THE SATURDAY NEWS Circulates in Sait Lake City and its subtris more extensively than any other paper published. It is also read more carefully, and is preserved for sunday reading in thousands of homes,

THE DESERET EVENING NEWS.

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

Flood Wipes Out

eral Lives Reported Lost-Great Storm in Chattanooga,

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 29 .- A | between Nashville and Tullahoma, was

morning.

obtained here

to crops is very great.

endous rainfall.

treams inductly to the Ternising. The out of their banks and still rising. The trest of the tide will probably reach here Monday. The bridge on the main line of the Nashville, Chattanooga and ft. Louis railroad at Mammoth Ford,

washed away and no trains are operat-

ing on that road today. There were

also several washouts on the road. Trains which left here for Nashville

last night went as far as Tullahoma and turned back, arriving here this

It is given out today that nearly \$,000 feet of track in the vicinity of La

Graysville, Tenn., suffered a like fate.

HARDEST RAIN IN YEARS.

Gadsen, Ala, March 29.—The hardest rain in years fell last night. Some por-tions of the city are under water from two to four feet deep this morning. The

city was in darkness all night, the pow-er house being flooded. The damage

WASHOUT AT ROME, GA.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 29.—A spec-ial to the Sentinel from Coal Creek, in the mining district, says that town was partially flooded last night by high wa-ters in creeks. Many people had to leave their homes, in which water was

rising. Three bridges on the railway to the coal mines were damaged so that

trains cannot pass over them. Heavy washouts occurred in the main line of

MRS. J. R. SHOUSE

WANTS HER CHILD

cedented Rains in the State of Georgia.

cial to the News from Harriman,

farriman was destroyed by the flood

account of the overflow of the Em-

parter of a million dollars. It is re-

ted that two lives were lost and

50 houses at Oakdale and Harriman

on the Cincinnati Southern rail-

ere washed away. The tunnel at Junc-

way, fell in. The plant of the Vestel

Hoe and Tool company was badly dam-

ged, the planingmill is wrecked and

The floating lumber, houses and de bris knocked down a part of the bridge and washed it away. The loss to Har-

REAT STORM IN CHATTANOOGA.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 29 .- The

a last night raged in this section

being phenomenal, almost amount-

ing. Wires were blown down and

in this city and the skies are

ee river and tributaries indicate

for the space of an hour there was the greatest anxiety for life and property Today there are no evidences of the

Reports received from stations on the

bat at the points above here the rain-

fail was heavy enough to justify the prediction of a freshet of considerable

DE SHAZZO IN

ortions. Some of the smaller ms tributary to the Tennessee are

for a short while, the rain-

oundburst, accompanied by

tannery suffered heavily.

Telephone lines are damaged.

nan is terrible.

mber company was destroyed, the

more are supposed to have been

It is estimated that from 40

The damage is estimated at

n. says

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1902. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

appointed to the command of the de-partment of the Colorado, is not ex-pected to assume active command un-til June next. Joseph E. Robinson, president of the California mission, is numbered among the advance guard of those who have already arrived to attend conference. Tennessee Town The meeting of the Relief Society porps of nurses at the residence of Mrs. N. A. Empey will, be held on Tuesday at 2 p. m. instead of Monday as usual.

The Granite Stake amusement com pany has been well received in the country wards during the past week. The banner house of the tour was at

Harriman Destroyed by the Overflow of Emery River-Sev-Faylorsville Thursday night, where the , R. O. sign was in evidence. reek the company plays at Forest Dale Monday night, Sugar House Tuesday, South Cottonwood Wednesday, Hunter Thursday, and the thirteenth and last Almost Amounting to a Cloudburst - Some Unpreperformance at Wilford Friday, April 4. The proceeds from the entertain-ments go to the Latter-day Saints' ments go to the Latt academy at Mill Creek.

Esther Clara, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Sakuth, died today of pneumonia. This is the second child that, these bereaved parents have lost within two months. The funeral will be held tomorrow from the residence, 42 Pitts street. Proceedings were well under way this

fternoon for the release of Arthur J. Van Kuran, under the bond fixed pend-ing his appeal, and it was the hope of Mr. Van Kuran that he would leave the county jail before nightfall. tollows:

Fayette, Ga., on the Chattanooga, Rome and Southern railway, washed away and that several hundred feet of the Cincinnati Southern track near Manager John E. Mayo, of the Plaza hotel at Colorado Springs is a guest at the Kenyon. Heavy damage to the town of Mur-freesboro. Tenn., by cyclone is reported, but telephone and telegraph wires are down and no direct details have been

T. A. Cosprift of Fort Steele is a guest at the Kenyon on his return from a two months' business trip in the east. Mr. Cosgriff is much gratified at the stability of commercial conditions as he found them in the east, and thinks there is an era of great prosperity before the country at large.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY TO PACIFIC COAST

Denver, Colo., March 29 .- The News today says:

Rome, Ga., March 29.-Two washouts are reported this morning on the At-Within the next 60 days citizens of lantis division of the Southern rall-way near Silver Creek. Great damage the Pacific coast will be sending wire-less telegraph messages via instruwas done to farms by last night's tremnents built in Denver under the personal supervision of Gen. Irving Hale, TOWN PARTIALLY FLOODED.

consulting electrical engineer of the Pacific and Continental Wireless Telephone and Telegraph companies. messages will pass between the first two commercial stations established by the companies. The instruments to be used are the most powerful ever constructed west of Pittsburg, containing improvements over those now in use on the Atlantic coast. They have been tested and worked to entire satisfac-

General Manager A. L. New of the ompany leaves for San Francisco to-ay. While there he will decide just day. where the instruments are to be placed. Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Portland, Los Angeles and Avalon, on the Santa Catalina islands are some of the cities under consideration. It is quite probable that one of the instruments will be placed in Los Angeles and the other at Avalon.

CECIL RHODES' FORTUNE.



Plan for Pacifying Filipinos Rejected - Correspondence Submitted to Congress - General to Go to Islands, Bring Back Leaders and Have a Grand Pow-wow,

dent today sent to the house of representatives the correspondence and the Philippines. The papers were sent to the house in response to a resolution introduced by Mr. Eurleson of Texas and passed by that body. They are as PRESIDENT'S LETTER.

bring about a cessation of hostilities,' I transmit herewith copies of all the papers upon which final action in the matter was taken.

matter was taken. "Since such final action and since the introduction of said resolution, a fur-ther memorandum has been added to the papers by Ligut.-Gen. Miles and 1 transmit also a copy thereof togetherwith the action thereon. THEODORE ROOSEVELT. "

White House, Murch 29, 1902, GEN. MILES' PETITION.

"Headquarters of the Army, Wash-ington, Feb. 17, 1902.

Ingion, Feb. 17, 1902. "The Honorable, the Secretary of War: "Sir-1 have the honor to invite at-tention to a subject which I have had under consideration for several months and to request that this letter be laid before the president. It is now three, years since the opening of hostilities between the forces of the United States and those of the Philippine islands and this warfare has been conducted with marked severity. More than 130,000 United States troops have been at dif, ferent times sent or are now under orders to go to the Philippines and more than 40,000 still remain on duty there, which service, with the assist-ance of the naval force, involves an enormous expenditule of public money as well as the loss of many valuable

"During the past century thousands of Indians have been called to the capi-tal for consultation and counsel, and

Washington, March 29.-The presis practically superceding the officers now exercise. Not only is this without justification in the conduct, but I rapers bearing on the request of Lieut.- should regard it as a most unfortunate Gen. Miles to be assigned to duty in the interference with the present satisfactory progress. There have been exceed-ingly full, extended and long continued consultation and counsel between the government of the United States and leaders of opinion among the insurrec tionary Filipinos, resulting in a full un PRESIDENT'S LETTING "To the House of Representatives: "In response to the following resolu-tion of the house of representatives of March 26, 1902, 'Resolved, That the president of the United States be and is president of the United States to and is to the insurrectionary government.

compatible with the public interest, to of the insurrectionary government transmit to the house copies of all correspondence relating to and papers our government. Aguinaldo himsen bearing on, the matter of the re- has taken the position of earnestly ported request of Lieut.-Gen. Nelson A. Milese, U. S. A., to be as-signed to duty in the Philippine archi-pelago and to be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into does not be allowed to be put into effect there a plar outlined by him to does not be allowed to be put into allowed his advice. No BENEFIT FROM PLAN.

"It is not perceived that any addition al benefit would be obtained by taking delegations of Cubans and Porto RI cans to the Philippines or by bringing lelegations from the Philippines to the United States, in advance of the choic of official delegates provided for by the bill now pending in Congress. On th other hand it would be very difficult to keep such a proceeding free from spec-tacular and sensational features, which would be injurious. "It is not the fact that the warfare in

the Philippines has been conducted with marked severity; on the contrary the warfare has been conducted with marked humanity and magnaminity on the part of the United States army. ELIHU ROOT," Secretary of War." "Conclusions of the secretary of war

are hereby approved. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

White House, Washington, March 6 SERVED UNDER AGUINALDO.

List of men who have served under Aguinaldo and at present holding po dtions of trust under the American overnment: C. S. Areilano, chief justice of th

to the condition and requirements of the troops in that division, the same as supreme court: was secretary of state In the first cabinet of the revolutionary Florentino Torres, associate justice

Α.

SOME SHARP POINTS. "War Department, Washington.

"In accordance with the verbal mes

Sage received from Col. Carter through Mr. Brandt, a clerk in the adjutant general's office, I have the honor to re-turn my letter of February, 1902, with Indorsements thereon.

"In connection with my letter and the indopsements thereon I desire to say that I regret that the honorable secre-tary should have been under the im-

pression that a proposition that was prompted in the interest of humanity would in any way be regarded as 'spec-tacular and sensational.' I should not

anticipate any such result. I would call attention to the last page of my letter in which I distinctly said

"This need not reflect in the slight-est degree upon the service of the mil-

itary nor interfere with the civil gov

tablished.' I think it will be admitted

that no such objection was ever raised by any of the governors of states o territories, or department commanders

when the numerous Indian delegations left their territory to come to Wash

ington. "I would also call attention to th

fact that last winter, while on an offi-cial visit to Cuba, I was appealed to by

members of the constitutional conven-tion who said they wished to commun-

icate directly with the president and I advised them to make such a request.

On returning to Washington I reported the fact to President McKinley and

quarters or received by me.

WAR SEVERELY CONDUCTED.

"Concerning my going to the Philip-

pines, it was my purpose nearly a year ago to do so, and this was with the knowledge of the secretary of war

and the approval of the late President McKinley, but the journey was post-

poned in consequence of the increase

in and re-organization of the army.

MOTIVE FOR MILES' SUGGESTION

ter, that in going to the Philippine is-lands I take certain natives of Cuba

ippine islands, was prompted by my belief that the result would be satis-

factory to all concerned. Since this measure is not deemed advisable, I do

not ask for its further consideration

and making my delayed visit to the Philippines, which I hope to do in the

near future, I shall devote my attention

have in respect to the other portions

"Lieutenant General, Commanding U.

f the army, (Signed.) "NELSON A. MILES,

"The suggestion contained in my let-

rnments that have been or may be

Plans for Half-a-Dozen Buildings for the Latter-day Saints' University at the Head of East Temple Street-Use of The Young Memorial-To Contain Laboratories and

Will Stand

HIUI UNISH UUI . GL. Church of Jesus Christ offattanday spirits

IT IS HOMES

In a Crescent

That the advertiser wants to get into. Call at the News office and we will satisfy you that the News is the paper that reaches the people at their fre-

NUMBER 110

The third new building of the Lat- | the university buildings have become er-day Saints' University, the Brigham Young Memorial, is to be pushed as rapidly as possible, and may be ready for occupation by the school next fall. The building committee, composed of Messrs, Geo. Romney, A. V., Carlson,

Class Rooms.

urged that he grant their request should it be made. He did so and the delegation came to Washington. The Henry Dinwoodey, Jos. E. Taylor and result was gratifying not only to our John C. Cutler, met with the architect government authorities, but to the peo-ple of Cuba as well. All this was done this morning and examined the prelimwithout the slightest reflection on Maj.-Gen. Wood or objection on his part, as far as I know. inary plans for the building. The design is an attractive one. The plans "Referring to that part of my com-munication which states that the warwill be submitted to the First Presidency by the building committee and fare in the Philippine is lands had been cone, ed with marked severity when approved by that body will be carried into effect.

and to the remarks of the honorable secretary on that point, it is proper to Like the two already completed, the say that I had in mind such informa-tion as is conveyed in the letter of Gov. W. H. Taft, addressed to the honora-ble secretary, dated, Washington, Feb. Business College and Barratt Hall, this building will be of stone and brick, both red in this case; and, like the 7, 1902, as well as other communications that have been referred to these headother two, it will be three-stories in height.

This building is intended to contain the classrooms of the normal and high school departments, and also the labor atories in physics and biology. The chemical laboratory is to occupy the lower part of the present gymnasium building as soon as that place shall be vacated by the produce depariment of the Presiding Eishopric. This will take place, it is thought, during the

The biological and physical laboratories will be on the ground floor of the new building, the former with north and the latter with north, west and south light. Both will be large and and Porto Rico and on returning bring back certain of those of the Philwell fitted up with apparatus, and both will be connected with smaller rooms for private laboratories and class-

> The Brigham Young Memorial build-ing will extend westward from Barratt Hall nearly to Main street, the length of the building being 125 feet. It will be about twice the size of the business college building.

so frequent that it may be well to ex-plain it again. The buildings will plain it again. The buildings will stand in a semi-circle, five in number, with the open side fronting on Main street opposite the Temple. The two buildings on the north side of the grounds will correspond with Barratt Hall and the Young Memorial. It may be that on the west side also a build ing will be crected in the future, at the entrance to the University square on Main street, to serve as an admin-istration building, museum, etc. This would cause the school buildings com-pletely to encircle the grounds, and would provide room for 2,000 stu-

dents.

One feature of the Brigham Young Memorial building will no doubt be the provision of a large room to be made beautiful as the memorial room, and to he used by the school as the orchestral and music ball, and as the gallery of and music hall, and as the gallery of the fine arts. Such a room, it is thought, might be located in the west end of the building next to Main street, and might contain colored art win-dows, portraits, statues and buets of President Young, and also family rel-iles that would be suitable for preser-vation in such a room. Then, too, the family reunions and other select as-sembles could with propriety be held in this hall; while as a room of esnein this hall; while as a room of espe cial beauty, it would be suitable for the society of university girls, The Co-lumbine, to meet in. As an art gal-lery it could be decorated i om time to time with paintings and sculptures and sculptures and sculptures and could be made, without much effort, a

most attactive and interesting place, worthy of the name of its illustrious founder. Other parts of the building will be taken up with classrooms. There will be a stairway in the center, and a north and a south entrance on the mid-dle floor. It will be conencted with Barratt Hall by a curved brick corri-dor, to which tollet rooms will be at-

tached. Architect D. C. Young, a son of the donor, is now at work on the plans for the new building, the erection of which will be commenced as soon as possi-Inquiries as to the whole design of | ble.

The preliminary hearing of Bert De Shazzo on the charge of grand larceny was taken up before Judge Diehl this moming, and will probably be continued throughout the day. The complaint alleges that the de

POLICE COURT.

at stole some clothing and jewelry tom the residence of Mrs. Annie E. Clawson at 134 North Fifth West. Mrs. Clawson was the first witness She testified that on state. Sunday, March 2, the defendant came toher place, giving his name as Thomp-son, and told Mrs. Clawson he had bees recommended to her place to been recommended to her place to beend. He said he was night operator at the Oregon Short Line, and if Mrs. Clawson would let him have a room, wakfast and a lunch at 2 o'clock in the morning, he would settle with her on the 15th of the month. Witness took he defendant under those terms and

remained there until Tuesday the ith. Mrs. Chawson said when DeShaz left her place she missed a number of articles On cross examination, she said she could always tell her sons when they

entered the house by their footstep. She also said she could always tell when the defendant came in "by his cat-like tread." W. H. Cutler, a young man who re-

sided at Clawson's, testified that he lost a suit of clothes, a fancy vest, a value, watch and chain, cuff buttons, hirts and silk handkerchiefs at the Shazzo left the place. time De H atmed a suit of clothes introduced Mr. Loofbourow. The alleged value the stolen articles was placed at \$93. The object of defendant's counsel was cut the value down below \$50 and make the case simply petit larceny. De Shanno was represented by Atty. Sweet C. M. Clawson, who also lost some vearing apparel, testified as to wha he lost and the value of the articles.

AFTER 23 YEARS.

Mrs. Maggie Crott Suicides, Taking Polson Purchased Here.

Postmaster Thomas has received two papers from Shenandoah, Page county, lowa, which give a graphic account of the suicide at that place of Mrs. Maggie Croft, an aged widow, who once lived in Utah. The most remarkable ire of the affair is that the poison taken by the unhappy woman was purchased by her at the Z. C. M. I. drug store in this city 23 years ago, at least the bottle that contained the drug was so labeled. Mrs. Croft was 79 years old and had

been living in the home of J. E. Red-field for many years and although she eaves a sister and a nifice in Salt Lake the leaves all her property to Mr. Red-field. She was a native of Sweden and serving in the royal household the emigrated to New York. Later she west, finally landing in Callnia, where she het the man she mar-The couple subsequently came to Utah and settled in one of the mining amps here. Her sister is a member of "Mormon" Church and the could not get on together, so Mrs. Croft and her husband moved to Iowa on the suggestion of Mr. Redfield who lived

with them in Utah for some time. ofts acquired some property. but the husbang died, which had the 8 degrees unbalancing the widow's mind and she was confined in an asylum for tea years. Since her release she has been in the hone of the Redfields. But the heat suffer of the Redfields. suffered greatly of erysipalas t times the pain would nearly drive b r maj. The other evening while memh of the family were out, the put some strychnine in her food ossing in convulsions for she expired, though everything post ble was done to save her.

he was a burden on her was that friends. She is mid to have possessed consid-erable protection of the protection of the second second

sulk of it Left to Further Vast Ed A sequel to the marital complications of John Shouse, the coachman em-

ployed by W. S. McCornick, who was recently found to have a wife and family in Omaha in addition to the wife he recently married in this city, came to light today when Atty, Wanless filed a petition in the district court for a writ of habeas corpus for the release of little Mildred Shouse from St. Mary's academy, where, it is alleged, she is illegally restrained from her liberty by the sisters of the Holy Cross. at the instigation of her father, John

Shouse. The petition is made by Mrs. Jennie R. Shouse, the mother of the little girl, who lives in Omaha, and is against John Shouse, and the sisters of the Holy Cross; and alleges that on May 19, 1901, said John Shouse came to the home of Jennie R. Shouse in Omaha and informed her that he wanted to take Mildred out for a car ride and

would bring her back home. By means of said false pretenses he obtained pos-session of the child, and, until about March 18, 1902, Mrs. Shouse was ignorance of the whereabouts and confition of her daughter, and the said John Shouse still keeps her illegally re-

strained of her liberty. Mrs. Shouse alleges that her husband is not a fit person morally to have the custody of a girl of such tender age and delicate health. For a long time prior to May 19, 1901, she alleges that he induiged in riotous living and had Illicit intercourse with numerous women of bad character. She sets out the recent escapade of Shouse when, on Oc-tober 15, 1901, he induced Miss Jessie Hopwood of this city to marry him, he well knowing that he was the lawful husband of said Jennie R. Shouse

It is alleged that the girl is confined and restrained from her liberty without any accusation, complaint or due process of law, and that no other application for a writ of habeas corpus has been made to any other judge in the matter. Mrs. Shouse states that she is

able to properly care for and educate said child and asks that she be released from the custody of John Shouse and the sisters of the Holy Cross. The writ was issued by Judge Stewart and is made returnable April 5, 1902 at 10 o'clock a. m.

PREST. BRIGHAM YOUNG HOME.

Prest, Brigham Young of the Quorum of Apostles has arrived here from New Mexico and Arizona to attend the general conference. He is looking well and brings news of success in the country which he has been visiting.

FROST LAST NIGHT.

Word from Pocatello this morning states that there was a killing frost there last night which may have done a good deal of damage as vegetation was further along there than it was here. The mercury went down to 14 at Pocatello last night. At Modena It was 20 above zero, and in this city the mercury sank no lower than 22. At Lander, Wyo., the thermometer marked

LATE LOCALS.

The Royal cafe will have a grand opening in their handsome new quarters on Monday, March 31.

Miss Clara G. Brooks, daughter of C. P. Brooks, the civil engineer, is making the relief maps of Utah and the surrounding country, as well as other illustrative work for the geographies Prof. M. E. Jones is preparing for Mc-Millan & Co. Miss Brooks is a graduate of the Pratt Institute of Brooklyn, N. Y

General Frederick Funston, recently

ucational Plan. London, March 29 .- The Daily Mail

says it is in a position to assert that the late Cecil Rhodes left the bulk of his fortune, except some personal and fam-ily bequests, to the promotion of his the states and territories. imperial plan of education. This project embraces every land where the Inion Jack flies. Its purpose is the inellectual betterment of the

ace throughout the world; and the fostering of the imperial sentiment. The Daily Mail adds that this idea of better fitting "younger Britain" to cope successfully with rival nationalities was long a dominant scheme with Rhodes, but that even his closest friends little imagined the absorbing hold it ob-

tained on him until this was disclosed by the terms of his will. The details of this plan of education will be made public in a few days. Cecil Rhodes left the Dalham Hall es tate at Newmarket to his brother. Col Francis W. Rhodes. The estate was purchased by Cecil Rhodes last Decem-

Russian Nobles Executed for Murder

London, March 29 .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says that news has been received from Kutais, Trans-Caucasia, that three Russian nobles, Prince Kipinadz, Prince Valerian and Prince Zulukidz, vere executed March 3 for the mur der of over 100 persons. The trial o the princes lasted for two weeks. The were the leaders of a widespread band! organization which had terrorized the Caucasias by systematic robbery, ar son and murder.

Thousand People Killed in Riots.

Pekin, March 29.-Chinese officials say that a thousand people have been killed in riots at Ta Ming Fu, the southernmost prefecture of the prov-ince of Chi Li. This is, perhaps, an exaggeration, but the loss of life was undoubtedly great undoubtedly great.

Seventeen Bace Horses Burned.

Detroit, March 29 .- Seventeen racers and promising colts were burned it death early today in a fire which de stroyed the training stable of Frank H. 'olby, a well known driver and traine in Highland Park. The fire started just before daybreak from some un known cause. Sixteen of the horses were burned to death in their stalls One broke loose and escaped from the burning barn but the animal was so burned that it was necessary shoot it. Among the horses were R Royal, 2:2434; a five-year-eld trotting stallion valued at \$5.000; Harry P, trotter, 2:2334, \$2,500; The King, trotter 2:2634, \$2,000; trotting stallion \$2,000 The total loss is about \$30.000. Mr. Colby had intended to buy nominations

in the Merchants and Manufacturers' \$10,000 stake for 2:21 class trotters at the Blue Ribbon meeting of the Detroit Driving club in July for Harry P. and The King.

Operators' Wages Raised.

badly

Providence, R. I., March 29 .- Notices of a 10 per cent advance in the wages of operatives were posted today in the otton mills in Rhode Island and Mas-States. sachusetts, operated by the Goddard and the Knight Interests. It is expect. ed that the Lippits, who with the Knights and the Goddards, practically

control the cotton industry of thi state, also will grant the increase.

Bound and Gagged Herself.

Rochester, N. Y. March 29.-Miss El. a May Patch, who on Thursday even ing was found on the aqueduct in an ing was jound online and afterwards claimed she had been assaulted by a man while crossing the bridge, made a statement today to the effect that she had bound and gagged herself with the intention of committing suicide by jumping into the river, but that she fainted before she could accomplish her purpose.

I have, under authority, sent to Wash-ington many red-hunded representa-tives of different tribes of indians. Use result of which has been a reconcilia-tion, a restoration of confidence, the prevention of war and the establish ment and continuance of peace within

"Our friendly relations with the peo pie of Cuba and Porto Rico have been largely promoted by consultation with the representatives of those islands here in Washington, both before hestilities occurred, during the Spanish war, and since; and I have never found any people, whether savage, semi-civilized, or civilized, who were not benefitted by candid, frank and honest consultation and counsel.

PLAN IN DETAIL.

"In view of the above considerations, I make the request that I be authorized to proceed to the Philippine islands, taking with me ten men whom I may select from Cuba and Porto Rico, whose assistance has been found useful in pro moting friendly relations between the people of those islands and the United tates and could properly explain to the Filipinos the benefits their people have

derived through friendly relations with this country and while there to give such directions as I may deem advisable and judicious for the Lest disposition of the United States military forces, the end that they may occupy the mos healthful and strategic positions, due regard to economy and be afforded the greatest comfort and benefit; als to take such measures as will tend restore as far as possible, confidence the people of those islands, and demonstrate that the purpose of our govern-ment is promoted by the highest sense of justice; and that on returning I be authorized to bring to the capital such number of representative Filipinos as I may think advisable, in order that they may see and know the advantages of our civilization and realize the dis-position of our government toward them, at the same time affording an opportunity for a full consultation, where-by intelligent and definite action may e taken concerning their future It is confidently believed that such measures could then be taken a would then be satisfactory and bene-ficial to the ten millions of inhabitants

of the islands and highly creditable to our government. "By this means we would be fully in-

formed of the condition and wants of the people of those islands and they, on the other hand, would become fully ap prised of the purpose and final disposi ion of our government toward them This need not reflect in the slightest de gree upon the services of the military nor interfere with civil governments that have or may be established.

"Should this request be approved, am confident it would result in a bet ter condition of our military forces in that division, in the cessation of hostilities within a reasonable time, there by permittting the return of a large number of our troops from those mote and unhealthful stations and, should hope, in an amicable adjustment of affairs in those islands which would be satisfactory to the inhabitants thereof as well as to the people of the United

Very respectfully

NELSON A. MILES. Lieut.-General, Commanding U. S. Army." Department, Washington "War Department,

March 5, 1903 "Respectfully forwarded to the presilent, disapproved.

CHAFFE AND TAFT PRAISED.

"The conduct of military affairs the Philippines by Gen. Chaffee and his predecessors and the conduct of civil iffairs by Gov. Taft and his associates in the Philippine commission have been successful. Much more rapid progress has been made toward the complete ac ceptance of American sovereignty, the restoration of peace and the establishment of civil government than we had any right to anticipate when the treaty of Paris war ratified. The plan proposed in the within paper involves

Victorino Mapa, associate ns counsellor of the revol justice na counsellor of

tionar mment in the island of Panay. Trinidad H. Fardo de Tavera, was associate secretary state, and member of congress, Benito Legarda, commissioner; was

ssistant secretary of the treasury un der the revolutionary government and vice preseident of its congress. Jose Luzeragai, commissioner;

president revolutionary congress of th sland of Negros. Felipe Buencamino, member of ivil service board; was counsellor o Aguinaldo in Cavite, member of the ongress of Malolos, and secretary of omento in Malolos, and secretary

setate in San Isidro de Nueva Ecija. Felix M. Roxasa, judge; was membe of the Filipino junta in Paris. Ignacio Billamor, judge; was member

of the Malolos congress. Gregorio Araneta, solicitor general; was secretary of justice and member the Malolos congress.

Martin Delgado, governor of Iloilo was commanding general of the revolu-tionary forces in the island of Panay Abrosio Flores, governor of Riza was general of the revolutionary army member of the reevolutionary Congress and assistant secretary of War.

Mariano Trias, governor of Cavite was counselor of the revolutionary gov rnment in the island of Panay Trinidad H. Padro De Tavera, con

missioner; was associate secretary of tate, and members of congress, Benito Legarda, commissioner; was

assistant secretary of the treasury under the revolutionary government and president of its congress. Jose Luzeragal, commissioner;

president revolutionary congress of the island of Negros. Felipe Buencamino, member of the ivil service board; was counselor of Aguinaldo in Cavite, member of the congress of Malolos, and secretary of Fomento in Malolos, and secretary of state in San Isidro De Nueva Ecija.

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was commanding general of the revolu-tionary forces of southern Luzon, secretary of the treasury and secretary war.

Joseph Serpahio, governor of Bulacan; was colonel of the revolutionary

Gracio Gonzalaga, governor of Ca gayan: was member of the revolution-ary congress and secretary of the in-

Arsenio Cruz Herrera, president muntcipal board of Manila, was member of Malolos congress and assistant sec-retary of the interior.

Jose Alejandrino, city engineer in Manila; was general of the revolutionary army. Modesto Reyes, city attorney of Ma

nila; was member of the Filipino junta in Madrid. Daniel Tirona, provincial secretary of

Cavite, was Aguinaldo's first secretary of war and commanding general of the revolutionary forces in the province of

agayan. Mariano Cunanan, provincial secretary of Pampanga, was major in the revolutionary army.

Aariano Crisostommo, fiscal of Bula-can; Jose M. Lerma, provincial secre-tary of Bataan: Sofia Alandy, fiscal of Tayabas, were all congressmen at Ma-

RETURNS HIS LETTER.

"Headquarters of the army, Washington, March 24, 1902

Respectfully submitted to the secretary of war:

March 25, 1902.

"Several weeks after the final dispo sition of the within application by the action of the president on the 6th o March, and after the introduction of a resolution in Congress calling for th papers, the lieutenant general attached them a statement dated March 24, 1902, with the apparent purpose showing that the action taken Without commenting upon the wrong. propriety of a military officer under taking to review the action of the president. I again submit the paper for such re-consideration as the president may

think advisable, with the following re-1 1903 The amendment directs \$70. marks: The delegation referred to in this 000 to be paid to the Indians and the paper, consisted of public officers with defined powers, charged with the persecretary of interior, with the consent of a majority of the adult Indians, to formance of a specific duty as officia be ascretained as soon as practicable by representatives of the people of Cuba and appointed by the constitutional convention elected by that people. The an inspector, shall allot 80 acres to each head of a family and 40 acres to each other member of tribes. The allotments president's consent to receive the com-mittee was asked for by Gen, Wood through the secretary of war and was are to be made before Oct. 1, 1903, or which date all unalloted lands shall be restored to the public domain. communicated to Gen. Wood by the secretary of war who never heard Gen. the Homesteaders will be required to pay \$1.25 per acre. Lease holders are en Miles' name mentioned in connection titled to locate not to exceed 640 acres with the transaction. contiguous mineral land under the min "2-On the 18th of July, 1900, Gen. Miles applied to be sent to the Phillping laws. The Raven Mining company is to locate the land it is now operating pines and to China in his official ca-pacity. At that time Gen. MacArthur had reported that not a single addition-The proceeds of sales of land restored to the public domain are to be applied al regiment could be spared from the Philippines without putting our inter-ests there in jeapody and had shown termined by Gen. Miles, then the power of the commission to determine

the reasons and the gravity of the sit-uation therein dispatches which had passed through Gen. Miles' office. In must end. There is no place for any such authority under the present government by which we have gradually and steadily superseded military conthe face of these dispatches Gen. Miles accompanied his application by a rec trol and have superseded it throughout ommendation that 15,000 be withdrawn the greater part of the archipelage from the Philippines and be sent to China. The withdrawal of 15,000 troops would again be subordained to military power, and the people of the island would be subjected to the arbitrary from the Philippines would have made necessary the practical abandonment of control of a wilitary dictator. a large part of the country and the "The reference in the memorandum to the latter of Gov. Taft, to the secrerestoration of insurgent control therein At least two-thirds of the 15,000 were wholly unnecessary in China unless for tary of war, dated Feb. 7, 1902, is to a letter transmitting for the purpose of an investigation by the military authe purpose of enabling the United States to furnish a great number of troops than any European power and upon that score to claim the supreme thorities, a report by the civil governo of the province of Tayabas, containing in general terms and without specifi command of the allied forces. cations or names, serious charges against the military administration in

MCKINLEY DECLINED OFFER.

that province and against the conduct "The application and recommendaof the army generally in its relations to tion were in fact accompanied by a request by Gen. Miles that such supreme "This report was on the 19th of Feb command of the alled force should h ruary, sent to Gen. Chaffee with the folobtained for him. Under the circum-stances Prest, McKinley declined to lowing direction: "There is so much contained in this authorize the sending of Gen. Miles either to the Philippines or to China. A report reflecting not only upon officers f the army, but the general conduct o year afterwards the secretary of war affairs and the administration of the military branch of the government, that authorized the lieutenant-general to extend his inspection to the Philippine the secretary of war desires you to cause a careful inquiry to be made confor the purpose of inspection only. He has never been authorized to go for any erning these statements and if they be found frue that the necessary mea other purpose.

The question whether the order sures be applied to correct these evils, and also 'to make a full report of the which the lieutenant-general asks sending him to the Philippines would nvestigation herein directed as soon as interfere with the present military and possible. civil control must be determined not what the applicant says about the report to be made and the directions for order, but by the terms of the proposed the investigation can only just nov have reached Manila. It is to be reorder itself. The lieutenant-general asks authority 'to give such direct congretted that the reference to the high ventions as I (he) may deem advisable and judicious for the best disposition st mank in the army should assume the truth of charges reflecting upon the eredit of the army in advance of the of the United States military forces. investigation which has been ordered and without giving Gen. Chaffee, upon "That, of course, means to comman Gen. Chaffee, and he asks authority

'also to take such measures as will tend whose particular command the charge to restore as far as possible confidence reflect, an opportunity to be heard. "Gov. Taft's letter shows that the civil governor of the Philippines was to the people of those islands, and demonstrate that the purpose government is prompted by the highunwilling to accept the charges as true est sense of justice." without an investigation. "As the lieutenant-general's mem-orandum of March 24 was not made

WHAT MILES WANTED.

"That means, if it means anything, until after the introduction of a reso authority to do himself, or to require the civil officers of the Philippines to lution in the house of representatives calling for all correspondence and pa-pers in the matter of his application to do under his direction the very duties go to the Philippines, the putting into these papers of the specific reference which were charged upon the Philip pine commission and the civil governor to the letter transmitting the charges plainly evidenced a design to procure in the islands by President McKinley and which they are now engaged in doing. The authority asked is not to recommend but to take measures. If the publication of the charges and of the the measures to be taken are to be dethereof as true, in advance of the in-

(Special to the "News.")

Under this the Uintah Indian reserva-

tion will be opened to settlement Oct.

"There has not yet been time for the

lieutenant-general's acceptance

to reimburse the government and then for the use of Indians under the direc-tion of the secretary of the interior. Washington, D. C., March 29 .--- This morning the amendment to the Indian Mai. McLaughtin, who has had much experience with the Indians and is well appropriation bill prepared by Senator equainted with the Uiniah Indians, is Rawlins modified by Mr. Curtis, a leadsure that he can within a short time in ing member of the house committee on duce their consent to this arrangement. As soon as this provision becomes a Indian affairs, was immediately adopted law he will be sent out to carry it into by said committee on Indian affairs, effect. which will undoubtedly become a law as a part of the Indian appropriation bill.

TO OPEN UINTAH RESERVATION

The opening of reservations in all quarters has been withdrawn. The investigation under Senator Rawlins' resolution, in view of this situation, may not be pressed. The arrangement is concurred in by the Utah delegation.

PENSIONS.

Pensions granted: Idaho-Benjamin C. Land, Soldiers' Home, Boise City,

Wyoming-Widows, Elizabeth S. Law, Cheyenne, \$8. Dr. J. H. Bradfield has ben apointed

pension examining surgeon at Sheridan Wyoming.

Postmasters appointed: Idaho-Mace Shoshone county, C. L. Hooper, vice W T. Hooper, resigned. Idaho-Oasis, Fremont county, Wm

Wyoming-Little Horse Creek, Lara-nie, J. L. Johnston, vice Angus Lam-

vestigation of their truth, and of a

report thereon by Gen. Chaffee. In the

interest of good discipline and effective service such a course is much to be

lished against our countrymen whom we have sent to labor and fight under

our flag on the other side of the world

efore they can be heard in their own

"White House, Washington, March

27, 1902.-The memorandum of the sec-retary of war is approved as a whole

and as to every part. Had there been any doubt before as to the wisdom of

denying Gen. Miles' request, these pa-

Lowell, Mass., March 29 .- At the

conclusion of an all night conference

between a committee of citizens and

representatives of the textile council of

this city, it was announced that the

threatened strike of the 16,000 cotton

mill operaives of this city had been averted for the present. The follow-

ing statement was issued at the close

unions, moved by the appeals of the

citizens' committee, have decided to declare the strike off in the interest

in which the representatives met them.

have assured them that they will exert

them the increase of wagese at the ear-liest opportunity."

Eminent Men Dead.

Hanover, Prussia, March 29 .- Prince

Derneburg, (better known as Count von Muenster-Ledenburg), who had been during the course of his career

German ambassador to France, Great

Britain and Russia, is dead. He was born in London, Dec. 3, 1820.

London, March 29.—Sir Sidney Godol-phin Alexander Shippard, formerly judge of the supreme court of Cape Colony, and who held various other

London, March 29 .- Wm. Stephen

Temple Gore-Langton, fourth Earl Temple, died at Carlo, Egypt, yester-day evening. He was born in 1847.

positions in South Africa, is dead.

utmost influence to secure

The representatives of the labor

"The committee recognizing the spirit

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

STRIKE AVERTED

pers would remove such doubt

BIG COTTON MILL

of the confernece:

of the public

"ELIHU ROOT,

"Secretary of War."

Such charges ought not to be pub-

Hill, vice M. H. Linn, resigned.

mie, J. L.

regretted

defense.

son, resigned.

