THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

DAVID O. CALDER, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Monday, May 29, 1876.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

—President Grant is beginning to find it necessary to use spectacles.

—The Pope is credited with saying, in a recent speech, that "an ant-hill of heretics had especially precipitated itself upon this poor Italy."

—Bishop Berkeley gave to Yale College, more than a hundred years ago, his farm at Newport, R. I., now worth about $100,000, for the foundation of a scholarship. The President and Fellows of the College, with remarkable sapiency, leased the farm for 1,000 years. The rental is $140 annually.

—The disciples of Mazzini were enraged at Garibaldi's receiving a pension. Perhaps they would have liked it.

—Judge Rockwood Hoar says of Ben Butler, "He began by trying to get on, then he sought to get honor, and now he is trying to get honest." Then he is doing what thousands of prominent men in this country need do.

This, from the San Francisco *Chronicle*, is especially for the ladies—"It may comfort the habitual tea-drinkers to know that the peculiar crisp and curly shape of favorite brands of the tea-plant are produced by the oscillating motion of the bare feet of Chinamen, who perform a sort of Buddish dance in large pans, the bottoms of which are strewn with the dampened leaves. Travelers in China witness this process in all the tea-producing districts."

—The New York *World* preaches the following short free trade sermon—"The low price tag of foreign articles, every one with the tell-tale comment, 'in gold,' is worth all possible argument for the use of the money of the world for the conduct of the business of the world and every nation in it. The textile fabrics of a country like Spain—the butt of every spread-eagle orator for three generations—are a most unpleasant but a most instructive lesson in the cheapness of free trade under the worst of governments."

The London School Board has resolved, "That as a means to encourage learning the art of swimming, it is desirable to have inserted in the Education Code a provision to the effect that the attendance of scholars at lessons in swimming, under a competent instructor, for not more than an hour a week, may be counted as school attendance."

—An epidemic of suicide prevails in the cities of Italy.

LACK OF PUNCTUALITY AND COURTESY IN THE EASTERN STATES.

THE New York *Herald's* correspondent, who travels with the Emperor Dom Pedro, thinks the Emperor, by his experience in his rapid trip across the continent, would "not be likely to credit the American character with the virtue of punctuality." At New Jersey, between the hotel keepers and the railroad people, the Emperor was detained an hour at the depot, after he had taken his seat in the cars, before starting westward, during which the train was constantly starting out and returning. The Emperor said, "I have remarked here great want of punctuality. It is the same way in the hotel." At another start and return, the Emperor asked, "What is the cause of this?" The conductor was interrogated, and he explained that the regular time of departure was twenty-five minutes past 7, and the moving back and forth was for coupling the train. Which answer the Emperor received in silence, evidently thinking there was a screw loose somewhere.

Lack of punctuality was followed by lack of courtesy and by gross illbreeding further on the route. Of their experience at Middleton, the correspondent says—

"The Emperor remained up later than usual with him. He had, therefore, an opportunity of witnessing a display of something approaching to blackguardism on the part of the young roughs of Middleton, who assembled about the imperial car and in a rude and boisterous manner called upon His Majesty to exhibit himself to their sovereign gaze. This demand not being complied with, the roughs amused themselves by jeering and howling in a way to do credit to a tribe of savages. The Emperor, however, took no notice of these ill behaved loafers, esteeming them at their value as the scum of the population."

At Cleveland the behavior of the crowd was the worst. Says the correspondent—

"It was known in the city that the Emperor was passing through, and curiosity drew together a crowd largely composed of the rougher element of society. No sooner had the Emperor descended from the cars than the crowd closed around him, and the roughs, in their anxiety to see a real, live Emperor, pushed and crushed about in such a reckless way that several members of the imperial party blessed with corns passed a very bad quarter of an hour getting to their carriages. The conduct of the Clevelanders was bad beyond all argument, and was by far the worst exhibition of rowdyism witnessed so far on the voyage. It is the luck of the Vicconde de Bom Retiro to be the victim in all these accidents, and this was no exception. The crowd had well nigh walked over him, and he was consequently somewhat ruffled."

Here is a description of one of the scenes at Chicago—

"The waterworks were the chief point of interest, and to these His Majesty and suite were driven. He was impatient to see how water was drawn from two miles under the lake for the supply of the city. On arriving at the waterworks His Majesty was received by a man in a round black hat, who spoke with a strong German accent. He had between his teeth the stump of a cigar, which he never removed during our visit, but rolled it about, chewing rather than smoking the weed. On entering the Emperor raised his hat to this individual, who took no notice, but went on chewing the end of his cigar. He condescended, however, to answer the questions put to him, but he never quitted his cigar stump, which he rolled about in his teeth to the last moment with a dexterity that showed it was an old custom. Perhaps this conduct was intended as a notification to the descendant of the Hapsburgs and Braganzias that the American sovereign citizen stands on a perefct footing of equality with all other sovereigns, crowned and uncrowned. Still, merely as a matter of taste, the American sovereign citizen might try to act with ordinary politeness without endangering the safety of the republic or his undoubted superiority over all other sovereigns of the earth. In striking contrast to these independents are the railway men — directors, superintendents and agents—who show themselves thoughtful and attentive to the distinguished visitor, without being intrusive and without playing flunky. The Emperor and members of the suite speak in the highest manner of the way the railroad men have acted up to the present."

The Imperial visitor was far superior in the graces of behavior to many of the sovereigns of America who assembled to see him. The correspondent remarked to the Emperor, "I fear you find our people a little rough in their ways." To which the Emperor good-naturedly replied—

"They are very energetic. It is their character. You cannot have people with great energy of character and softness of manner. I very much prefer to see a people enterprising and energetic. It is very much better. They must have *les defauts de leur caractere.*"

It is quite agreeable, after reading of the uncouth ways of the people eastward, to see the following paragraph—

"At Cheyonne a large crowd occupied the platform, and when the Emperor descended, walking arm in arm with the Visconde de Bom Retiro, a passage was opened to allow him to pass. The people are remarkably well behaved, and it is noticed that the further we go West the more polite the people become."

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TEL. LINE.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

EASTERN.

Liquor Selling on Sunday — The Dead-Lock in Congress.

NEW YORK, 29.—The police effort to stop liquor selling yesterday was a perfect farce. There was open defiance everywhere. Thousands of places, including gardens, music halls, &c., were open as usual. Only sixty-seven arrests were made for violating the law.

The *Times* Washington correspondent justifies the Senate in doing nothing to break the dead-lock with the House. The position that the House is taking is one of absolute domination, and if they don't yield and meet the Senate on a fair spirit of compromise on the differences between the two bodies on the first of July, there will be no appropriations to pay a dollar of salaries or to do anything else. The democrats think when this time comes the Senate will accept any bills they can get, but Senators say they will let the House take the responsibility. There are, it should be said, some signs that the leaders of the democracy will not be able to carry out this plan, as the rank and file are inclined to assert their independence and refuse to follow such lead.

Vanderbilt Very Low.

Late last night Commodore Vanderbilt was taken with a sudden chill, and his physicians remained with him through the night. He spent a restless night, and this morning was very low, although perfectly conscious. None of the members of his family are permitted to see him.

Three Bodies Found in the Lake.

CHICAGO, 29.—On Saturday night the body of a woman was found floating in the lake near Lincoln Park. At first it was supposed it was a case of accidental drowning, but subsequently the bodies of two infants, aged respectively two years, and five months, were discovered near the same place, and the three were identified as being Frederika Tecban and her two children. Upon the inquest, evidence was adduced tending to show that the woman was subject to fits of derangement, and that she took the children to the lake, and after throwing in the elder, jumped in herself, holding the baby tightly in her arms. She was twenty-six years of age and German by birth.

Supreme Court Decision.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The Supreme Court decision, delivered by Justice Field, in the case of Welton against Missouri, holds that a license tax required for the sale of goods is in effect a tax upon the goods themselves, and that the State licenses taxing the sale of goods from other States and requiring no such license tax from persons selling similar products of the taxing State, is in conflict with the power of Congress to regulate the commerce along the several States, and therefore unconstitutional.

The Speaker Kerr Business.

Clymer's committee met at one o'clock to-day, and examined Harpey, the former doorkeeper of the House of Representatives, in regard to the payment of money to Speaker Kerr for an appointment in the army of A. P. Green in 1866. Speaker Kerr, and Harrison, Scott, Lord, Hereford, Springer and other members of the House were present. When asked about the payment of the money the witness refused to testify, and when told he would be compelled to do so he asked for time to consider the matter. By advice of counsel, Kerr said if witness knew anything relating to him he was willing he should tell the truth about it.

Witness—Does Mr. Kerr want me to tell all I know?

Kerr—Yes, I want you to tell the truth about it.

Witness—Then I will tell what I know and I will tell the truth too.

Witness then said he met Greene in the House and helped him to get an appointment in the army as second lieutenant. Greene paid witness $4,500, and witness paid it into Kerr's hands in the corridor east of the hall of the House, and Kerr put it in his pocket. Witness said, I am now ready to be cross-examined by Kerr on this matter.

Shooting Affair.

MEMPHIS, 29.—Passengers from Hot Springs, Ark., report an intense excitement there on Saturday over the shooting of John C. Hale, a prominent citizen of that place, and son-in-law of ex-Gov. Rootlow of this State, by Wm. P. Walsh, postmaster, and a prominent politician. The difficulty grew out of Walsh building a store on the ground claimed by Hale.

Going to Join Sitting Bull.

OMAHA, Neb., 29.—Capt. Nickerson, aide-de-camp for Gen. Crook, telegraphs to-day from Fort Fetterman that all the young warriors have left Red Cloud, and are going north to join Sitting Bull, leaving their families to be protected at the agencies.

Captain Egan encountered over 600 of them going north. The indications are that Crook and others will have to contend against the whole war force of the Sioux. Crook's command left Fetterman this morning.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Will Not Consent—Ready for Action, etc.

LONDON, 29.—A Berlin dispatch states that the Porte has indirectly notified the powers that he will on no account consent to two months' armistice.

A Berlin correspondent telegraphs that the Servian militia, numbering 100,000 infantry and 10,000 cavalry with 300 pieces of artillery, are ready for action. Their hospital utensils have been purchased at Vienna.

The southern Sclavonic journals freely assert that the Servian Government supplies Bulgarian insurgents with arms and ammunition, and also sends them experienced leaders. The Bulgarians are occupying the Balkan passes.

Bullion in Bank—Stocks.

The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £101,000.

Consols 95 for money and account; United States bonds, ten-forties 106¼, new fives 105¼; Erie 12, preferred 19.

A Bold Position—Failed.

On Thursday and Friday last Admiral Stewart, controller of the navy, and Barnes, surveyor of the dock and yards, made an elaborate investigation of the work in hand at the Portsmouth yard, with the view of ascertaining the time and money required to prepare for sea the various ships now building there. This visit considerably strengthens the impression prevailing at Portsmouth that government purposes taking a bold position respecting the eastern question.

The firm of brokers whose failure was reported this morning are Cummins and Chinnery. Liabilities £20,000.

The United Powers.

A special from Paris says there are some persons who maintain that if the united powers had asked Turkey to cede Herzegovina to Montenegro and Bosnia to Servia, charging the new principalities with a third of the quota of the Turkish debt, and settling the internal condition of these provinces in a manner meriting general confidence, Turkey would not hesitate to agree.

GERMANY.

FRANKFORT, 29.—United States bonds, new fives 101¼.

DOM PEDRO AT SALT LAKE.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28, 1876.

As we approached Salt Lake the Emperor was greatly struck by the help given by nature to the construction of the overland route. Standing on the rear platform as we swept through the Devil's Gate Canyon, the Emperor turned to me suddenly and said, "This country seems to have been made purposely by God for railways. Who could have cut out those canyons?"

THE MORMON JERUSALEM.

In order to be present at the Mormon service the Emperor decided on visiting Salt Lake on Sunday. We arrived in the holy city of the Latter-day Saints on Saturday night about eight o'clock, and as His Imperial Majesty is very fond of dramatic art we drove directly to the theatre, where an actor named Burnett was holding forth. The box opposite was occupied by some half dozen blooming daughters of the Prophet—fair-haired, rosy-cheeked girls, who would be most dangerous apostles of polygamy were they sent out to preach the gospel to intelligent Gentiles. The house was not well filled. This caused me some surprise, as it had been announced that the Emperor would be present. In order to account for the want of curiosity, a question was put to an intelligent native. He simply replied, "Burnett, Emperor, too much glory; could not stand it." The Emperor on his entry was well received by the audience. He was very much interested in the sample of Brigham Young's family, especially a young gentleman of some twenty summers, who, he, the Emperor said, resembled a portrait of the Prophet he had seen at Rio. The number of faces one sees in Salt Lake with a striking likeness to Brigham is certainly remarkable. Perhaps it is an instance of moral influence affecting directly a population. Whatever it may be there can be no doubt of the striking likeness which an unknown quantity of people have to the Prophet. Thats a hard fact.

It was late when we reached Walker's Hotel and every one retired to his quarters. The Emperor fixed half-past seven as the breakfast hour. In the morning His Majesty appears radiant. The luxury of a good bath and a sound night's sleep have told on him, and he looks fresh as a peach, and strong too. He is in high spirits, and tells me he has had a good sleep of seven and a half hours. At the appointed hour we sit down to breakfast, but the waiters keep us waiting till patience is well nigh exhausted. When they begin to serve they bring fish in first, though they have been warned that the Emperor does not eat fish. So he must wait. He asks for meat. They bring in fowl and game. As we are hungry we begin at the wrong end and eat backward. With difficulty we prevail on the waiters to bring in tea, and when every one has pretty well breakfasted on what he could pick up, in come the beefsteaks. They are very good, so we very soon demolish them, showing a thorough disregard for courses or style, much to the astonishment and disgust of the waiters. We are democratic in our habits and in our appetites. The waiters stand aghast at an Emperor who has good appetite and does not affect any shoddy humbug. They evidently think we are not nearly such swells as they thought we were, their swells being all modeled on the mot pattern. After breakfast we drive out to the Warm Springs, and find the water so hot that the hand cannot be held long in it. There is growing in these warm springs a very curious vegetation which seems to thrive very well. On our return we visited

THE GREAT MORMON TABERNACLE.

There is, however, no service, as the use of fire is forbidden; but a very obliging caretaker showed us through his temple sacred to Mormonism. The building is in the shape of an elongated bee hive and is capable of seating some 6,000 people. The arrangement of the interior is as complete as it is simple and elegant. The seats on the lower floor are divided into four sections, with four aisles to facilitate the circulation of the faithful. The roof is built of a single span, with no support but the walls. A gallery supported by seventy-four pillars runs around the building inside, terminating on both sides near the huge organ, which is the largest in America. It is in the position occupied in other churches by the main altar. Immediately in front are placed three pulpits, one above the other. The first is occupied by Brigham Young as President, the second by the Vice President and the third by the member of the government who makes up the trinity of the Mormon government. Underneath these pulpits has been placed a bench for the twelve apostles, and at a still lower elevation is found another bench where are seated the bishops of the church. This building is admirably suited for the purposes for which it was built. From the Mormon tabernacle the Emperor drove to the Catholic church, where he assisted at the celebration of the mass. He afterward proceeded to Camp Douglas to enjoy the charming prospect offered by this beautiful valley, which, in the midst of snow clad mountains, was green with the verdure of spring.

MORMON WORSHIP.

In the afternoon the Emperor attended service in a Mormon meeting house. He was offered a place among the sanctified, but contented himself with a seat among the people, where he had an excellent view of all that passed. The congregation was chiefly made up of women, but there was also a large male attendance, the pews made up of sightseers. The service was begun by a number of young men and women singing hymn fifty-three, while a sturdy looking young lady accompanied them with good effect on a harmonium. The majority of the older women present were wizened, weather-beaten and haggard; but there were not wanting fresh, young faces, full of life and intelligence. A prayer by Bishop Taylor followed the hymn, and afterward communion was administered to the majority of the congregation. The Mormon communion is of bread and water. The reason for this, given by the Mormons is rather peculiar. They say that wine is frequently adulterated, but water is always pure. The latter statements how show much science has been spread among them. The communion was prepared in the simplest way. Three or four men took common bread and broke it with their fingers into dishes that appeared to be made of silver. One of the priesthood then said a prayer asking blessing on the bread. It was then handed round and those who desired to participate took a portion of the bread and put it into their mouths. A blessing was then asked on the water by another person in holy orders and the water filled into large double handled goblets of white metal, which were passed from hand to hand. There was none of that reverential feeling manifested in partaking of the communion which is generally shown in all Christian churches.

After communion Apostle Taylar, a white-haired, aleek looking gentleman, with strong, well-cut features, whose appearance suggested a retired sea captain, uttered a discourse in defense of polygamy, which was weak and rambling. Before the apostle had concluded, the Emperor was obliged to leave in order to catch the San Francisco train. The Emperor gave the following opinion of Mormonism:—"I think it will not last. The system of polygamy is opposed to the spirit of civilization of the present day. I cannot believe the people give credence to the revelations of Joe Smith and Brigham Young. But the Mormons have done great work in bringing the land under cultivation, urged, perhaps, by religious enthusiasm or fanaticism. I cannot understand that the United States permits in its midst a polygamous society. By its laws it would suppress immorality in a city. Why, then, permit it here?"

Cor. New York Herald.

ARRIVALS.

TOWNSEND HOUSE, May 29.

Frank Ballow, Pittsburg, Pa; Jno Pitcavia, Oil City, Pa; John W Pittock, Pittsburg, Pa; L W Guild, wife and child, Syracuse, N Y; J Gillineng and wife, Bedapest; J F Huley, F T Huley, Wm Haly, Sidney, Australia; John J Johnson, Miss Johnson, Walla Walla; E F Ralph, Wm Moody, John Mosby, Chicago; James Carbon; Frank Carbon, New York; John Needham, Thos Needham, Miss Needham, San Jose, Cal; H S Biglow and wife, J J Hovey, Corinne; Wm H Sanders, Bingham; Mr. Tompkins, New York; Mrs Barnard, Boston; James A Daly, Panesville, O; H L Tutum, Richmond, Va; Nathan Strong, Chicago; Gen. Swartzwulder and wife, Miss Swartzwulder, New York; Col W B Wooster and wife, R M Bassett, Conn; J B Fanyerman, Cincinnati, Ohio; L Crooks, J R Nell, Columbus, O; T L Lincon, Cincinnati, Ohio; F A James, Mrs James, R J James, Omaha; M Margetts, L A Morgan, Miss Morgan, Memphis, Tenn; G N Arnott, A M Arnott, John A Simmons, Miss Simmons, Rochester, N Y; H A Stephens, Miss Stephens, Indianna; Roland Fuller Master Joe Fuller, John Lambert, Connersville, Inda; R W Watson, Sandy, R W Gillet, Chicago; A Vosburgh, Erie, Pa; C B Fracox, Toledo, Pa; W Frew, Pittsburg, Pa; Chas Osgood, M W Lapman, Sandy; W D Morgan, and wife, John M Howard, Chas Howland, G Carchill, Victoria; M D Moody, Beaver; L M Richards, B E Rich, Ogden; H A Sanger, Chicago; W T Robinson, J A Coullard, Dry Cañon; T H Homar, Cottonwood; John W Hicks, Bingham; W Mackay, Sandy; W J Johnson, Miss Johnson, Chicago; Master Geo Johnson, Chicago; Wm H West, John H Cushing, Rochester, N Y; L M Masters, John Gooch, Omaha.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Deseret Mining Co., on the first Saturday of June, next, is postponed for sixty days, to August 31.

By order of Board of Directors.

G. F. FELT, Secretary.

May 29th, 1876. d159

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession:

A dark bay HORSE, about 10 years old, left hind foot white, shoes on, hind feet, saddle and collar marked, white spot in face, wears a cow bell, branded r on left shoulder, ⅄ on left hip and P on left thigh.

A yellow HORSE, several years old, shod round, white spot in face and white hind feet; ears cropped, branded JB combined on left shoulder, and O on left hip; cow bell on neck.

A yearling HEIFER, red and white, crop off left ear and upper half crop or slope out of right, white face and red legs.

A yearling HEIFER, dark brown, crop off right ear, and upper half crop or slope out of left.

A yearling red HEIFER, with line back, white tail and belly, crop off left ear and upper half crop or slope out of right.

If not claimed, they will be sold on Saturday, June 10th, 1876, at 10 a.m.

J. E. MILLER,
District Poundkeeper.

South Cottonwood, May 27th, 1876.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following animals:

One black, line back, three or four year old STEER, white in forehead, under belly, and hind feet, crop and hole in right ear, underbit in left ear.

One red three or four year old STEER, white in forehead and hind feet, bush of tail white and under belly, T on left side, I S on right hip, N on left hip, slit and underbit in right, under slope in left ear.

One red two year old STEER, branded on right hip V; no ear mark.

One brindle four year old STEER, star in forehead, white across the shoulders and hips, crop off and slit in left, two underbits in right ear.

One red six or seven year old COW, brand E G L on left hip, illegible brand on left side, under crop off right ear.

One white and blue speckled two year old COW, with a calf, branded C O on left hip, resembling H on left shoulder.

One red STAG, three year old, white in forehead and under belly, crop off each ear, no brand visible.

One red three or four year old STEER, branded U in a circle on left hip, same brand on right ribs, under crop off each ear.

One red three or four year old STEER, crop off left and hole in centre of right ear, slit out.

One red six year old OX, star in forehead, branded OL combined at the top and a line over it on left hip, left side O H with a line under the first and above the second brand, and H with a line above it on right side, crop and hole and underbit in left ear, under slit in right.

One red three year old STEER, crop off left ear, under half off right, no brand visible.

Which if not claimed will be sold on June 33, at ten a.m., at Manti district pound, Sanpete.

JENS HANSEN,
District Poundkeeper.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession:

One light red yearling STEER, board on forehead, crop off each ear, slit in left, no brands visible.

Which if not claimed will be sold at the district pound of Morchi, Sanpete Co., June 6th, A. D. 1876, on Tuesday, at two o'clock p. m.

JOHN JOY,
District Poundkeeper.

Moroni City, May 27th.

GLENDALE GARDENS.

That popular place of pleasure, resort, Glendale Gardens, will be opened FREE TO THE PUBLIC on DECORATION DAY.

GOOD NEWS TO THE LADIES.

GREAT BARGAINS in Dress Goods, Shawls, Prints, Muslins, Silks, Satins, Linen, Lawns and everything in the Dry Goods line is offered, cheaper than the cheapest in the City, at

SHWARTZ STORE,

Opposite the Post Office.

Remember that if you want to save money call at SHWARTZ Store, to convince yourself. No humbug, fair and square dealing, not rates to catch. Silk Ties—Ladies' kid ties at 12½ cents. d111

RETAIL DEPARTM'T,

Z. C. M. I.

We take great pleasure in announcing to our Patrons and the Public that our Stock of Dry Goods is complete in Every Department, with specialities in all classes of goods, consisting in part of

Fancy Dress Goods. Silk Plaid Pongee.
Crepe de Chene Indow. French Carmelite [Assorted Colors]
Brilliantine Francaise. Pure Mohair Mattlasse.

Together with every conceivable Style, Color and Quality.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY.

And GRENADINES in every quality.

Spring and Summer Shawls in L'Lma, Printed and Woven, Plaids and Stripes, Single and Double Paisley (new designs), Lace and Grenadine, a full line of modest and new French styles.

LADIES' UNDER SKIRTS

In variety, including the latest Desca, Ceres, Dido, Elfreida and Achilde, at $4 50.

WHITE GOODS

Pique in endless assortment, Striped, Check, Plaid and Figured; Marseilles, Victoria Lawns, plain and figured, Bishop Lawns, French Organdies, Tarletans, &c., plain and figured Swiss Muslin.

PRINTS, in great quantities,

Of French, English & American manufacture, at the lowest prices.

A FULL LINE OF STAPLES.

Notions, Sun Shades and Parasols, in Silk and Cotton, of all sizes and prices, just received.

Kid Gloves, of Jouvin, Alexandre and Harris' celebrated makes.

The genuine Salt Lake Glove.

Ladies' Ties, Laces, Embroideries and Dress Trimmings and Buttons. Corsets a specialty.

This Department has received our special care and attention, and is the most complete in the West.

We invite the public to call and examine these various lines of Retail Goods.

H. B. CLAWSON, Supt.

G. F. CULMER & CO.

ARE SELLING TOO CHEAP!

Japan Tea at Cost

FOR THIRTY DAYS

TEA POT STORE

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

Two Car Loads

WINDOW GLASS,

(Sizes, 6x8 to 36x74)

AMERICAN AND FRENCH.

And have made a large reduction, as the following Price List will show:

8x10	5c per lt.	18x24	45c per lt.
9x12	6c "	15x28	50c "
10x12	8c "	15x30	55c "
10x14	10c "	15x36	75c "
16x16	12c "	24x30	$1.00 "
		24x36	$1.25 per lt.

WE HAVE NEARLY

1,000 SIZES IN STOCK.

PURE LINSEED OIL PUTTY!

Ready worked for Glazing, 10c. per lb.

A Liberal Reduction made to the Trade.

We are Selling our Glass at 25 per cent. Lower than any other Dealer.

GLAZING DONE TO ORDER.

ESTRAYED.

TUESDAY, May 23d, from my residence in the 14th Ward, a large roan COW, about eight years old, very heavy built, large under bind teats, carries her head erect, horns stand up. The hind hoofs are very long, and the point of one is broken off. Has a large brand on left hip, not legible.

Any person returning her to the undersigned or giving information where she may be found, will be generously rewarded.

JOS. W. JOHNSON,
Cor. West Temple and 3d South Sts.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

For Sale Cheap.

A Large Commodious Dwelling, with 8 rooms, 100 feet front, nicely situated on First West street, one block south of Catholic Seminary, 14th ward. For particulars, enquire of

W. EDDINGTON,
On the premises.

MONEY TO LOAN!

ON REASONABLE TERMS,

To Small Borrowers, on improved city real estate. Repayable by installment if desirable. Principals only, deals with.

C. E. POMEROY, Broker,
—in Godbe's Drug Store.

d119

A rough, coated tongue is a sure sign of a deranged stomach. It is Nature's thermometer, showing how the system is working. In all such cases TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT should be had at once to

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

It will uncoat the tongue, by removing from the system a thousand of the disturbances. It cures, as by a charm, all who use it.

Sold by all Druggists.

d155 eod

CITY LIQUOR STORE

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between F. A. Mitchell and David James, in this city, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. F. A. Mitchell retiring from the firm. All indebtedness of the late firm will be paid by David James, and all accounts due them will be collected by him, who is alone authorized to receipt in settlement therefor.

F. A. MITCHELL,
DAVID JAMES.

May 1st, 1876, Salt Lake City. d117

BOOTS SHOES

Florist and Seedsman

Is preparing for the Spring trade with all kinds of

FLOWER & GARDEN SEEDS

and will sell at reasonable prices.

Mr. D. has greatly enlarged his Greenhouse and has in stock many thousands of Window, Bedding and Basket Plants, in different varieties. Has imported several hundreds of new kinds of plants from the States and Europe, has several hundreds of Dahlias, Gladiolus, Tuberoses, Pinks, Tulips and Many Fine Roses on hand. Bouquets, Bouquets in variety. Cut Flowers for sale, parties, weddings and Balls. Plants of greenhouse and garden plants.

Gardens dug, planted, and put in order for the Spring. Empty hanging baskets can be filled to order. Garden and Flower seeds sent free by mail. All kinds of flower roots and hanging baskets sent by mail in perfect order. Money must accompany all orders.

Mr. Dean can be found at the greenhouse situated two blocks north of Valley House, and west of Groesbeck's residence, 20th Ward, during Conference, between the hours of 9 and 4 p.m., and 7 and 8 p.m.

Residence at Mr. Jones', about half a block north-east of greenhouse. Address

C. S. DEAN, Salt Lake City.

DR. WM. H. GROVES,

DENTIST,

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