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L. M. RUMSEY & CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Pumps and Fire Engines
Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Iron Pipe
Fittings, Belting, Hose, Packing
and Agricultural Implements, etc.
NORTH MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.
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BUILDING ROCK.

White Sandstone, For Sale,
One and a half mile north of Warm
Springs, good road, \$3.00 per
cord, also

STANDARD GOODS.

R. MATTHEWS & CO.,
CHEMICAL MANUFACTURERS,
P.O. 1061, Salt Lake City,
Ess. Jamaica Ginger,
Toilet Soap, etc.,
Ess. Sand Tablets,
Scouring Soap,
Superior Writing Fluid,
Boot Blacking, etc.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for
Salt Lake County, Territory of
Utah.

Mary Jane Butler, Plaintiff,
vs.
Edward Butler, Defendant.
In Divorce.

"Y DRYCH."

(The Mirror.)

Newyddiadur Cenedlaethol y
Cymry yn America.

Printed on fine paper, from new, large
clear type, and containing nearly 500 pages
of additional matter the sections have been
revised and numbered, and a full and com-
prehensive Index and Contents has been
added.

Orders received now will be filled in order
of receipt.

Mailed to any part of the Territory
free on receipt of price.

Full Cloth, Embossed Sides, gilt back &
printed edges, \$2.00.

Full imitation Morocco, "embossed sides
& printed edges, \$2.50.

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Deseret News Office,
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VOL. 2

E. R. Snow's Poems,

JUST PUBLISHED.

Are for sale at the
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Woman's Exponent Office,
Utah Commission Store,
Dryer's Book Store,
and the Lion House.

Price \$1.20, \$1.25, and \$1.50.

OLD, TRIED, AND TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who
are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits
of the greatest American remedy, the

MEXICAN

Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST

This liniment very naturally originated in
America, where Nature provides in her labo-
ratory such surprising antidotes for the malady
of her children. Its fame has been spreading
for 25 years, until now it occupies the leading
place.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless
remedy for all external ailments of man and
beast.

To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable.
A single bottle often saves a human life or re-
stores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox,
cow, or sheep.

It cures foot rot, hoof ail, hollow horn, grub,
acres worn, shoulder rot, mange, the bites and
stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every
such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.
It cures every external trouble of horses, such as
lameness, sore shins, swellings, sprains, founder,
wind gall, ring-bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest
cure in the world for accidents occurring in the
family, in the absence of a physician, such as
burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheu-
matism, and stiffness occasioned by exposure.
Particularly valuable to Miners.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for a
single application is generally sufficient to cure.
Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in these
sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportion-
ally much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

JOE BARKER.

CUTLER, LOCK AND GUNSMITH

**SAWS SHARPENED, STOVES RE-
PAIRED, GUNS RE-
STOCKED, ETC.**

COMMERCIAL STREET.

New Edition

DOCTRINE

AND

COVENANTS

JUST PUBLISHED!

A New, Revised, Enlarged, and Improved
edition of the Doctrine and Covenants
of the Church of Jesus Christ of Lat-
ter-day Saints, containing the Revela-
tions given to Joseph Smith, Junr., the
Prophet, for the building up of the King-
dom of God in the last days.

Printed on fine paper, from new, large
clear type, and containing nearly 500 pages
of additional matter the sections have been
revised and numbered, and a full and com-
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BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

The Chinese Embassy.

NEW YORK, 30.—The Herald's
Washington special says: Wash-
ington agent of the six companies
of Kennedy have opened a cor-
respondence with Yung Wing on the
subject of caring for the Chinese
embassy on their arrival here, and
expects a return letter within a few
days. Kennedy called on Hayes
to learn what he knew officially
of the coming embassy, and was
told that his information was con-
fined to what was already known
to the public through the press. In
the course of the conversation the
President took occasion to assure
his visitor that the reception the
embassy should receive in Wash-
ington would be far different from
the one accorded them in San
Francisco, and that they should
experience anything but the ill-
treatment they met with there.

Sitting Bull Desires to Return.

The Tribune's Washington special
says: Sitting Bull desires to
return to the United States and has
made overtures to the Indian office
with that end in view. In case he
returns he insists that he shall not
be held accountable for any crim-
inally on his part during the Indi-
an war, and that he shall be al-
lowed to retain the ponies possessed
by himself and 500 others of his
band. View of the facts that
Sitting Bull has had his emissaries
in this country endeavoring to in-
duce the Sioux to begin an out-
break, in which he has pledged
himself to aid, and his attitude
towards the authorities has been
entirely unfriendly, the decision
has been made to refuse his return.
The cabinet.

Increase of Freight Rates.

The Tribune's Washington special
says: The Union Pacific Railway
Company will issue to-
day, a circular to the dry goods
trade, informing shippers of an in-
crease in the rates on first class
merchandise from New York to San
Francisco from \$8 to \$12 a hundred.

Protection of Trade Marks.

WASHINGTON, 30.—The follow-
ing declaration between the United
States and Great Britain for the
reciprocal protection of trade marks
in the two countries, has been pro-
claimed by the President, namely:
The government of the United
States and the government of Great Britain
and Ireland, with a view to rec-
iprocity of trade, and to the pro-
tection of the rights of the owners
of manufactures and trade, in the
two countries, have agreed as fol-
lows: The subjects or citizens of
each of the contracting parties shall
have, in the domestic markets and pos-
sessions of the other, the same rights
as belong to subjects or citizens, or
as are now granted, or may here-
after be granted, to subjects or citi-
zens of the respective countries, in
everything relating to the "prop-
erty and trade marks and trade la-
bels. It is understood that any
citizens of the United States who
solicit protection under the laws of
the respective countries, shall fulfill
the formalities required by laws of
the respective countries.

Cabinet Meeting.

In the Cabinet, to-day, a letter
from the Mexican authorities was
submitted by Secretary Evarts,
charging that Americans had been
crossing into Mexico, stealing cat-
tle and driving them across the Rio
Grande into the United States. No
action has been taken.

A Yellow Fever Case.

CINCINNATI, 30.—Wm. Hills, of
New Orleans, arrived on Saturday
with his family on his way east,
and not feeling well he stopped at
the hotel. To-day he was removed
to the hospital, the disease being
yellow fever. The health officer
has established quarantine regulat-
ions for boats coming from New
Orleans together with isolated
cases that may reach the city from
the south. Physicians agree that
yellow fever cannot exist and
spread in this temperature and at
this level above the sea.

Wholesale Lyeing.

MONROE, La., 30.—A party of
masked men, variously estimated
at from 40 to 500, rode into Monroe
at 1 o'clock this morning, forcibly
took from the parish jail four col-
ored men who were confined there
charged with murder, took them to
the court house square and hung
them to the limb of an oak tree.
Three of the victims were compli-
cated in killing W. C. Fitzgerald
last May, a white constable at
Trenton, who had attempted to ar-
rest the assassin, as he was en-
deavoring to flee. The fourth was
sentenced to the penitentiary for
conducting the party. They had
been tried, one of them sen-
tenced to the penitentiary for life,
and the other two remanded for a
new trial. The fourth victim was
charged with waylaying and mur-
dering another negro in cold blood.
He had been sentenced by the dis-
trict court to the penitentiary, but
had obtained a new trial. The
verdict of the coroner's jury was
"that said parties came to their
death by hanging, and that the
same was done by parties un-
known."

Destructive Hailstorm.

ST. PAUL, 30.—A hail storm in
Carver, Rice and Dakota Counties,
this afternoon, did much damage to
the crops. Stones fell four inches
in circumference, covering the
ground three inches deep. The
stack of the storm is ten or twelve
miles wide.

Philadelphian, 30.—

Wool is in moderate demand, and prices are
unchanged for all grades except
crops of bred combing or half-bred
merino, which advanced five cents
per pound.

WESTERN.

The Hostile Indians.

SAN FRANCISCO, 30.—A Portland
dispatch says: News is just received
from Malheur City that two of
Howard's scouts had arrived there
with dispatches. The scouts had
discovered a band of about ten
miles northwest of the Malheur
agency. The soldiers were entirely
out of rations. The scouts crossed
several fresh Indian trails leading
direct to the Malheur agency.
It was thought the hostiles were
going to the agency to surrender
or making toward the Stearns Moun-
tain. Several hostiles passed
through near Malheur, clearing
out a few houses and shooting at
the citizens.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Debate on Harboring's Results.

LONDON, 30.—In the debate in
the House of Commons, Gladstone
began by reading a letter which he
had addressed to Beaconsfield, ask-
ing him to cite instances in support
of the accusation of unjustifi-
able and reckless attack. He de-
clared he never attacked government
without a deep sense of responsi-
bility. He had never assigned any
dishonourable motives to the pre-
mier, his attacks upon whose policy
were based upon an irreconcilable
and fundamental difference of op-
inion and feeling. He made a long
review of the results of the con-
gress. He regretted the selfish
jealousy of some of the powers in
regard to Greece. With Serbia and
Montenegro independent, Bulgaria
practically so, and Bosnia and
Herzegovina irrevocably annexed
to Austria, it was impossible to deny
that the partition of Turkey, if
not completed, was as great as
that of Poland. He decried the
elevation of the native races instead
of the suppression of Turkey by
another power, and complained of
government's policy from first to
last.

He said they must feel some
chance when they looked upon the
results obtained and what might
have been obtained without so
much bloodshed, if they had not
jealously severed themselves from
Russia two years ago. They had
left-standing the finest possible field
for working against the present ar-
rangement. The British plenipotentiaries
had, during the congress, done
their utmost to prop up Turkey
and keep down subject races.
The first time in history, their
attitude was not in accordance with
free institutions. The assertions
of Lord Beaconsfield relative to
British efforts in favor of Greece,
were not supported by anything in
the protocol. The conclusion of
the Anglo-Russian agreement was
a practical contradiction of the
British position. The government
thereby surrendered their power of
action in the cause of freedom. He
urged objections similar to those
made by Lord Hartington to the
military situation created by the
Anglo-Turkish convention. He had
been associated with all the
greatest statesmen of England for
half a century and he did not hesi-
tate to say that none of them would
have imposed such responsibility
on the country. He could not re-
gard such a policy as within the
limits of reasonable statesmanship.
He asked what the government
would have done if a foreign power
had concluded such a convention.
The convention before him, it pushed
the power of the crown to an
extreme which has been avoided
by the present statesman. A new
phase of the eastern question was
opened by this startling novelty,
which the law of Europe at
night, was unjust to other pow-
ers, and laid new burdens on the
people.

After a long debate between min-
or members, Lord Beaconsfield, home
secretary, replied to Gladstone's
speech. He declared that he did
not know whether to consider
Gladstone a humble follower or a
rival of Lord Hartington.

Crown then entered into a detailed
refutation of Gladstone's charges,
but his arguments were mainly
such as have been used before.
He maintained that the convention
had been impossible without the
Anglo-Russian agreement. He said
the Turkish convention had not in-
creased England's responsibilities.
He only hoped the opposition would
assert, at the next general election,
that England had no interests in
Asia. The debate then adjourned
until Thursday.

Beaconsfield Replies.

Beaconsfield, replying to the let-
ter read by Gladstone in the House
of Commons to-day, says the con-
vention of a list of the offensive
epithets used by the gentleman
would entail a search over a period
of two and a half years. Beacons-
field cites the expressions of Glad-
stone, that he (Beaconsfield) had
degraded and debased the great
name of England; that he had been
guilty of an unsuppressed act of
duplicity.

Austrian Occupation.

A Vienna dispatch says: The
whole Thirteenth army corps is
now on the Bosnian bank of the
river Save, and will advance
straight to Sarajevo. There it will
meet, about the 15th of August, a
corps from Dalmatia, and then
the occupation will be complete.

Will Change Its Note Issue.

PARIS, 30.—The Bank of France
has about to change its issue of notes
on account of forgeries.

GERMANY.

The Elections.

BERLIN, 30.—The elections for
members of the German parliament
were held to-day. The progress was
successful in five districts in
Berlin. A second ballot between
social democratic and progressive
candidate is necessary in one dis-
trict. Cologne elected an ultra-
montane; Cassel a national liberal,
and Koenigsberg a conservative.
These second ballots will rest be-
tween the moderate and advanced
liberals, except at Mayence, where
one of the candidates was an ultra-
montane.

Although several democrats are

ahead in Berlin, only in the fourth
district, where the second ballot is
necessary, they polled 53,000 votes
against 59,000 last year. Gen. Von
Moltke only received 2,811 votes
against 9,977 for the progressist
Hoemel. Dr. Folke has been de-
feated in two districts by tremen-
dous majorities.

The national liberals returned

their candidates from Soarbrücken
and Heidelberg. The second bal-
lots will be necessary in Frankfurt,
Mannheim, Mayence and Hanau.
These second ballots will rest be-
tween the moderate and advanced
liberals, except at Mayence, where
one of the candidates was an ultra-
montane.

Lost.

On the evening of July 24, on the Utah
Western train, or at the depot in this
city, a lady's pocketbook containing \$10
and \$1 in silver.
Finder will be rewarded by leaving it
at

WM. T. LLOYD,
12th Ward.

BANKRUPT SALE

HAVING THIS DAY

Bought for Cash,

Direct from the Assignee,
The whole of Mr. James Stron-
berg's Fashionable and Well-
Selected Stock of Woollens,
At Less than Half the Original Cost.

We are prepared to

MAKE GARMENTS

AT A

CREAT REDUCTION

From our Usual Low
Prices.

BUCKLE & SON,

Tailors and Woollen Drapers,
MAIN STREET,
OPPOSITE THE WALKER HOUSE.
Salt Lake City, July 10, 1878.

MOTHERS!

Do you want to see your boys' clothing fit
and look well? If so, patronize

A. L. HEDBERG,

TAILOR,

FIRST SOUTH STREET, a few
does West of Theatre.

Who is prepared to make up clothing for
Gentlemen, Youths and Boys at unusually
Low Prices, and guarantee fit.

Call and See him, and give him a
trial.

JAKE HEUSSER & BRO.,

(Successors to J. H. HAGUE.)