SECOND EDITION.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Monday, July 11, 1892.

FRAGMENTS.

The Third Quorum of Seventies will meet in the Seventeenth Ward Assembly rooms at 7:30 tonight.

The life of Mrs. Agnes Thorn, of Ogden, who was so terribly burned about a week ago, was almost despaired of at an early hour this morning.

Another meeting of the special police committee was called for Friday, but adjourned until Monday. Some of their reports will be made known until tomorrow night at the session of the City Council, when a committee's report in Annex 2 no was a great deal of interest.

Experimental opening blasts is under action on a corner of Hooper's premises in the city jail. It is now over two weeks since the time that preparations were being made for the removal of a dead man in the morgue a few nights ago, he took the keys from the marshal's office and unlocked the jail door and as a man named Smith of Southern Utah, he will be tried this p. m.

Bishop Kesler Seriously Ill.

Many persons will be pained to learn that Bishop Kesler of the Sixteenth ward is lying seriously ill. He is suffering from a severe cold on the lungs which is greatly aggravated by a kidney complaint with which the Bishop has been afflicted for several years. At the time of going to press this afternoon his condition was considered very critical.

A SAFE BLOWN OPEN.

Robbers Visit Alta and Select Storekeeper Wallace as Their Victim.

Between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock on Sunday morning Henry C. Wallace's store of Alta was forcibly entered by desperados who are still at large. The safe was blown open and the robbers managed to get away with $250 in cash besides seven English sovereigns. They also secured three gold watches and two centennial watches, the value being $400. Checks are going to stop and a certificate of deposit for $1,000 on McCornick's Bank, one who taken, but recovered a short distance down the canyon, where the thieves had evidently thrown them. The men were traced to Murray, and from there the exact track was lost but it is hoped that they will yet be captured. Deputy Marshal C. Goodwill is taking an active part in the hunt for them.

Mr. Wallace offers a reward of $200 for their capture.

AT THE POLICE STATION.

What Was Done in Justice Kesler's Court This Morning.

Justice Kesler had an estate of bates before him this morning on the charge of trespass. One of the gang declared that he had been taken in tow by a villainous officer who suspected that he had an appetite. If getting hungry was a transgression of Utah's statutes he would seek a more congenial clime just as soon as he could recover his liberty. All were found guilty and sentence suspended until this afternoon.

Billy St. Clair and Thomas Burns, charged with fighting, were turned loose with instructions to keep the peace in the future.

Charles Kennard is accused of petit larceny.

E. Fitzgerald will be arraigned on a similar charge.

S. P. Morgan, a colored man, was fined $5 for assault and battery.

Sam Jones (not the noted evangelist of that name) forfeited $5 for cruelty to animals.

Jack Brown fined guilty to discharging firearms within the city limits. Sentence was suspended.

WHY HE DID IT.

Gentleman Rich Explains Why He Signed That Petition Asking for a Continuance.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 11, 1892.

Editor Evening News:

I notice in the *Tribune* a copy of a letter written by me to you last March, relative to our assistance in connection with yourself and members of the Chamber of Commerce in bring about a reduction of the freight rates by the railway companies into the Territory of Utah; also the signing of our names to a petition for the delay of an investigation by the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

We were approached by an agent of the railway company and asked for our signatures for a delay of the investigation, when we at once notified the party that we were on the other side with our full sympathy and that we stood wholly and solely with the Chamber of Commerce in this matter. The answer made, was that it was impossible to get the traffic managers of the different lines of the eastern connections to take action quick enough in this matter, and that a reduction of all rates was to be made at once into Colorado and Utah, so that result was brought about, that a new schedule of rates was to be brought into the Territory of Utah in compliance with our request. We thought it would be much better for the railway company to bring about these results in as amicable way, then it would be to force them, stating at the same time that they would have to apply for a continuance in extension of time, and that it would only antagonize them, and they would then concede only what they were forced to. If the extension was granted they would meet with an arbitrating committee of two members of the Territory and concede all points in justice to both parties. Under the above conditions and representations to me, I signed the petition for an extension of time. Hoping this will be satisfactory to you in the course I have taken and again reiterating the position I take relative to the welfare of the merchants of our city, I am, yours, etc.

H. B. RICH,

Manager People's Forwarding Co.

THE CLUTE SECURTAGE.

The Balance For the City School Board Still Withheld on Trust.

And now it transpires that ex-City Assessor and Collector Clute's shortage was larger than at first supposed. Further, that gentleman did not "make everything good" on Friday. In addition to the $2,000 which he turned over to the city there is due the city school board $1,000.78. The board held a meeting on Saturday night and instructed Clerk Morelen to make a formal demand for that amount of money. Mr. Clute promised to make the settlement today.

County Court Matters.

At the forenoon session of the County court Judge Barton presided, all present. Minutes of the last meeting read and approved.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Cox et al. for a division of the twenty-ninth school district, the Silverking was case. A petition by trustees of the twenty-ninth district to build a primary school in Forest Dale was filed. Cases signed by same persons. In consideration of the proposition of the trustees to build immediately a schoolhouse with two departments in Forest Dale, the petition for a division was denied, the petitioners under these circumstances not insisting upon their demand.

Petition of James Johnson et al. to set back into the twenty-ninth district was and referred to Selectmen Hardy and Barker.

The county clerk reported that he had credited the collector with $1,[illegible] on account of property sold to private judge for delinquent taxes. Order of approval made.

Order made that a committee be appointed to audit accounts of the collector, Hardy and Cahoon appointed.

The attorney reported that John W. Arnold has no legal control of his children now supported by the county.

John F. Schoeck applied for admission of Salome Fricker to Infirmary. He was sworn and examined. Order made admitting Salome Fricker to Infirmary.

Bills for repair houses approved in the case of Fritz Miller, Bingham, and Tunes & Wallace, Cottonwood.

Petition of John Davis for relief or remit of tax was presented. Order that the private judge issue a quit claim deed in favor of John Davis.

Omitted the tax roll of Bingham and Cottonwood county officers for 1892 be referred to Hardy and Butler.

Bills presented for bridge timbers referred to Selectmen Hardy.

Ordered that Cahoon and Butler be a committee to select three persons in each precinct as judges at the bond election.

Petition of Sixty-ninth School district to equal division of special school tax levied by Twenty-ninth district referred to county superintendent for his recommendation in the matter at next meeting.

The following was adopted: Whereas it is necessary to construct and complete the County Courthouse of Salt Lake County, known as the "Joint City and County Building," of said county and Salt Lake City, and to construct a new county poorhouse and infirmary, and establish a new poorhouse for said county, and purchase the grounds therefor, and to make other permanent county improvements, and the revenues afforded by reasonable taxation for the county court of said county considered, and they are hereby declared to be insufficient to do the same, and the sum of $250,000 over and above said revenue is necessary to effect said purpose.

Be it resolved by the county court of said county that under and in pursuance of the provisions of an act of the Territorial Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, entitled, "An act authorizing counties to issue bonds for the purpose of funding outstanding indebtedness and for other purposes," approved March 10, 1892, there be hereby called a special election which shall be held on the 15th day of August, 1892, and conducted in the manner prescribed by law for the election of county officers, at which special election there shall be submitted to the resident taxpayers of Salt Lake county the question, shall negotiable coupon bonds of Salt Lake county to the amount of $250,000, in the denomination of $1000 each, payable 20 years after date, redeemable ten years after date, and bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum be issued for the purpose of constructing the new county court house and a new poor house and infirmary and poor farm farm for Salt Lake county, and for making other county improvements.

The clerk was instructed to render a statement at next meeting and why omitted.

Clerk instructed to receive the money for special school taxes in hands of clerk of District court and have same paid into county treasury.

Another Mining Company.

Articles of incorporation of the Rockton Mining & Smelting company were filed with the county clerk today. The capital stock is $500,000 divided into 500,000 shares of the par value of one dollar each. The corporators are J. E. Foote, 10,000 shares; J. H. Grasteck, 500 shares; J. M. Kennedy, 500 shares; C. H. Dwyer, 500 shares; C. Silverwood, 500 shares; and S. R. Vance, 350,000 shares. The object and pursuit of this corporation shall be the mining and extracting, selling and concentrating of ores, and the buying, selling and leasing of mining property, etc. The principal place of business shall be Salt Lake City. The officers are J. M. Kennedy, president; J. E. Foote, vice-president; and S. R. Vance, secretary and treasurer.

A New Land Company.

Articles of incorporation of the Inter-Ocean Land Company were filed today with the county clerk. The principal place of business shall be in Salt Lake City, and the object to sell and improve real estate and make loans. The capital stock is $75,000 in shares of the par value of one dollar each. The corporators are Louis M. Ryee 50,000 shares, John M. Greer 10,000 shares, John W. Dawes 10,000 shares, Doris Hall 10,000 shares, W. A. Ryee 5,000 shares. The officers are W. A. Ryee, president, and L. M. Ryee, secretary and treasurer.

TODAY'S TELEGRAMS.

The Carnegie Laborers Feel the Impossibility of Resisting the Troops.

CASES OF LEPROSY DISCOVERED IN IDAHO.

The English Elections—The Cholera Epidemic—Other Items.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE LABOR TROUBLE.

A Series of Activity Around Armories of the Militia.

PITTSBURG, July 11.—There was a series of activity at the armories of the National Guards this morning. The men began marching early, though no official orders to move had been promulgated, and the men had to depend for their knowledge of the ordering out of troops, except what they had seen in the newspapers. This alone brought but two hundred men in uniform to the Fourteenth regiment armory. By 8 o'clock, crowds gathered around the armories of the Eighteenth and Fourteenth regiment and battery B to watch the assembling of soldiers. It is not expected that troops will move before late this afternoon. The men will take their day's rations and ammunition and proceed to Bidson, three miles below Homestead. The guards have been in uniform to date, and the Fourteenth regiment armory, by 8 o'clock, crowds gathered around the armories of the Eighteenth and Fourteenth regiment and battery B to watch the assembling of soldiers. It is not expected that troops will move before late this afternoon. The men will take their day's rations and ammunition and proceed to Bidson, three miles below Homestead. The guards have been in uniform to date. One company reached here this morning before the official order had been promulgated, orders well for a full complishment of men when the order to move arrives.

The action of the governor in entering on the militia made the strikers realize that the arrival of troops meant the end of their work. The striking boys have exercised over the town, and the committee of the Amalgamated Association appointed to go to Pittsburg at once extended. Frick of the Carnegie company to consent to some method of adjustment of the differences.

THE SOLDIERS WILL DO THEIR DUTY.

Quite a number of the members of the Fourteenth Regiment are anti-Weihert, but they declare they will do their duty as soldiers. It was nine o'clock, when the official order from General Wyble to Colonel Porterfield, the commanding officer of the Fourteenth regiment, was received to get the men in readiness at once. Colonel Porterfield was sick in bed, but his orders were delivered by telephone and at once brought to the captains of the various companies. Some seventy of activity followed at the Eighteenth regiment armory, with the assembling of a full regiment.

THE STRIKERS DO HAVE A CHANCE.

President Samuel Gompers of the Federation of Labor is this city, speaking of the Homestead trouble, said the strikers have a chance to win Carnegie steamed shortly after the war. It is probable that the Scranton will petition Congress to abrogate that clause in the tariff bill which the Senate Night be postponed until the Congressional investigation.

RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY.

PITTSBURG, July 11.—The Trades and Labor Council passed resolutions tendering the Homestead workmen "many physical and financial assistance, demanding the recall by the council of the secretaries of the Carnegie Iron company, and requesting the State to pass laws prohibiting the importation of Pinkertons into the State.

CHICAGO, July 11.—The trades assembly, Unity Valley, in session at Wheeling, W. Va., and Louisville passed resolutions tendering the Homestead workmen moral and financial support.

THE STRIKERS HAVE IN.

HOMESTEAD, July 11.—All quiet at Homestead. It has washed, which has a great significance among without long today. For the first time since the beginning of the great labor rebellion, the profession of a working man is not the law of the State of Pennsylvania and the right of individuals to work unmolested. The salutary effect of Governor Pattison's action in calling out the troops has already been remarked in the radical change the past six hours have wrought and great freedom is this morning practically unrestricted. It is true that now and then some overzealous individual assumes the right to stop persons as they step from the train, but the instances of rare and profound respect that would have yesterday been accorded such a person are signally wanting today. In one word quiet of a day, the strikers have fallen from the proud position of sovereigns, each man, in the lowly ranks of the proletariat. Great has been the fall, and there have been the victims of their reign. A casual visitor to Homestead this morning feels that he is under the protection of the stars and stripes and not of those of the State of Pennsylvania. The Burgess of Homestead is no longer a more important official than the governor.

WILD RUMORS.

For the most part, the recent riotes confined themselves to their homes this morning. There was but little talk on the streets. The scandals of the leaders has gone out and all, save those who sacrifice leadership among mankind, are obeying the behest of the governor to disband the militiamen as friends and brothers.

Early in the day there was a rumor to the effect that dynamite had been planted under the Carnegie mills, and that they would be blown to the sky before they should be occupied by non-unionists. Up at the Homestead, but these reports found no serious credence than the extravagant and very mysterious rumors of high explosives being placed under the tracks and bridges over which the militia must pass and that the avenging wrath of anarchy would descend upon this explosive song, before it could infest the city of Homestead. The public may look for no hostile demonstration.

WHAT THE FEELING IS.

The recognized leaders of the strikers are strongly opposed to such a course. Chairman Crawford of the strike committee, expressed the general sentiment in a meeting of that body, called early this morning, when the news was received that the governor had called out the militia. He said: "We can't fight the State of Pennsylvania, and if we could, we cannot fight the United States government as we must have to do, if we beat Pennsylvania. The work before us is to hold the men steady to prevent them from rushing against a state and that this will be well enough."

The question which agitates the men is whether the militia will assist the Carnegie company to put non-union men in the mills, and what shall they do? The general opinion is that the troops will put the Carnegie in possession of the mills and then either leaving the sheriff to run them. Then, if non-union men are put in, the sheriff can count on being able to drive them out.

WILL NOT WORK WITH THE STRIKERS.

PITTSBURG, July 11.—The committee of workmen who called on Frick of the Carnegie co. this afternoon were not from the thousands men, but from the many men of the Carnegie Co. who are working, and who called the company to assist with the strikers. The request was refused on the ground that the interviewers asked possession of the company's property and protection to workers, for which they must answer to the district attorneys.

Relief Fund for the Amalgamated Soldiers.

LONDON, July 11.—A relief fund for the soldiers of the St. John fire will be opened in this city, and will be heavily supported by the citizens.

Democrats not Alarmed.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 11.—There is much consternation among the leading Democrats of the state over the action of the State Democratic convention in endorsing the People's party sentiment.

The Democracy of the Fifth Congressional district has issued a call to all citizens Democrats to assemble at Harrington on July 20th, to put a full ticket in the field. Other districts are meeting in similar manner. It is believed there will be a good representation at Harrington. The Democrats of the seventh (Jerry Simpson) district are preparing to gird up a machine against him.

The Free Coinage Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Representatives Bryan, of Pennsylvania, in behalf of the minority of the House coinage committee has prepared a draft of a report in opposition to the free coinage bill. The report will be submitted to other members of the minority for approval today. The chief points where the report will stand against the bill are that it is exceedingly coarse and clumsy in structure and contains in effect, that the report of the committee with the bill, the discrediting of $100,000,000 treasury notes outstanding and that the notes will still be available for purchase and that is the argument for the opponents of the measure, the desire of the people to get rid of these be evidenced by the fact that nearly half of the outstanding notes issued in New York and month were sent in such notes will lead to the rapid contraction of currency; that there is no call in the Sherman act authorizing the description of that purchased with silver or with notes, that the passage of the bill will cause the hoard of silver dollars now in the treasury to be converted into dollars and that the passage of the bill will cause the greater part of the silver