DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XVIII. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 9, 1884. NO. 15.

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SOAPS
Are undoubtedly the very best in the market. If you have any doubt as to this fact, try the Soaps and you will be convinced. They are made of the finest materials and prepared skillfully.
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Is now celebrated all over the country, and is in every respect strictly first class. It is easy on the hands and lasts wonderfully when being used.
We also make the following well known brands, all of which are highly recommended
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Samples of any of our Soaps always furnished when desired.
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Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for
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POLISHED OR BLUED,
Will hold a shoe on Longer than any other. We guarantee our Nails to be Equal in Quality and Durability to any made.
Made from the Best Norway Iron, Finished Already to drive, by the
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For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores. d103 1y

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Wholesale Manufacturers of
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SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY.
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Manufacturers of and Dealers in
LOOKING GLASSES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
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109 Duane St., New York.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON SAIL DUCK, "Woodberry," Druid Mills, "POLHEMUS" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.
DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GREY
COTTON CANVASS of all numbers—14 to 150 inches wide, for Deck, Car, Trunk and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and for other purposes, constantly in store and made to order.
Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity.
These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

Ask for the Corrugated Stove Pipe Elbow. It gives the Best Satisfaction and meets with Quick Sales.
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BRASS & PLATED WORK FOR WATER, GAS & STEAM.
JOBBERS IN
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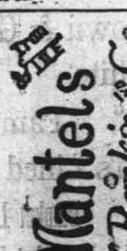

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We are now selling our favorite Beer in
Four and Eight Gallon Kegs,
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At $1.75 and $3.50 Each
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Orders will be promptly attended to and delivery made to any part of the City.
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UNDERTAKER of UTAH.
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THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT I have not changed my place of business, neither have I any connection with any other firm; but can be found night or day at the old stand to promptly and efficiently fill all orders entrusted to my care. Telegraph Orders answered by return train.
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THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

XLVIII CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 8.—When the chair laid before the Senate the naval appropriation bill, recently passed by the House, Hale explained that it was a mere renewal, for the coming half year, of the lump appropriation made last year.

Mitchell read a letter from General Grant relating to the bill recently introduced to give him a pension. General Grant expresses the hope that the bill will be withdrawn, as under no circumstances, could he accept the pension, even if the bill passed both Houses and received the approval of the President. Mitchell stated that he introduced the bill because he was chairman of the committee on pensions, and the President had recommended a pension for General Grant. He (Mitchel) had always felt that Gen. Grant ought to be placed where he was when, to accept the presidency, he laid down the great office he won in the war. In deference to General Grant's wishes, Mitchell withdrew the bill.

A message being received from the House announcing the non-concurrence of that body in the Senate amendments to the bill forfeiting the unearned lands granted the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, the Senate insisted on its amendments and ordered a committee of conference. The Chair appointed as such committee, Morgan, Blair and Plumb.

Bills introduced and referred.

By Blair—For the appropriation of $50,000 to promote the colored people's World's Exposition to be held in Chicago in September, 1885.

By Ingalls—To amend the revised statutes so as to make the day of inauguration of a President of the United States a legal holiday in the District of Columbia.

Allison submitted a joint resolution, which passed, extending the time fixed for the submission of the report of the joint commission appointed to consider the organization of the signal service and other bureaus of the government.

Dolph called up the bill reported from the committee on railroads last session, providing for the incorporation of the Spokane Falls and Cœur d'Alene Railroad Company in the Territories of Washington and Idaho.

Harrison criticised the bill as covering a class of legislation properly belonging to the Territories From the number of branches provided for by the bill, he thought it likely the company could monopolize all the passes through the mountains, and it seemed the company could secure lands enough to absorb the public domain, as well as the railroads in the Territories named.

Dolph defended the bill as containing only the customary provisions.

Platt said it had come to be the fashion of the United States to build roads without any cash capital, and that fashion of building railroads on paper was working infinite mischief. When the railroads were so built, the people were taxed twice as much for fares and freights as they would be if the road were built for cash—in order that the roads may pay dividends on the amount of their capital stock.

Vest inquired if W. H. Armstrong—named in the bill as one of the incorporators—was a railroad commissioner of the United States.

Dolph replied that he did not know.

The amendments proposed by Harrison were agreed to, cutting off companies' right to consolidate with other roads or build branches. Further consideration was postponed by limitation of time.

After executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 8.—Kelfer, from the committee on appropriations, reported the military academy appropriation bill. Referred.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Postmaster-General asking an appropriation of $100,000 for the railroad postal car service for the remainder of the current fiscal year. Referred.

Bills introduced and referred:

By Townsend—Proposing a constitutional amendment providing that treaties shall be made by and with the consent of the House as well as of the Senate.

By Buckner—To suspend the coinage of standard dollars.

The Speaker said, under the rules, the bill should be referred to the committee on coinage, weights and measures.

Buckner asked that the bill be referred to the committee on banking and currency.

The bill was referred as indicated by the Speaker.

By Robinson of New York—For the restoration of inaugural ceremonies to Jeffersonian republican simplicity.

By Cox of New York—A resolution requesting the opinion of the Attorney General whether the provisions of the eight-hour law, apply to letter carriers.

The House resumed consideration of the inter-State commerce bill.

Findley advocated the bill of the committee, especially the section providing for a commission.

O'Neil of Pennsylvania said the railroad companies desired proper legislation, and had sought it in the State Legislatures of the various States, which had laws regulating railroad transportation, and he could not see why Congress should seek to bring into the hands of the National Government the control of these corporations. He favored a commission only for the purpose of obtaining information.

Warren of Ohio maintained that the time had come when the general government should assume the regulation of inter-State traffic on railroads. Unreasonable preference to certain shippers and unjust discrimination against others was a most crying evil perpetrated by railroad companies, and steps should be taken to eradicate that evil.

Rockwell and Rice opposed the Reagan substitute.

Pending further discussion, the matter went over, and,

The Senate joint resolution passed, extending until the first Monday in January the time within which the joint committee appointed to inquire into the conduct of the coast and geodetic surveys, signal office, etc., may report.

Adjourned.

AMERICAN.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

A BILL TO SECURE SECRECY OF THE BALLOT.

BUCKNER'S BILL TO SUSPEND COINAGE OF SILVER.

THIEVES STEAL HORSES FROM A POSSE IN PURSUIT.

A PERSISTENT POISONER.

Secret Ballots.

WASHINGTON, 8.—A bill was introduced in the House to-day by Beach to maintain the secrecy of the ballot in the election of Representatives and Delegates in Congress. It provides for a separate uniform ballot upon which candidates are to be voted for. The quality of paper and size of type are specified and general provision is made that all ballots must be the same in outward appearance. One important change in the existing law is made in respect to what is a legal ballot. Section 27 of the Revised Statutes provides that all votes for Representatives must be written or printed ballots, and nullifies all votes which are not so cast.

Beach's bill permits the ballot to be printed or written, or partly printed and partly written. The bill also requires that all Representatives and Delegates shall be voted for upon separate ballots. A violation of any of the provisions of the bill is declared a misdemeanor and punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both.

Supreme Court Decisions.

WASHINGTON, 8.—In the Supreme Court to-day decisions wese rendered in the Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company, plaintiff in error, against Duane O. Ross. This was a suit brought by the engineer of a gravel train against the company to recover damages for injuries sustained by him in a collision with a freight train, due to the carelessness of the conductor of the latter train. The court below charged the jury that if, in their opinion, the accident was caused by the negligence of the conductor of the freight train, and without the contribution of any negligence on the part of the plaintiff, the railway company was liable, because the relation of superior and inferior officers was created by the company, as between the two, in the operation of its trains, and they were not, within the reason of the law, fellow servants engaged in the same common employment. This court holds that the charge was correct, and the judgment of the circuit court is affirmed.

In the Supreme Court to-day a decision was rendered in the so-called head money cases of the Cunard Steamship Company and others, against Wm. H. Robertson, collector of the port of New York. These cases all involve the same question, viz.: The constitutionality of the act of Congress entitled: "An act to regulate emigation," by which collectors are required to collect from the master, owner or consignee of every vessel arriving from foreign ports, 50 cents for every passenger brought into a port of the United States who is not a citizen, such sums to be used for the benefit and care of immigrants and for regular immigration. The court holds that the statute is valid and constitutional, and that so far as its provisions may be found to be in conflict with any treaty with foreign nations, the statute must prevail in all judicial courts of this country. The judgment of the Circuit Court sustaining the law is affirmed in all cases.

Decision was also rendered in the railroad land case of the Kansas Pacific Railway Company, appellant, against the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company—a suit involving title to 2,000 acres of land in Waubaunze and Osage counties, Kansas Pacific Company, under the acts of Congress of 1862 and 1864, and by compliance with all their provisions in the construction of its road, acquired title to the lands, and has, accordingly, the right to record evidence of it in the form of a patent. The decree of the court below is, therefore, reversed, and the case remanded, with directions to enter a decree adjudging title to the lands in controversy to the Kansas Pacific Company, and that the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Company execute conveyance of its claim and interest therein.

Decision was also rendered in the cases of the United States, appellant, against Wm. H. Emery, and same appellant against J. H. North, brought here from the Court of Claims, which involves the question whether officers of the regular army and navy who served out their engagements or were honorably discharged in the Mexican war are entitled to three month's extra pay. This court holds that they are entitled to such pay, and affirms the decision of the Court of Claims. The number of officers affected by this decision is four or five hundred.

The President has notified the managers of the New Orleans Exposition that it will be impossible for him to leave Washington to attend the opening of the exposition on the 16th, but hoped to be able to visit the exposition during January.

The President has appointed O. V. Stealys, W. G. Nichols and W. W. Burhans a committee to examine the completed portion of the Southern Pacific Railroad of California.

Gen. Foster, United States Minister to Spain, arrived in Washington this morning and presented the Secretary of State with a copy of the treaty entered into between Spain and the United States.

The nomination of Hugh McCulloch as Secretary of the Treasury was favorably reported from the Senate committee on finance to-day, but Senator Riddleberger objected to present consideration, and under the rules it went over to the next executive session.

Representative Morrison's bill to amend the statutes in relation to the immediate transportation of dutiable goods, introduced to-day, provides for the amendment of the statutes so the regulations governing inland transportation shall apply to the baggage of the traveling public.

Bill to Suspend Coinage of Silver

WASHINGTON, 8. — Representative Buckner, chairman of the committee on banking and currency, will introduce to-morrow the following bill to suspend the coinage of the silver dollar:

SECTION 1.—That so much of the act entitled, "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and restore its legal tender character," as authorizes and directs the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase, from time to time, silver bullion at the market price thereof—not less than two million dollars worth per month, and not more than four million dollars worth per month—and cause the same to be coined monthly, as fast as so purchased, into standard silver dollars, and which appropriates, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum sufficient to carry out said provision as to the coinage of standard silver, be and the same is hereby suspended for the term of three years from the 4th of March, 1885.

Daring Theft.

KITTANING, Pa., 8.—Thieves entered the general supply store of R. & G. Mechling, in East Franklin township, early Saturday morning, and, after chloroforming and binding Ross Mechling, took $500 in money, and, with a horse and wagon stolen from the stable, carried away several hundred dollars' worth of goods. On recovering from the effects of the chloroform, Mechling came to Kittaning, and, with a posse of ten men, heavily armed, under command of Deputy Sheriff Henry, started in pursuit of the robbers, who were traced to Glad Run, where they were hiding. The pursuers fired several shots, but the outlaws outwitted them by taking refuge in a deserted house and escaping through the back window. The sheriff's posse then dismounted and left their horses in charge of D. W. Hill, while they scoured the country for the robbers. When they came back they found the horses gone and the guard bound and gagged. During their absence the robbers had returned, and, after making Hill a prisoner, mounted the horses and rode away. Another posse is searching the thickets to-day.

Ways that are Dark

NEW YORK, 8.—The third elopement within a week from within a small radius in Suffolk county, Long Island, took place yesterday. The wife of Ephraim Arch, a wealthy farmer and earnest church-goer of Quogue, ran away with a negro. Mrs. Arch was not a regular church attendant, and objected to her husband's spending so much time about church and away from her. When Mr. Arch returned from service yesterday he found a card which his wife had written. She had heard of "Dominio Down's wife's elopement, and she saw no reason why she could not elope with the man she loved." Of course Arch was beside himself with rage and mortification, and his feelings were not eased when told that his wife had gone with a "nigger." "It's awful to think that Mary should have eloped with a nigger," he said, "but she will be as happy with him as with a white man. I never want to see her again." Mrs. Arch leaves three children aged respectively 12, 9 and 7 years.

U. S. Products Free From Duty.

Tariff "B"—Articles of the product of the United States which shall be admitted into Cuba exempt from duty: Beer, fresh meats, bacon, fruits, fish, shell-fish, grain and other cereals, excepting rice, flour of cereals other than rice, lard, swine, beef, cheese, eggs and bread, woods of all kinds, staves, timber, pipes, boxes of wood, cattle, sheep and goats, hogs, stones and earth employed in construction and in arts and industries, clay, tiles, brick and tiles unglazed, hides and undressed skins, minerals or metal coins of silver and gold, useful tools, agricultural implements, agricultural apparatus, industrial and scientific motors of all call classes and materials and separate parts of the same, raw cotton and hemp flax, jute and all other raw vegetable fibers, wools, hogs' hair, raw horsehair, asphalt, refined bitumen, tar, pitch and rosin, petroleum raw or crude, mineral and vegetable coal, mineral waters, trees, plants, vine shoots and seeds, natural and artificial manures, marble, jasper, alabaster in blocks and sheets, rough or prepared, other stones and earth employed in construction, minerals and metals, mineral waters, ice, cast iron in pigs, and all forms of waste steel and iron, cast iron in tubes, the same manufactured, malleable iron and steel in bars, and all classes of wire in copper and iron, nails, screws, rivets, wrought iron tubes, wire guage, unmanufactured.

Tariff "C"—Substances used in chemical industries—drugs, samples, seeds of cotton and all oleaginous products of the same except oils; tanning liquids, grease and all other animal oily substances, unmanufactured, not comprised in this tariff.

Class "D"—Cotton and its manufactured forms, raw cotton with or without seeds.

Class "E"—Other vegetable fibres and their manufactured forms; hemp, flax, jute, and other raw vegetable fibres.

The Trans-Continental Roads.

CHICAGO, 8.—The Trans-Continental Association freight departments met here to-day to consider the question of through rates from seaboard to seaboard for the next year. To-day's business was confined to that portion of territory directly covered by the lines of the association, to-wit: Between the Pacific Coast and the Missouri River. To-morrow consultation will be held with roads between the Missouri River and Chicago, and Wednesday they will leave for New York to consult with roads between Chicago and the Atlantic seaboard.

Arbitrator Tucker, of the Trans-Continental Association, to-day announced his award of percentages, both passenger and freight, as follows:

Railroads	Passenger Percentage.	Freight Percentage
Central Pacific	21.4	19.5
Union Pacific	20.6	18.8
Southern Pacific	17.6	20.2
A. T. & S. F.	16.6	14.0
Atlantic & Pacific	9.0	8.8
Denver & Rio Grande	4.0	3.2
Burlington & Missouri	3.8	4.3
Kansas Pacific	3.5	5.0
G., H. & S.	3.4	6.0

It is reliably stated that J. H. Hiland, general passenger agent of the Chicago St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha road has accepted the position of referee and arbitrator of the new Missouri river passenger pool.

Poisoned by a Sister Who Suicides'

CHICAGO, 8.—A telegram from Whitewater yesterday said: Miss Annie Hoxan of that place, died suddenly, under circumstances indicating that she had been poisoned; that about three years before, her father, mother and sister died within a short time of each other, under similar circumstances; that, though it had created considerable talk, nothing was done. This was revived by Annie's death, and to settle the question definitely, her stomach was sent to a chemist for analysis. The deaths of all are surrounded by a complete mystery, no one being suspected. To-night the *Inter-Ocean* has a dispatch from Fort Atkinson, where the family formerly lived, and were much respected. The dispatch says a report was received there from Whitewater that the third sister, Miss Nettie, died there to-day of poison, making the fifth member of the family; that in this case it was suicide, and that before her death she confessed to having murdered her parents and two sisters. It is also asserted that she confessed to poisoning another person, though this is doubted. No cause assigned. Her own death was brought about by fear of exposure through analysis of her sister's stomach. Nettie was a school-teacher, and has two sisters still living at Fort Atkinson.

FOREIGN.

COMMERCIAL TREATY WITH SPAIN.

THE WAR WITH CHINA.

THE SITUATION IN THE SOUDAN.

Commercial Treaty with Spain.

MADRID, 8.—The text of the new treaty with Spain, negotiated by Minister Foster, is as follows:

Article 1. The United States of America, in reciprocity for concessions and privileges stipulated for by Spain in the present treaty, and as an equivalent for the same, agree to admit into all ports of entry of said States, free of import duties, or with duties to which they are subjected in the accompanying tariff, marked "A," all articles or merchandise enumerated in the same, provided always that said articles or merchandise be transported directly from the said isles to the United States in bottoms which shall be the exclusive property of citizens of the United States or of Spanish citizens, and whose officers shall be respectively citizens of the United States or of Spain. If, during the existence of this treaty, any reduction is made in the import duties of the United States upon any article or articles among those enumerated in the tariff upon which duties are imposed, the duties of said tariff "A" shall be proportionately reduced upon said article.

Article 2. Spain, in reciprocity concessions and privileges stipulated for by the United States in the present treaty, and as an equivalent of the same, agrees to admit into all ports of entry of the Spanish Isles and provinces of Cuba and Porto Rico, free of import duties or with duties imposed in the annexed tariffs "B" and "C" respectively, all articles and merchandise enumerated in said tariffs: provided always that the articles enumerated in said tariffs "B" and "C" shall be the natural products or the products of industries or manufactures of the United States; and, furthermore, that said articles or merchandise shall be transported directly from the United States to said island in bottoms which shall be the exclusive property of Spanish citizens or citizens of said United States, and whose officers shall be respectively Spanish citizens or citizens of said United States. If, during the existence of this treaty, any reduction is made in the third column of the customs tariff of Cuba or Porto Rico, or in the column in force, in case said third column shall be replaced by another in regard to any article or articles of those named in tariffs "B" and "C," upon which duties are imposed the duties of said tariffs "B" and "C" upon said articles shall be proportionately reduced.

Tariff "A"—Articles and products of the provinces of Cuba and Porto Rico to be admitted into the United States on the following conditions:

Free From Duty.

Horses, cocoa, coffee, fish, fruit fruits, cotton, hemp, flax, hides, skins undressed, analine and mineral dyes, palm oil, sugars not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, loaves of crystallized syrup of sugarcane, malador molasses, seeds, woods, cast iron, eggs, honey, wax, sponges, bones, guano manure, cocoa, horse hair, rushes, coiners, straw, coins of gold or silver.

Subject to Duty.

Cigars, cigarettes and becueros, $1.25 per pound, 12½ per cent ad valorem; tobacco leaves, requiring more than 100 to the pound, if having stems, 37 cents per pound; without stems, 37 cents per pound; tobacco, manufactured, of every kind, and tobacco without stems, 20 cents per pound; snuff, powdered tobacco, 25 cents per pound; tobacco, not manufactured, 15 per cent ad valorem.

Sec. 2. That immediately after the taking effect of this act, the President shall open correspondence with the governments of Great Britain, Germany and members of the Latin Union, so-called, and with such other European and American governments as he may deem advisable, and urge upon them the desire of the government and people of the United States for the establishment of common rates between gold and silver, and by an international agreement securing the fixity of the relative money value between those metals; and whenever any three European governments, including Great Britain, shall concur in the importance and propriety of such international agreement, the President is directed to invite a conference at such time and place as may be agreed upon by the delegates from the said several governments of Europe and America.

Sec. 3. The President is authorized to direct any three American ministers accredited to the courts of Europe to represent the United States in such a conference, or he may, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint not more than three special commissioners to attend said conference, who shall be paid the same compensation as provided in the act of February 28th, 1878; and the amount necessary to pay said compensation reasonable expenses of such commission is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

The French Deputies.

PARIS, 8.—The Senate passed the Senatorial reform bill, as drafted by the committee—136 yeas to 24 nays. The Chamber of Deputies discussed the public worship estimate bill.

Le Pere, Vice-President of the Chamber, demanded the suppression of the worship budget.

Trappel denied that the Chambers possessed the right to take such a step, which would be equivalent to a denunciation of the concordat.

Vice-President Le Pere's demand to negative the first clause of the bill was then carried—378 to 140. Subsequently the bill was adopted, notwithstanding the objections of Martin Feuillo to the proposal of the committee to reduce the salaries of bishops and archbishops.

Operations in Tonquin.

Hongkong, 8.—Reports reached here that fresh encounters have occurred in Tonquin between the Chinese and French. The Chinese were defeated and forced to retreat. The Chinese military authorities are preparing to throw a large force across the frontier into Tonquin. The French blockade of the Island of Formosa is only nominal. The French fleet is anchored at Kelung, where trade with other ports goes on as usual.

Affairs in Soudan.

Dongola, 8.—A messenger who reached here yesterday from Kartoum says an officer sent by General Gordon to capture Sheudy shelled the inhabitants out of the place and took many prisoners; also, that small parties of rebels make daily attacks on Khartoum, but are invariably repulsed with heavy loss. The Mahdi, he says, fears to make open attack, on the grounds that it would result in great slaughter to his followers.

Bill Nye, Josh Billings, and other humorous writers, have contributed their best efforts to the ST. JACOBS OIL FAMILY CALENDAR, 1884-5. The same can be had by inclosing a two-cent postage stamp to the SUPPLY DEPARTMENT, THE CHARLES A. VOGELER COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD.

Gentle Women
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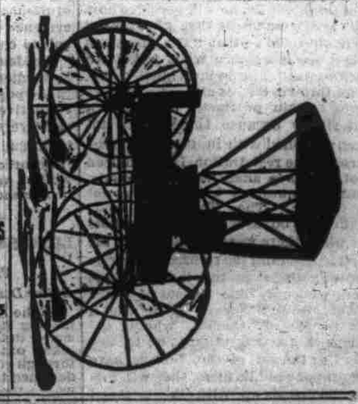

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