The evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock ~EDITION.~

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 273. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1895. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVIII.

INDEPENDENT CUBA.

Constitution Adopted by the Revolutionary Party.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC FORMED.

Principles of Government to Be Carried Out When the Island Shall Have Gained Liberty.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The Herald today says: The constitution of the Cuban revolutionary government has been promulgated. The text is as follows:

The revolution for the independence and creation in Cuba of a democratic republic, initiated on the 24th day of February last, solemnly declared the separation of Cuba from the Spanish monarchy.

The elected delegates of the revolution in convention assembled have now formed a compact between the world and Cuba, and pledge themselves to the following articles of the constitution of the new Cuban republic:

Article 1. The supreme power of the republic will be vested in a council of ministers, composed of a president, a vice president and four secretaries for the dispatch of business, for war, of the interior, of foreign affairs and of agriculture.

Article 2. Every secretary will have a sub-secretary in order to supply a vacancy.

Article 3. The attributes of the ministerial government will be to dictate all the relative dispositions of the civil and political life of the republic; to receive contributions; to contract public loans; to issue paper money; to raise troops and to maintain them; to declare reprisals with respect to the many, and to carry treaties, except the peace with Spain, to the national judicial authority in the presidency; to approve the law of military organization and ordinance of the military service as drawn up by the commander-in-chief.

Article 4. The ministerial council will only be able to convene for taking part in the military operations, when, in their judgment, it will be absolutely necessary.

Article 5. It is requisite for the validity of the ministerial council decrees that two-thirds of the members will have concurred in them.

Article 6. The office of counselor is incompatible with the others of the republic and requires any members to be 18 years of age, or upwards.

Article 7. The executive will rest with the president or in default with the vice president.

Article 8. The work of the ministerial council will be sanctioned by the president, who will be able to directive it, his to extend ten days.

Article 9. The president may count treaties with the ratification of the ministerial council.

Article 10. The president will receive ambassadors.

Article 11. The treaty of peace with Spain which it is necessary to have to furnish absolute basis of independence, for the island of Cuba should be ratified by the national council assembled and by an assembly of representatives convoked for that end.

Article 12. The vice president will act for the president in case of necessity.

Article 13. In case the offices of president and vice president should be vacant by resignation or death, or by other causes, at the same time, an assembly of representatives will be called for an election.

Article 14. The secretaries are to take part with voice and vote in all deliberations.

Article 15. It is permitted to the secretaries to arrange for all the dispatches of their respective departments.

Article 16. The sub-secretaries will constitute a legal body in case of vacancy of the secretary of state, having their voice in the deliberations.

Article 17. All outside armament of the republic and the direction of the operations of war will be directly under the hand of the commander in chief, who will have at his order as second in command, a lieutenant general as a substitute in case of necessity.

Article 18. All functionaries of whatever class who are able, shall lend reciprocal help for the better accomplishment of the resolutions of the ministerial government.

Article 19. Cubans will be obliged to serve the public with their persons and interest, according to their power.

Article 20. The property of whatever class appertaining to foreigners is exempt from paying taxes in favor of the republic, providing their respective governments recognize the belligerency of Cuba.

Article 21. All debts contracted from the actual intention of the war until this constitution is promulgated will be paid.

Article 22. The ministerial council has the power to reduce any member for just cause in the judgment of two-thirds of the committee.

Article 23. The judicial authority will proceed with entire independence of all the others.

World's Records Broken.

NAPA, Cal., Oct. 16.—Walter Foster yesterday broke two world's records, the one-third mile paced and the one-third mile unpaced. The paced record was brought down to 39 seconds flat and he rode a third unpaced in 32 2-5 seconds, reducing the record by six seconds.

New S. P. Office.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—The office of general superintendent of the Southern Pacific company was established today and J. A. Fillmore was given the title of manager of the Pacific system of the Southern Pacific, which includes the roads between Ashland, Oregon, on the north, Ogden on the east and El Paso on the south.

A circular letter to that effect was issued late yesterday afternoon by General Manager Kruttschnitt, whose name, together with that of C. P. Huntington, is attached to it.

The same circular letter also announces that W. G. Curtis is appointed engineer of maintenance of way of the Pacific system and the lines in Oregon. Mr. Curtis, in addition to the duties of his office, will attend to such duties of the general manager as may from time to time be assigned him. This makes Mr. Curtis' duties practically the same as they were under the late A. M. Towne.

SLOWLY SINKING.

The Lower Delta and the Sea Marshes Along the Gulf of Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 16.—Major Quinn, United States engineer in charge of the lighthouses of this district has just returned from Fort Eads and the jetties. He insists, after a most careful examination, that the lower delta and the sea marshes along the Gulf of Mexico are slowly sinking. For more than a year experiments with tide gauges have been in progress at the mouth of the Mississippi river and as a result Major Quinn has reached the conclusion that the level of the gulf has been raised one foot since 1877. [This the major attributed to a gradual, though irregular subsidence of the land along the coast and he believes through the Mississippi delta, New Orleans and the southern portion of Louisiana.

BRITISH FORCES IN BRAZIL.

The News Received From Indian Sources—Further Furloughs.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—A special to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says Rio Janeiro, Brazil, telegraphs that the information from Para relative to the march towards Venezuela through Brazilian territory, of an armed British force was brought there by the officers of an Amazon steamer, and was obtained from Indian sources. It is expected that the next steamer down the river will bring further news of the progress of the British force.

THE INDIANA.

Admirable Behavior of the New Battleship.

BOSTON, Oct. 16.—The battleship Indiana, which left Cramp's shipyards on Saturday for an official trip dropped anchor off Boston Light, last night. From the southeast end of the lightship off New Jersey coast to New South Shoals, Mass., the ship averaged 15½ knots an hour with head sea running. No attempt was made to approach her speed limit of 15 knots an hour, but the engines and boilers were found in first class condition, the average number of revolutions being 139 per minute with a horse power development of 9,500. Commodore Selfridge, after reading the report sent him by the members of the trial board who sail around on the ship, telegraphed the secretary of the navy that the Indiana behaved admirably on her voyage from Philadelphia. In an interview he said:

"They bring me gratifying news regarding the steadiness of the new battleship. With heavy armor and armament, it was naturally expected, judging from the experience of other countries with modern battleships, we would have a considerable roll to contend with. One of England's battleships is said to have rolled four degrees, whereas the Indiana does not record a roll of even one degree. This gives her an almost stationary gun platform, a condition very much to be desired when the guns are used in action."

Russia's Influence in Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—Advices by mail from Tokio, Japan, dated September 27, state that Japan has been forced to comply with Russia's demand for a speedy withdrawal of the Japanese troops from Liao Tung. France and Germany joined in the demand, and the Japanese government was in no position to deny the three European powers.

The proceeding has caused renewed bitterness in Japan against the Europeans. The Japanese also charge their own ministry with conniving at the nation's dishonor.

Rev. Smith's Trouble.

DENVER, Oct. 16.—Rev. Hyatt Smith, of Cambridge, Mass., appeared before United States Commissioner Capron today and gave bonds for his appearance in Boston to answer to the charge of sending defamatory letters through the mail to members of his congregation. Mr. Smith says the charge is unfounded. He will return to Boston next week to face his accusers.

Republican Headquarters Removed.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—After an informal conference of the members of the national committee of the Republican league today, the removal of headquarters from Chicago to Washington was practically decided upon. The committee was asked to adopt the Iowa plan of organization. Its main features are congressional district and county leagues.

Opposed to Free Coinage.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 16.—The second day's session of the American Bankers' association was called to order this morning by President O'Dell. Chairman E. W. Fullen read an executive report from the executive council, in reference to the proposed changes in the wording of the constitution. Banker Aldridge read a paper in opposition to free coinage of silver.

Grand Commander of the Loyal Legion.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The commandery-in-chief of the Loyal Legion of the U. S. met here in special session today. General Lochia Fairchild, grand commander, presided. There were 27 delegates, representing every state except Oregon. The first ballot for grand commander resulted: General Miles, 27; General John Gibbon, 16; General Swayne, 11. General Gibbon was elected on the second ballot, receiving 40 votes to 30 for Miles. General Miles stated in a letter of election on the first, and it is believed would have succeeded on the second but for the superior age of General Gibbon, which influenced many delegates to vote for him.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

ALTOONA, Pa., Oct. 16.—Two men were killed and one fatally and several slightly injured in a collision on the Maruseburg branch of the Pennsylvania railroad today. A water train coasting of several tank cars has been ordered to proceed to the "Y" switches near Hollidaysburg, to get water for the Altoona shops and was just pulling from the siding to the main track when the Martinsburg mixed train came around the curve, full speed. The collision demolished both locomotives and smashed several tank cars. The passenger cars kept the track.

Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—All the members of the Cabinet, except Secretary Morton and Postmaster General Wilson, gathered at the White House at noon today in answer to a summons from the President, and the first informal Cabinet meeting for several months was held. Probably for the purpose of enabling the Cabinet officers to report to the President the state of business of their departments.

Broke the Record.

DENVER, Oct. 16.—At the authorized trial W. W. Hamilton rode two-thirds of a mile unpaced in 1:18 4-5, taking 4 1-5 seconds off the record.

Milwaukee's Celebration.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 16.—Loud booming of cannon, ringing of bells and tooting of innumerable whistles ushered in Milwaukee's semi-centennial celebration day. From end to end the city was gay with holiday attire. Thousands lined the sidewalks along the line of march of the civic and military parade. At noon the principal thoroughfares were fuller than they ever were known.

Not old settlers, the reception at the academy of music was the event of the day. Thousands could not get in.

IN THE HANDS OF A MOB.

A Negro Criminal Tortured and Mutilated Before Death.

Ears, Fingers and Other Organs of the Body Cut Off and the Bleeding Fragments Held Up to View.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 16.—Jefferson Ellis, the La Fayette county rapist, was strung to a telegraph pole at 1:40 this morning by 350 men within two hundred yards of the scene of his crime. Before hanging the negro, the mob cut off both his ears and all of his fingers, and mutilated him in a horrible and unmerciful manner. The mob with their prisoner reached the home of his victim, Miss Frater, soon after midnight. The young lady identified him as her assailant. As soon as this was done an armed squad of men took Ellis from Constable Farrow and started for the Pike where the public road crosses the Louisville and Nashville railroad. Here there is also a telegraph pole. A big fire had been built at the place and around it the mob gathered in a circle. The handcuffed negro was on his knees before the fire. The leader of the mob told Ellis to pray, but he only howled at them in a stupid manner. Being told that he was about to die, he raised his voice in a negro hymn, and by the time he had finished the mob was looking ugly. The fiercer element were in complete control. Cries of "burn him!" were heard on all sides. This fearful fate would probably have been fortunate for the negro, as subsequent events proved.

Amid the resets of the mob a man jumped to the negro's side with a drawn knife in his hands.

"Cut off his ears," they cried.

"Give me a finger," shouted one man.

"I want a thumb," cried another.

The better element in the crowd drew off at this time and said they were not in favor of doing anything but hanging the negro. The protests were not noticed. Being urged on by the fiercest in the crowd the man with the knife cut off the negro's right ear and held up the bleeding trophy in full view of the crowd.

The negro screamed from his torture, but his other ear was cut off a few moments later. The mob became madder at the sight of this work and those who were mutilating the negro found ample encouragement. They next cut off all his fingers, and tearing away part of his clothing they mutilated him in a horrible manner.

It was fully 30 minutes after the torture began when the rope was put around the negro's neck. The telegraph pole was 70 feet away. The free end of the rope was taken by a man who climbed the telegraph pole and threw it over the cross arm. The crowd jerked the negro to within a foot of the pole, and while the mob shouted the bleeding and mutilated form was swung to the cross arm. The negro was lowered to the ground later and his head cut from his body with pocket knives. The house was then put over the feet and the headless body again swung up. It is intended to send the head to the family of the little girl the negro attempted to assault, on Saturday, in Mississippi. A placard was put on the negro's body bearing the words: "Death to any man who cuts him down before 6:00 this evening." Passengers on the Louisville and Nashville trains today may see the horrible sight.

The point where the lynching occurred is a cross road called Clifton settlement. Jeff Ellis, on the afternoon of October 5, criminally assaulted Miss Hettie Frater in the presence of the latter's two little sisters. He was pursued until captured on Monday near Mount Pleasant Miss. He confessed to the assault upon Miss Frater, the outrage and murder of Mrs. Wilson, of the same neighborhood two years ago, and the attempted assault upon a little girl in Mississippi, while trying to escape from the mob.

President Cleveland Goes to Atlanta.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The President, with the members of his cabinet and ladies, will leave Washington on Monday night and arrive at Atlanta about noon on Tuesday. They will start on the return from Atlanta on Wednesday evening.

Jumped to His Death.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 16.—Maurice Parkins, a well known newspaper artist, jumped from the upper window of the city hospital this afternoon and was fatally injured.

ARMENIAN REFORMS.

Accepted by Said Pasha, Awaiting the Approval of the Sultan.

METHOD OF COLLECTING TAXES.

Popular Officials Provided for—Changes in the Judicial System—Christian Supervision.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 16. — Said Pasha has accepted the scheme for reform in Armenia, drawn up by Great Britain, France and Russia, and it now awaits the signature of the Sultan. The scheme is almost identical with the proposals of last May, which its substance were that the governors and vice governors of Van, Erzerum, Sivas, Bitlis, Kharpot and Trebizond be Christian or Mussulmen, according to the inclination of the populations, but either governor or vice governor is to be Christian, and the appointments are to be confirmed by the powers. Armed and not armed officers are to collect taxes, and enough money is to be raised, not in it is forwarded to Constantinople, to pay the expenses of the local administration. Complete changes will be made in the judicial system, juries will be abolished and prisoners to under surveillance. The police will be composed of Christians and Turks equally, and the laws against compulsory conversions to Islamism will be strictly enforced.

The ambassadors of the Powers are put the whole question to be finally settled during the week by the promulgation of the imperial decree. Contrary to the general expectation, the high commissioner emerged with the sanctions of this scheme of reform will be a Christian. This was the hardest pill for the Porte to swallow, and for a long time it threatened to bring about most serious complications.

A CRITICAL SITUATION.

A Russian warship has arrived here. The situation at Izmid is critical. The Christians are apprehensive of a Turkish outbreak.

Awards for the Gun Boats.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Secretary Herbert has been under consideration the report of the board of naval ordnance on the proposals submitted for the building of six light draft gun boats. The board recommends the award of two twin screw boats to Detroit Dry Dock company, and of one single screw boat to Union Iron works of San Francisco. The remaining three single screw boats are to be awarded, one each to the Beth lehem works of Maine, Lewis Nixon, Elizabeth, N. J., and Dialogue works of Camden, provided they amend their plans to comply with the department's requirements.

William Views the Battle Fields.

COURCELLES, Oct. 16.—Emperor William left Chateau Urville on horseback this morning to visit the battle fields around Metz. The empress took a train to Amanfield and from there drove to Gravelotte, St. Private and Gravelotte, where the emperor will meet her and where they will lunch together.

Another Durrant.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The firm of lawyers representing the widow of Rev. R. S. Durrant, of Weston rectory, Kent, have written a letter to the newspapers, in which they say her son Theodore is in New Zealand and that the Theodore Durrant being tried in San Francisco on the charge of murder is not related to the family.

MOUNTAIN AND PLAIN FESTIVAL.

Denver in a Blaze of Glory Today—Crowds of Visitors.

DENVER, Oct. 16.—Denver is in a blaze of glory today, the first of the annual festival of mountain and plain, inaugurated this year. The weather is glorious and over 50,000 people have flocked to town from the country districts, taxing the carrying capacity of all the Colorado railroads. The decorations are extensive, holiday colors, yellow and white, being seen every where.

At one o'clock this afternoon the first great parade, the pageant of progress, which illustrated the progress of the state from the time when the red men roamed over mountain and plain up to the present, started on its line of march. Although there had been little time for preparation, some floats were very handsome. One of the most magnificent features of the festival was the human flag composed of 400 children. The festivities continue three days.

CONFERRING ON THE FIGHT.

Members of the Fraternity Gathered at Hot Springs, Arkansas.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 16.—A conference of the citizens' committee and the officials of the Florida association was held last night. General Taylor met with them, and to him was submitted the revised articles of agreement and the five ounce gloves to be used in place of the former for scientific points. Whatever was accomplished is kept a profound secret. Mayor Willis intimated that there would be some early and interesting developments as a result of the conference. Governor Clarke is expected to arrive in the city this afternoon.

In view of the threat made by the governor to arrest either Corbett or Fitzsimmons upon their arrival in the state, the fact that Corbett has been here almost twenty-four hours and not yet placed in custody, gives color to the belief that the governor was playing a game of bluff. The failure of the governor to carry out his program has also had the effect of increasing the confidence of the public in the ability of the local committee to bring off the contest under the revised contract entered into by the Florida Athletic club and Wm. H. Brady, manager for Corbett. It is thought by many that Fitzsimmons will refuse to sign the articles, as he was not looking for a soft glove contest for a limited number of rounds. The big five-ounce gloves submitted to General Taylor for inspection looked as baby pillows and as harmless. Nearly all the members of the prize fighting contingent have put in an appearance. Peter Maher and Steve O'Donnell came in on the same train last night as did Corbett.

To a reporter of the Associated Press, a member of the conference held last night said that Gen. Gen. P. Taylor was perfectly satisfied by the assurance that the proposed contest would not be of a brutal character and he hoped they would be able to so convince Governor Clarke at the conference to be held at ten o'clock today.

Governor Clarke arrived in this city this afternoon. He requested Prosecuting Attorney Teague to have Circuit Judge Duffie adjourn court for the afternoon and call at the hotel for a conference between the county officials, the officers of the Florida Athletic club and General Taylor.

Ex-Governor Knight Dead.

EAST HAMPTON, Mass., Oct. 16.—Ex-Lieutenant Governor Horatio G. Knight died today.

UNION PACIFIC AFFAIRS.

Senator Thurston Thinks the Vanderbilts Want to Control the Road.

Argument in the Case of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. Against the U. P. Receivers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—United States Senator Thurston, counsel for the Union Pacific, is in the city and was asked what he thought of the report that the Vanderbilts were endeavoring to secure control of the Union Pacific.

"It is quite apparent to the most casual observer," said Mr. Thurston, "that the Vanderbilts must be having easy in the Union Pacific affairs, when such men as Chauncey M. Depew and Marvin Hughitt are two of the committee of five who are to reorganize the road's present inadequateness. I cannot swear that the Vanderbilts are going to take the Union Pacific, but I would not be surprised if the Vanderbilts should, sooner or later, be found to have an influential voice in the property's direct management.

"It is generally understood that the Vanderbilts have a strong influence in the Chicago & Northwestern. The Ames of Boston and the Oakes, Dillons and Vanderbilts of New York probably own the bulk of Union Pacific stock and many of its bonds. I do not know what understanding these people have among themselves, but it may or may not be significant that Marvin Hughitt, president of the Northwestern, is a Union Pacific director and that the two roads are now being operated under a close traffic agreement."

C. H. Huntington denies emphatically that the Vanderbilts are negotiating with him relative to acquiring a lease of the Central Pacific in order to use it in connection with the Union Pacific as an overland system into this state and city. He further states that he would not lease the Central Pacific to the Vanderbilts or anybody else. He wants to keep it as a part of the Southern Pacific system.

During a conversation about the probability of the Vanderbilts taking control of the Union Pacific Mr. Huntington said:

"I would not be surprised to hear of the Vanderbilts taking active management of the Union Pacific. They have plenty of money to enable them to do so, and are able men. While I do not know it to be a positive fact, I understand they hold considerable of the road's securities. They are also supposed to be in control of the Chicago & Northwestern. These facts may or may not mean something. It is none of my business, however, and I have got enough of my own to attend to without trying to pry into other people's affairs.

"The Vanderbilts have not sought to lease or get control of the Central Pacific. They have nothing to do with it, and, so far as I know, do not wish the property. I am not anxious to part with the Central Pacific. We have always been on good terms with the Vanderbilts. If they get actual control of the Union Pacific, I see no reason why we should not be on good terms with them. If they want to take the Southern Pacific, that will be their business, not mine. The Union Pacific people have not asked me to come to their assistance. If they had, we might have endeavored to join them in some scheme. That is all I can say on the subject."

THE CASE AGAINST THE RECEIVER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 16.—Argument in a case of more than ordinary interest will commence in the United States court of appeals this morning. The action is one which was brought by the Farmers' Loan & Trust company of New York against the receivers of the Union Pacific railway system.

Ex-Senator I. N. Dolph and Joseph Simon, of Portland, Oregon, will appear for the Farmers' Loan & Trust company and the American Loan & Trust company, which latter corporation is also a party to the case, and Senator J. M. Thurston, of Nebraska, and Zera Snow, of Portland, Oregon, will represent the Union Pacific railway.

"There are several different issues in the matter," said ex-Senator Dolph, at the Palace hotel. "These cases grew out of a suit for the foreclosure of a mortgage bought by the Farmers' Loan & Trust company, of New York, against the Oregon Railway & Navigation company. At the time the foreclosure suit was commenced, the properties of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company were in possession of receivers of the Union Pacific system. When the suit was filed in the circuit court in Oregon, a separate receiver was appointed for the Oregon Railway & Navigation company. Now the question in the case to be argued is whether the claims against the receivers of the Union Pacific system, connected with the operation of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company's properties, or labor and material furnished the receivers within six months prior to the appointment of a separate receiver shall be paid by the Union Pacific receivers or by the separate receiver from revenues of the property collected after its appointment.

"The order of the court appointing a separate receiver required him to pay such claims. After a war amongst the stockholders of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company petitioned the court for a modification of the order appointing a separate receiver on the ground that it had been entered by mistake. The court denied the petition and the stockholders appealed.

"Another case," continued Mr. Dolph, "is an appeal from an order of the court directing the receiver to pay certain particular claims of interveners. This case involves the same questions as to who should pay the claims for labor and material accruing within six months prior to the appointment of a separate receiver."

THE VENEZUELAN QUESTION.

The Views of the United States Presented to Lord Salisbury.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—A representative of the Associated Press has obtained from the best source the following statement as to the state of the Venezuelan question:

Mr. Bayard, United States Ambassador, presented a long note to Marquis Salisbury on the Venezuelan question some weeks ago, stating at length the views of the United States government and the reasons on which which grade it assumes quantitative action as against a European government and any American republic. Up to the present no reply has been given and since it seems on a matter of such great importance and wide application, the matter will not pass the serious attention of the British government for some time.

The Body of Corea's Queen Found.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 16.—A dispatch from Seoul says the body of the murdered Queen of Corea has been found.

RICH STRIKES.

Some Valuable Ore Bodies Uncovered at Copper City.

COPPER CITY,
Oct. 15th, 1895.

To the Editor:

Think that the readers of the DESERET NEWS would desire facts regarding the new camp known as the Moss Mining district, I volunteer these few lines, knowing that the outside impressions are that this whole country is taken up—an impression we wish to have corrected. Up to date there are thirty-nine locations recorded in the district which embraces about ten miles square. A new impetus has taken possession of the district in the last few days, owing to recent discoveries, one of which was made by C. P. Peterson of Salt Lake, who uncovered a four foot vein of gold-bearing rock which assays on the surface $12 to gold. The Queen of the Hills is being worked with a gang of men. The 20-foot tunnel of the May Day is about completed and other contracts are about to be let. The Copper King people are doing some preliminary work looking to more extensive operations. The Moss boys are driving the tunnel in the Conglomerate and are said to have discovered some fine lead ores. Captain Dorrison, of Eureka, has arranged to purchase from the Moss boys the extension of the Conglomerate. Assays made by a prominent Salt Lake assayer runs as high as 213 ounces in silver, $57.50 in gold and 65 per cent in copper. The camp is known as Copper City.

All letters will hereafter be addressed to Copper City via Juab P. O., Juab county, Utah.

A. W.

Police Court News.

Susan Talridge was brought in today charged with her usual weakness—that of being drunk. Last week, when before Judge Smith, she asked to be allowed to go to Kaysville, which request was granted by the court. She did not go, however, and the court punished her for both charges by sending her to jail for 40 days.

The case against E. W. Cohen and James W. Piper, charged with cruelty to animals, was dismissed.

E. S. Blake, an engineer, arrested for stealing a ride, was allowed to continue his journey to Iowa, that being the place to which he is striving to get.

Thomas Newchaka, a farmer, was fined $2 for tying his team to a fire apparatus.

Bennett Day, Reeda Day, Zola Ashlin and Ella Wheeler each forfeited $5.50 for prostitution.

The cases of Ed Newell, A. A. and A. F. Christensen and A. Jensen, charged with trespass in cutting green timber from city lands in the canyon, were continued until Monday next at 2 p. m.

AMUSEMENTS.

The classic performance of the Passing Show at the Theater last night was witnessed by another immense audience, and the success was, if possible, greater than the previous evening. The "Trilby" dances were seen in their special features of absence of costumes and were well received.

THE PAY TRAIN.

The sale of tickets for this attraction at the Theater opened this morning. The unexpected covers Friday and Saturday, Oct. 18th and 19th. The Pay Train is said to be a story of dramatic merit, full of bright and highly amusing comedy.

THE GRAND.

Money and Matches was again played last night at the Grand. There is some clever work done in the play by Mr. Elrain and the other leading characters.

THE LYCEUM.

The Old, Old Story at the Lyceum is likely to draw a large audience tonight, judging from the advance sale. The members of the company are well prepared for the opening performance.

Ladies' Meeting.

The ladies' semi-monthly meeting will convene in the Fourteenth ward assembly rooms, on Saturday, Oct. 19th at 2 p. m. All are invited.

DISPENSERS OF LAW.

D. J. Bailey Up in Commissioner Greenman's Court Today.

BITUDLED PARLEYS WATERS

By a Herd of Sheep, Save the Prosecution—Matters in the Third District Court—New Cases Filed With the Clerk Today.

The case of the People against D. J. Bailey was set for hearing in Commissioner Pratt's court at 11 o'clock this morning, but when the parties appeared a change of venue was requested and granted and the case was taken before Commissioner Greenman, who set the hearing for 2 o'clock this afternoon. At that time the defendant appeared with his witness, with Attorney H. Dunn in his behalf. A number of witnesses for the people were also present, against with interested parties from the neighborhood in which the offense is alleged to have been committed. Attorney Harrington acted as prosecutor.

The information alleges that the defendant, D. J. Bailey, is guilty of but one offense of Parley's campaign by reason of herding his sheep in and around the waters in question on divers occasions. The examination of witnesses and only been begun when the Notes went to press, but it is expected that the case will be disposed of in some way today.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT.

In the Third district court today the case of the Deseret National Bank against Thomas Stuart, administrator, and others, was argued and submitted.

The case of Martin McGrath and others against D. D. Edwin and others was continued by mutual consent.

A new case filed today was that of R. P. Bailey, doing business as the Angora Glove & Hose company, against M. H. Lipman. The complaint is that on the 17th day of October, 1895, the plaintiff obtained judgment in the Third district court in the sum of $1,235.62, with costs amounting to $30; that the said judgment and the interest thereon has not been paid; and the court is now asked for an execution, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent from Oct. 17, 1895.

Another new filing was that in the case of R. C. Furlesberg against Andrew and Mary Amundsen. This suit is brought to collect a promissory note made by the defendants to the plaintiff on Jan. 15, 1895, for $860. It is alleged that the principal has not been liquidated, neither has the interest been paid since April 1, 1895. The plaintiffs ask 10 per cent interest from that date.

BY THE WAYSIDE.

Commissioner Hemmer was a man of comparative ease today, so far as his court business was concerned.

The sheriff's office was not so busy today as the News reader has seen it.

After the removal of the Bailey case from Commissioner Pratt's court, that functionary was left at leisure for the day.

The marshal's office had no information to give out and the office wore a Sunday aspect.

Estedddfod Notes.

The medal which was won at the recent Eisteddfod by Mr. Horace Ensign as conductor of the Salt Lake Amateur chorus, the successful competitor in the grand chorus, is on exhibition in the show windows of Joslin & Fox, who were the donors and manufacturers of the medal. It is a neat jewel, the design of which is a music book on a music lyre, surrounded by an inscription plate. The whole medal is of gold and is made in different colors of that precious metal.

The Denver people start work on the next Eisteddfod, the program for which it is expected will issue in about two weeks. They are determined to have a grand gathering and are going to give competitors plenty of time in which to prepare themselves for the great contest.

Probate Court Orders.

In the matter of the estate of John Carlisle, deceased; final account of administrator, Elizabeth Carlisle, filed; the total amount received by the administratrix was $9,659.56 in security and cash, out of which $1,126.61 has been expended, leaving a balance of $8,533.95.

In the estate of Irvine C. Falconer, deceased; Thomas Marionson, as executor of said estate files his final report, which showed that the estate was valued at $2,051, out of which expenses have been made amounting to $900.55, leaving a balance of $1,050.15. Tuesday the 12th day of November was fixed as the date for hearing said final report.

In the estate of David Walker, deceased; order made summoning all persons interested to appear on October 28th and show cause, if any there be, why said property amounting to $1,800 should not go to the surviving widow of said deceased, Louisa Walker, there being no minor children.

Estate of John Fuenzlaker, deceased; application for probate filed, valuing the property at $2,150.75.

Estate of Ann Williams, deceased; J. L. May appointed administrator on his filing a bond in the sum of $2,200.

High School Problem.

The board of education committee on buildings and grounds will meet tonight to give special consideration to the question of erecting a new city high school. It is a vexed problem and one on which the members of the board disagree somewhat. What the outcome will be no man can say at the present.