UTAH'S WORLD'S FAIR BILL

Introduced in the House of Representatives by Delegate Caine.

REFERRED TO THE COMMITTEE ON TERRITORIES.

The Measure Provides for a Board of Managers to Be Composed of Fifteen Citizens.

The following was introduced in the House of Representatives on March 30th, by Delegate Caine, of Utah, and referred to the committee on territories:

A BILL

To enable the people of the Territory of Utah to provide for the collection, arrangement and display of the products of the Territory at the World's Columbian Exposition of eighteen hundred and ninety-three.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of exhibiting the resources, products and general development of the Territory of Utah at the World's Columbian Exposition of eighteen hundred and ninety-three, a commission is hereby constituted, to be designated the Board of World's Fair Managers of Utah, which shall consist of fifteen citizens, to be organized and continue its duties as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The members of said board shall consist of H. C. Lett, George W. Thatcher, Richard McIntosh, E. B. Critchlow, Frank W. Jennings, Max W. Sa McIntosh, John Sharp, W. H. Rowe, P. T. Farnsworth, Mrs. Anna C. Wordsworth, Mrs. F. S. Richards, William Glass, Edwin Kimball, A. C. Eldredge and D. H. Peery, Jr., who shall meet at such time as they may appoint and organize by the election of a president, a vice-president, a secretary and a treasurer. The members of said board shall give a bond to the Territory in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, with at least two sufficient sureties, to be approved by the governor, for the proper performance of his duties. Eight members of said board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The board shall have power to make rules and regulations for its own government, provided such rules and regulations shall not conflict with the regulations adopted under the act of Congress for the government of said World's Columbian Exposition. Any member of the board may be removed at any time by a majority vote of said board for cause. Any vacancy which may occur in the membership of said board shall be filled by a majority of said board.

Sec. 3. That the members of the board appointed under this act who are not officers elected shall not be entitled to any compensation for their services out of the Territorial treasury, except their actual expenses for transportation and the sum of four dollars per day for subsistence for each day they are necessarily absent from their homes on the business of said board.

Sec. 4. That the board of World's Fair managers is authorized and directed to appoint an executive commissioner at a fixed salary, which shall be payable monthly out of the appropriation hereinafter made; and said executive commissioner shall be selected and required to assume and exercise, subject to the provisions of said board, all such executive powers and duties as may be necessary to secure a complete and creditable display of the resources of the Territory at the World's Columbian Exposition of eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and as the executive agent of said board, he shall have personal charge of the collection, selection, transportation, arrangement and exhibition of the objects sent under the authority of the Territory to the World's Columbian Exposition of eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and of such objects sent by individual citizens of the Territory as may be by them placed in his charge. He shall make a report to the board monthly and shall hold office at the pleasure of the board.

Sec. 5. That the World's Columbian commissioners from the Territory of Utah shall be ex officio members of the board of World's Fair managers for the said Territory.

Sec. 6. That the said board shall have charge of the interests of the Territory and its citizens in the preparation and exhibition at the World's Columbian Exposition of eighteen hundred and ninety-three of the natural and industrial products of the Territory, and of objects illustrating its history, progress, moral and material welfare and future development, and in all other matters relating to the said World's Columbian Exposition it shall communicate with the officers of and obtain and disseminate through the Territory all necessary information regarding said Exposition, and in general have and exercise full authority in relation to the participation of the Territory of Utah and its citizens in the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, and to do and perform all other acts and things necessary in the premises: Provided, however, that the work of said board shall be confined within the Territory of Utah, except when it may be absolutely necessary for members thereof to aid said executive commissioner at Chicago.

Sec. 7. That the said board shall make a report of its proceedings and expenditures from time to time to the governor, and at any time upon his written request, to be by him transmitted to the Legislature, together with such suggestions as he may deem important regarding provision for a complete and creditable exhibit of the Territory at the World's Columbian Exposition of eighteen hundred and ninety-three.

Sec. 8. That to carry out the provisions of this act the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of the treasury of said Territory of Utah, and the territorial auditor is hereby authorized to draw his warrants upon the Territorial treasurer for the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary, on the requisition of said board, signed by its president and secretary, and accompanied by vouchers of the expenses to the payment of which the money so drawn is to be applied; and the Territorial treasurer is hereby authorized to pay the same from the sum so appropriated, and to delivery whatever for which said Territory shall be liable shall be created by said board: Provided, That for the years eighteen hundred and ninety-two and eighteen hundred and ninety-three there shall be levied and collected in the manner and collected annually an ad valorem tax on all taxable property in Utah Territory for Territorial purposes of two and one-quarter mills on the dollar of taxable property for each year.

Sec. 9. That this act shall take effect from and after its approval.

THE UTAH PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

Compounders of Pills, Potions and Prescriptions Have an Enjoyable Time at the Excursion.

The banquet of the Utah Pharmaceutical Association, given last night at the Knutsford, was an important event of its kind. It was the occasion of the permanent organization effected yesterday—the result of the pharmacy bill passed by the last legislature. The officers are J. R. Farlow, of this city, president; L. C. King, of Provo, and H. Eller, of Logan, vice-presidents; C. H. McKay, of this city, secretary; S. P. Ark, of Ogden, treasurer; executive committee, Mr. Harbour, of Ogden, Mr. Fenstermaker of Beaver, Mr. Brother of Park City, and Mr. Payne, of Provo.

Over fifty of the druggists of this Territory and a few invited guests were present at the banquet. J. R. Farlow, the president, sat at the head of the table. To the right of Mr. Farlow sat W. A. Nelden, who acted as toastmaster. On his right sat Dr. Thomas Vessard, of Provo. Among the others present were Vice-Presidents King and Eller, W. S. Laymon, Richard Gedge, Robert Chesham, John Harding, A. L. Coe, C. R. Jackson, Dr. Beneschan, J. J. Dewey, Dr. Rees, J. V. Young, Ogden; Mr. Walker, Ogden; J. L. Rogers, Coalville; F. C. Gibb, J. R. Roberts, George A. Lynn, Mr. Vandyke, Salt Lake; Mr. Smith, Mr. Schramm, Ogden; Mr. Bert Pratt, Provo; Dr. Simpson, Fort Hill; C. H. McKay, Mr. Geer, F. W. Beard, Mr. Overhulse, Dr. Wallquist and several others.

The menu card was a gem in its way, and is a souvenir of the common sort prized highly by those of the craft who set were entirely limited, and printed of the pharmaceuticals substituted to designate the entrees. The soups were tomato medicinal, celery, pepsin, clam juice, cocoa butter and plaster of Paris bread. Among the fish entrees were fried leches with dragon blood sauce. A few of the other tempting viands were canned young turkey with balsam copaiba, pumpkin seed, corn silver, cakes of soap secreted, tablets' finger with cots, the whole washed down with rubber cachets. The wine list included lemon, eucalyptus, spirits of camphor, olive, Jamaica ginger and hoop skin wines.

Mr. Nelden, in opening, called attention to this card, instructed those present to read it carefully, and then discharged all responsibility on the part of the associates for the results. For the benefit of those guests who were not pharmacists he would say that burgundy is taken in the morning.

Governor Thomas made a neat speech, telling the experience of his juvenile days when he used to assist his father in his drug store. He was pleased and agreeably surprised to see a convention of eighty-five druggists in this city and taking pleasure in advising their patronizing the druggists of the city and taking pains to advise such patronizing the public and to benefit themselves as well.

Dr. Fenstermaker in telling about the Utah Pharmaceutical Association related his experience as a druggist in early days, when camphor, silver, pills and penny royal comprised his stock of medicines outside of aromatics. He spoke some reality of the new assets in gums, aspets and possible universals, also mentioned the pharmacy bill as a salutary measure.

Dr. Pike, of Provo, in speaking of the advocacy of the pharmacy act, stated that his principal object was the protection of the public, the improvement of the condition of druggists, and a better understanding between physicians and compounding pharmacists.

Dr. Wallquist, of Kamas City, spoke on "Pharmaceutical Preparations" from the manufacturer's point of view; Dr. Beneschan the "American Pharmacopoeia and Pharmacology" and Mr. Turnbull, of San Francisco, on "The Commercial Traveler."

Dr. Simpson, a veteran of the morse and pestle, related his experience from 1865, "when we manufactured our own drugs and prescribed our own opium," down to the present. Short remarks were made by Mr. Bayden, Mr. Marriott, Dr. Shoalbridge, and others.

The banquet was brought to a close about 12:30 a. m., after a most delightful and enjoyable time of two hours and a half, and a most auspicious inauguration of the Utah Pharmaceutical Association.

Article 2 of the constitution explains the object of the society. It says: "The object of this association shall be to promote the interests of pharmacy by urging the enactment of such laws as will be of mutual advantage to pharmacists and the public by restricting the sale of medicines to competent parties, to encourage a more thorough training of assistants, and finally, to bring the pharmacists of the Territory into more intimate social relations."

Provisions are made for the furtherance of the ends in other particulars, such as the exchange of ideas and thoughts on matters pertaining to the efficiency and competency of the prescription compounder, etc.

Like all other systems of the arts, sciences and manufactures, medicine is becoming divided up into special departments. Time was when the medicine man prescribed, compounded, manufactured and administered his own preparations. Now it is somewhat difficult, the doctor, the druggist, the compounder and manufacturer are all recognized as independent lines, though closely connected.

In every age and in every civilization the medicine man has held a big place. Among the Greeks and Romans he was deified, temples erected to him and regular worship paid to his shrines. He has shared the honors and rewards of the gladiators, and his work is gone and palaces can be traced to the remote ages in which the young medicine man was just going to school to the old medicine men of their tribe, but only as mere morbids who endeared themselves to their people. Hippocrates, another famed medicine man, was the twentieth in descent from Aesculapius, which shows that the art of healing was more or less hereditary among the ancients.

But in medicine as in other sciences strides are being made. What would the average people of today think if an herb and that imported in Lessons in 1866, for four years before the great Scientific died. Then the London College of Physicians was an secret institution. In that year Dr. Gayton "was cited before the college for divulging the infallibility of tartar." He acknowledged his error, recanted, and was then admitted a member of the college.

Quinine was found a great medicine in the Spanish Peru. Cardinal Vicente Antonio was legate of Rome, and when the primitive Christians were martyred at Antioch. He was good and kind, merciful. In his day cures were achieved by incantation, supplication and in faith, but he succeeded in bringing away full two ounces of the stuff. He was sometimes the infallible guide in medicine, and alone in the Orient, where he lived were the Jesuits introduced into Asia, but in England down to the days of the martyrs. With all his science, Galen was a believer in amulets and charms, and it is said that he wrote a treatise on the virtues of the quadruped necklace as a preventive of disease in Britain. Yet in 1599 a doctor was discharged by the college for suggesting that Galen was rather old-fashioned. The world moves, and there is a long period between 1599 and today. The name College of Physicians still exists, and it is a remarkable fact that Gayton was the father of medicine.

THE MINING SUIT.

Resumption of the Trial Before Chief Justice Zane.

When the trial of the Northland-Mayflower mining suit was resumed in Judge Zane's court yesterday afternoon, Judge Boyle offered in evidence affidavits of O. A. Palmer and David Keith, made before the trial, in show that they had made statements different from their testimony on the stand.

Mr. Dickson—Judge Boyle very well knows that it would be improper to introduce these affidavits for such a purpose without first calling the attention of the witnesses to the statements therein contained. As a matter of fair dealing, there is no in the affidavits any statement different from the testimony of the witnesses, and for that reason we do not object to the affidavits being introduced, although we might if we wanted. I merely make this statement to call to show the unfair methods of counsel in the trial of this case.

Judge Boyle—I am not in the habit of trying cases in this way.

The Judge then proceeded to read the affidavits, and from time to time by letting them thus did not appear to be in direct conflict with the testimony of the witnesses on the stand.

Charles Stone was then called by the plaintiffs in rebuttal. He testified to having made an examination of the Fairview mine twice in 1891. There were about eighty fifty feet in the mine in the bottom of the shaft, with a little fissure, and he then went on to hardly be in the strike and the dip.

Cross-examined by counsel for the defendants, he said the witness stated to Mr. Dickson that he was nearly 33 years of age, and commenced working in mines when he was about 15 years of age which would be about the time he testified to having made an examination of the Fairview mine, and notice the dip and strike of the lead. He said he had three years experience in the mines where he made an observation of the dip and strike. He did not go down the tunnel again until he went to testify in this case, but was on the ground again in 1890. He believed that Col. Nelson had stopped ahead of the tunnel. He thought there was a fissure in the tunnel, but didn't testify as to it at the last trial.

Richard McIntosh, the owner of the complaint in Park City, testified that he received a letter from Mr. Mayflower in the latter part of 1889 and early in 1890. From December 11, 1889, to January 17, 1890, he received from Mr. Mayflower a total of $27 bills. No one was sent from March 24, 1889, until April 25, 1890.

Frank H. White described the line of a extending from the Fairview and the Fairview fraction.

On cross-examination Mr. Dickson elicited the fact that the witness was nothing but a mere boy when he went after his examination, and made for the purpose of testifying then of the mine. Mr. Dickson then started to show the witness's memory and he was questioned about certain notes made in the book had been marked and changed, by way of correction. Mr. White testified that he did not take the dip of the line here at the Fairview. The contact was thickened down to the pocket. Short remarks were made by Mr. Bayden, Mr. Marriott, Dr. Shoalbridge, and others.

The banquet was brought to a close about 12:30 a. m., after a most delightful and enjoyable time of two hours and a half, and a most auspicious inauguration of the Utah Pharmaceutical Association.

Article 2 of the constitution explains the object of the society. It says: "The object of this association shall be to promote the interests of pharmacy by urging the enactment of such laws as will be of mutual advantage to pharmacists and the public by restricting the sale of medicines to competent parties, to encourage a more thorough training of assistants, and finally, to bring the pharmacists of the Territory into more intimate social relations."

Provisions are made for the furtherance of the ends in other particulars, such as the exchange of ideas and thoughts on matters pertaining to the efficiency and competency of the prescription compounder, etc.

Like all other systems of the arts, sciences and manufactures, medicine is becoming divided up into special departments. Time was when the medicine man prescribed, compounded, manufactured and administered his own preparations. Now it is somewhat difficult, the doctor, the druggist, the compounder and manufacturer are all recognized as independent lines, though closely connected.

In every age and in every civilization the medicine man has held a big place. Among the Greeks and Romans he was deified, temples erected to him and regular worship paid to his shrines. He has shared the honors and rewards of the gladiators, and his work is gone and palaces can be traced to the remote ages in which the young medicine man was just going to school to the old medicine men of their tribe, but only as mere morbids who endeared themselves to their people. Hippocrates, another famed medicine man, was the twentieth in descent from Aesculapius, which shows that the art of healing was more or less hereditary among the ancients.

But in medicine as in other sciences strides are being made. What would the average people of today think if an herb and that imported in Lessons in 1866, for four years before the great Scientific died. Then the London College of Physicians was an secret institution. In that year Dr. Gayton "was cited before the college for divulging the infallibility of tartar." He acknowledged his error, recanted, and was then admitted a member of the college.

Quinine was found a great medicine in the Spanish Peru. Cardinal Vicente Antonio was legate of Rome, and when the primitive Christians were martyred at Antioch. He was good and kind, merciful. In his day cures were achieved by incantation, supplication and in faith, but he succeeded in bringing away full two ounces of the stuff. He was sometimes the infallible guide in medicine, and alone in the Orient, where he lived were the Jesuits introduced into Asia, but in England down to the days of the martyrs. With all his science, Galen was a believer in amulets and charms, and it is said that he wrote a treatise on the virtues of the quadruped necklace as a preventive of disease in Britain. Yet in 1599 a doctor was discharged by the college for suggesting that Galen was rather old-fashioned. The world moves, and there is a long period between 1599 and today. The name College of Physicians still exists, and it is a remarkable fact that Gayton was the father of medicine.

CIVIL JURY CASES.

Settings Made by Judge Anderson Up to April 20th.

Judge Anderson has made the following settings of civil jury cases:

MONDAY, APRIL 11.

189—Frank Stevens vs. the Union Pacific Railway company.

194—Utah Stove and Hardware company vs. Elmtrye Air Brake company.

202—Sarah Sloan vs. Marcus Mock et al.

TUESDAY, APRIL 12.

232—State Bank of Utah vs. William R. Southwell et al.

237—Aichison National Bank.

246—J. Stetzer vs. E. Kotulsky.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13.

241—D. Dodge vs. D. Jones et al.

244—Ellen Gibson vs. John L. Weber et al.

249—M. Rock vs. M. Rutherford.

THURSDAY, APRIL 14.

252—George Beck vs. Salt Lake City Railway company.

253—James Duckworth, administrator, vs. Salt Lake City Railway company.

255—Sarah J. Berry vs. E. H. Parsons.

FRIDAY, APRIL 15.

171—William H. Bay vs. Owen H. Pratt et al.

178—Owen H. Pratt vs. E. H. Parsons.

232—S. F. Fenton et al. vs. R. W. Briggs, Jr.

MONDAY, APRIL 18.

177—R. D. Carter vs. Moffitt Hacker et al.

185—Alice J. Jones vs. O. S. L. & U. N. R. R. Co.

186—John G. Linderberg vs. Universal Manufacturing company.

TUESDAY, APRIL 19.

208—A. F. Lawson vs. Alfred Thompson.

190—Henry Lichtenstein vs. I. Walters.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20.

223—George C. Armstrong vs. O. S. L. & U. N. R. R. Co.

THURSDAY, APRIL 21.

225—John Sunday et al. vs. Peter Clays et al.

226—W. S. Holland et al. vs. S. H. Conley.

232—M. Ross Warner, administrator, vs. U. S. Mutual Accident Association.

SATURDAY, APRIL 23.

224—J. H. Bergman vs. Frank Hillman et al.

MONDAY, APRIL 25.

227—Mary Rockwell vs. Union Pacific Railway company.

228—Marie Brollard et al. vs. J. W. Hanna.

FRIDAY, APRIL 29.

179—A. J. Black & Co. vs. E. C. Dewitt.

205—C. M. Hammond vs. Thomas J. Hooper.

218—C. H. Williams vs. C. H. Brown et al.

MONDAY, APRIL 25.

219—George Everett vs. O. S. L. and O. N. R. R. Co.

230—John H. Lindsay vs. W. C. Telegraph Co.

234—Richard Evans vs. Northern Spring Manufacturing Co.

TUESDAY, APRIL 26.

235—Hugh Anderson, administrator, vs. William Stowers.

204—H. E. Wheeler vs. James W. Campbell.

205—E. A. Morgan vs. James W. Campbell.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27.

237—Amos Fenstermaker vs. Tribune Publishing company.

238—Adam Dotson vs. W. H. H. Bigelow et al.

239—W. G. Simmons vs. W. A. Shurtell et al.

THURSDAY, APRIL 28.

240—N. Beck vs. M. Rutherford et al.

244—Mary Ann Bailey vs. U. P. Railway company.

254—C. L. Langford vs. F. J. Drake et al.

FRIDAY, APRIL 29.

246—George W. Crosier et al. vs. Orlando F. Pratt et al.

248—Mary Lawlie vs. William S. Malin.

251—John W. White vs. O. S. L. U. & N. railway company.

Primary Conference.

The Primary Conference of Davis Stake will be held at East Bountiful, on Saturday, April 9th, 1892, commencing at 10 a. m. We wish to continue our meeting on time, therefore the secretaries are to be there when it shall be time to start early. We simply request the presidents to ascertain the number of children of a primary age in their wards, also the number enrolled, and forward the same to the Stake Secretary.

AURELIA S. BOOTH, President.

The Resolution Received.

President Harrison's private secretary, E. W. Halford, has written to the Salt Lake Chamber of Commerce as follows:

J. W. Donnellan, President Chamber of Commerce:

Dear Sir—Your telegram of today, transmitting the resolutions of the Salt Lake Chamber of Commerce, received, and will have the attention of the President.

Miss Maude Pratt is prepared to teach vocal and instrumental music. Address 239 West North Temple Street. [illegible]

The Threat—"Doctor's Revealed Prophet" are merely on the edge of the noise. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the bowel.

I have not seen a case of sore teeth for I suffered from catarrh for twelve years, experimented the remaining dropping in the throat peculiar to that disease, and now blow almost daily. I tried various remedies without success. Still last April, when I saw Ely's Cream Balm advertised in the Boston Herald, I procured a bottle, and since the first days' use have had no more sneezing—the soreness is entirely gone.—H. G. Dutton, with the Boston Herald, formerly with Boston Journal.

How to get Thin.

The only safe and reliable treatment for obesity or (superfluous fat) is the "Leveretts" Obesity Pills, which gradually reduce the weight and measurement. No injury or inconvenience.—Leaves no wrinkles—acts by absorption.

This cure is founded upon the most scientific principles, and has been used by one of the most eminent Physicians of Europe in his private practice "for ten years," with the most gratifying results.

Mr. Henry Perkins, 19 Union Park, Boston, writes: From the use of the "Leveretts" Obesity Pills my weight has been reduced ten pounds in three weeks and my general health is very much improved. The principles of your treatment are fully indorsed by my family physician. I proud it my gratitude I should give you permission to use my name if you desire to do so."

Price $2.00 per package, or three packages for $5.00 by received mail. All orders supplied direct from our office.

The LEVERETTS OBESITY CO., 239 Washington St., Boston, Mass. 6-15

Free Lectures.

Fifty cents. Address CHARLES ELIOT, Avenue Hill, Salt Lake, Utah.

Try our Chow Chow. S. L. Pickle Co.

Spectacles Cases.

R. H. Clifford, New Camel, Wis., was troubled with Nervous Headache and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was totally prostrated in mind and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Bernard Shepherd, Hardtner, Ill., had a terrible sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Gainesville, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. 2**

Try our Home Relish. S. L. Pickle Co.

Over 100 Hats, from $3.00 to $6.00, during Conference, at Mrs. E. F. Dean's, 43 south Main Street, near Z. C. M. I.

Scissors & Knives

Have removed their Cool Office to 109 S. Main Street. Telephone 980.

Dr. Burrows, Oculist, Aurist and Optician. Spectacles Fitted. Commercial Block.

ALTA AND CONFERENCE

Call at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Stores, corner Main and Second South, and receive a Free cup of Catalpa's Hot Iced Tea.

AMUSEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

GEO. D. PYCOCK, - - MANAGER.

CONFERENCE SEASON—SPECIAL!

THE HOME DRAMATIC CLUB.

IN THE PLAY OF

TELLE GILBERT.

Sale of the Morton Square Theater, N. Y., will begin in advance of the Conference week.

ESMERALDA!

Monday, Tuesday & Wednesday Ev'ngs.

April 11th, 12th & 13th.

HELD BY THE ENEMY!

THURSDAY, APRIL 7th.

NOTICE—The use of some parts is modified this week to suit the Home Dramatic Club, who will present Telle Gilbert, Friday, April 8th, Saturday, April 9th, Monday, April 11th, Tuesday, April 12th, Wednesday, April 13th, Thursday, April 14th.

R. G. WHITNEY, Manager.

HALLAN AND HART.

In association with SAMMY ICE, Prince and Pauper Story, upon the road under the direct Management of Messrs. Hallan and Hart, Opening Wednesday, April 13th.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

GEO. D. PYCOCK, - - MANAGER.

FOUR NIGHTS

MONDAY, APRIL 11th.

Engagement of the Popular Prima Donna Contralto, AGNES HUNTINGTON

Supported by her own Opera Company, in her Grand Production of

Marcus R. Mayer and Ben Stern.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Nights, Thursday Matinee, Gilbert and Sullivan's Delightful Opera of

"PAUL JONES!"

Augmented Orchestra of New Metropolis of Opera Company, Mammoth Chorus, Superb Scenery, Gorgeous Costumes, Brilliant Ensemble, Grand Finale with Sailors' Hornpipe, Dance, New York Tars.

THURSDAY NIGHT,

"CAPTAIN THERESA!"

PRICES: $1.00, 75c, 50c, and 25c.

Sale of seats begins Saturday, 9 a.m.

WONDERLAND

Week of April 7th.

The Bijou and Rock Theatre

"THE CLERK AT 8 O'CLOCK"

Our Work now: Six Little Price Box.

10c.—ADMISSION.—10c.

R. K. THOMAS

26, 28, 30 & 32 E. FIRST SOUTH ST.

OUR GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL

CONFERENCE

SALE

COMMENCES TODAY

And Continues Until April 10th.

We make this announcement early that it may reach to the ends of the Territory, for we desire that every buyer in fair Utah should know the proper place to buy their season's supply of

DRY GOODS

We give below a few prices as a sample of what we are doing. It only hints at the great surprises you will meet with at our store during the coming fortnight.

Ladies' Plush Garments.

For this occasion we offer the balance of our stock of Plush Wraps and Jackets. Your choice for $7.50. Not an article among them worth less than $15.00, and from that to $24.00.

Ladies' Newmarkets.

Our entire line at actual cost. Buy your children's wear Winter Coat now. You can get two coats for the price of one.

Spring Jackets.

We close inclusive in this sale, for the benefit of our country patrons, our full stock of Spring Jackets at a trifle above cost.

Ladies' and Misses' Waists.

75c. Blouse Waists for 25c.
50c. " " " 25c.
$1.50 " " " 50c.

Jet Capes.

Elegant Beaded Cape for $1.15, worth $2.25; $3.50 Beaded Cape for $2.50; $2.50 Beaded Cape for $1.50; $4.00 Beaded Cape for $2.25, and so on throughout the entire stock. Handsome Silk Capes, $5.75, worth $8.00; Handsome Silk Capes, $15.00, worth $25.00; Handsome Silk Capes, $17.00, worth $30.00.

Buttons, Trimmings, etc.

A large assortment of Buttons, have been sold for 5c. and 10c. per dozen, now 25c. for a card of two dozen.

Gold and Silver Tinsel Trimmings, worth 35c. to 75c. per dozen, going at 12½c. to 25c.

Children's Lace and Embroidery Hats and Caps at 25c. and 50c., worth twice as much.

Ladies' Belts.

We have the largest line of Leather, Canvas and Metal Belts ever bought, going at one-third regular price.

Silks.

1000 yards printed China Silks in all the new colorings and latest designs, 50c goods for this occasion 25c.

Another line 90c goods, the sale 50c.

All our 65c Sarah Silks go at 47c during this sale.

Dress Goods.

English pure Mohair worth 50c, for 25c.

Stripe Wool Beige worth 20c, for 8½c.

About 50 pieces assorted Wool Dress Goods in plaids and stripes worth 75c, this occasion 45c.

Parasols.

For 1000 Ladies. We bought recently at a closing out sale in New York one thousand Parasols, which we will offer during this sale at less than half cost.

Ribbons.

No. 12 Moire, all colors, only 12½c. No. 16 Moire, all colors, only 16½c. No. 9 Fancy, only 8½c. No. 3 Plain Edge, only 5c. Wide Satin Ribbon, only 50c.

Wash Fabrics.

Good Ginghams for 5c.

Fine Zephyr Ginghams in plaids, checks and stripes, cheap at 15c, this occasion only 10c.

Fine Satines, rich patterns, only 10c.

Don't fail to see our line of 12 yards for $1.00 Challies.

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, 25c each.

Boys' Knee Pants $1.25.

Boys' Jersey Suits, ages 4 to 9 years, $6.50 suit for $4.00, $7.50 suit for $5.00.

Jewelry Bargains in our Gents' Furnishing Department.

Shoes.

Our Shoe Department will furnish great bargains for this occasion.

SEE WHAT WE HAVE FOR 5 CENTS.

Ladies' Fast Black Hose 5c.
Ladies' Double Purses 5c.
Ladies' Linen Collars 5c.
Standard Calicoes 5c.
Challies 5c.
Heavy Twilled Toweling 5c.
Good 4-4 soft bubbed bleached Muslin 5c.
Good Factory yard wide, 5c.
Ginghams 5c.
Figured Delaine 5c.
Merrimack Shirting 5c.

R. K. THOMAS