

CITY'S PROPORTION.

Grading.....	\$1,032.00
Curbing.....	490.00
Gutters.....	310.00
Paving.....	10,205.00
Catch basins and conduits.....	1,500.00

Total..... \$19,527.00

For paving with Asphaltum in District No. 1 on East Temple street, between South Temple and Third south:

ABUTTERS' PROPORTION.

Grading.....	\$ 4,980.00
Curbing.....	3,960.00
Gutters.....	2,415.00
Paving.....	61,720.00
Conduits.....	2,000.00

Total..... \$74,135.00

CITY'S PROPORTION.

Grading.....	\$ 1,032.00
Curbing.....	490.00
Gutters.....	310.00
Paving.....	11,775.00
Catch basins and conduits.....	1,500.00

Total..... \$22,232.00

A prolonged and informal discussion of street paving materials, etc., followed. The Mayor thought the property owners in each block of the district should be permitted to choose the material to be used. City Attorney Merritt favored macadam. The city engineer said that in the large cities of Europe and in Chicago, macadam had proven, in the long run, the most expensive kind of pavement used. It cost 70 cents per square yard per annum to maintain it.

Pembroke moved that the city engineer be instructed to furnish the council with estimates of the cost of the various pavements that had been named in the discussion, including macadam, granite blocks, asphalt and bricks. Carried.

The best method of ascertaining the views of the property owners interested was discussed, but further consideration of this phase of the subject was postponed to be considered in connection with the engineer's estimates, which were to be submitted at the next meeting of the council.

Dr. Hali, the health commissioner, in a communication, stated that many complaints had been made to him about the keeping of cows in the city, and he recommended the passage of an ordinance, a bill for which he submitted, which provided that not more than five should be kept in the same place, which should be kept clean, etc. Referred to the sanitary committee.

The committee on fire department recommended the employment of six men to manage the Preston truck, and the purchase of a span of horses and a set of Hale's harness for it. Adopted.

The committee on claims reported adversely on the petition of Wm. Carrol for \$1500 to pay for the stand, etc., built by him for Fred Scarf on Washington Square. Adopted.

Pembroke moved that the city attorney be instructed to draw an ordinance restricting the use of gongs. Referred to committee on municipal laws.

Pembroke introduced a resolution to compel the use of safety gates by railroads at street crossings. Referred to the same committee.

Hall, from the sanitary committee, reported verbally that a plant for burning garbage, etc., would cost about \$20,000. A discussion of

the general question of the disposal of garbage, etc., followed, in the course of which it was developed that a party living near the present city dumping ground allows his hogs to feed upon the filth, deal carcasses, etc., deposited there, and when they are fat puts them upon the local market. The whole matter was referred to the sanitary committee.

The bill for an ordinance confirming assessment for improving First South Street, was read twice and tabled for one week pending the report of the committee on streets in reference to that street.

The bill for an ordinance confirming the assessment for paving Commercial Street passed.

The bill for an ordinance increasing the force of the fire department next came up. The city attorney explained the nature of the ordinance, and the mayor directed the recorder to read it by its title, but Hall called for a full reading. The bill was read once at length and passed.

A bill for an ordinance changing the fire limits was read twice and referred to committee on municipal laws.

The bill for an ordinance in regard to burning rubbish passed.

The bill for an ordinance in regard to storing hay, straw, etc., in the city, was read twice and referred to committee on municipal laws.

A bill for an ordinance amending the police uniform ordinance, was passed. It allows the officers to wear blouses in summer.

Hall moved that the expert water commission furnish, without unnecessary delay, the map of the waterworks previously ordered. Carried.

Parsons offered a resolution instructing the city engineer to furnish the Council with a map showing all franchises granted to railroads, street railroads, telegraph and telephone companies, etc., and the water works. Carried.

A communication from the street supervisor asked for \$200 to build a portable house for the steam street roller. Granted.

The following appropriations were then made:

Portable house for street roller.....	\$ 200
F. K. Lloyd.....	800
Fire department.....	5,000
Salaries.....	10,000
	\$16,500

Adjourned.

"A NATIONAL FALSE PRETENSE."

THE *Denver Republican*, because of its consistent opposition to the extraordinary and un-American legislation proposed against the "Mormons," has drawn down upon itself the wrath of several public journals, which manifest more prejudice than information and more ignorance than discretion. But the *Republican*, clothed with that triple armor which covers the paper as well as the man who "hath his quarrel just," continues to maintain

its position regardless of the flings of its flippant adversaries.

In a recent editorial the *Republican* replies to some strictures of its Springfield namesake and also to some foolish remarks of the *Philadelphia Press*, and concludes the article as follows. We commend its utterances to the consideration of every thoughtful mind:

"A great deal has been said of late on the Mormon question, and we have stated clearly our opposition to that narrow, bigoted spirit which disregards the fundamental principles of our government in respect to religious liberty in the attempt to extirpate the evil of polygamy. It is not necessary to enlarge upon that branch of the subject.

But what shall we say of that public sentiment, stronger apparently in the east than it is anywhere else, which a short time ago made the Senate of the United States pass a bill to confiscate the property of the Mormon Church, and which made the Springfield *Republican* declare that the Mormons should be deprived of the power to administer the public school affairs of Utah, notwithstanding it was proposed to give their money to those schools, and notwithstanding the Mormons are in the majority in that territory? To condemn such an intolerant sentiment is in no sense of the word to excuse or justify the infamous evil and crime of polygamy.

"If the general principle that religious freedom shall be inviolate in this country shall be set aside every time public sentiment becomes imbued with prejudice against a particular sect, then we may be justified in saying that the much-vaunted devotion of the American people to liberty is nothing more than a national false pretense. No people can be said to have a proper appreciation of liberty who are not capable of tolerating in others a difference of opinion. The same spirit of intolerance which we condemn in the South on the race question finds expression in the North and East when it comes to considering the Mormon question. What this country needs is men strong enough and brave enough to stand up and defend the political rights of their opponents on the ground that the right of one's opponent to his opinion is as sacred as one's own right in matters of opinion."

THE galaxy of stars that adorns the corner of the national flag is getting to be so numerous, and the number is increased so often, that it is seriously proposed to change the present general law as to the flag and come back to the first principles, making the number of stars correspond to the number of stripes, thirteen, and keeping it so. There is a precedent for this. Originally it was proposed that the number of stripes should show the number of States, and at one time the legal flag actually had sixteen or seventeen stripes. But it was seen that this would never do, that it would take all the character out of the "old grid-iron," and so the number of stripes was permanently reduced to thirteen. Now it is proposed to follow suit with the stars, to have only thirteen of them in the field, and these "disposed in the form of a star."