

THE CATTLE STEALING CASE.—Arthur McCabe, Charles Crawford and Jacob Jones, the three men arrested in City Creek canyon, by Sheriff Brown of Weber County, and officers Hampton and Phillips, of this city, on Monday, on a charge of stealing a number of cattle, were examined before Justice Clinton to-day.

Mr. Andrews was the first witness. He was a resident of Bear River Valley, and was a dealer in stock. Had nine head stolen from him between the 12th and the 16th. He discovered his loss on the latter date. He started out in search of the animals. He struck the trail of the prisoners on the 18th, about four miles from his house. Learned at Laketown that the prisoners had passed through that place going southward and followed them up according to information he received, as far as Ogden, where he lost track of them and the cattle. He placed himself in communication with Sheriff Brown. The latter came down to Salt Lake. Witness received a telegram from Mr. Brown, requesting him to come to the latter place and he came accordingly, and found eight head of the cattle stolen from him, and also found a yoke of oxen belonging to Milligan and Brooks which had been left in his charge by the latter. The animals were in the Tithing corral when he found them.

By the defense—McCabe and a man named Williams visited his place last fall and left thirty-five head of cattle for witness to ranch. They afterwards came when he was away and took the cattle, leaving a written notice to the effect that they had done so. The notice was signed by Williams. He kept the cattle about six weeks, and two animals were left for ranching them. The witness gave a description of the cattle which he alleged to have been stolen from him. Those cattle stolen from him were not a portion of those thirty head given into his charge.

Sheriff Brown.—From information received from Mr. Andrews he visited this city. Mr. Andrews described McCabe and Crawford and also the stock which he said had been stolen from him. He learned that the prisoners and the cattle were in City Creek canyon, and that the latter had been offered for sale. Officers Hampton and Phillips and himself went up the canyon, found the accused and also the cattle. The cattle were then driven to the Tithing Office corral. Mr. Andrews went to the latter place and picked out eight head of the cattle, belonging to him, and two head, belonging to Milligan & Brooks. The witness was acquainted with stock raising and would have no difficulty in recognizing cattle, even when they were not branded.

When he was talking with McCabe about the stock in City Creek canyon, the latter picked up his pistol. Witness seized the pistol and scabbard and McCabe drew the pistol, when witness seized it by the cylinder. Mr. Hampton then leveled his pistol on McCabe and the latter yielded, and the three men were arrested.

Messrs. Hampton and Phillips' testimony corroborated that of Sheriff Brown, so far as the circumstances attending the arrest were concerned.

McCabe made a statement, in which he claimed that the stock claimed by Andrews were his property, being part of those left with Andrews last fall by himself and Williams. The latter, he said, had driven the cattle away from Andrews' ranch and left them in the hills, and the animals he had taken were steers, which had returned to Andrews' place. Crawford and Jones were merely employed by him (McCabe) and had no interest in the cattle.

In answer to questions by the Court, McCabe said there was no definite agreement between himself, Crawford and Jones regarding the amount of pay the two latter were to receive.

After arguments of counsel for the prosecution and defense, Justice Clinton summed up the evidence and held the three men accused in \$1,000 bonds each, to answer at the next regular sitting of the Probate Court of Salt Lake County, to any charge that may be preferred against them by the grand jury, and in default to be committed to jail.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, JUNE 23.

BIG FIRE in the West Mountains.

IRON LAMP POSTS going up about town.

THE STREET CARS are running along First South Street as far as the east side of the 12th Ward.

SOTHERN is playing in California. Wonder if he will call at Salt Lake on his return. He plays "Dundreary," which is a very different thing to burlesquing it.

FOR LOGAN.—President Brigham Young, George A. Smith, a number of the Quorum of the Twelve Apostles, and other leading Elders left for Logan, by the morning train to-day, where they purpose holding three days' meetings.

TABERNACLE CHOIR EXCURSION.—The members of the Tabernacle Choir and their friends, several hundred strong, started, "pleasure bent," for Lake Side this morning. Doubtless they have been enjoying a most "sportive" and "festive" time.

SUDDEN.—Immediately after leaving the Justice's court this morning, where he appeared as counsel for the prosecution in the Haskins-Wall Perjury case, Judge F. M. Smith was seized with sudden indisposition, and had to return to the City Hall building to rest awhile. He felt better in a short time, and it is to be hoped his indisposition is only of a temporary character.

THE RED WOLF.—The result of an assay, by Selby and Gunter, of ore from the Red Wolf mine, Tintic, owned by the Lafayette Mining Co., is thus given—silver, 143 70-100 ounces, value \$192.30; lead, 54 1/2 per cent., value \$27.37; total value, \$219.67. The mine is owned principally by old residents, which speaks well for their enterprise.

PICNIC.—The Thirteenth Ward Sunday School children and their parents purpose having a gala day at Lindsey's gardens to-morrow. They will leave the Assembly Rooms at 8 a.m., and it is expected that each member of the Ward will lend a helping hand towards making an interesting time for the juveniles. These having teams and vehicles are invited to use them in conveying the children to and from the gardens. Nothing like encouraging the little ones.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.—The U. C. railroad bridge, over Haight's Creek, between Farmington and Kaysville, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. It was between fifty and sixty feet long. A large force of hands were immediately sent to the spot to build a new bridge, and arrangements were made, in the meantime, to transfer passengers, baggage, &c., so that but little delay has been caused to passenger trains.

Provo, June 25.—The widow of Judge E. L. Brown, of Sacramento, was buried to-day. She was with the "Mormon Battalion."

The body of a man was found in Provo River, this afternoon. He had been dead several days. He was about twenty-five years old, medium height, light complexion. The body has not been identified. An inquest was held by coroner Jones.

W. H. DUSENBERRY.

NO TOWN COMMENCED.—Marshal McAllister and Captain Andrew Burt visited the proposed site of the prospective new mining town, in City Creek canyon, yesterday. They did not discover, however, that anybody had commenced to put up any buildings there yet. On their way back to the city they were tipped into the creek, down a bank about twelve feet high. They were unhurt, but received a thorough wetting.

THE HASKINS-WALL PERJURY CASE.—This case was before Justice Clinton, for examination, this morning, F. M. Smith for the prosecution and R. N. Baskin for the defendant.

Mr. Smith stated that several important witnesses for the prosecution were absent, but so far as the witnesses were present he was prepared to proceed with the case, after which it could be continued until the arrival of Dr. Congar, whose testimony would have a most important bearing upon the case.

The Court said it was likely that there would be a thorough examination of this case, and that there would necessarily be a large number of witnesses. He would prefer, therefore, that the case should not be proceeded with piecemeal, but that the investigation go right along, which would enable him to recollect all the testimony.

Further hearing of the case was continued till the 7th day of August, at which time Dr. Congar was expected to be in this city.

Col. Wall was released on his own recognizances.

THE EMIGRANTS.—The Nevada company of Saints, about 240 in number, in charge of Elder Charles H. Wilcken, arrived in this city about two o'clock. They reached Ogden yesterday afternoon at five o'clock, but were unable to come down the same evening, in consequence of the bridge near Kaysville having been burned down. We learn from Elder Wilcken that the company had a most prosperous journey all the way. The weather was favorable during the whole voyage across the Atlantic, and, being cool, was conducive to health. The time occupied in making the entire trip was twenty-one days. No deaths occurred, the people, almost without exception, enjoying excellent health. There was one birth on shipboard, which occurred the second day out from Liverpool.

Elder Wilcken left this city to go on his mission two years ago, the 2d day of last May. He labored in Germany and Switzerland the first fifteen months after his arrival in Europe, and the balance of the time in England, as President of the Birmingham Conference. He has enjoyed good health all of the time, excepting when he had the smallpox, and has also enjoyed his labors very much. He brings with him, from Germany, his mother, brother and three nieces.

Elders Jas. G. Bleak and Wm. Lewis arrived with this company. The former has been laboring in the *Millennial Star* office, and the latter as President of the Welsh district.

AGRICULTURAL.—The crops throughout the Territory are likely to be very heavy the coming season and it is probable, in consequence, that grain will be very cheap. To make farming anything like profitable the farmers will have to economize pretty closely to raise and get their products off the ground at as small an outlay as possible. Where much manual labor has to be engaged it is very difficult for farmers to realize any but meagre profits from their land. For instance, if a man is compelled to engage hired help on his farm, he has to pay probably from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day for it. Now say that wheat should be as low the coming season as fifty cents per bushel, he has, it will be seen, to pay, for each day's work done on his farm by a hired man, equivalent to from three to five bushels of wheat. It will be seen from this that by engaging much hired help the farmer could soon consume nearly his entire crop, and have little or nothing of the products of his farm left for himself.

Labor is expensive as well as being frequently difficult to obtain, and seeing that this is so, a very important question that should be considered by the farmers is that of "Labor-saving Machinery versus Manual Labor." Those who have adopted the labor-saving machinery and dispensed, so far as practicable, with hired help generally, we might say universally, say that they have found this course by far the most pleasant and profitable. It may be urged by some that they are too poor to purchase machinery with which to work their farms, but this objection can easily be set aside. Where one man is too poor to purchase suitable agricultural implements and machinery, from four to a dozen, or as many as necessary, can co-operate to make the necessary purchases, and where the machines are of an extra expensive character settlements can combine for their purchase.

C. M. I., who are prepared to supply every implement or machine necessary for the cultivation of the soil are ready to accommodate purchasers by giving them easy and reasonable terms.

Farmers, who are intending to purchase or not, when in town, should not fail to visit and take a look through the machinery and wagon department, which is under the immediate supervision of H. W. Naisbitt, Esq., H. B. Clawson, Esq., Superintendent of C. M. I. has had a large number of improvements made in this department, in the erection of large buildings, &c., to keep the stock under cover. In addition to those recently completed, still another building, forty feet square, fronting east, and parallel with the Constitution Building, will soon be put up.

Now if farmers will go through that department they will be surprised at the number of improved implements and machinery there are for agricultural purposes, and how farming can be made easy, and much more profitable than it is generally thought it can be made.

In this department there are implements and machinery used in every stage of farming, from preparing the ground for the crops to the taking of them off, and even to grinding the grain into flour, for there are plows, harrows, cultivators, reapers and mowers, thrashers, grist mills—turbine wheels for water-power or machinery for steam-power mills, &c.

Mr. Naisbitt and his assistants, Messrs. R. F. Neslen and J. Currie, take pains to show farmers and others the stock and explain to them the uses of the various implements and machines.

The wagon division of this department is also well supplied with every description of vehicle, including the "Studebaker," "Whitewater," and "Bain" wagons, and every kind of carriage, buggy, &c.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, JUNE 27.

AT OGDEN.—The *Junction* says Madam Bishop will sing to the Ogdenites after leaving Salt Lake City.

NEW TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—We learn from Superintendent A. M. Musser, that the Deseret Telegraph Company have opened an office at L. van, Juab Co.

THE STREET RAILS are pushing along First South street through the 14th Ward. They will soon be at the foot of the bench east, judging by the rate they are going down.

BORN.—To Susannah, wife of William Pead, at Randolph, Bear River Valley, June 4th, a son.

Millennial Star, please copy.

COAL FOR CAMP.—Mr. John W. Snell informs us that he has obtained the contract for the delivery of 2000 tons of Excelsior coal at Camp Douglas, from the R. R. depot in this city, hauling to commence next week.

PRESENT.—We understand that Miss M. E. Cook, principal of the intermediate department of the University, was yesterday, unexpectedly to her, presented, by her pupils, with a fine present, in the shape of a handsome desk, gold pens, &c.

MARRIED.—In this city, June 23rd, 1873, by Prest. D. H. Wells, Mr. Alfred J. Ridges and Miss Mary A. Morris, both of this city.

We wish the couple a happy and prosperous journey through life.

AT LINDSEY'S.—The Sunday School children of the 5th and 6th Wards had a good time at Lindsey's gardens yesterday. Brother S. L. Evans is the Superintendent of the school, which is in good condition. The children of the 13th Ward are at the gardens to-day.

DESERET UNIVERSITY.—To-day's exercises closed the academical year of this institution. The recitations in the primary and intermediate departments, in charge of Miss M. E. Cook, were very creditable. In the advanced department classes were taught during the last term in elocution, geometry, botany, geology, mineralogy, composition and rhetoric, Latin, German, higher algebra, and in civil government.

SKETCHING TRIP.—Messrs. Alfred Lambourne and Reuben Kirkwood will leave the city to-morrow for the purpose of visiting Parley's, Echo, and Silver Creek Canyons, and also Bear River Valley, for the purpose of taking sketches for future paintings. Both these gentlemen are studios and therefore progressive young artists.

ANOTHER COAL DISCOVERY.—James L. Thompson informs us, by letter, that since the discovery of a bed of coal in Kanarra Mountain, another extensive deposit has been discovered in the same region, but a little nearer Kanarra settlement. It is situated at the head of West Fork, Shurt's Creek Canyon. The vein is from eight to nine feet thick, and a shaft or tunnel sixty feet deep has been dug into it, and very good coal has been obtained from it. A passable road for teams has also been constructed to it. The mine has been named, by its discoverer, the "P or Man."

At Kanarra there is good prospect for crops, the co-operative store is doing a good business and the condition of the people is generally prosperous.

THE POCHE SWINDLE.—Every now and then we hear complaints concerning what is generally termed "the Poché swindle." We refer to the nefarious custom of demanding from every man who enters that town from Utah with a team and wagon, for the purpose of trading, a tax, or whatever it may be called, of from fifteen to twenty dollars in gold. Lawyers who have been consulted upon this matter state that no such tax could be legally enforced and that it is an unqualified imposition. This is by no means the only style of blackmailing that is said to be practiced there on people who go there to trade, especially when the latter are known to be "Mormons." To such an extent has this kind of business been carried that quite a number of people have been discouraged from going to Poché to trade. It is certainly to the interest of the citizens of that place to see that those who go there to do business are fairly and squarely treated.

THE CHOIR EXCURSION.—The Tabernacle choir excursion to Lake Side yesterday was a complete success. The party numbered two hundred and fifty persons. They left the City by the 5-50 train, and teams were in waiting by the track to carry the ladies with babies and others unable to walk any distance, to Haight's Grove, Lake Side. The day was spent in dancing, engaging in various games and pastimes, bathing in and sailing upon the Lake and in demolishing the good things included in the provision baskets. Everybody seemed well satisfied with the day's "out," and the party returned to the city at nine o'clock last night, without any accident having occurred to mar the pleasure of the occasion. Brother

George Careless, leader of the choir, exerted his powers to keep matters lively and make the people comfortable and happy, and his efforts were amply successful.

Brother C. R. Savage was along, and, having his photographic apparatus with him, he took a group picture of all the members of the choir that could be got together.

The reason why the excursionists did not arrive here till 9 o'clock was on account of the delay occasioned by the transfer of passengers, etc., at Haight's Creek, where the bridge was burned down on Wednesday. We understand the new bridge was to be completed this morning, which will obviate further delays from the accident.

MARTYRDOM OF JOSEPH AND HYRUM.—On the 27th day of June, 1844, twenty-nine years ago to-day, Joseph and Hyrum Smith were murdered, at Carthage jail, Illinois in cold blood, by a mob of about 150 men, with blackened faces, and led by hireling priests and other professed followers of the Savior. The day on which their beloved prophet and patriarch "sealed their testimony with their blood," is held in sacred remembrance by the Latter-day Saints. Although it is twenty-nine years since those men were called from this to another sphere of action they still live in the hearts and memories of the people, and also in the magnificent results of their life labors in this probation. The superstructure, the foundations of which the great prophet of the nineteenth century was instrumental in laying, has grown into proportions that attract the attention of the world. The Lord provided another great leader to be the instrument to be used in carrying forward the great work so nobly begun, and as nobly he sailed along to its present status, and still it will grow, increase and flourish and triumph in the future, for God is in it, and he will vindicate his cause, the howlings of the evil-disposed to the contrary notwithstanding.

The late President Willard Richards and Elder John Taylor were with Joseph and Hyrum, in Carthage jail, when the two latter were murdered. Richards escaped unhurt, but Elder Taylor was shot by four bullets, and it was supposed for a time that he could not survive, but he lives to see the work of the Lord progress to its present standard.

President Young and Party.

President Young's company arrived yesterday about noon. The names of the party are: Presidents B. Young, G. A. Smith, G. Q. Cannon and Jno. W. Young; Elders John Taylor, W. Woodruff, F. D. Richards, J. Smith; President Joseph Young, Father Phineas Richards, Lorin Farr, Joseph A. Young, John Squires, D. W. Evans, Charles W. Stayner, A. M. Musser and a number of ladies.

When the party reached Mendon, Bishop Hughes, the people and the Sunday School children were by the side of the track. President Smith spoke to them a few moments.

Logan was reached at half past twelve. A large concourse of citizens were at the depot, with the children of the Sunday school and a band of music to welcome.

President C. C. Rich, Bishop Budge and J. C. Rich, were here from Bear Lake.

The morning meeting was well attended, from most of the settlements. President Smith, Bishop Lunt, A. M. Musser, and President Geo. Q. Cannon addressed the people.

During the forenoon exercises five cars of school excursionists, from Corinne, took seats under the bowery.

The weather is very fine, and the streams are not so high as they have been.

The large co-operative store is looming up majestically.

The road-bed of the Utah Northern is daily improving.

The grade is now completed a good distance north of this, and the ties are out.

A. M. M.

RICHMOND, June 27th.—The night before last Elizabeth Christianson, an orphan, about fifteen years of age, took strychnine. Upon its beginning to take effect, remedies were administered, and, after a severe struggle, her life was saved. Yesterday she swore to the following, before the justice of the peace:

On the evening of June 15th, Jeff. Moss, a transient, persuaded her to take a walk. While gone she heard her mistress calling her and attempted to answer, but was prevented by Moss placing his hand over her mouth. He then forcibly outraged her person. The police are searching for him, but, as yet, he has not been captured.

POCICHE, 27.—A fire started at Hamilton, this morning, burning the business portion of the town, all below Wells, Fargo's and Woodruff & Ennor's stage office. The west side of the street was in ashes at 8 a. m., and still burning.

STOCKTON, Utah, June 26.—At 12.30 p. m., the business and assay office attached to Jacob's smelter was discovered to be on fire and by 1.30 was totally destroyed. Much was saved from the inside. The scales and safe were badly injured. Loss about \$2,000, falling on Lilly, Leisinger & Co., and the Chicago S. M. Co. The win was blowing a perfect gale, endangering the smelters, but through the energy of the citizens they were saved.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, JUNE 28.

USEFUL.—The night watchmen on the blocks in the business part of the city have proved themselves to be quite useful in protecting the persons and property of citizens. If there are any thickly populated blocks which do not have a night watchman, one should be employed. We believe it pays.

STILL IMPROVING.—Among the many improvements being made on the Old Constitution building, Z. C. M. I. retail grocery department, are a couple of bay windows, which will tend greatly to enhance the appearance of the front.

PARTY.—The young people of the Tenth Ward had a pleasant party at the school house last night, till about ten o'clock, at which hour the older folks took up where the younger ones left off, and also spent a few agreeable hours.

SUNDAY SCHOOL EXCURSION.—The children of the Fourteenth Ward Sunday school and their parents and friends will have their annual excursion to Lake Side on Tuesday, July 1st. Parties who purpose participating should not fail to secure their tickets early. They can obtain them from H. P. Richards, dry goods department, Z. C. M. I.; Jos. Horne, 14th Ward; L. S. Hills,

Deseret National Bank; and 14th Ward Co-operative store.

SEVERE FROST.—Brother William Pead, of Randolph, Bear River Valley, informs us that there was a very severe frost there last Sunday night, which destroyed the entire potato crop of the settlement in which he resides. Although he is not certain whether it was the case or not, brother Pead is of opinion that the potato crops of the other settlements in the valley shared the same fate. The other crops were not damaged.

LOGAN, June 28th.—Yesterday evening Elder Lorin Farr and Presidents B. Young and Geo. A. Smith addressed the people. This morning the bowery was filled. The speakers were President Joseph Young, Elders C. C. Rich, W. Woodruff and F. D. Richards. The teachings have been of a most practical and encouraging character.

There are three excellent choirs in attendance, discoursing sweet music, and the people are gratified at the presence of our leaders. A. M. M.

IN BAD TASTE.—It is in very bad taste for people who attend the Theatre not only to pay no attention themselves to the performances, but to gable and chatter and giggle so loudly, continuously and rapidly as to distract the attention of everybody else within a radius of half a dozen yards of them. To a sensitive, nervous person, such an annoyance is almost intolerable, and those who conduct themselves so as to entail discomfort upon others manifest a lack of common courtesy and good breeding not at all commendable, and which is calculated to inspire sensible people with other feelings than those of appreciation and respect.

HAMILTON, Nev., 27.—At half past five this morning a fire broke out near the store of M. Cohn & Bro., liquor dealers, on Main Street, while a strong outburst wind was blowing. It soon communicated to the adjoining buildings and in a short time the whole of both sides of the street was in flames. Owing to the scarcity of water and the excitement incident to such occasions, the fire soon got beyond control of the efforts of the fire department, and the whole of Main and Treasure Streets, from Wilkinson's building on the south to near Smoky Mill on the north was covered with the conflagration. Total amount of losses estimated at nearly \$50,000. All the places of business were destroyed. No lives lost.

DESERET UNIVERSITY.—The fifth academical year of this institution closed last evening. In the advanced department the following classes passed a very creditable examination, viz. Reading and Elocution, Arithmetic (advanced), Geometry, Botany, Algebra, Orthography, Composition and Rhetoric, Latin, Algebra (advanced), Grammar, Civil Government, German, Geology, and Mineralogy.

The opportunities which have been enjoyed by the University students during the past year have never been surpassed in the Territory. The classes have not been crowded, and the Principal, Dr. Park, and the Professors, Bishop and Mace, have taken pleasure in assisting their diligent students to the extent of their time and ability.

We understand the students will now have the pleasure of rusticiating for about two months, when another opportunity will be afforded them of returning to their *alma mater*.

THE WATER QUESTION.—There is still quite an intense feeling existing among many of the citizens on the water question, although we believe matters have improved somewhat since we last alluded to the subject. We are of opinion that the difficulty will continue to exist till the remedy we suggested, or another equally as effective, is applied.

We understand that the majority of the Ward watermasters are not paid a single cent to induce them to attend to the duties of the position. It is scarcely fair to appoint men to a situation involving considerable labor, trouble, and expenditure of time and expect them to perform the task for the "glory of the thing," or from philanthropic considerations. When the generality of individuals have any labor assigned to them they generally like a little remuneration thrown in to make it more palatable.

It appears therefore that an excellent remedy for the difficulties involved in the water question would be to dispense with the services of those Ward watermasters who are known to be incompetent and retain the more efficient, and remunerate them sufficiently to make it an object for them to do their duty well and faithfully.

In many of the Wards the people are never informed when it is their turn to water their lots, there being no regulations or system observed in the matter, and the consequence of this is that a great many people probably want to use the water at the same time, and hence arises a great deal of the existing dissatisfaction.

It is worse than foolish for people to lack water for their orchards and gardens while millions upon millions of gallons of it is daily flowing from City Creek into the Jordan River. The matter only needs a little management, which would make everything connected with it run along like clock-work.

It is rather hard for people having equal water privileges with those who live nearer to the main water sects to be deprived of their rights, and all caused by mismanagement and a lack of system.

However, the matter is in the hands of the people themselves, and it is for them therefore to say whether the annoyances and losses they are subject to from this cause shall continue to exist or shall be removed.

One thing is certain, and that is, that the position of ward watermaster is a much more onerous and difficult position now than it was a few years ago, for every year the city is becoming more thickly settled, which should be remembered in considering the remuneration of the watermasters.

Mons. D'Atalie, the man with the iron jaw, who died a short time ago, is said to have acquired his wonderful strength of jaw by a continued pronunciation of Welsh verbs.—Ez.