TELEGRAPHIC.

ONLY SOAP BUBBLES.

The Alleged Intrigues Between Transvaal and Germany.

KRUGER DEFENDS HIS POSITION.

And Criticises the Official Defense of Cecil Rhodes in the British House of Commons.

PRETORIA, May 11.—President Kruger has granted an interview to a press representative in which he said he was astonished at the official defense of Cecil Rhodes and of the Chartered South Africa company in Friday's debate in the House of Commons. He said he wished he could have been there, so as to be able to personally floor the arguments of some of the speakers.

President Kruger continued by asserting that the intrigues alleged to exist between the Transvaal and Germany were merely soap bubbles. The South African republic, he said, desired to be friends to all, but the recent plot was inexcusable and those who engineered it must be punished. There would be no rest for South Africa, he concluded, until that was done.

The secretary of state of the Transvaal, Dr. Leyds, today sent a telegram to Sir Hercules Robinson. Referring to newspaper statements that the imperial government still displayed a partiality toward the directors of the Chartered South Africa company, and especially toward Cecil Rhodes, Dr. Leyds says:

"This government does not believe the correctness of these statements. In their opinion the company as at present constituted is a source of danger to the whole of South Africa. The incursion into the Transvaal was made by officers and troops carrying the company's arms. Even the special pretension of her majesty's government failed to hold them over, although the Chartered company assumed the international obligations of Great Britain.

"The position of the persons who have betrayed the plot of the conspiracy and who supported it, is defended by the statement that they acted in the interests and for the extension of imperialism in South Africa. The Transvaal government does not believe the end ought to justify the means, and is convinced that the queen's government does not desire to be served by such critical actions.

"Those who detected and upheld the incursion and who pressed for generous treatment of the rebels now in jail, do not realize what mischief and injury they are causing by adopting such an attitude."

ECKELS SPEAKS.

Democrats Have an Opportunity, he says, on a "Sound Money" Platform.

CHICAGO, May 11.—James H. Eckels, the comptroller of the treasury, has come to Illinois to look after the "sound money" interests of the Democratic party in this state. In an interview tonight he said: "My stay in this city has nothing whatever to do with politics or the sound money movement." After criticising Governor Altgeld and other free silver leaders on account of the manner in which they propose to conduct the primary elections in Chicago, and criticising Governor Altgeld for his recent attacks upon President Cleveland, he said: "There is nothing to be gained by shaking everyone, and the charges of corrupt methods employed by, to say the least, in very bad taste. I do not know whether those who are engineering the silver movement in Illinois consider the course they are pursuing is a winning one in politics, but it is I am certain they will be disappointed in the result on election day. It means at the outset the complete abandonment of important states like New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. It involves the loss of Maryland, Delaware and Kentucky. It could not save Indiana. To make this look good, enough thoroughly silver states would have to be won to give a majority in the electoral college. Colorado, Montana, Utah, Nevada and Idaho would possibly go Democratic, but when those are counted, the whole gain is enumerated. The electoral vote of all would not equal New York. Mr. Bryan could not carry Iowa, Kansas or Nebraska, and Mr. Blaine could not win in Missouri. I do not know that any Democrat could be elected on any platform, but I am certain there is an opportunity upon a sound-money platform, while there is absolutely none in the free silver one.

ALTGELD'S REPLY.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 11.—Gov. Altgeld was shown Comptroller Eckels' interview by the Associated Press representative tonight. The governor said: "The persistent and bad decisions about silver primaries is without any foundation, and every intelligent gold-standard man in Chicago knows this; and the fact that they keep it up shows that they are trying to mislead the public and to divert attention from the iniquitous character of their cause and the unpopularity of President Cleveland, whom they are supporting. The conduct of the Cleveland gold-standard men was extraordinary. For after the Federal administration had so robbed the Democratic party that if the national election were held then we could not carry a single state in the Union, it was certainly a piece of impudence for the adherents of this administration to attempt to dictate to the Democrats of Illinois. Mr. Eckels says that a silver platform means an abandonment of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut and the loss of Maryland, Delaware and Kentucky. Now, he would have them go on a platform that would have done us a service if he had outlined what there is left for us to standon in New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. As I remember, an election was held there not long ago under a gold platform. And when the fight was over we had not had enough left to bury our dead. A fight on a similar platform was made in Maryland and Kentucky, as well as a number of other states, and if there is anything left for us to lose in any of these states, it certainly is not visible.

THE ARMOUR STRIKE.

Likely to Assume International Proportions.

KANSAS CITY, May 12.—The strike of forty-four firemen of the Armour plant has assumed international proportions and there is no telling where or how it will end. The strikers have already petitioned the national council of the Federation of Labor to declare an international boycott against the Armour products, and it is the belief of labor men that the boycott will be declared.

This step was taken today at a meeting of the industrial council. The trouble between the firemen and the Armour company was laid before the council yesterday, and was referred to its grievance committee for adjustment. The committee met Superintendent Tourtellotte of Armour's today and again submitted the men's demands. The company refused to recede from its position, and when the result was reported to the council the boycott was decided upon, and a full report of its grievance of the firemen was dispatched to the national headquarters at Indianapolis.

MONTANA REPUBLICANS.

The Declaration on the Silver Question.

BUTTE, Mont., May 11. [Associated Press special.]—The Republican state convention today was presided over by Col. O. P. Coleholm of Helena. The first fight of the convention was over contesting delegations from Lewis county. The convention by a vote of 109 to 182 seated the anti-A. C. A. delegation. The platform contains the following declaration on the silver question:

"We reiterate our faith in and devotion to the great Republican principles of bimetallism, protection and reciprocity; announcing as our understanding of bimetallism the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independently by the United States. We maintain that these three cardinal principles of Republican faith should be the first consideration of the Congress of the United States, and that ample legislation be enacted upon these subjects.

"We call the attention of reflecting men to the recent marvelous development of productive and manufacturing enterprises in China, Japan, India and other silver using countries, and submit that the competition with which we are thus menaced imperatively demands the restoration of silver to its ancient money functions, as a means of equalizing the difference in exchange and the re-establishment of the protective tariff policy as a necessary means of equalizing the difference in wages and cost of living.

"We maintain that while the protective tariff policy is indispensable as a means of equalizing wages and the cost of living, it will not make good the difference in wages and cost of living, if exchange when (given a bounty of about 60 per cent to the silver-using countries.

"We condemn as unpopulous and unstatesmanlike the action of those Republicans in Congress who, in defiance of Republican tradition, rushed to the aid of a Democratic administration and a Democratic majority in Congress in securing the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, and we resent that the repeal of the law has utterly failed to accomplish a single beneficent result predicted by the enemies of silver."

Charles G. Johnson of Silver Bow offered a substitute resolution, that the delegates be instructed to walk out of the convention if nothing is done for silver. After several short speeches it was laid on the table.

Senators Carter and Manile and Congressman Hartman were nominated delegates to St. Louis by acclamation. A number of nominations for the other three places were made and the convention took a recess till night to ballot.

At the night session one ballot was enough for the selection of delegates, Thomas C. Marshall, J. W. Stowell and Alex. Metzel were chosen. Marshall was a Democrat until a year ago.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The treasury today had $5,108,200 in gold coin and $20,200 in bars, leaving the total amount of the gold reserve $111,705,746. Of the amount withdrawn today $5,000,000 was for export. But little hope is expressed at the treasury department today that the run on the treasury gold will cease for some weeks to come. Under normal conditions in years past the heaviest exportations of gold have occurred during the month of May, and as the export season this year set in somewhat later than usual, it is considered that it will continue to a later date than usual. The opinion prevails that by July next the reserve will have been again reduced to a figure considerably below the $100,000,000 mark.

THE CUBAN SITUATION.

Comments by Leading English Papers.

LONDON, May 11.—The Globe, commenting upon the Cuban situation, says:

"The action of the American authorities in the Bermudas affair has caused much irritation at Madrid. The Spaniards are apparently less accustomed than ourselves to the vagaries of the diplomacy of shirt-sleeves. The recent diplomats of the George months of this little favored island. Although the pretentious arrogance at Washington lately betrays indications of spoiling for a fight, we believe that the explanation of the meddling policy is to render American commerce paramount throughout the western hemisphere."

The St. James Gazette remarks:

"There are conditions in both the United States and Spain which militate against peaceful settlement. America is quite capable of doing more than talk when Cuba and the lives of Americans are concerned. Senor Canovas del Castillo will have to consider the effect which a surrender to the United States might have upon the stability of the monarchy. He may have to choose between a rupture with the United States and a revolution at home."

The Graphic, commenting upon the question at issue between the United States and Spain over the news sentenced to death at Havana, compares the Competitor cases to the Jamesonian raid, and says: "Englishmen can sympathize with the United States sinking at the scandalous misgovernment in Cuba. But the analogy ceases when the attitude of the United States in the matter is compared with England to here. What would Europe have said if Mr. Chamberlain had joined to President Kruger as Mr. Cleveland is doing? We trust, however, that there will shortly be a change in the Spanish, for we know that she will not take as twice say help to put Mr. Olney on his guard and to moderate the enthusiasm of the Florida Quixotes."

The Times says: "Spain is well advised in yielding to Mr. Olney's demand for delay. She has the attested an exclusion of popular indignation in the United States which no economic treatment could have resulted. It is extremely fortunate that the sentences have not been immediately executed, so that Spain is able to avert an unpleasant quarrel. A friendly discussion of the points at issue will give time for angry passions to both sides to cool. It will not be denied that Spain has the right on her side, but to insist upon the letter of her rights would be a mistake in the present case. The United States can make a strong case on merely technical grounds. Spain can hardly seriously advance the plausible ground that the privilege of a civil trial (to American citizens under the treaty) only belongs to residents in Cuba, while, in face of the death sentence, it could not be hoped that irregularities in the trial would be overlooked. If President Cleveland had yielded to the pressure to acknowledge the insurgents as belligerents, the Competitor's captives would have been entitled to the privileges of prisoners of war. Therefore it would be singularly bad policy to give the United States an irresistible reason for conferring upon the insurgents an advantage hitherto withheld. Captain-General Weyler's attitude could be better understood if he had any success in dealing with the insurgents. Whatever the explanation may be, circumstances seem to be rapidly settling the Cuban question, and very unfavorably for Spain."

Filibusters Will Not Be Shot.

LONDON, May 11.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail believes that it has already been resolved to respite the Competitor prisoners at Havana, the queen regent being especially desirous to avoid complications. The ministers, the correspondent contends, are with her and will do nothing to jeopardize the position of Cuba.

Jumped the Track.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 11.—A train on the Florida Central and Peninsula railway bound to Savannah from Jacksonville, jumped the track at Anderson late afternoon. The train was loaded with excursionists to Savannah for the military week. Five dollars have come from Savannah. Few many passengers are hurt is not yet known.

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co. Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

SALT LAKE CITY, May 12, 1896.

Yesterday's Temperature—Minimum 34 Maximum 56.
Tomorrow we look for fair and warmer weather.

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New designs of 1896.

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—more delicate tea-aroma in a twelve-ounce package of *Schilling's Best* than in a pound of colored tea—and no poison.

What! Poison?

Yes. All Japan teas sold in the United States, that we know of, are colored—with Prussian Blue or plumbago or lamp-black. It won't kill you; but people don't drink lamp-black for their health.

In *Schilling's Best:* more tea, no poison, no gypsum (two cents a pound), no soapstone (one cent a pound), nothing but tea, and the best tea that the Japan growers can find for us.

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CURRENT TIME TABLE. Effective April 26, 1896.

Leave Salt Lake City.
No. 1—For Hughes, Provo, Grand Junction and all points east. 7:00 a. m.
No. 3—For Provo, Mount Pleasant, Manti, Richfield and points south. 7:00 a. m.
No. 5—For Logan and intermediate points. 4:30 p. m.
No. 7—For Mt. Pleasant, Manti, Salina and all intermediate points. 4:30 p. m.
No. 9—For Provo, Payson, Nephi, Juab and all intermediate points. 4:30 p. m.
No. 11—For Logan and the Bear River country. 10:30 p. m.

Arrive Salt Lake City.
No. 2—From Grand Junction, Hughes and the East. 11:05 a. m.
No. 4—From Logan, Grand Junction and the East. 11:05 a. m.
No. 6—From Logan, Brigham, Manti, Salina, Richfield and intermediate points. 6:00 p. m.
No. 8—From Provo, Mount Pleasant, Manti, Salina and intermediate points. 6:00 p. m.
No. 10—From Provo, Payson, Nephi, Juab and intermediate points. 6:00 p. m.
No. 12—From Logan and the Bear River country. 10:00 a. m.

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Great S. L. & Hot Springs Ry.

Time table in effect Jan. 1, 1896.

Leave Ar.	Ar. From	Lv. From	Arrive
7:00 a. m.	7:30 a. m.	10:00 a. m.	7:30 a. m.
2:00 p. m.	2:30 p. m.	11:45 a. m.	11:15 a. m.
3:00 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	2:00 p. m.	12:30 p. m.
4:00 p. m.	4:30 p. m.	3:00 p. m.	1:30 p. m.
5:00 p. m.	5:30 p. m.	4:00 p. m.	2:30 p. m.

Additional Sunday trips.

10:00 a. m.	10:30 a. m.	Ar. Park City	12:00 a. m.
12:00 m.	12:30 p. m.	Ar. S. L.	1:30 p. m.
6:00 p. m.	6:30 p. m.	Lv. Park City	7:00 p. m.
8:00 p. m.	8:30 p. m.	Lv. S. L.	8:30 p. m.

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7:00 a. m. overland limited for Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Cheyenne and Pueblo.
8:00 a. m. local express for Ogden, Pocatello, Oregon Short Line, Butte, Helena, Spokane, Portland, Oregon Short Line, Cache Valley and intermediate points.
4:30 p. m. local express for Ogden and intermediate points.
7:00 p. m. Atlantic express for Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Cheyenne, Kansas City, St. Louis, Boise, Pocatello, Butte, Helena.
7:00 p. m. Pacific express for Moscow, Boise, Ogden, Butte, Helena, Spokane, Portland, Puget Sound and intermediate points.
10:30 p. m. mail and express for Provo, Eureka, Milford, Frisco and intermediate points.
*7:00 a. m. local train for Garfield Beach, Lake and Tooele.

ARRIVE

8:00 a. m. overland limited from Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Denver, Cheyenne, Salt Lake City and Ogden.
9:00 a. m. local express from Helena, Butte, Portland, Sun Francisco, Los Angeles, Ogden and intermediate points.
11:00 a. m. local express from San Francisco, Cache Valley, Ogden and intermediate points.
3:30 p. m. Atlantic express from Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Denver, Kansas City, Butte and Ogden.
5:30 p. m. mail and express from Provo, Nephi, Juab, Eureka and intermediate points.
8:00 p. m. local train from Provo, Eureka, Frisco, Newhouse and intermediate points.
*9:00 a. m. local train from Tooele, Lake and Garfield Beach.

*Trains south of Junction will arrive one hour earlier.
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Train No. 3 leaves Ogden 8:00 p.m., Salt Lake 9:00 p.m., arrive at Pueblo 5:47 p.m., Colorado Springs 6:58 p.m., Denver 10:15 p.m.

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