

tion, will bear investigation at the hands of the government.

The striking bricklayers will parade, this evening, and be joined by other local unions in mass meetings in Lake Front. The general situation is unchanged. It is declared that the married men among the strikers are being compelled to accept the terms of the builders being driven to it by the long lock-out. The cigar makers have formally notified employees of their intention to strike on the 7th of May against certain firms who have not acceded to their demands.

WASHINGTON, 19.—Gen. Hazen today telegraphed to weather observers in the West Indies that after the 30th inst. no more reports on cyclones can be made, owing to the failure of Congress to make appropriations for the purpose. The stations there will be abandoned.

Seven hundred recruits are on their way to strengthen regiments in the departments of Columbia, Arizona and New Mexico, with a view to the possible necessity of an Indian campaign.

The money withheld from the railroads by the Post Office Department, in pursuance of the act of 1876, and to which the Postmaster General decides the roads are entitled, amounts, in the aggregate, to about \$300,000.

The Secretary of the Interior decides that the owner of a town lot under a city title, may be entitled, as an adverse claimant under the mining statutes, to demand a stay of proceedings for the purpose of bringing suit in court to determine the right of possession, and all collateral questions, if he shall elect to come forward and set up his own title and deny the right of the mining application, although it may, perhaps, not be incumbent upon him to do so in order to protect his own title under the townsite patent already issued. Second, that the reservation from the patent to a townsite, of any mine of gold, silver, cinnabar or copper, or to any valid mining claim or possession held under the existing law of Congress, the following language of the townsite laws leaves out of said patents: such mines and mining rights as existed at its date. It is the duty of this department to aid the law, and allow the claims to mineral ground to be preserved, and the patent to be obtained, limited to the precise extent of the reservation so made. 3d, that to procure such patent, the applicant will be required to show affirmatively the true location of the vein and extent of his own surface ground, exhibiting by his plot its relation to all other claims, and to the streets, blocks and municipal or other improvements; also, to prove the necessity of such surface ground to the use and operating of his mine. If the location antedates the townsite appropriation, he must connect himself with the original claim as actually possessed and claimed, not in excess of the surface ground allowed by law, and the local custom at the date of the townsite application. 4th, that when such showing has been made sufficient to establish a clear, *prima facie* case, the applicant may be allowed to proceed by publication as in other cases, subject to the filing of adverse claims and proceedings in the court; and if no adverse claims are filed, he may have his patent upon completing his proofs and entry; such patent to contain the usual reservations respecting townsites.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office to-day decided a contested case involving lands within the limits of an originally located line of railroad in Michigan, from the latter State to the Wisconsin State line. The Commissioner holds that lands previously certified for this line, which were relinquished under the joint resolution of Congress, were by the operation of this statute restored to the public domain, and that the same are subject to pre-emption, or homestead entry, as other public lands of the United States. In the case decided to-day the lands are also within the limits originally fixed for its defined selections by the Ontonagon line. The Commissioner says that no indemnity or other withdrawal exists, covering the land in controversy, and he therefore awards to settlers first in time.

Postmaster General Gresham today approved the specifications for the new postal notes, and advertisements will be issued at once inviting proposals for printing the notes.

The Architect H.M. investigating committee at to-day's meeting read all the charges and issued a letter

asking further testimony and proofs. The sessions are open to all, and protection promised all department employees disclosing frauds. Accompanying the charges filed by Mullett is a letter addressed by him to Secretary Folger from New York, November 28th, 1881, in which, among other things, he says: "I believe that I keep strictly within the bounds of truth when I say that the government has lost through the incapacity and dishonesty of him and his associates not less than \$10,000,000, and this can be proved to your entire satisfaction, and so clearly it can't be denied."

Secretary Frelinghuysen to-day exchanged with the Spanish Minister the ratifications of the trade-mark and extradition treaties between the United States and Spain.

The counting committee to verify the Treasury cash and accounts, in the transfer from Gillfillen to Wyman, to-day finished the examination of money and securities. The committee found an excess of three cents in favor of Gillfillen.

It is said at the Post Office Department, that the report referred to in a recent dispatch from the City of Mexico, in regard to postal arrangements between that country and the United States, urged the necessity of daily instead of tri-weekly mail service in Mexico. Mails reach the frontier daily, and are delayed there on account of the slow mail service of that Government. A change is proposed, in which the Mexican authorities appear to have acquiesced, which will obviate the delay, and the mails will be forwarded as far as possible on the day they reach the Mexican border.

The statue of the late Prof. Henry, first secretary and director of the Smithsonian Institution, which has been erected on the Smithsonian grounds, was unveiled to-day with appropriate ceremonies. The exercises began with the rendition of a grand march by the Marine band, during the performance of which it was unveiled. The guests took their places upon the platform about the statue. Three daughters of the late Prof. Henry occupied seats directly in front of the statue. After prayer by the Rev. Dr. Hodges, of Princeton, Chief Justice Waite as Chancellor of the Smithsonian Institution, formally unveiled the statue with a few well chosen remarks, in which he congratulated the friends of the Institution on the good fortune that had made Prof. Henry its first director. Chief Justice Waite pulled the ropes to unveil the statue and the canvass fell to the ground, the band and choristers rendered Hayden's grand chorus, "The Heavens are Telling" with fine effect. President Porter then delivered his oration on the life, character and service of the subject of the statue.

SAN FRANCISCO, 18.—A Seattle dispatch says: Charles Johnson reports that he and four other Swedes were capsized while sailing on Lake Washington. His companions, Aaron Larsen, Aaron Johnson, B. Johnson and one whose name is unknown, were drowned. The survivor clung to the boat for five hours, until it drifted ashore, exhausted, and finally reached the house of a settler.

Chicago, 19.—On the night of March 24th, W. H. Andrews, cashier of the Windsor House, Denver, registered at the Grand Pacific Hotel, in this city. After supper he took a walk and never returned. His body was taken from the Chicago River yesterday, and it is surmised that he accidentally walked into the stream when one of the draw-bridges was turned. A package containing \$190 in cash, and two drafts for \$100 each were left by him at the hotel.

Competition between the so-called sunset route, which consists of the Morgan line of steamers between New York, New Orleans, Galveston, Harrisburg and the San Antonio system of the Southern Pacific railroad to the Pacific Coast, and the overland route via Trunk line from the Eastern seaboard points in connection with the Iowa line and Union and Central Pacific railroads is said to be getting very active. The latter claiming that the former route is making large cuts in agreed routes on Pacific coast business, and taking travel away from it, it also stated that a line out of Chicago, not in the Iowa trunk line association is taking a hand in this business. The matter has become such a serious consideration that a meeting will probably be held at Chicago at an early day, at which parties interested will be represented

and an effort be made to effect a reconciliation.

Over 150 delegates from this city alone will attend the coming Irish convention in Philadelphia next Thursday, and it is expected the total representation in the convention will not fall short of 1,000. It has not yet been determined who will call the convention to order. Alexander Sullivan, of Chicago, is in receipt of a telegram from Judge Moore, of San Francisco, asking him to represent that convention.

OMAHA, 19.—The representation of Nebraska Knights Templar at the conclave in San Francisco will be very full. Nearly all of them having already announced the determination to attend.

CINCINNATI, 19.—The Saloon-keeper's Association have formally determined to oppose by every legal method available, what is known as the Scott Law, which imposes a tax of \$2,000 a year on all saloons where spirituous liquors are sold, and \$100 where only beer and wines are sold.

QUEBEC, 19.—The Parliament buildings are on fire; they will be a total loss.

When the fire was first discovered, half the structure was in flames. The firemen were quickly at work, but the flames had the mastery, and were soon bursting from every window in the main block. The whole city was lit up, and thousands of people thronged the streets. The Quebec cavalry were drilling at the time, and a battery from the Citadel marched to the scene and saved perhaps half the library. The west wing of the building containing the committee rooms, is alone saved, but much damaged. All the walls are burnt. A portion of the standing building was insured. A new stone Parliament house will be erected, the contracts for which were given out a few weeks ago. The government pays in perpetuity, however, to the Archbishop, a ground rent of £4,000 annually.

Montreal, 19.—It is snowing heavily. The water in the St. Lawrence River has fallen 5 feet. The floods in the Bach River carried away several booms. Fears are felt for the bridge at Assumption. The water is higher than in 1884.

Little Rock, 19.—A Helena special says of the break in the Fitzhugh levee, five miles south of that city, that thereby the area of overflowed land in Phillips county is greatly increased. If the water remains long enough to prevent planting, the aggregate damage by decreased production is estimated at \$400,000. The river at Helena is rising an inch a day, and it is thought there are fifteen inches to come.

Three shocks of earthquake were felt in Acapulco Tuesday morning. There were shocks in other places.

SAN FRANCISCO, 19.—Tucson Star's Hermosillo special: A detachment of troops which followed the Apaches from the southeast of Ure's had several running fights with the Indians from Ure's to Gambre's. They claim to have killed nearly the whole band. After losing the trail of the balance, some of the soldiers visited Gambre's, where a soldier who was in the campaign of last year, recognized a white man who was with the Indians at that time, acting as chief in one of the fights. This soldier was wounded and left on the field for dead, but was conscious. From his description of the Apache chief it was thought to be L. N. Streeter, formerly United States Agent, a most desperate character, who for more than ten years had been the leader of a band of Apaches. His capture proves that he was not mistaken in the man. Gov. Torres ordered him brought to Hermosillo, but it is doubtful if he will be alive when the order reaches the troops.

Bowie special: The Tombstone Rangers crossed the railroad track to-day at Dragoon on a fresh trail heading for San Carlos. Gen. Crook has ordered 300 scouts to be in readiness for a long scout into the Sierra Madres.

Washington, 19.—In the Star route, Kerr in summing up for the government, referred to the voluminous record of over 4,400 pages, and said that it was his duty to bring the salient points to the attention of the jury. Beginning with the indictment he explained the law upon which it was founded. At first, he said, it had included eight persons; but that number had been reduced to five. Peck was dead, Reredell had pleaded guilty, and the jury had nothing to do with him, and Turner had been dropped for good reasons. He wished the jury to bear in mind that if they found the defendants guilty and there was any error, the

court could set aside the verdict; but if they returned a verdict of not guilty no power on earth could recall the action.

The court adjourned with Kerr still on the floor. It is likely that he will occupy several days.

SACRAMENTO, 20.—During a small fire, early this morning in K St., the roof of an adjoining building fell, burying a number of persons in the ruins. John Hilsenberger, keeper of the saloon which fell, and an unknown man were taken from the ruins dead. The wounded are Wm. Meyers, Robt. Bilse, Jas. Lambert, Chas. Evans, Jas. McNulty, D. Bragg, W. A. Lucas, J. Woodbridge, Jos. Reddy, John Higgins, John Sullivan and Geo. Loder. Most of these are badly hurt about the head and back. Several are known to be still in the ruins, but it is believed all the wounded have been recovered.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—A good rain fell all over the State yesterday. An average wheat crop is assured, except in a few limited areas.

DENVER, Colorado, 20.—A special from Gen. Crook's headquarters, Wilcox, Arizona, says: The territorial press exaggerate, in order to inflame the attack on the reservation Indians. No raiders have been in Arizona for three weeks past. The last alarming report, two days old, that eighty Apaches were seen in the Santa Rita range, Camp Crittendon and over in Sand Ridge Valley, above Calabasas, is wholly untrue. Tombstone rangers who have been in Wilcox, say they are on the Indian trail, but do not appear anxious to reach San Carlos. Gen. Crook has been greatly hampered and annoyed by these inflammatory articles and falsehoods. He will move into Mexico on Sunday. His force will consist of 192 Apaches under Captain Crawford, of the United States Third Cavalry, and aide N. E. McIntosh will also have fifty cavalrymen and the entire Mexican force in Northern Sonora and Chihuahua will assist.

MILWAUKEE, 20.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Little Maggie Henick was solved this morning, some tugmen finding her body in the river, near the lake. It is badly decomposed, but the clothing is intact, and she has been fully identified. Maggie Henrick disappeared from her home last Sunday, and it was thought at the time she had been abducted. She was a remarkably pretty and well developed girl of 12 years. The case has created great excitement. At one time the police thought they had traced her to Nebraska.

WASHINGTON, 20.—Teller, to-day, addressed a communication to the Commissioner of the General Land Office in which he says: "My attention has been recently called to certain expressions of opinion touching a void entry, occurring in my decision February 12th last, in the case of Julia D. Graham vs. the Hastings & Dakota Railroad Company. The question under consideration in that case related solely to the *prima facie* validity of the homestead entry of record at the date of the railroad grant, and when the company's rights thereunto attached; it was, therefore, unnecessary to discuss or consider the question of the void entry." The Secretary directs that the sentence "void or voidable" in the decision be stricken out in order that it may conform strictly to his intention, which was to deal only with the valid entry. The sentence before being thus eliminated has caused the Department considerable annoyance.

About half of the 700 recruits mentioned yesterday as being now en route for their regiments in the Indian country are destined for the Department of Columbia.

The relegation to the public domain of a part of the reservation occupied by Chief Moses and band in Washington Territory has created much dissatisfaction among the band. Their threatening rumors have reached Washington.

Two hundred and twenty-five recruits are ordered to Fort Snelling, Minnesota, for assignment to the Fifth, Fifteenth and Eighteenth Infantry; 90 to Fort Douglas, Utah, for the Sixth Infantry; and 25 to Fort Wingate, New Mexico, for the Thirteenth Infantry.

The Secretary of the Treasury has rejected the offer to compromise the case of Cuendet, the St. Louis jeweler. He has directed that the money already received from Cuendet be restored, pending the hearing of the suit against him.

When T. B. Keogh succeeded Robert M. Douglass as United States Marshal for the Western District of

North Carolina, Douglass refused to turn over to his successor certain official records, alleging that they were necessary to the settlement of his account with the department of justice. Thereupon the Attorney General directed the United States Attorney for that District to make an effort to have Douglass indicted on the charge of abstracting Government property. The presiding judge of that court is father-in-law to Douglass. An attempt is being made to bring about a settlement of the difficulty.

After July 1st, the General Land Office will print its decisions every sixty or ninety days.

A copy of the civil service rules, as adopted by the Civil Service Commission, yet subject to the President's approval, was to-day furnished to each member of the Cabinet now in the city, to enable them to examine the rules thoroughly in advance of their formal consideration at a Cabinet meeting.

CHICAGO, 20.—Edward Jump, an eccentric artist and caricaturist, shot himself this evening, the ball passing entirely through his head. He can't live. It is said he was under the influence of liquor.

Quebec, 20.—The smoking ruins and the easterly wind mark the situation of the old Parliament House. The standing walls show how substantially the building was put up. All the offices in the burned house will be transferred. The only loss will be about \$25,000 on the library.

SACRAMENTO, 20.—Workmen have been busy all day excavating in the ruins of the fallen buildings. Six bodies thus far are removed and identified—John Heinseberger, saloon keeper; Henry Kopfe, carriage painter; L. R. Miller, bookkeeper; C. Rodamacher, barber; H. Schurtzer, carpet beater. It is feared other bodies are yet in the ruins, as many strangers were in the saloon at the time the wall fell. The cause of the disaster is not clear. The Grand Army hall, adjoining the crushed saloon, was a two-story brick. The fire occurred in the lower story, and was extinguished without much damage to the building, but the west wall of the upper story fell bodily outwards on the adjoining one-story saloon, carrying it with its occupants down into the cellar.

Havana, 20.—It is reported that the hardware firm of Pedraja & Planeta have failed, owing to fraud. Liabilities are said to be \$300,000, 000 in excess of the capital of the firm.

New York, 20.—Business failures the last six days, 223, against 183 for last week. The New England States had 21; Middle States, 31; Western, 57; Southern, 44; Pacific States and Territories, 20; Canada, 40; New York City, 10.

CHICAGO, 20.—The case of Jere Dunn, charged with the murder of James Elliott, pugilist, was called in the criminal court this morning. The court room was well filled. The prisoner appeared, neatly dressed, and with bushy black whiskers smoothly trimmed and parted at the chin. Emory A. Storrs and Daniel Munn appeared for the defense and made an application for a change of venue on the ground that Judge Jameson was prejudiced. After a brief consultation with State Attorney Mills, it was announced that counsel had agreed that the case be heard by Judge Smith, and a change of venue was ordered in accordance with the agreement. Judge Smith set the case for hearing May 7th.

Samuel King and wife were arrested by a private detective agency to-day, charged with shop-lifting. It is said they had been operating several days among large mercantile houses in this city. At their room in the Matteson House, \$1,500 worth of silks, ribbons and laces, the property of A. S. Gage & Co., were found. They were introduced to the firm by a man named James Foucher, alleged to have a crooked record. The detectives say King and his wife are very experts in the business, and members of the famous Madam Mendelbaum gang of New York, and operating throughout the east.

New Orleans, 20.—Times-Democrat Natchitoches special: J. M. Desmukes and R. A. Simons were before the Mayor for disturbing the peace. Soon another difficulty occurred, a brother of Simons participating. A. R. Simons, not armed, was wounded by Desmukes, it is considered fatally. All are highly connected.

DENVER, Col., 23.—The snow storm on the mountains continues unabated, all trains are delayed, every available snow plow is in service and perhaps we can prevent a serious blockade.