He Succeeds in Giving Offense to Senators, Representatives and Secretary Taft.

HIS RECEPTION OF REP. SLAYDON

It Was Like That Given by the Japanese Fleet to the Russian Cruiser.

Special Correspondence. Washington, April 7 .- As commander of a cavalry regiment or brigade, Brig .-Gen. Chaffee is an ideal soldier. He won his soldier straps through pure merit and his long military career, covering a period of about 40 years, in which he has seen all sorts of foreign and domestic service, entitled him to the two stars which he wears. Maj .-Gen. Chaffee has spent nearly all his life out on the frontier, and recently in the Philippines. He is a brusk, rigid disciplinarian, with a deep seated benef in military methods. Through the very nature of things he is not a diplomat, and it requires a diplomat to make a successful chief of staff in the United States army. Unfortunately the general has not yet learned that the civil power in this country is paramount to the military power and consequently he has proved himself during the past few weeks to have been a veritable bull in a china shop. In the first place Con-gress has decided that there shall be established five great practise camps, one at or near Fort Douglas, Wisconsin. Another in the Conewago in Pennsylvania; a third on the Henry ranch in southern California; a fourth near San Antonio, Texas, and a fifth is to be created by the purchase of additional land adjoining the Chicamauga and Chattanooga National park in Georgia. Before Gen. Chaffee assumed his present duties the war department had selected these sites and the only thing necessary to their establishment was the appropriation. Naturally senators and members from the states in which these camp sites are to be located are very deeply interested in these matters. Representative Slavdon of Texas, in order that there might be no misunderstanding, concluded a few days ago, to call upon Gen. Chaffee and talk the matter over with him. The reception which he received was some-thing like that which was tendered by the Japanese fleet to the Russian cruiser which came out of the harbor of Chemulpo. Gen. Chaffee declared that San Antonio was no place for a camp site and that in his judgment Congress had no business to attempt to locate places of rendezvous for the which were designed to straighten out the ruffled feathers of the Texas congressman. A day or two after several tion called upon the general with reference to the Pennsylvania site. He im mediately started in to criticize that and declared that the price of land is outrageously high. Next he made a similar onslaught upon two senators from Wisconsin, expressing the opinion

exactly what purchases may be made out of the contingent fund. It seems, too, that Gen. Chaffee has seriously ruffled the complacency of former Secy. Alger. A few years ago arrangements were made for the establishment of a four company post at Fort Whipple near Prescott, Arizona. In order that this post might be properly equipped, the people of that small bonded themselves to the

BOILS

PYRAMIDS OF PAIN

Boils show the blood is in a riotous, feverish condition, or that it has grown too weak and sluggish to throw off the bodily impurities, which

then concentrate at some spot, and a carbuncle or boil is the result. To one already enfeebled

causing the intensest pain and greatest danger to the already weak and

debilitated sufferer. All skin eruptions, from the sometimes fatal car-

buncle to the spiteful little cat-boil, are caused by bad blood, and the

only way to avoid or get permanently rid of them is to purify and

build up the deteriorated, polluted blood, and counteract the humors

and poisons; and nothing will do this so quickly and thoroughly as S. S. S., which is the acknowledged king of blood purifiers and great-

est of all tonics. Where the blood has become impoverished and is poor and thin, no medicine acts so promptly in building up and restor-

a boil is before it develops, when it is in a state of incubation or formation in the blood; for boils are, after all, only the impurities and poisons bubbling up through the skin, and this will continue in spite of poulticing and lancing

of poulticing and lancing till the blood gets rid of its accumulated poison.

The way to stop holls is you.

here been bothered since, showing that the cure was permanent. I had some thirty or forty of the most painful boils one ever had, and to be its accumulated poison.

S. S. S., puts me under a debt of gratitude to HENRY ZINN.

and this is what S. S. S. does. All danger of boils is past when the

blood has been thoroughly purified and the system cleansed of all morbid, impure matter. If you are subject to boils, then the same causes that produced them last season will do so this, and the sooner you begin

by disease, boils seem to come with more frequency,

in that forceful manner which would be readily recognized by any of his old treopers that Congress was interfering

with the prerogative of the war department, that Camp Douglas is no place for the location of a site and that on general principles he was opposed to the whole plan. He was no more dip-

Tennessee members, and southern Cali-

fornia received no different treatment.

The result of all this is that Gen. Chaffee has succeeded in antagonizing

some of the most powerful members of Congress many of whom declare that so far as they can control things in the

future they will curtail the powers of the general staff by absolutely cutting

off lump appropriations for any purpose

whatever under the war department, even going to the extent of designating

cmatic when he was visited by

stalling a proper system of water and newerage for the city and the post. Now comes Gen. Chaffee and declares that one company is enough for Fort Whipple, and that he will not consent to a larger post. The people of Prescott appealed to Gen. Alger, who in turn took the matter up with the secretary of war and the president. Seey. Taft of war and the president. Seey, Taft has been so busy with Philippine matters since he took the war portfolio that he has had little time to devote to the minor details of his department. He was naturally very warm when he learned that the chief of staff proposed to set aside the virtual contracts of his predecessors with the people of Prescott and his feeling of resentment tocott and his feeling of resentment to-wards Gen. Chaffee was not abated one jot when he discovered that he had been led into writing a letter to Congress opposing the camp sites which he afopposing the camp sites which he af-terwards discovered had the cordial en-dorsement of Secy. Root. Secy. Taft, to use his own expres-sion, has been compelled to "back water" to Congress and he, too, may be said to have joined the ranks of those who are opposed diplomatically at least to the soldier chief of the general staff, SPTUATION IN CUBA.

The elections in Cuba show a most interesting situation. Three parties are interesting structures in that island and yet no one party has been able to make a national issue. The National party and the so-called Moder-tonal party and the so-called Modertional party and the so-called Moderate party are somewhat antagenistic to President Palma and his administration. They feel that President Palma clings too closely to the Platt amendment and has too friendly a feeling for the United States. Both these parties would like to have Control of the Control of parties would like to have Cuba entirely independent and without entangling alliances. The Republican party on the other hand recognizing that the United States made their freedom possible and their erection into the sistertood of republics a certainty has pursued the course of conservatism, insisting al-ways on cleaveage to the Platt amendment and all therein contained. In a talk had with a gentleman recently returned from Cuba he stated that the political parties in that country have failed thus far to make any national issue; that their issues were purely internal, largely criticising the govern-ment for the failure to do things rather than for doing things badly. "Like every other country," he said, "that has just established its position in the world of republics or of monarchies political parties are casting about for issues. In the early days of our own republic this condition obtained. In Cuba, however, a much different proposition exists in that a number of the people, how many I cannot say, feel that the Platt amendment which really makes America responsible for the acts of the Cuban republic should be abroof the Cuban republic should be abrogated on the part of the Cuban people. The thinking classes of Cuba, while they recognize that America made it possible for them to become a nation, feel that they are overshadowed by the wings of the eagle and the political parties now in their formative stages will crystalize into a definite purpose and that will be in the definite purpose, and that will be in the determination of the republic to cancel all obligations between the United States and Cuba. One cannot live in Cuba long without realizing that one of two things must be done. Cuba must be a republic in all particulars charged with its own destiny or else it must be an integral part of the United States. The Platt amendment was a mistake Cuba should be a territory of the United States if not a state."

PORTO RICO LOAN. A few days ago a delegation arrived

here from Porto Rico for the purpose of consulting the authorities of Washington in reference to the proposed loan which the island desires to float. The to Porto Rico a year or two ago has been used largely in the construction of roads and other public improvements. But there are still many works needing aid and the Porto Rican delehere came for the purpose of having a loan of three million dollars sanctioned. This they have virtually accomplished and the money to be raised through a bond issue will be expended entirely in the island in extending the public improvements. There are by the way several American members of the Porto Rican legislature who spend their time during the time the legislature is in session on the island returning to the United States upon the adjournment of that body. This is possible through the Porto Rican law which provides that an American citizen whether a resident of Porto Rico or not may be elected to the legisla-

IMPROVED WINDMILLS.

Inventors have recently turned their attention to cheap power for lifting water. Demosthenes Phronimos, a Greek electrical enginer, residing temtaken out an American patent upon a system of wind motors, which seems to power (say from 100 H. P. to 200 H. P.) from this ever present source of supply from wind wheels has not exceeded 15 H. P. for the reason that even to obtain this limited force, it was necesamount of \$175,000 for the purpose of in- 1 sary to build tall towers and to employ

Allegheny, Pa , June 11, 1903.

to put your blood and system in good order the better the chance of going

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Boar Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below. Very small and as easy

to take as sugar. CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Price Purely Vegetable.

FOR THE COMPLEXION

wheels of great length and spread. There are obvious limitations to such structures, both with respect to the original expense and especially because of their liability to become wrecked, in event of a storm.

The invention of the Greek engineer consists in locating his wind wheel in a horizontal plane, and immediately be-low a structure whose side walls are provided with inwardly opening flap doors go as to admit the wind from any quarter. Moveable vanes govern the direction of impact of the wind as it issues from this structure and passes through the wind wheel. If these vanes are adjusted so as to be parallel to the wheel blades, the wheel will stand still for the reason that the wind will pass through it without exercising any driving force. Then, by altering the ad-justment of the vanes, the wind can be cause to strike the wheel blades with greater and greater directness of impact, so as to bring it up to any de-sired speed, or again bring it to rest, no matter how strong the wind may be blowing.

The protection which the wheel receives by reason of its indepndent support with respect to the wind receiving structure, and also the fact that this latter structure is provided with safety valve flaps, in its top, all contribute to practically eliminate danger of wrecking the structure even in severe storms. When to this are added the exactness of regulation as to speed of which the motor is capable, and the high horse power attainable, it seems unquestionable that the system has a most promising future.

LOOK TO PERMANENCY.

When building new ditches in this country the idea of permamence is frequently sacrificed for temporary needs. If water will run the first season little thought is given to the future. As good rule is to obtain as much grade as possible consistent with preservation of the ditches. In no case must the velocity be sufficient to cut the banks. As all old-timers know tenacious clay or adobe soils will withstand much more pressure than others. This must be carefully considered when the amount of water needed for a special tract of land is being calculated. Different forms of ditches and varying grades adapted to the various soils are possible. For example two and one-half second feet of water are delivered by a lateral three feet wide at the top, two feet at the bottom and one foot deep with a grade of four feet to the mile. The same amount is carried by a ditch four and one-half feet wide at the top, three feet at the bottom, one and one-half feet deep and with a drop of six inches to the mile. In soil which washes easily the latter is preferable but it would not do at all if the water carries much silt or sediment.—Denver Field and Farm. When building new ditches in this coun-

FEEDING ALFALFA TO HORSES.

Some experiments have been conducted at the Wyoming experiment station in the feeding of alfalfa hay to horses performing little or no work, the alfalfa being fed with some oats straw. The report says the work horses were occasionally harnessed but did not work much. They were fed alfalfa only in the stable and ordinarily were allowed to run out of doors and have free access to water and a straw pile, but were given no grain. It was found that they maintained their weight on an average when eating 13.5 pounds of good alfalfa hay per day per 1,0.0 pounds, live weight, in addition to some straw. The amount of straw required to balance the alfalfa ration was next studied, and it was found that the daily ration eaten ws 13.75 pounds alfalfa and 2.25 pounds oat straw per 1,000 pounds, live weight. A similar test was made with a driving horse required to perform a moderate amount of work. He was driven six miles a day at a pace which was nearly the limit of his road gait. It was found that his weight 1,170 to 1,200 pounds, was maintained on a ration of 21.25 pounds alfalfa hay and 34 pounds oat straw, or 17.71 and 2.83 pounds, respectively. per 1,000 pounds, live weight. According to the author there was every reason to believe that the ration was sufficient to miniain the horse, although he did not gain in weight. These tests are especially interesting since they furnish experimental proof or the feeding value of alfalfa hay for horses.

CARE OF NEW STRAWBERRYBED

Our best success has been of forest land Our best success has been of forest land eropped just long enough to subdue it. One crop of wheat and one of potates generally leaves it in-fine condition for the strawberry field, and the nearer we can approach stich a condition of the soil by turning under green clover or some such growth, the better.

It has been our custom to plow our ground in the fall, then as early in spring as the soil will permit we work the same over with the disk, always lapping one-half to avoid ridging and follow with the smoothing harrow and plank float until thoroughly pulverized.

Where the size and shape of our plants will permit, we mark both ways, as we can keep the sell more mellow where

Where the size and shape of our plants will permit, we mark both ways, as we can keep the sell more mellow where our new plants are to be, by cross-cultivation, the early part of the season, mill the runners get well started, than we are apt to by hand hooling. If we get our rows perfectly straight, it adds beauty to the field and makes close cultivation casity accomplished with the fine-teothed implements we now have, and this is part of the care that is repeated every week throughout the growing season. We use the hoc, but like as easy hoeing as possible.

In selecting our plants we discard averything that does not appear healthy and give promise of fruitfulness; and later if any plant fails to respond to cultivation, we dig it out, preferring to take our chances of filling our rows with the runners from thrifty, healthy parent plants. In plateling the runners, is another time we like to be there in person and see that they do not all take root on one side of the parent plant. If left to the miselves the early runners are very ant to set in clusters, leaving

ron on one suc of the parent plant. If left to themselves the early runners are very apt to set in clusters, leaving vacancies to be filled with later runners that will not likely make as good plants

through the spring and summer season without boils or other painful and irritating skin eruptions. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable, and can be taken with perfect safety by old and that mit is formed. As soon it is action, and unequaled as a cure for boils and Write us if you would like medical advice or other THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

That will not likely make as good plants as good plants as the carlier ones.

We strive to get these first new plants started as evenly as possible along the likely make as good plants as the carlier ones.

We strive to get these first new plants started as evenly as possible along the line of our rows, removing the weak-er of une and seven with particle of our rows, removing the weak-er of une of une

in comparison with rows of the same varities thickly matted in the row, is so pronounced that we have no iresitation in saying that it pays, especially with such vigorous plant makers as Warfield, Dunlap and the like.

Where so thinned it gives us another chance to stir the soil in the row, which is impossible where the row is matted and overrun with plants and runners, and frequent and continued cultivation of the entire surface is what we desire. We do not get all of our fields thus cared for every year, but have practised it enough to demonstrate to ourselves our acreage and giving what we do raise the best care we know how to give.

We omitted to mention, in the proper connection, the importance of removing all blossoms of fruit buds as soon as they appear, but we never neglect to do this, as they weaken the parent plant if left to develop fruit. We keep the cultivator going until late in fall, and as soon as the ground is frozen we cover the entire surface with straw or wild hay, to prevent the plants from freezing and thawing with every change in the weather during the winter and early spring. Most of this covering we rake from immediately over the row into the parise. H. H. Harris in Orange Judd Farmer.

PROBATE AND GUARDIANSHIP NOTICES.

Consult County Clerk or the respective

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PRObate Division, in and for Sait Lake County, State of Utah. In the matter of the
estate of Martha E. Baidwin Rick, Deceased. Notice.—The petition of Charles
H. Baidwin, administrator of the estate
of Martha E. Baidwin Rick, deceased,
praying for an order of saie of real property or said decedent, and that all persons
interested appear before the said Court
to show cause why an order should not
be granted to sell so much as snall be
necessary, of the following described real
estate of said deceased, to-wit; Commencing at a point twenty-four (24) feet
west from the southeast corner of lot
four (4), block sixty-four (61), plat "A."
Sait Lake City survey, and running
thence west fifty-six and one-half (552)
feet; thence north six and one-half (552)
feet; thence east fifty-six and one-half
(564) feet; thence south six and one-half rods; thence east fifty-six and one-half (56½) feet; thence south six and one-half (6½) rods, to the place of beginning, has been set for hearing on Friday, the 15th day of April, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House, in the Court Room of said Court, in Salt Lake City, Sait Lake County, Utah,

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with the seal thereof affixed this 31st day of March, A. D. 1904.

(Seal) JOHN JAMES, Clerk.
By David B. Davies, Deputy Clerk.
James H. Moyle, Attorney for Petitioner.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PRO-bate Division, in and for Salt Lake Coun-ty, State of Utah. In the matter of the estate of Nabble Y. Clawson, Deceased, estate of Nabble Y. Clawson, Deceased. Notice.—The petition for approval and settlement of annual account and for authority to borrow money and mortgage property, of the administrator of the estate of Nabble Y. Clawson, deceased, has been set for hearing on Friday, the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1904, at 19 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House, in the Court Room of said Court, in Sait Lake City, Sait Lake County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court with the seal thereof affixed this 9th day of April, A. D. 1904.

(Seal) JOHN JAMES, Clerk.

By David B. Davies, Deputy Clerk.

Young & Moyle, Attorneys for Petitioner.

ESTATE OF J. B. DECKER, DEceased: The petition for the sale of real and personal property has been set for hearing at 10 a.m., on the 18th day of April, 1804, at the Court House, in Monticello, San Juan Co., Utah.

S. J. ROGERSON, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT. PRObate Division, in and for Salt Lake County, State of Utah. In the matter of the estate and guardianship of Mary F. Emery et al, Minors, Notice.—The petition of Mary P. Emery, the guardian of the persons and the estates of Mary F. Emery et al, minors, praying for an order of for an order of sale of real property of said minors, and that all persons interested appear before the said Court to show cause why an order should not be granted to sell so much, as shall be necessary, of the following described real estate of said minors, to-wit: An undivided one-half interest in the south three (3) rods of lot 4, block 58, plat "C," sait Lake City survey, situated in the City and County of Sait Lake, State of Utah, and described as follows, towit: One-seventh of the above, one-half, that is, an undivided one-fourteenth interest in the whole of said land and estate belongs to said minors, has been set for hearing on Friday, the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1994, at 19 o'clock, a. m., at the County Court House, in the Court Room of said Court, in Sait Lake City, Sait Lake County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with the scal thereof affixed this 9th day of April, A. D. 1991.

(Seal) JOHN JAME, S Clerk.

By David B. Davies, Deputy Clerk.

Thomas & Maycock, Attorneys.

Thomas & Maycock, Attorneys.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PROhate Division, in and for Sait Lake County, State of Utah. In the matter of the
estate and guardianship of Clara Little,
Romania Little, Feramorz T. Little and
Decker Little, Minors. Notice,—The petition for approval and settlement of the
semi-annual account of the guardian of
the person and the estate of Clara Little,
Romania Little, Feramorz T. Little and
Decker Little, minors, has been set for
hearing on Friday, the 15th day of April,
A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House, in the Court Room of
said Court, in Sait Lake
County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with
the seal thereof affixed this 31st day of
March, A. D. 1904. March, A. D. 1904.
(Seal) JOHN JAMES, Clerk.
By David B. Davies, Deputy Clerk.
Stewart & Stewart, Attorneys.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PRO-bate Division, in and for Salt Lake Coun-ty, State of Utah. In the matter of the estate of James S. McNair, Deceased, Noestate of James S. McNair, Deceased. Notice.—The petition of Morris L. Ritchie, administrator of the estate of James S. McNair, deceased, praying for an order of sale of real property of sale decelent, and that all persons interested appear before the Sald Court to show cause why an order should not be granted to sell so much as shall be necessary, of the following described real estate of said deceased, to-wit: A tract beginning twenty (20) chains north of the southwest corner of section twenty-nine (29), in township eight (8) south, range two (2) east of the Salt Lake Meridian, Utah County, Utah, running thence cast twenty (20) chains: chains; thence west ten (10) chains; hence south twenty-five (25) chains, to he place of beginning, containing thirty-

Also one beginning eight and three-outths (8.75) chains east of the northwest owner of lot four (4), in section thirty (30), the place of beginning area twenty-four and ninety-six hundredths (24.30) acres.

Also one commencing twenty-two and seventy-three hundredths (22.33) chains enst and seventeen and ninety-one hundredths (17.31) chains south of the north-west corner of said lot four (4) and running thence west twelve and fifty-one hundredths (12.31) chains; thence south thirty-two (52) degrees and thirty minutes (3) east six and sixty hundredths (6.60) chains; thence south six ahd seventeen hundredths (6.17) chains; thence cast eight and seventy-three hundredths (8.73) chains; thence north ten and seventy-eight (10.78) chains, to the place of beginning, containing ten and twenty-one hundredths (16.21) acres.

All situated in Utah County, State of Utah, has been set for hearing on Friday, the lith day of April, A. D. 1994, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court, in Sait Lake City, Sait Lake County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with the seal thereof affixed this 1st day of April. A. D. Ect. (Seal) JOHN JAMES, Clerk. By David B. Davies, Deputy Clerk. Booth, Lee & Ritchie, Attorneys.

Court, in Sait Lake City, Sait Lake County, Utah. Witness the Clerk of said Court with the seal thereof affixed this 9th day of April, A. D. 1994.

(Seal)
By David B. Davies, Deputy Clerk,
Wilson & Smith, Attorneys for Peti-

tioner

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PRObate Division, in and for Sait Lake County, State of Utah. In the matter of the estate of A. H. Raleigh, Deceased, Notice.—The petition of William Asper and Alfred Solomen, executors of the estate of A. H. Raleigh, deceased, for confirmation of the sale of the following described real estate of said decedent, to-wit: The north half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine (29), township eight (8) south of range two (2) east of Sait Lake Meridian, also all of lot two (2), the east one-half of lot three (3), in section thirty (30), township eight (8) south, range two (2) east of Sait Lake Meridian, containing thirty (30) acres, for the sum of \$500.00. And upon the following terms, to-wit: On the first named real estate \$160.00 to be paid down and \$100 upon confirmation, the second described real estate \$200.00 to be paid down and balance upon confirmation, as appears from the return of sale, filed in this Court, has been set for hearing on Friday, the 15th day of April, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House in the Court, Sait Lake County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with the seal thereof affixed this 3ist day of March, A. D. 1904.

(Seal)

JOHN JAMES, Clerk, By David B. Davies, Deputy Clerk, H. S. Tanner, Attorney for Estate.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PRObate Division, County of Salt Lake, State of Utah. In the matter of the estate and guardianship of Adelia C. Ograin, incompetent person. Notice.—The undersigned will sell in one paired at private sale the following described real estate, consisting of an undivided 1-9 interest therein, towit: Beginning 33 feet east and 40 feet south of the northwest corner of lot 7, block 20, plat "B," Salt Lake City survery; thence south 25 feet; thence east 7 rods; thence north 25 feet; thence west 7 rods fo place of beginning, together with a right of way over a 2 rods stree' on the west side of said lot, and one rode wide alley on the east side thereof, said parcel of land is located in the City and County of Salt Lake, State of Utah, and will be sold to the highest bidder for cash on or before the 22nd day of April, 1904, bids will be received by the undersigned at his residence, No, 317 south Ninth West, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Guardian of Sald Incompetent.

LARS P. OGRAIN.
Guardian of Said Incompetent.
C. M. Nielsen, Attorney for Guardian.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PRObate Division, in and for Sait Lake County, State of Utah. In the matter of the estate of Jennie B. Tennant, Deceased. Notice.—The petition of Milando Pratt, administrator of the estate of Jennie B. Tennant, deceased, praying for the settlement of final account of said administrator and for the distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons entitled, has been set for hearing on Friday, the 15th day of April, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House, in the Court Room of said Court, in Sait Lake City, Sait Lake County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court with the seal thereof affixed this 30th day of March, A. D. 1904.

(Seal) JOHN JAMES, Clerk, Stewart & Stewart, Attorneys for Petitioner.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Whereas, James Chesney, Annie Chesney and Jane Findley by their certain deed of trust dated February 13th, 1893, and recorded February 16th, 1893, in book 3-K of mortgages, pages 354, 355, 356 and 357, of the records in the office of the County Recorder, Salt Lake County, State (formerly Territory), of Utah, did convey to Biddle Reeves, as trustee, and in the case of his death, resignation, refusal or failure to act, then to James H. Clemes, successor in trust, the following described real estate situate in the County of Salt Lake, Territory (now State) of Utah, to-wit:

A part of lot numbered three (3), in block numbered fifty (50), plat "A." Salt

A part of lot numbered three (3), in block numbered fifty (50), plat "A," Salt Lake City survey, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of said lot three (3) thence east three (3) rods and three (3) feet, thence north twenty (20) rods, thence west three (3) rods and three (3) feet, thence south twenty (20) rods to the place of beginning. In Trust, Nevertheless, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note, made and executed by James Chesney, Annie Chesney and Jane Findley in the principal sum of seven thousand (\$7,000) dollars, bearing date of said trust deed, and due and payable February 1st, 1895, together with interest thereon at the rate of eight (8) per cent per annum from date, together with interest thereon at the rate of eight (8) per cent per annum from date, payable semi-annually as evidenced by six (6) coupon interest notes due August 1st, and February 1st, of each year after the date of said principal note, and payable to the order of the Mortgage Trust Company of Pennsylvania, and more particularly described in said trust deed, to which reference is hereby made for all purposes; and.

Whereas, after the said principal note became due, the time for the payment

Whereas, after the said principal note became due, the time for the payment of same was extended to February 1st, 1899, upon certain conditions expressed in a contract of extension, which provided that if default be made in the said principal note, after the same then became due (being February 1st, 1899), or of the interest notes, then the trustee or his successor in trust, was authorized to sell the prémises, according to the provisions of said deed of trust securing said principal note, which provided.

That in case of default in the payment of said promissory note or any part there-

of said promissory note or any part there-of, or of said interest notes, er any of them, or any part thereof, according to the tenor and effect of said interest notes.

of, or of said interest notes, or any of them, or any part thereof, according to the tenor and effect of said interest notes, then said trustee and successor in trust were authorized and empowered to sell and dispose of said premises at public auction, at the principal front door of the County Court House, in Sait Lake County, Territory (now State) of Utah, to the highest bidder for cash, first giving four weeks notice of such sale by advertisement in any newspaper published in said County; and.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the interest due August ist, 193, and February 1st, 194; and.

Whereas, The legal holder thereof, the Mortgage Trust Company of Pennsylvania, has declared the same wholly due and payable and the same is now unpaid, or any part thereof; and.

Whereas, Biddle Reeves, trustee, aforestid, has disd, and thereby the said trust has devolved upon the undersigned James H. Chesney, successor in trust.

Now, therefore, the undersigned successor in trust, as aforestid, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and by virtue of the power and authority in him vested, and in accordance with the provisions of said trust deed, will on Friday the 13th day of May, A. D. 1984, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the west front door theing the principal front door) of the County Court House of Sait Lake County, in Sait Lake City, State of Utah, sell the above described premises at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash, together with all right, title, benefit and redemption of the said James Chesney, Annie Chesney and Jane Findley, their heirs and assigns thereto, for the purpose of paying said promissory note, with interest due thereon, after first paying the costs and expenses of executing this trust, including reasonable compensation to said successor in trust and his attorney, and all moneys advanced for insurance, taxes and other liens and assessments legally attached thereto, and will make and executed and acknowlege and deliver to the purchaser o

veyance therefor,

JAMES H. CLEMES, Dated Salt Lake City, Utah, April Sth,

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

IDAHO SUGAR CO.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Idaho Sugar Company will be held at the office of the company, Deseret Nows Annex, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Monday, April 11th, 1904, at 5 o'clock p. m. The purpose of the meeting is to hear the reports of the afficers of the company for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1904, and to transact such other business as may legally come before it. HORACE G. WHITNEY, Secretary.

Salt Lake City, Utah, March 18, 1904.

DELINQUENT ASSESSMENT.

pense of sale.

JAMES NIELSON, Secretary.

Date of first publication April 6th, 1994.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

Washakie Mining Company, principal place of Business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice, There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of Assessment No. 10 levied on the 17th day of February, 104, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

NOTICE OF MEETING.

NOTICE IS GIVEN THAT A MEET-ing of the members of the Citizens' Alli-ance of Sait Lake City, Utah, is hereby called to be held on Wednesday, April 13, 1994, at 8 o'clock in the evening of said day, at Bamberger's Hall, No. 163 South Main Street, Sait Lake City, the object and purposes of said meeting are as fol-lows:

ist.—To hear the report of committees appointed at the organization meeting on December 17th, 1903.

2nd.—At said meeting there will be presented to the members of the said Citizens' Alliance of Sait Lake City, Utah, the question as to whether or not the said Citizens' Alliance shall incorporate under the provisions of sections 342 and 343 of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, and amendments thereof.

3rd.—To consider such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The Citizens' Alliance of Sait Lake City, Utah.

Utah.

By order of its Executive Committee.

WARREN C. BOGUE, Secretary,
JOHN E. DOOLY,
Chairman of the Committee of the Meeting of December 17th, 1903.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

Wabash Mining Company. Principal place of business Sait Lake City, Utah. Notice—There are delinquent on the following described stock on account of assessment No. 6, levied on the 18th day of February, 1904, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective

opposite the names of shareholders as follows: Abe Waldman
M. A. Segall
E. P. Denison
W. M. McConahay
Schiff & Soloman
Martain B. Lippman
Gabe Greenwald Martain B. Lippman
Gabe Greenwald
A. Prince
Fannie Lippman
Jennie L. Thorman
Meyer Goldsmith
Samuel Harris
E. Kleeman & Co.
Jos. Silverman
Chas. E. Stanton
Chas. E. Stanton
Abe Forst
Mrs. Morris Moyer
L. H. Heller
Adoph A. Solomon
Jno. R. Galley Adoph A. Solomon
Jno. R. Galley
F. J. McShane
H. S. Joseph
H. S. Joseph
H. S. Joseph
H. B. Cole Co.
II. B. Cole Co. Jas. Johnston Jas. Johnston F. J. McShane F. J. McShane
S. W. Platt
S. W. Platt
S. W. Platt
Thos. Werry
Meyer & Joseph
Meyer & Joseph
N. A. Page
B. F. Swain
Meyer & Joseph
Jas. Johnston
Jas. Johnston
J. S. Bascom F. S. Bascom 500
H. S. Joseph 100
H. S. Joseph 100
H. S. Joseph 100
H. S. Joseph 100
H. S. Joseph 100 H. S. Joseph
Meyer & Joseph
H. S. Joseph
A. S. Campbell
N. A. Page
H. B. Cole & Co.
Jas. A. Pollock & Co.
Jas. Hudson Sons Co W. A. Stanton W. A. Stanton Daynes & Romney ... 1834 Daynes & Romney
1835 Daynes & Romney
1835 Daynes & Romney
1835 Daynes & Romney
1836 Daynes & Romney
1846 W. Van Wugruen
1843 N. A. Page
1846 N. A. Page
1846 N. A. Page
1846 J. S. Ferris
1847 J. S. Ferris
1847 J. S. Ferris
1857 J. S. Ferris
1857 J. S. Ferris
1858 T. S. Ferris
1858 Thos. Cupit
1859 Thos. Cup

Sheets & Thompson

N. A. Page
Meyer & Joseph
W. H. Child
Wm. Blood
Chas. S. Clarke
W. L. Mitchell
Louis Poock
H. E. Deckebach
John R. Galley
A. H. Tarbet
Con J. O'Neill
C. J. Geary
Geo. W. Silks
W. W. Armstrong W. Armstrong
W. Armstrong
W. Armstrong
W. Armstrong
W. Armstrong
W. Armstrong
W. Armstrong
W. Armstrong
B. Thompson 1,201 J. B. Thompson ... 1,303 H. S. Daynes 1,308 A. S. Campbell ... 1,310 Florence S. Joseph 1,313 L. H. Heller ... Thompson Daynes Campbell N. A. Page
Rasmus Anderson
Jas. A. Pollock & C
C. V. Zinn
N. W. Clayton
1. A. Clayton
Julius Frankle
Julius Frankle
Julius Frankle
Julius Frankle
M. W. Armstrong
Ellen Mara
Minnte O'Conner
S. C. Eudbury

N. A. Page
N. A. Page
N. A. Page
John H. Martin
N. A. Page
A. N. McCall
Louis Poeck
N. A. Page

Thos. Currigan ... Sam Hawkes ... Sam Hawkes
C. V. Zinn
Nettic Enzensperger
Nettie Enzensperger
N. A. Page
N. A. Page
R. A. Waddill
R. A. Waddill
H. S. Joseph
H. S. Joseph Joseph Joseph B. Cole Waddill H. S. Joseph
H. B. Cole
R. A. Waddill
R. A. Waddill
R. A. Waddill
J. L. Hamilton
A. N. McCall
Rasmus Anderson
Rasmus Anderson
Peter Greaves, Jr
Rasmus Anderson
Fred. W. Gillett
L. Drake
N. A. Page L. Drake
N. A. Page
E. A. Hartenstein
Emma M. Barnes
N. A. Page
N. A. Page
D. J. Lang
Nellie F. Keogh
W. Walkingshaw
R. A. Waddill
N. A. Page Page Joseph ... Hamilton ... E. Stanton Wardrop Ed M. Guinzburg
W. W. Armstrong
W. M. McConahay
Meyer & Kiser
F. S. Cook
Chas. E. Erickson
E. M. West
Gus Johnson
Florence S. Joseph
W. H. Sheetz
W. H. Sheetz
Chas. Morrison
Sam Bennett Sam

Jno. Matson
Henry Cohn
Jno. M. Baker
H. B. Cole Co.
Geo. Naylor
Geo. Naylor
Mrs. Nellie Belden
F. K. Smith
J. Jensen
O. Jensen

Jansen B. Blakely Sudbury Hartenstein Hartenstein

the 18th day of February, 1904, go many shares of each parcel of such stock at shares of each parcel of such stock at may be necessary, will be sold at the office of the company, room 52t Atias Block, West Second South Street, Salt Lake City, West Salt Lake City, West Salt Lake City, Salt of sale.
W. MONT. FERRY Secretary. Office, 521 Atlas Block, Sait Lake City,

The delinquent sale above mentioned has been adjourned to and will be held at the same place above described on Saturday, April 16, at 3 o'clock p. m.

By order of the Board of Directors W. MONT FERRY, Secretary.

to attack them in the blood,

ing its richness, purity and

strength. The time to cure

young, and without harm to the most delicate constitution. It is mild and pleasant in its action, and unequaled as a cure for boils and

kindred eruptions. Write us if you would like medical advice or other