Governor Emery is likely to be officially decapitated, unless facts are promptly presented in sufficient force to stamp out the falsehoods that have been pushed forward with the boldness of habitual mendacity.

It is claimed that the Governor is "the object of suspicion and dislike of every non-Mormon in the Territory." We are of the opinion that this is utterly untrue of at least seven-tenths of the non-Mormon population. The Governor was blamed for signing two bills, the revenue bill and the election bill. It was represented that the former taxed claims and their products so heavily that the mining interests of Utah were paralyzed, and that the latter disfranchised nearly every Gentile in the Territory. But examination of these laws proved that those statements were impudent falsehoods, designed to injure the Governor and aid the rascals who were working for his removal. The very reverse was found to be the truth in both instances. The revenue law turned out to be more favorable to the mining interest than any other (an unfair discrimination, as we view it), and the election law was proven to be a fair and impartial measure, who malign him and them alike, it designed to secure a secret ballot, justice to all classes of citizens, and full protection to the ballot box. And those who started the outcry have been compelled to acknowledge their misrepresentation of the revenue law, while they fail to bring forth a solitary argument to sustain their clamor against the election law.

Now it appears to us that the non-Mormons of Utah should represent themselves in this matter. If they are willing to permit the falsehood to live, to the injury of the Governor and the triumph of those does not affect us at all; this is not our fight nor our funeral. But if the men Mormons who have supported the Governor and endorsed his action on these bills allow the few scalawags to triumph, run out officials who will not cringe beneath the "Liberal" lash, and trip up those who do not join in the chorus to their obscene refrains, we shall think those pretended friends of conservatism and the Executive a set of milk-sops, without backbone or vitality, who can do nothing but talk.

Whether Governor Emery goes or stays it matters not to us; we can move steadily along, all the same, towards the high destiny that awaits a people who live for principle. But we are always sorry to see falsehood prevail, and therefore would rejoice in the failure of those who are trying to steal the official shoes of a fair man, for the feet of some fellow of their own kidney.

AN IMPORTANT STEP FORWARD.

UNDER the English law the marriage of a man with his deceased wife's sister is void. For many years attempts have been made to legitimatize such unions but in vain. However the thin end of the wedge of common sense has been inserted into the statutes, and it is possible that in a few years the stupid old restriction will be split wide open. The colonial marriage bill has been passed, by the provisions of which the offspring of such marriages, under colonial laws, are enabled to inherit property in the United Kingdom.

No one is able to offer any valid argument in favor of the absurd law which has been in force for centuries. The old provision of the Mosaic code, that a man should not take "a wife to her sister to vex her, during her lifetime," has been quoted in favor of the English statute. This is the famous text which, in the original, Parson Newman expected to use as a Hebrew root, or club, with which to demolish polygamy, when he came here to "beard the lion in his den," but went off badly demoralized and covered all over with Elder Orson Pratt's Biblical quotations. It has no application in either case. It cannot certainly have any bearing upon a widower, for the restriction is, during his wife's lifetime. And it is also evident that the law merely forbids the marriage of a man with his living wife's sister to "vex her," or in other words against her consent. But whatever disputes might arise in regard to this view of the text, it is clearly without reference to marriage with a deceased wife's sister, except sanctioning it by implication. For if he is forbidden to marry her during his wife's lifetime, permission is implied to marry her afterwards.

There is no natural heirship between a widower and the sister of his departed spouse. His former marriage only rendered them relatives in law. Blood relationship was not thereby established, and the principle of consanguinity could not thereby be affected in the least degree. The love that may, and often does, spring up in a man's heart for the sister of a wife to whom he was devoted in life, and whom he mourns in death, cannot be consistently considered unnatural. On the contrary it is natural in the extreme. The sister may remind him in a thousand ways of those traits in his departed wife's character which were particularly attractive to him, and he may be drawn to her by many sympathies akin to those which charmed him in the other.

We are pleased to see the cautious and ponderous Parliament of Great Britain taking this step, though it be small, in the right direction, and hope before long to note the total elimination from its laws of the present senseless restriction. And we have hope that the day is not far distant when all nations will obtain more liberal views of the marriage question in its entirety, and that the result will be the abolition of all laws that bar the way to honorable maternity, the greatest joy of women, of any of the daughters of God who live upon the face of the earth.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 12.—Merrimon introduced a bill to provide for and regulate the counting of the votes for President and Vice-President, and the decision of questions arising thereon; referred to a special committee. Merrimon expressed the hope that a report from that committee would soon be made.

Kellogg introduced a bill to aid the New Orleans and Pacific Railroad Company; referred.

Also, to establish a mint at New Orleans and authorizing the coinage of gold and silver thereat, and making an appropriation therefor; referred.

Windom, from the committee on appropriations, reported, without amendment, the House bill making appropriations for fortifications and other works of defence and armament thereof during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879. Placed on the calendar.

Matthews called up the motion submitted by him yesterday, to refer the communication of the Secretary of the Interior, in regard to timber depredations, to the committee on public lands, and have it printed in the *Record* as a matter of justice, as the department from which it emanated had been attacked, yesterday, in the Senate.

Blaine thought the Secretary of the Interior should be heard, but the Senator from Ohio must be aware of the fact that he was asking an extraordinary privilege to have this document so printed. He reserved to himself the right to reply to it, because the document was in reply to what he said in the Senate upon a recent occasion.

Hargent opposed the printing of the document in the *Record* as setting a bad precedent, and not because the contents of it was so very creditable to its author that he feared them. He argued that the document was made up from the statement of spies, who followed the men into their places of business and reported their conversation. He referred to the action of Congress in abolishing spies in the custom service, and said Congress then put the stamp of condemnation upon using Fouche's method of spies.

After some further debate, Matthews read the reply of the Secretary of the Interior as part of his remarks.

The communication having been read, Blaine spoke at length on the action of the Secretary of the Interior. He said the Secretary did not happen to be a native of this country. He could not help that, and he (Blaine) did not mention it as a reproach to him. He was born in the kingdom of Prussia, which was 15,000 square miles less in extent than Montana, and the Secretary, perhaps with the instinct of his boyhood, applied the land laws of Prussia to Montana, and not the land laws which have been used in settling the United States.

Blaine argued that the Secretary of the Interior forgot the magnitude of our country, although he was charged with administration of that department which should study it carefully, and that the one dollar per acre stumpage, exacted by him from the people of Montana, was excessive. The woodland within sight of the spire of Trinity church, New York City, would not bring the stumpage which the Secretary of the Interior demanded of the people of Montana. It was a thing conceded by the Government that the hardy pioneer, who went forward to settle the country, should have the water, air, and wood free. Referring to the abolition of the informers system in the custom service, abolished a few years ago, he spoke of the course of the Secretary of the Interior when a member of the Senate, and said he waxed wroth because a rich importer was interfered with by detectives, but now the lonely settler in Montana could be visited by spies and pimps.

Pending discussion, the subject was laid aside, and the West Point appropriation bill taken up.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 13.—Hale's amendment to the diplomatic bill, increasing the salaries of the four principal ministers, from $15,000 as provided in the bill, to $17,500, the present salary, was rejected 88 to 110.

EASTERN.

The Fisheries Award.

NEW YORK, 13.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Conversations regarding the fisheries award, within a day or two, with a gentlemen whose are officially connected with the Halifax commission, disclosed the fact that they agree with the universal public sentiment on this side of the line, that the award made was excessive, but they think it unfortunate that the appointment of Minister Delafosse should be the subject of investigation. No evidence was produced, and probably none exists, involving the integrity of Delfosse's motives or the impartiality of his action in connection with the commission. The Canadians are understood to be quite generally of the opinion that the award is too small, but they show a fair degree of resignation under the circumstances.

The American Rifle Team.

The American National Rifle Team of 1877 has voted permission, to Tiffany & Co., to place the Centennial Palma trophy in the Paris Exposition, provided that no foreign team accepts the American challenge to contest for its possession. The National Rifle Association has ordered the Creedmore ranges to be open on the 1st of April, and has arranged for the erection of an hotel upon their grounds.

Returning Board Anderson.

The *Times'* Washington special says: A private letter, just received here from Anderson, of the Louisiana returning board, concludes as follows: "Forty-one days, now, I have been in jail on a trumped up charge; in jail because, under law, I did my duty to the whole people of my State."

The Paris Exposition.

McCormick leaves for France in the steamship *France*, on March 20th. His headquarters will be closed about April first.

Fall of a Store Room.

A dispatch from London says the store room, erecting at Woolwich dock yard, fell, to day, burying hundreds of workmen in the ruins. Many were seriously injured.

Banquet to Bayard Taylor.

Bayard Taylor, the new minister to Germany, will be entertained at a banquet in this city, before leaving for Berlin, by representative citizens in art, commerce and literature. The German singers are organizing a serenade.

New York Stocks.

Silver bars, 119½ greenbacks, 115¾ gold; silver coin 1 @ 1½ discount; gold closed strong 1; money easy 5 @ 6; Governments active strong; Stocks heavy, lower; Western Union, 79½; Quicksilver, 17½; Pacific, 2½; Mariposa, 1½; Wells, Fargo, 86; New York Central, 107½; Erie 10; Panama 98; Union Pacific, 70½; Bonds 109½; Central Pacific, 106.

Doorkeeper Polk.

WASHINGTON, 13.—It is understood that the House committee investigating the affairs of doorkeeper Polk, will nearly unanimously recommend the abolition of the office, and transfer its duties to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

Illicit Distillers.

Information has been received that three illicit distillers were released from the Picket's Court House, South Carolina jail, last night, by an armed mob, who threatened to drive the officers from that section. Commissioner Baum has authorized the officers to employ 100 men to enforce the law.

A Conspiracy Discovered.

BALTIMORE, 13.—Captain George Williams, of the British brigantine *Alice*, bound from Porto Cabello for Hamburg, conspired with a passenger named J. F. Kanner and his crew, to realize upon the cargo of coffee and hides, valued at $92,000 gold. He ran the vessel into Baltimore, where Kinnear attempted to dispose of the cargo, asking $60,000 advance upon the sale. Suspicion being aroused by some irregularities in the papers of the vessel, enquiry disclosed the conspiracy, but before criminal proceedings could be taken, all concerned, except a colored lady, servant of Kinnear, had left the city. Kinnear is said to have been advanced $1,000 upon the cargo by Eugene, Liverling & Co.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Denial.

LONDON, 13.—A Rome dispatch denies that Cardinal Franchio has sent a circular to the Nuncios abroad asking them how a change in the policy of the Vatican, indicating a firm though less aggressive course, would be viewed by the Catholic governments.

The Eastern Question.

A Vienna correspondent hears that Roumania has orderd the officials in Bessarabia to remain at their posts. Russia, not desiring a conflict before the meeting of the congress, has postponed her occupation.

The unanimous vote of the Hungarian committees was obtained by Count Andrassy, promising not to do anything contrary to the treaty of Paris before the congress meets.

A special from Pera reports that Layard sent a formal note to the Porte directing its attention to the great loss of life imminent among the 250,000 starving refugees in and around Shumla. The Porte declares itself powerless to help them.

The Russians propose to embark some troops for Odessa within five days.

The Americans intend to petition England to obtain for Turkish Armenia, at the congress, an autonomy under European guarantee or protection, otherwise they fear Russia will encourage Turkish misgovernment to furnish a pretext for the Russian absorption of the entire province.

International Hurdle Race.

The grand international hurdle race, handicap, at Croyden, was won by Lord Lonsdale's Hesper, Ignition second, Royal Oak third.

Fired by Circassians.

The Austrian (Lloyds) steamship *Sphynx*, which took fire, with 2,000 Circassians on board, causing a loss of 700 of them, was fired by the Circassians during a mutiny. They previously plundered the vessel.

Cheap Credit.

The *Times* says nothing could speak more eloquently to the deadening effect of the apprehensions which filled Europe for many months than the cheapness of money in the continental market. We have had no greater danger to face for a long time than the superficially cheap credit at home and abroad.

The *Financier* anticipates an advance in the Bank of England rate to-morrow.

Short in Stocks.

Vernon Bro's, stock brokers, who failed, were short half a million sterling in stocks.

Stocks.

Consols 96 5-16 @ 7-16; four and a half percent. bonds 104; 10-40's 106; 67's 105¼; new 5's 105¾; Erie 11¼, preferred 26.

FRANCE.

A Challenge.

PARIS, 13.—Deputy Louis Aubrieux has sent a challenge, which has been accepted, to Paul de Cassagnac, in consequence of an article in the *Pays*.

GERMANY.

The Prospect not Encouraging.

BERLIN, 13.—The German government will not issue invitations to the peace congress until all the difficulties about the subjects to be considered are removed. The general prospect is far from encouraging. Germany will claim the presidency by prescriptive right, whether Bismarck attends or not.

TURKEY.

Postponed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 13. — The Grand Duke Nicholas' visit to the Sultan, here, has been postponed until after the treaty of peace is ratified.

Excommunication.

This is to certify that Ole Hansen and his wife Anne Hansen were cut off the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints for apostacy on the 3d inst.

WILLIAM S. SEELY, Bishop.
T. LARSEN, Clerk.
South Ward, Mount Pleasant,
March 9, 1878.

It is a well known truism that people learn wisdom by experience. "A man," says Mr. Jones, "never wakes up his second baby to see it laugh."

A South end rough was fined $10 and costs last week, for spoiling a Celestial's nose. He said he thought it was a heavy penalty for breaking the handle of a China mug.

"It was simply an informal affair," wrote the editor, of a little strawberry party at a neighbor's house. "It was simply an infernal affair," read the compositor, and that editor will never get any more invitations from that quarter.

BORN.

Yesterday morning, to the wife of Prof. George Careless of this city, a daughter.

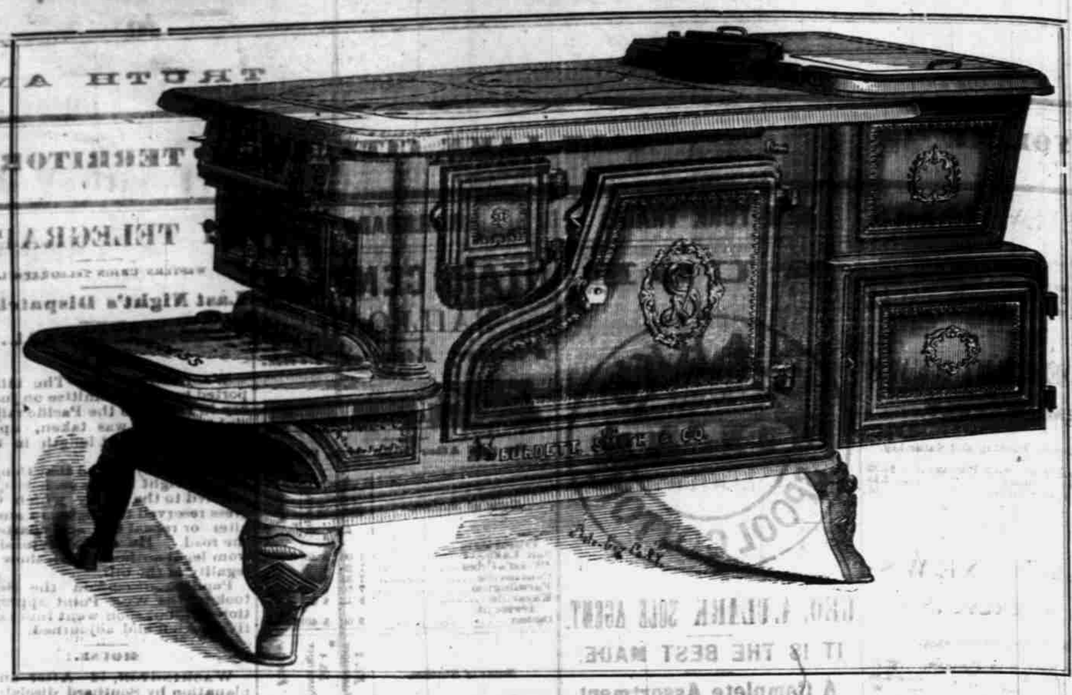
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SALT LAKE
THEATRE!
W. T. HARRIS, . . . Business Manager.

Doors open at 7½, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

A DECIDED NOVELTY!
For Three Nights and a Matinee.
A Limited Season of Mirth and Music.
THE CELEBRATED
ADAH RICHMOND
BURLESQUE & COMEDY COMPANY.
A CORPS OF Twenty VOCAL AND SPECIALTY ARTISTS.
Commencing THURSDAY EVENING,
MARCH 14TH, 1879.
The highly fantastic Musical Extravaganza,
KENILWORTH!
Earl of Leicester, Miss ADAH RICHMOND
FRIDAY EVENING,
MARCH 15, 1879,
The Richmond Specialty,
Chow! Chow!
SATURDAY MATINEE—NEW BURLESQUE.
SATURDAY EVENING,
THE BRIGAND CHIEF.
These Burlesques will be produced with all the Original Music, Splendid Costumes, Witty Dialogue and Grand Chorus, all under the musical and stage direction of Prof. Tually.
ADMISSION—Usual Theatre Rates.

THERE IS NOTHING AS CHEAP OR THAT WILL
THE SUCCESS.



COOK WITH AS LITTLE FUEL AS THE SUCCESS.

WM. JENNINGS & SONS,
Importers, Jobbers, & Retail Dealers in General Merchandise,
EAGLE EMPORIUM,
Salt Lake City, SOLE AGENTS FOR UTAH.

TEAMS WANTED.
MULE and OX TEAMS will find steady employment from the Terminus of the Utah Northern Railroad, leading to Montana and Idaho. Backloading from all points.
E. G. MACLAY & CO.,
Terminus U. N. R. R.

NOTICE.
In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.
In the matter of the estate of THOMAS SPIERS, deceased.
To the Creditors of said deceased:
ALL persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby required to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to me the undersigned, at my residence in the 15th Ward, Salt Lake City.
ADAM SPIERS,
c39 Administrator of said estate.

BEST GOODS
FOR THE
LEAST MONEY.
I PROPOSE TO SELL MY ENTIRE STOCK OF Merchandise at Actual Eastern Manufacturers' Prices. If you don't think so, call around and see me. I have an Immense Stock of
BOOTS and SHOES
In Men's, Women's, Boys' and Children's Good Substantial and Serviceable Goods.

Men's Congress Gaiters, 6—11	$2 00
Boys' " " 1—5	1 50
" Stogas, high cut, kip,	1 50
Men's " $1 25 to	2 00
" Fine Calf Shoes, 1 75 to	3 00
" " " Boots, 2 50 to	5 00
" Stogas " 3 25 to	5 00
Women's Cloth Gaiters,	1 25
" Real Goat, steel shank Shoes,	2 50
" Grain Morocco, pat. tip, Shoes,	1 50
Men's heavy English Plow Shoes,	3 00
" White Cotton half Hose,	10 cts. per pair
Ladies' White Cotton half Hose,	12 cts. per pair

ALSO A GENERAL STOCK OF
MERCHANDISE!
At Barely Living Prices!
H. E. Phelps.

DR. PRICE'S
SPECIAL FLAVORINGS

VANILLA, LEMON, ETC.,
for Flavoring Ice Cream, Cakes and Pastry.
With great care, by a new process, we extract from the true, select *Fruits* and Aromatics, each characteristic flavor, and produce *Flavorings of rare sweetness. Of great strength and perfect purity. No poisonous oils. Every flavor as represented. No dearer—each bottle full measure, holding positively more than others purporting to hold same quantity. Use them once, will use no other. The most delicate, delicious flavors ever made. Superior to the cheap extracts. Ask for Dr. Price's Special Flavorings. None genuine but by*
SENEFELD & SPENCER,
Depots, CHICAGO and ST. LOUIS.
Manufacturers of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

FOUND.
A BUNCH OF KEYS. Call at this office and get them. c35

FOR SALE.
Twenty acres of good farming land with two hundred fruit trees on the farm, beginning to bear, water ditches made and a good supply of water. Within two miles of the Temple Block.
Also building lots in the 17th Ward. Street cars passing the same.
For further particulars inquire of G. B. WALLACE, 17th Bishop's Ward, Salt Lake City. c46

FOR SALE.
IN LARGE OR SMALL LOTS TO SUIT purchasers, 125 acres of farming and hay lands, known as "Forest Farm" situated in the Sugar House Ward, Salt Lake County.
Apply to W. A. ROSSITER,
Office of late Prest. B. Young.

BUILDING ROCK.
White Sandstone, For Sale,
One and a half miles north of Warm Springs, good road, $5.00 per cord, also
LIME BY THE BARREL
of the very best quality.
MACDUFF BROS., Prop'rs.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.
Of any size, very cheap, and on easy terms, 1½ block from Post Office.
Some buildings for sale with the ground, and Rooms to Rent.
Apply to Mr. ROBERT LAWSON, Grocer, near Birth's corner, 2nd South Street. c39

DISINFECTION.
Suggestions by the Quarantine Physician.
SALT LAKE CITY,
March 4, 1878.
Whereas, the City Council of Salt Lake City have recently passed a resolution, requiring the Quarantine Physician to publish, as often as considered necessary, the best method for disinfecting, where cases of SCARLET FEVER and DIPHTHERIA exist.
The following is respectfully submitted—
All cases should be isolated immediately as far as practicable.
All visiting and passing to and from the infected premises should be prohibited, only so far as is actually necessary for the proper nursing and caring for the sick.
The fumes of carbolic acid and chlorine gas should be freely used in the sick room, so that all bedding and clothing in the room of the patient shall be constantly disinfected.
The glasses, cups, spoons, etc., used in the sick room should not be used in any other part of the house, nor by any other members of the family; and should be cleansed several times daily in hot water containing chlorinated soda or carbolic acid.
The room in which the patient is kept should be constantly filled with the vapor of lime; easily procured by placing a tub or large bucket of water in one corner of the room and throwing in sufficiently often to keep the water boiling, a lump of quick lime as large as a man's fist.
All rags and rubbish coming from the room should be carried some distance from the house and immediately burned or buried.
Neighbors visiting at the sick room for the purpose of rendering aid to the sufferers would do well to have an outer garment that could be easily put on over all, when entering the sick room, and to be removed when passing to their own homes. Also it would be well to fill their rooms at home with vapor of lyme as a precautionary measure. No swab or roughly irritating substance should be put into the throat of any diphtheretic patient. But all application made to the throat and therapeutic measures should be left to an intelligent physician.
No children should be allowed to visit under any pretext whatever the afflicted ones nor to attend at the funeral of those who have died.
S. B. YOUNG, M. D.

PATENT TURBINE WINDMILL.
Having obtained the agency for Utah Territory to build and sell the Celebrated
PATENT TURBINE WINDMILL,
Now in so much favor in California, celebrated for its Efficiency, Durability, Cheapness, Etc., Etc.

Mills Built to Order, of Any Size, ON SHORT NOTICE, AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED BY
J. H. RUMEL & SONS,
First house west of Episcopal Church, SALT LAKE CITY.
TURNING LATHE, GRINDSTONE AND ANY OTHER PURPOSE.
PUMPING WATER, Chopping Feed,
These Mills are Used for
PHOSPHATES! PHOSPHATES!
PURE GROUND BONE
For Fertilizing the Soil and increasing the Crop, every Farmer who seeks to treat the Soil in a Scientific Manner should use it; also GYPSUM OR LAND PLASTER, as a Fertilizer. Market Gardeners, who want early and Well Developed Vegetables should use Phosphates and Sulphates. Also A No. 1 article of Fine Dairy and Table Salt in large or small lots to suit purchasers, to be had at
J. H. RUMEL & SONS,
First House West of Episcopal Church.
To Mill Men and All Others who want a First Class
TURBINE WATER WHEEL, THE
"SUCCESS"
Stands Unrivalled, Whose Percentage of Power Ranks A No. 1.
J. H. RUMEL, Ag't, Utah.

AT
TEASDEL'S
EAGLE HOUSE.

SPRING STOCK, Low Prices,
Clothing, Mens' Suits, Spring, Hats, Cassimere, Varieties, Shirts, Linen, Boots, Miners,
Clothing, Boys' Suits, Styles, Hats, Fur, Colors, Shirts, Cheviot, Boots, Farmers,
SPRING STOCK, Low Prices,
Clothing, Childrens' Suits, Cassimere, Hats, Wool, Styles, Shirts, Flannel, Boots, Fine Calf,

THE BEST DOLLAR OVERALLS IN THE CITY.
SPRING STOCK BEING RECEIVED
AT TEASDEL'S
And at LOWEST PRICES.
CALL AND EXAMINE
You Get FULL VALUE for Money.