THE EVENING PAPER IS THE PAPER OF TODAY. THE MORNING PAPER IS THE PAPER OF YESTERDAY.

Deseret News.

EVENING — TRUTH AND LIBERTY

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

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STORM FIEND

Terrible Typhoons, Sand Storms and Floods.

TWO THOUSAND DROWNED.

A Quarter of a Thousand Towns Inundated in Japan.

AN AMERICAN BANK IS DRIVEN ASHORE.

Houses, Docks and Small Craft Piled Up on Shore—Twenty Miles of Abandoned Craft.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 26.—Disastrous typhoons, sand storms and floods have caused a fearful loss of life and property in the district of Tokio, in the district traversed by the river Fuga in Japan, hundreds of villages have been swept away and 2,000 people have been drowned.

Another report says 250 towns are under water. Thousands of refugees are flocking to the cities. The Ishinaki river has also overflowed, drowning over 100 people. Seven prefectures were destroyed.

In a certain village off Fuzosma a boat the same size as the floods, great damage to shipping was done. Twenty-eight junks were wrecked and 10 knocked into bits. Twelve junks were driven on to one reef.

Two thousand people witnessed the disappointment and made it a gala day. Little children copied their parents, who joined in the doing pitch a wee and before the ax fell. When all was over children skipped among the heads as blithe as spring lambs, and laughed with the work, dishpaned heads.

Mandarins and headmen imitated the act of Mikado, gave, and the heads of rebels were placed on top in turn, the children danced around them. The mandarins advised the Mandarins to make the beheading as festive as possible, as it would impress deeper for the lesson in the hearts of the people. A bonfire was afterwards spread.

The Japan Mail says a petition has been sent to the government by foreign consuls requesting that beheading be discontinued.

Two Thousand Men, Women and Children Turn the Occasion Into a Festive Gala Day.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 26.—According to the latest mail advices from China, eight executive leaders of the Kwangsi rebellion have been beheaded at Wuchow. They were carried in baskets through the principal streets as a warning spectacle, amidst the laughter and jeers of men, women and children.

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Terrible Typhoons, Sand Storms and Floods Devastate Eight Chinese Provinces.

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OMAHA MYSTERY.

An Attempt to Rob the Reed Collection Ends in Dramatic Suicide.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 26.—An unknown man was discovered outside at the public library here under mysterious circumstances.

Everything points to the fact that he had secreted himself in the building the night before with the intention of robbing the museum collection of coins of the Reed Street donation. When Attention and capture confronted him he coolly placed a revolver to his temple and blew a bullet into his brain. When the watchman rushed upon the scene the man was dead.

The body remains so far that of a man of culture. There is nothing by which it might be identified. He was well dressed, however, and some slight marks on the clothes would seem to indicate that he was a bohemian. The police believe the man was a visitor at the exposition who possessed technical knowledge, and was, perhaps, a collector or rare coins himself. Discovering the value of the treasure, separated from him only by a glass case, they think he determined to seize it. Secreting himself in the library in the evening and secreted almost only for the work. Early in the morning of the watchman found the regular alarm leading to the Reed collection ringing violently. An investigation followed and then the suicide's corpse captured and the man fell dead in the hall in front of the watchman.

Every dollar's worth of the Reed collection had been tampered with. This is the fourth time burglars have attempted to rob the collection.

The thousands of gold coins of all nations it includes represent a large fortune to say nothing of the value of the curios as rare specimens and contribute one of the spoils of all nations.

The science is investigating the case. The suicide was a large, fine looking man. He was not seen around the building previously and the police can give no clue to his identity. He was probably 45 years old, but there was nothing in his pockets to indicate his identity.

The name John Schmidt was found written on the margin of a small man of Omaha found in one of his pockets. The map was Leo from a Russian geography. A pair of spectacles, the case of which bore the label "Bliss, Omaha," was also found.

On the corner of a pocket handkerchief in red silk were embroidered the letters "J. H. S."

The dead man, from the cut of his clothing had not been in this country long. From the dignified cut of his wearing apparel and his general appearance he was above the ordinary station of life.

Illegal Nomination.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 26.—Judge Simonton, of the Dauphin county court, has filed an opinion in which he holds that the nomination of Congressman Thomas B. Hutter, who leads the Republican nomination in the fifth district is invalid because he was not regularly nominated.

His certificate was objected to by John Bonin, of Dauphin county, who had nomination papers as an independent candidate.

Has Left No Address.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 26.—Charles H. Morphet, the well known bookkeeper at the Louisville Hotel, disappeared from the city. It is reported to be a defaulter in a sum ranging between $5,000 and $10,000.

He has fled from the city.

Morphet's downfall is said to be due to wine, women and broken engagement with a St. Louis girl.

The marriage was prevented on account of difference in religion. Morphet was being a Protestant and she a Catholic.

and afterward transferred and put in charge of the Fourth artillery regiment, April 4, 1861, he was made brigadier general of volunteers, on May 17, 1861, and was brevetted a brigadier general of regulars. Since the war he has served as the office of assistant inspector general of the department of Washington and superintendent of the Artillery school at Fort Monroe.

Society Nuptials.

Scranton, Mich., Oct. 26.—A brilliant society wedding took place last evening when Miss Hilda Hoyt, daughter of Mr. Martin Hoyt, Avery was married to Henry Bennett Mellon of Los Angeles, formerly of Scranton, secretary of the Court street Presbyterian by Rev. Charles E. Hewitt.

The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Mellon formerly well known in Washington circles. Mrs. Mellon is a sister of the late Fanny Hoyt, a well known Brooklyn society journalist.

A Tornado Case.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—In the case of the Pittsburgh Coal Company against the Tornado Fuel company the United States court of appeals has handed down a decision in favor of the appellee, affirming the opinion of the lower court.

The suit was brought to restrain the appellee from utilizing a trade mark of the appellant and from selling goods marked with the mark or any colorable imitation of it. The court decided that no damage had been sustained by the appellant.

HEATHENISM AND BARBARISM.

Rending Scenes at the Execution of Eight Chinese Rebels.

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AND DEWEY SAID "NO"

The Admiral Forbids the Insurgents to Fly Rebel Flag.

NAVAL BATTLE REPORTED OFF MANILA.

Rebels are Threatened, but Not Without Losses on Both Sides—The Insurgent Ships Captured.

London, Oct. 26.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says: "Captain Alonso, the minister of marine, has received a cablegram from Manila announcing a naval engagement between the Americans and the rebels in consequence of Admiral Dewey prohibiting the insurgents from flying the rebel flag from their ships.

"The dispatch adds that there were losses on both sides, but that the Americans captured the rebel ships.

"The scene of the engagement is not stated, but it is supposed to have been Subic bay."

NO OFFICIAL NEWS.

Naval Bureau Not Yet Notified Regarding the Battle.

Washington, Oct. 26.—As far as could be ascertained, no information regarding the reported naval engagement has been received at the navy department. Secretary Long, in the absence of Assistant Secretary Allen, made inquiries of the navy department, but he was here unable to obtain any information. He said he was not prepared to say that the report was true, but he was inclined to think it was not, because if such a battle had been fought the Olympia would undoubtedly have been heard from before now.

The Spanish minister of marine, Admiral Aunon, has received a cablegram from the Spanish consul at Singapore, dated October 24, which says that the Spanish squadron has left Singapore for the Philippines.

Madrid Version.

Madrid, Oct. 26.—A dispatch says that Admiral Dewey has sent a dispatch to Tagoa to hoist the Philippine flag over their vessels, a series of fights ensued, resulting in **Loss on both sides.**

WAR DEPARTMENT BULLETIN

Is Posted Today Giving a Synopsis of Gen. Otis' Report.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The war department today posted the following bulletin:

Under date of yesterday (Oct. 25) cabled the war department:

"The Spanish have somewhat improved. Infantry of Filipinos at Caloocan attacked morning and afternoon yesterday, but were repulsed. Insurgents departed, but remain in force. Guns are secondary to revolutionary cooperation. Aguinaldo's cabinet arrived yesterday and declared for the law. Commissioners actually after insurgent commander and demands recognition of Philippine government. Insurgents are busy with fright, increasing every day. Insurgents are collecting more money to manufacture of cabinet, more difficult to address. Situation of city and fortifications improving. Fever decreasing.

"Insurgent troops are leaving the city. Many slight alterations, wounded apparently arrested.

"Insurgent loss in month 79 dead, 9 wounded, 3 tortured fever, 3 mutinied and insurgent complaints; 2 accidentally shot. Our loss, colonel accidentally more than the above, but the department does not deem it advisable to make the exact number of our casualties public because of it bearing upon the peace negotiations. It is sufficient to say that the reports regarding the disorganization of the Philippines and also information about the insurgents.

NO COMPACT.

Correspondence Between Dewey and Aguinaldo Shows No Signs of Agreement.

New York, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says:

Major General Otis has cabled to the war department a series of the dispatches in the Philippines, showing that Aguinaldo's influence is on the wane. Gen. Otis stated that Aguinaldo's forces are being rapidly depleted. Many of the deserters have joined the Mabini party, apparently because of the belief in the possibility that the Malolos war is to be prosecuted by Spain. The Mabini party is peaceful and there is little danger of trouble between the factions, and Gen. Otis expresses confidence in his ability to fully cope with any developments.

Secretary Alger has a copy of Dewey's dispatch to the state department. It is expected that it will be made public by the American commissioners in Paris. H. Gen. Shafter, who has been recalled to Washington, brought with him from Manila all of the correspondence which has been cabled to Paris and complete copies were forwarded to the commissioners today.

Mustering Out Appealed.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Captain Lyman W. Adams, Fifth Infantry, and Lieut. Frederick Hall, Fifth Infantry, have made chief mustering officer with the following assistants: Capt. Jos. L. Hogan, Twenty-fourth Infantry, Pres. Lewis, Harry R. Lee, Henry W. Hoyt, James J. Hornbrook, Percy F. Hall, Fifth Infantry, Capt. and Second Lieut. Charles D. Roberts.

OUR NAVY.

Sec. Long Approves the Findings of Dewey and Commodore.

New York, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says:

Secretary Long has approved the findings of the court which tried and sentenced Captain J. P. McKelvey to dismissal from the navy for his conduct in the surrender of the cruiser Reina Mercedes to Admiral Sampson and Captain H. H. Brown.

Secretary Long denies the report that Admiral Dewey will come to the United States on leave of absence. It is reported that Rear Admiral Schley will return from Porto Rico on a month's leave on the Newark in order that he may be present at the funeral of Admiral R. Thomas to make a thorough investigation of the coaling question existing there. Admiral Schley's name is now mentioned with the Spanish commander to hear Admiral Hence as commander of the Atlantic station next year, but it is certain that he will have the command. Rear Admiral Howell is his senior and as the department is under no obligation to make an assignment for important positions it is expected that Rear Admiral Howell will be ordered to duty as president of the examining and retiring board which Rear Admiral Howell will go to the Philippines or some other important navy yard.

Nothing has yet been received from the navy department regarding the report of a naval engagement between the Americans and the rebels in the Philippines.

An Excursion.

Grand Forks, Minn., Oct. 26.—An excursion of 200 people from Grand Forks, Minn., and Grand Forks, N. D., left here today for Winnipeg, Man., to attend the Jubilee and Exposition.

Discovery Mishap.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The house of delegates in the legislature of Maryland, which was to have been the scene of a discovery mishap.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 26.—Prominent members of the Knights of Pythias, including Supreme Chancellor Jas. H. Hamilton, of Pittsburg, Gen. J. H. Fuchsia, of Chicago, Gen. Jas. H. Mundy, of Pittsburg, Gen. Jas. L. Kemmerling, of Pittsburg.

Further Concessions.

London, Oct. 26.—Hong Kong, Oct. 26.—Further concessions to Great Britain have been made by the Chinese government. Prince Tuan, and a high Chinese prince, have been ordered to Shanghai to confer with British officials. The Chinese government has promised to give the British Minister Pratt the right to hoist the British flag over the Chinese ships.

LAST SUBURB EVACUATED.

The American Conquest of the City of Manila Complete.

Aguinaldo's Power is on the Wane—Outside Men of War Leave for Hong Kong.

New York, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Herald from Manila says:

The Spanish general, Pino Pino, has agreed to evacuate Paco by the 28th, and the Americans will occupy it. The Spanish troops will then be concentrated in the city of Manila.

Aguinaldo's power is on the wane. Outside men of war have left for Hong Kong, and many of the insurgent factions.

How little power Aguinaldo has shown is shown by his refusal to grant passes to the Spanish to leave the city, and the insurgent governors are held by the American government.

Aguinaldo has ordered the release of Spanish civilian prisoners taken at Baler.

It is now under the American flag are forbidden to load by the native authorities unless they pay a tax of two dollars on each ton of the cargo and twenty per cent on their freight to the insurgent government. A large stock of tobacco was seized at Gagayan from the insurgent government and from insurgent factories. Aguinaldo refused to return the tobacco, and the Americans are preparing for the positive return of the tobacco to Spanish rule, and will endeavor to secure the payment from Spain. Every battle is known to join his ex-ja in such a event.

Of the southern islands, Mindanao would not combine against Spain.

There are two cases of smallpox this week, although the health of the troops shows a slight improvement, there being fewer cases of typhoid fever and dysentery. There are still need for more women nurses.

Red Cross workers, after some slight friction, are starting are only managed sanitary hospital for women convalescent hospital for the Cuban, Spanish and American sick, and another home for convalescents.

Doctor, food and supplies in the Red Cross are exhausted, and have given out, allow without which can be the reassembling of the situation demanded. Wood is gone, there is no money to pay for it, and in the absence of the work, and the facts cannot be obtained. Gen. Otis cabled from the Pacific. The British war ships, Powerful and Rattler, have been ordered to Honolulu. It is said on account of the possibility of cases of collateral force should. There have been three deaths on the Powerful.

A MISSIONARY IS CREMATED.

Hanson Colestock Measures a Catholic Congregation and a French Priest.

Separation is Immediately Demanded from the Chinese Government by Minister at Pekin.

Paris, Oct. 26.—At the cabinet meeting today the minister of foreign affairs M. Del Cassé read a dispatch from the French Minister at **Pekin, M. Gerard, announcing that** the Chinese government has promised that Catholics have been measured.

An Ultimatum.

M. Gerard immediately demanded reparation from the Chinese government, and the Chinese government has complied. M. Del Cassé instructed M. Gerard to inform the Chinese foreign office that if there is any delay France will take action. If China does not adopt measures adequately commensurate the loss of the missionary.

RESCRIPTED.

The Dreyfus Case Will be Taken Up Again Next Week.

Paris, Oct. 26.—It is believed that the court of cassation will take up the Dreyfus case next week, and that the case may be decided in the division will be ready to revision.

Numerous new affidavit documents have been produced recently, and Lieut. Col. Picart and Colonel Paty de Clam have been arrested. It will depend on the result of the investigation of the case and all witnesses, including Lieut. Col. Picart.

Gen. Zurlinden, former minister for war, is expected with the intention, when present commission, of calling the attention of the minister of war to the question of the existence of the bundle of the secret dossier, which was not in the hands of the court martial of 1894.

The Paris correspondent of Times will send a message to the effect that the commission of deputies regarding the Dreyfus case, when yesterday, made a report in favor of the revision of the case. The report was adopted by a majority of 18 votes.

Will Cause Rioting.

New Orleans, Oct. 26.—The Spanish steamship Alfonso, Master, from Galveston, left in for Liverpool, with 4,000 bales of cotton and 1,000 of linters, is coming in with her rudder gone. She was towed by the Mexican line of Hilton, Spain.

FINANCE AND FINESSE.

The Spanish Using a Mode of Ruling the Welcome "Wind."

DIPLOMAT DON IGNORES FACTS.

Commissioners Never Spoken Notes and Pack Up Portfolios Charges—An Evaporating Situation.

New York, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says:

Inquiries which show all others are a mere the impossible. I speak authoritatively when I say Cuba is in the Home Department. Because of its close ties with the government the Home Department has such control of billions of dollars.

No longer ago than last Thursday the government notified Spain that the Cuban debt was not recognized and the Cuban debt was not recognized and the Cuban debt will be discussed at a time with good reason. Spain's debt is not a Cuban debt. Cuba is not responsible for Spain's debt. Cuba is not responsible for Spain's debt. Cuba is now practically worthless and the Cuban debt is not a Cuban