

STRONG EVIDENCE AGAINST WOOD.

Mr. Rubens, Member of Cuban Junta, Corroborates What Runcie Said About Magazine Article

GEN. BROOKE'S TESTIMONY.

According to This Wood's Conduct Was Not that of a Soldier but Of a Politician.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The senate committee on military affairs resumed its hearing in the Wood case. Maj. Rathbone was the first witness. He was called for the purpose of submitting a list of witnesses he desires to be summoned for the purpose of supporting certain of his charges filed against Gen. Wood. When the hearing opened Horatia S. Rubens of New York, formerly a member of the Cuban junta was waiting to be heard. A telegram from Maj.-Gen. John R. Brooke, saying he would be here today, was laid before the committee.

RUNCIE MAGAZINE ARTICLE.

Mr. Rubens' testimony before the committee tended to corroborate the statements made to the committee by Maj. Runcie in reference to the knowledge of Gen. Wood. Wood is said to have had the Runcie magazine article circulating unfavorably the administration of Maj.-Gen. Brooke as governor-general of Cuba.

WOOD WAS "IT."

One of the most important statements made by Mr. Rubens was that Gen. Wood visited him after the publication of the Runcie article, and that their conversation showed that Gen. Wood had previous knowledge of it. Mr. Rubens said Gen. Wood admitted that he told Runcie that the article put him (Wood) in an awkward position.

RUBENS A PEACEMAKER.

Mr. Rubens also told the committee that when the break occurred between Runcie and Gen. Wood he brought them together and tried to patch up their differences in a manner that would exonerate Runcie of the onus attached to his name by the report made to the war department by Gen. Wood. The witness also said that when Runcie wrote to Gen. Wood begging him to set Runcie right before the country, that Runcie showed him the letter. He told the contents of the letter to the committee and it supplied the missing link in the correspondence that had previously been filed with the committee with the Rathbone charges.

WOOD AND BELLAIRS.

In answer to questions Rubens explained the manner in which he happened to go to Cuba in connection with the military movement, what his services had been, and of a difference with Gen. Wood, through which he severed his connections with the government. He said he then became counsel in the postoffice cases. He was asked concerning Gen. Wood's intimacy with Capt. Bellaairs and other newspaper men, and also if it were true that Gen. Wood had made a show of jealousy of his superior officers.

WOOD AND THE PRESS.

The witness detailed the relationship between Gen. Wood and the press, saying it was understood that he attempted to use the newspapers to exploit his own deeds. Regarding Gen. Ludlow and Wilson, Mr. Rubens said Gen. Wood was quoted as saying that he had to get rid of them. While this was hearsay evidence, it was admitted, as the witness told the committee how it could obtain evidence to prove the truth of the statements.

WOOD'S VERACITY.

At the conclusion of Mr. Rubens' testimony, a member of the committee asked him his opinion of Gen. Wood's veracity. He asked that the question be made more explicit, and then was asked if he was willing to accept the word of Gen. Wood in any matter in which the general had a personal interest. Mr. Rubens answered he was sorry to say that he could not accept Gen. Wood's statement under such circumstances.

GEN. BROOKE TESTIFIES.

Maj.-Gen. John E. Brooke, retired, former governor-general of Cuba, today gave testimony before the committee on military affairs, which charged insubordination against Gen. Wood. Gen. Brooke was before the committee for the first time in two hours, and occupied the entire time of the hearing. He was asked concerning Gen. Wood's conduct at Santiago. The witness offered in support of his statements many documents taken from records at the department, and several papers from his personal collection. At the close of his testimony a member of the committee said it is probable Gen. Wood will have to return from the Philippines and testify.

WOOD VIOLATED ORDERS.

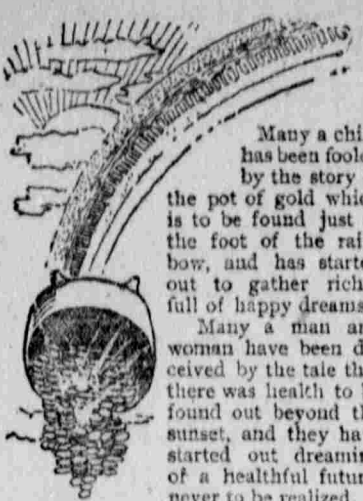
One of the charges made by Gen. Brooke is that Gen. Wood violated the orders which required him in making improvements in Santiago to submit estimates to the governor-general. As evidence of this violation, Gen. Brooke called attention to the building of barracks at Santiago, near the Morro, without Gen. Wood first having given notice to the committee. Gen. Brooke said also that Gen. Wood continuously sent communications to the war department over the head of his commanding officer. The witness asserted that the committee had cured nothing for the ignoring of these orders, but said that the proceeding had been detrimental to military discipline.

ATTACKS ON BROOKE.

Gen. Brooke called to the attention of the committee, in support of an allegation that Gen. Wood had neglected to work in harmony with the military government, the matter of Gen. Wood's attitude toward the newspapers at Santiago, which repeatedly made attacks on Gen. Brooke's administration. Gen. Brooke read a number of these attacks, and also his recommendations to the war department that the papers be suppressed unless they desisted.

BROOKE DENOUNCED.

One of the extracts from the Independence, published at Santiago, which was read, was a bitter denunciation of Gen. Brooke, under the caption of "God Save Cuba." The article was based on Gen. Brooke's order for the centralization of affairs of the island, by which all receipts from all custom-houses were ordered sent to Havana. The article, among other things, said that if carried into effect the order soon would prohibit the people of Santiago from breathing without permission from Gen. Brooke; that it was a matter of life and death to the province of Santiago to get the order



Many a child has been fooled by the story of the pot of gold which is to be found just at the foot of the rainbow, and has started out to gather riches full of happy dreams.

Many a man and woman have been deceived by the tale that there was health to be found out beyond the sunset, and they have started out dreaming of a healthful future, never to be realized.

People who have tried change of climate in vain for the cure of weak lungs have been perfectly and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures deep-seated coughs, bronchitis, bleeding lungs, emaciation, and other conditions which, if neglected or unskillfully treated, find a fatal end in consumption.

"Last spring I had a severe attack of pneumonia which left me with a very bad cough, and also left my lungs in a very bad condition," writes John M. Russell, Esq., of Brent, Cherokee Nat. Ind. "I had no appetite and was so weak I could scarcely walk. My breast was all sore with running sores. I got two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which I have saved my life. I cannot express my gratitude to you. I am able now to do very good work."

"Any substitute offered as 'just as good' as 'Golden Medical Discovery' is a shadow of that medicine. There are cures behind every claim made for the 'Discovery,' which is 'just as good' medicine can show.

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book containing 1008 pages, is given away. Send 21 one-cent stamps, for expense of mailing only, for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the volume bound in cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Boston, Mass.

WANTED WOOD INSTRUCTED.

Gen. Brooke read a letter which he had sent to the adjutant-general of the war department, asking that Gen. Wood be instructed to prohibit the publication of such articles during the period of military government. He also read Gen. Wood's reply to the adjutant-general, in which the witness said, had been sent over the head of his superior officer, saying that freedom of speech, untrammelled criticism of the military government, and absolute independence in all matters was a necessary part of the education of the Cubans to fit them to conduct a liberal government.

WOOD WAS "IT."

Gen. Brooke told the committee that on Jan. 4, 1899, Gen. Wood, without consulting his superior officer, obtained permission to visit Washington, even though he left in abeyance matters needing attention. Correspondence relating to the trip was laid before the committee.

In the course of Gen. Brooke's testimony he said that Gen. Wood became unduly excited when the Cubans held indignity meetings at Santiago for the purpose of protesting against the centralization order. The witness laid before the committee a copy of a telegram he received from Gen. Wood, saying that the Cubans looked upon the order as approaching a calamity, and that discontent and profound business depression existed.

Finally, Gen. Wood prayed that the customs receipts be laid under local control. The witness declared that the attitude of Gen. Wood was responsible to a great extent in adding to the disquiet of the Cubans. The committee adjourned until Thursday.

Glanders at West Point.

New York, Dec. 1.—An epidemic of glanders has broken out among the horses at West Point. It is thought the disease was brought there by a polo pony recently purchased in the west. Every animal at the post will undergo a test and diseased horses will be destroyed.

Lavedo Toledo Must Die.

Manila, Dec. 1.—Lavedo Toledo, the ladrone leader who gave the military authorities considerable trouble by his operations in the province of Albay, has been sentenced to death. Toledo surrendered with thirty of his men and ten guns in October last.

Taft's Tariff Commission.

Manila, Dec. 1.—Gov. Taft has just appointed a mixed committee of officials connected with different departments of this city to consider and recommend a new list of tariff changes.

Filipino Leader Rios Hanged.

Manila, Dec. 1.—Senor Rios, the fanatic Filipino leader and so-called pope of the Tayabas, has been hanged. He was captured last May and was subsequently convicted of murder and sentenced to death. Twenty-seven of his followers were sentenced at the same time to various terms of imprisonment.

Ambassador Meyer Injured.

New York, Dec. 1.—While out hunting with a large party in a heavily wooded section on the outskirts of the city, says a Rome dispatch to the Herald, the American ambassador, George Von Lengerke Meyer, was thrown to the ground so violently as to be made unconscious.

On reviving he complained of severe internal pains, but the doctors discovered only bruises and no condition is not considered to be serious.

Prosecuting Atty. Threatened.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Atty. Brode Davis, counsel for the aldermanic graft investigating committee, has received nearly 100 letters threatening his life since he began the campaign against graft and adulterators of the saloon ordinance. The fact which has been concealed carefully by Mr. Davis himself became known when he was advised by his friends to guard against attack.

NO MORE DANDRUFF.

Newbro's Herpelide Destroys the Pestiferous Cause of Annoying Dandruff. Does your head itch? Is your coat or dress full of white flakes after dressing your hair? That's the effect of dandruff. Is your hair thinning? Are you beginning to get bald in spots? Are you already, in fact, rapidly becoming bald? If so, that is the effect of a meanly little pestiferous burrowing insect at the root of the hair, and throws up the scalp in dandruff and eats off the hair at the root. Science's latest discovery is a destroyer of that pestiferous germ. This destroyer is contained in no other hair preparation on earth but Newbro's Herpelide. Try it, and be convinced. A delightful dressing. Sold by leading druggists. Send for sample for examination to The Herpelide Co., Detroit, Mich. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

WHY RUSSIA WILL NOT FIGHT JAPAN.

It Would be Impossible to Annihilate Her Fleet in the First Engagement

SHE IS FEARFUL FOR HER OWN.

A Second Encounter Would Mean Certain Defeat for Russian Fleet and Perhaps Annihilation.

London, Dec. 1.—A dispatch from Tokyo to the Daily Mail says that the Port Arthur correspondent of the Asahi, one of the best informed of the Japanese newspapers, sends the following: "Viceroy Alexioff, addressing his staff, said that if Russia had three docks at Port Arthur and two at Dalny she would not hesitate to fight Japan, but that as things stood it would be impossible to annihilate the Japanese fleet in the first engagement, while a second encounter would mean certain defeat, if not annihilation of the Russian fleet. For this reason, the viceroy said, war with Japan should not be advised."

The Asahi's correspondent adds that many of the principal Russian warships are badly in need of repairs, which the viceroy is accomplishing in the present unsettled condition of affairs. Consequently Viceroy Alexioff said he was strongly in favor of peace. The Daily Mail's correspondent says he has information that Russian troops are being transported to northern Manchuria through Tashkang, in the direction of Port Arthur, at the rate of 400 daily.

Gen. Ma, the correspondent says, has been instructed to bring Chinese reinforcements to raise 20 battalions for distribution in Mongolia and Manchuria, for the purpose of defense against Russia. Gen. Ma also says he believes that the war he will join his forces with those of the Japanese army.

The Times' Peking correspondent says that small bodies of Russian troops are patrolling the country around Hsinmintun, the termination of a branch line of the railway between the great wall and Newchwang, on the pretext of suppressing brigands, although the region is perfectly quiet and peaceful. Hsinmintun is only one day's ride from Mukden. The Chinese are daily expecting to hear that the Russians have occupied the railroad there and have resumed military occupation of the country down to the great wall. The Times' correspondent adds that the dowager empress seems to have forgotten the Russian war and has ordered that the four days of theatrical performances in honor of her birthday be extended to seven days.

HARLEM DIFFICULTIES.

Action Over Contracts and Bonds Now Drawing to a Close.

New York, Dec. 1.—Hearings several months before before Charles Andrews, ex-judge of the state court of appeals, are drawing to a close in the case of certain stockholders in the New York and Harlem Railroad company. The suit, which was brought in the supreme court some time ago and hundreds of pages of testimony already have been taken by the referee.

The complainants, who hold 5,000 shares of Harlem stock, aver that by an illegal action on the part of a majority of the members of the board of directors of the New York and Harlem and New York Central companies, stockholders in the former have been deprived, through the loss of \$220,000 and other means, of the amount aggregating at least \$22,200,000.

The suit is to set aside and adjudge void what is known as the "second supplementary contract" entered into between the New York and Harlem and New York Central companies, which amended the lease of the Harlem to the New York Central company.

This contract reduced the rent payable by the Central company to the Harlem company \$200,000 a year for the unexpired term of the lease after May 1, 1900, making the total reduction mentioned. In addition to this, the plaintiffs allege certain irregularities in connection with the refunding by the Central of \$100,000,000 of Harlem company's bonds whereby syndicates made up of favored directors and stockholders of the Central company made enormous profits that should have gone to the New York and Harlem stockholders.

Referee Andrews will conduct a further hearing tomorrow when it is expected that the testimony for the complainants will be concluded.

THREE NEGROES LYNCHED.

Shreveport, La., Nov. 30.—In the presence of a crowd of about 1,200 persons, composed of whites and negroes, Phil Davis, Walter Carter and Clint Thomas, all negroes, were lynched this afternoon about 1 o'clock within a short distance of Belcher, which is 20 miles from Shreveport. The men were executed for participating in the fatal shooting of Robert Adger, a popular business man.

The negroes confessed their crime. They stated that they were trying new guns, and when Adger appeared in the street thought it quite natural to turn the guns on him. No shots were fired at the lynching, the negroes all being hanged to a single limb of a tree.

Two of the negroes under arrest, Sam Lee and Peter Thomas, were released. Lee professed that he had no part in the shooting of Adger, and Thomas established the fact that he was too frightened to shoot.

Phil Davis and Walter Carter were captured yesterday afternoon several miles from the scene of their crime. Clint Thomas was caught later about a mile and a half from Belcher.

The negroes were taken before Adger and confessed their crime. They were held in concealment until shortly before 1 o'clock today, when they were taken out and hanged. Davis is said to be an ex-convict, and Walter Carter was forced to flee from Mansfield, La., about a year ago, for insulting a white woman.

The negroes of Belcher joined in the search for the men and apparently were as eager to have them lynched as the whites. One negro was presented by the whites with a purse of nearly \$100 for the part he took in the pursuit.

The negroes were given an opportunity to pray before being hanged.

SAM PARKS' SUCCESSOR.

Tries to Have a National Wage Scale Adopted.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—President Frank Buchanan of the Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, the successor of Sam Parks as head of the organization, faced a difficult problem last night when he endeavored to induce representatives of the various locals of the union to frame a national wage scale to supersede those made by the local effect.

Twenty-five iron workers holding credentials from as many locals gathered here to adjust the wage problem of the union, and they were unable to agree. The men of Chicago and New York, who are getting \$4.50 a day, wanted a national rate higher than that schedule and those from the smaller cities declared it could not be so low.

After hours of wrangling a subcommittee of seven was appointed to investigate the matter and make a report to the 25. The seven who are as follows: met last night.

C. M. Massey, New York; Frank Thomas, Chicago; M. Gallentine, Pittsburgh; J. Finnegan, St. Louis; C. Hopkins, Newark, N. J.; Patrick Machin, Chicago; J. Brett, Milwaukee.

When the committee met the three New York and Chicago men again tried to force the others to agree to the wage scale in the large cities. They argued that when men from the New York and Chicago unions were taken to small places they should not suffer a reduction in pay. They declared that iron workers now number 12,000 men and could easily compel contractors to grant their demands and make even the American Bridge company, which nearly wrecked the organization last spring, do as they wished.

WHAT TO EAT.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles. In that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

Conducted by Katherine Kurtz, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed. All rights reserved by Banning Co., Chicago.

Menus for Next Four Days.

WEDNESDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit
Cream
Fried Calf's Liver, Brown Sauce
Grilled Spanish Onions
Cocoa

LUNCH.
Fried Semits, Sauce Tartare
Chestnut and Orange Salad
Cocoa

DINNER.
Chopped Vegetable Soup
Panned Rabbit
Glazed Turnips
Egg Salad
Quince Souffle
Coffee

THURSDAY.
BREAKFAST.
Steamed Hominy, Sugar and Cream
Sausage
Griddle Cakes
Coffee

LUNCH.
Creamed Oysters in Chafing Dish
Nut and Cream Cheese Sandwiches
Spiced Fruit
Tea

DINNER.
Clear Soup
Shoulder of Pork a la Parisienne
Glazed Sweet Potatoes
String Beans
Egg Salad
Coffee

FRIDAY.
BREAKFAST.
Cereal
Salt Mackerel, Horseshoe Sauce
Boiled Potatoes
Coffee

LUNCH.
Hot Lobster, Butter Sauce
Celery Hash
Butter Cakes
Grape Juice

DINNER.
Fish Cutlets, Cream Sauce
Rice Potatoes
Parsnips Vinaigrette
Cress Salad
Coffee

SATURDAY.
BREAKFAST.
Steamed Pige
Ham Omelette
Creamed Potatoes
Honey

LUNCH.
Chestnut served like Baked Beans
Scalloped Tomatoes
Rolls
Tea

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They declared that iron workers now number 12,000 men and could easily compel contractors to grant their demands and make even the American Bridge company, which nearly wrecked the organization last spring, do as they wished.

But the men from Chicago and New York could not win over the others. President Buchanan undertook the role of peacemaker, and was unable to accomplish anything, and the gathering broke up.

The New York and Chicago men said that unless their proposition was conceded they would break away from the international organization and form independent bodies. This Buchanan is trying to prevent and he has called a meeting of the committee for today.

Bank Official in Trouble.

Casper, Wyo., Nov. 1.—Deputy Sheriff Miller has arrived here from Douglas with Charles Weston, charged with the murder of a man named Buchanan. Mr. Weston is trying to prevent and he has called a meeting of the committee for today.

TWO MORMON ELDERS

Chased Out of Logan Co., Va., And Over the Mountains.

Roanoke, Va., Nov. 30.—Two "Mormon" elders have been indignantly driven out of Logan county, Va., by the coal mining industry of Virginia and West Virginia contiguous to the Norfolk Western railway for several months. On reaching their home in Logan county, the elders were warned to desist. They refused. A mob was formed and they were chased over the mountains. Two elders were beaten in that community two years ago.

"Hamlet" in Japanese.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 1.—According to advices from Yokohama, Shakespeare's tragedy "Hamlet" has just been "done" into Japanese and is now being acted at the Hongroza by Kawakami and Sada Yacco. It is daily drawing big and enthusiastic Japanese audiences who follow the play with intense interest.

Request to St. Johns Hopkins.

Baltimore, Dec. 1.—Under the will of William Wyman, the philanthropist, just probated here, Johns Hopkins university will receive a estate, valued at over \$500,000 upon the death of his daughter, Mrs. Helen Wyman Rollins, widow of the Rev. Samuel Rollins. During his life Mr. Wyman made gifts to the university.

THE UNTAMED DOLLAR.

A "Platform of the Massachusetts State Democracy, 1903," is in print, which declares in its first paragraph that "the Democratic party," if the defender of man against the dollar, shall fight the trust oligarchy now as it fought the political oligarchy with Jefferson." Just at present, however, to fight the trust oligarchy seems rather like jabbing at a drowning dog with the butt end of an oar. Plenty of plain water seems likely to dole effectively with a large proportion of the trusts without violence from bystanders; but without discussing that, does man in Massachusetts want to be defended from the dollar? Here in New York when man seems to be in the open and clutches for it, and claps it to his bosom. He thanks no one who scares the dollar when it is coming his way. What he is after, and will thank the Democratic party, or any other party, to promote, is the more perfect domestication of the dollar, so that it will be less fugitive and more tame. It will come and nestle in his pocket, and, if possible, breed freely in captivity.—Harper's Weekly.

FIFTY DOLLARS

for the best story submitted not later than Dec. 5. To consist of not more than 2,500 words.

CHRISTMAS

DOLLARS for the best Christmas poem submitted not later than Dec. 5. To consist of not more than 1,200 words.

NEWS

PRIZES.

DOLLARS for the best article submitted on "Salt Lake City in 1910," closing date Dec. 1. To consist of not more than 2,000 words.

Valuable Suggestions for the Kitchen and Dining Room.

DINNER.
Dinner Soup
Cold Sliced Lamb, Spiced Cherries
Macaroni and Tomatoes
Roasted Beets
Cauliflower Salad
Blackberry Jam Holly Poly
Coffee

Boiled Turkey, Sauce Allemande.

A fine young hen turkey, weight about six pounds. Dress and truss in the usual way, but do not stuff. Put into a deep boiler or soup kettle; cover with boiling water; add a bouquet garni made of a large white onion, Cover and cook gently until tender. Try the joint of the wing; if it will separate easily it is quite done. Add a tablespoonful of salt when partly done. Just before taking up make the sauce. Put two ounces of butter into a saucepan and stir in four level tablespoonfuls of flour; when smooth and bubbling add two cups of the strained turkey broth, a half cupful of mushroom liquor from button mushrooms used to garnish a cold pepper steak, and a spoonful of very salt. Simmer five minutes, strain into a clean saucepan, mixing in the beaten yolks of two eggs. Let it get steaming hot but not boiling, then add two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice. Place the turkey on a heated dish, first removing strings. Have boiled separately a small head of cauliflower blanched, and the flowers separated, two dozen carrot balls and a cupful of butter mushrooms. Arrange these in groups around the turkey, sprinkling the tops of the cauliflower branches with a little minced parsley. Place a bunch of curly parsley between the shoulders of the bird and serve the sauce separately.

Turkey a la Bechamel.

This is a nice way to serve remnants of roast or boiled turkey. Remove the meat from the bones in as large pieces as possible and cut into neat strips. Crust the bones and cover them with boiling water; add an onion, a celery root and simmer for a short time. Strain. Put two level tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan, stir into it two of flour, and when smooth and bubbling add one and one-half cups of the turkey broth. Season to taste with salt and pepper, a little chopped parsley and some mushroom catsup; add half a cup of hot cream, a dash of nutmeg and the turkey meat. Let simmer for ten minutes, add one before taking up, the juice of half a lemon. Serve with a border of noodles or macaroni timbale.

Turkey a la Marquise.

Another way to serve cold boiled turkey is as follows: Cut the turkey into neat strips about the size of frying oysters. Soak six ounces of bread crumbs in cold milk until thoroughly moist. Grind half a cup of finely minced cooked tongue or broiled ham, half a dozen oysters and three tablespoonfuls of white sauce and two beaten eggs. Season to taste with salt, pepper and a little powdered macis. Rub through a sieve. Cover each piece of turkey well with this forcemeat and then brown them in a circle on a flat baking dish. In the center place creamed Brussels sprouts to cauliflower and garnish with a dish with curled celery and parsley. Serve a chestnut sauce or purée with this dish.

It contains ALL the medicinal elements of cod liver oil, actually taken from genuine, fresh cod-livers, with organic iron, and other body building ingredients, in a deliciously palatable and easily digested form. It is therefore recognized as the

GREATEST MODERN STRENGTH CREATOR

known to medicine—the original GUARANTEED REMEDY FOR

Chronic Colds—Hacking Coughs.

Sure signs of danger ahead. VINOL is the exact medicine needed. It does not upset the stomach, and it surely heals and renews the irritated, diseased surfaces that cause the cough. Try it at our risk.

Bronchitis—Sore Lungs.

There is no medicine so valuable for restoring to the throat and lungs as VINOL. It is the grandest lung medicine known. This we guarantee.

Debilitated—All Tired Out.

It is not natural to feel continually tired. We guarantee VINOL will bring life, strength and vigor to the debilitated, run-down system.

To Gain Flesh—To Get Strong.

We know VINOL will make flesh faster than any preparation containing grease. We can prove that VINOL quickly creates strength.

Old People—Weak People

Need a strengthening and invigorating re-builder. VINOL is of exceptional value in such cases. VINOL positively rejuvenates old folks. Money paid to those not satisfied.

Nervousness—Irritability.

Diseased nerves are due to overwork, insufficient nourishment or slow breaking down of general health. VINOL actually rebuilds the entire body and heals ragged nerves.

Pale Women—Pale Children.

Pale, haggard faces show that the blood is poor and thin, also indicate imperfect digestion. VINOL will correct such troubles as surely as the sun shines.