ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 68. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1892, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXV

THE HOME RULE BILL.

The House Committee on Territories Give a Hearing to the Utah Delegates.

GOVERNOR WEST, MR. SMITH AND JUDGE JUDD

Advocate Its Passage.—The Charge that the Present Government is Corrupt.

[By Telegraph to the News.]

THE CAINE-FAULKNER BILL.

Mr. Smith and Judd Before the Committee on Territories.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The House committee on Territories gave a hearing this morning to a delegation of citizens from Utah in favor of the passage of the bill introduced in the House by Delegate Caine and a similar bill introduced in the Senate by Senator Faulkner, providing for a local self-government for Utah, and for the election of Territorial officers. Among the persons present were ex-Governor West, Mr. Smith, a lawyer of Ogden, and Judge Judd, formerly associate justice of the Territory. The force of the arguments was that the present government of the Territory was incompetent, corrupt and impractical. Charges were made by the spokesmen that the officials in power administer the affairs of the government more for their own personal aggrandizement than for the good of the Territory.

A Fire in Columbus.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 10.—About midnight a fire was discovered in the basement of Patterson & Merrell's wall paper store. That store was soon burned out, as was also McCoy Bros.' clothing house and [illegible] music store. Miss Cora Blair jumped from a second-story window and was fatally injured. The pecuniary loss will reach [illegible].

GROVER CLEVELAND

Has Become President of a Life Insurance Company.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—John A. McCall has accepted the presidency of the New York Life Insurance company provided he be given absolute control. The meeting adjourned until Friday without taking action on Mr. McCall's proposition. It is understood that Mr. [illegible] desires to hold proxies, but, as he would give him virtual control, McCall insisted on absolute control. It is rumored this evening that the reason no definite action was taken is because plans had been laid to run John McCall through, but the name of Grover Cleveland was mentioned and approached the trustees, who wanted two more days in which to come to some understanding.

To Oklahoma Land Jumpers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Secretary Noble telegraphed to special land agents at El Reno, Okla., where the lot jumping is going on, that action in the review of the Foreman case was [illegible] in the department, and, until the question is decided, Foreman's rights must hold. The secretary says that a bill will soon be favorably reported to Congress confirming the rights of innocent purchasers. All lot jumpers on the Foreman tract, it is understood, will be compelled to vacate at once.

THE EXCITEMENT ABATING.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 10.—Dispatches from El Reno say that the excitement is abating, and that most of the lot jumpers will be removed this afternoon by the United States marshals.

The Curtis Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—In the Curtis case today Mrs. Holden, who lives across the street from the spot where Officer Grant was killed, testified that, previous to retiring, she heard a scuffling on the opposite side of the street, looked out and saw two men struggling. Suddenly she heard two shots and saw the flashes, after which the smaller man ran, and the large man fell. Later she saw an officer come back with a prisoner, who much resembled the man who ran away. Driver Bennett of the patrol wagon testified that Curtis talked constantly on the way to the station, saying repeatedly: "Oh, God! If I could only recall the past three or four hours!" also, "See what trouble a man may get into in a little while!"

Curtis did not say at any time that he had shot Grant.

THE WOOL BILL.

An Agreement Between the Democrats of the Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—There has been a substantial agreement by the wool special committee of the Democratic majority of the ways and means committee on the provisions of the wool bill. The changes made in the bill drafted by Springer are not formally made up, but very substantial reductions are made in the duties on woolen manufactures proposed by Springer's bill. The ad valorem duties on woolen manufactures of all kinds, including cloths, dress goods, carpets and all other wool articles imported under the McKinley law, and which have been left unchanged by the Springer bill, have been cut down from in excess of 40 per cent., and the average rate of duty proposed by the new bill on woolen goods is about 5 per cent. below the uniform rate of 40 per cent. fixed by the Mills bill. Under the agreement wool is made free, as proposed by the Springer bill; all duties on woolen manufactures, where 40 per cent or less under the existing law, are unchanged; where more than 40 per cent, they are reduced to that rate, so no woolen duties shall be higher than the Mills rate, and those on the cheaper grades of goods will be less. Under the McKinley law the duties range from [illegible] to 69 per cent made from the highest rate now imposed, and the average rate is brought down to about 33 per cent on woolens and wastes. The agreement [illegible] the Springer rate of 35 per cent. against the present rate of 33 cents per pound. All compensatory duties, of course, are taken off, as raw wool is made free, so that the present per pound and per yard duties are abolished if the bill becomes a law, and only the ad valorem duties retained.

The members of the committee say that the wool bill will be the principal measure reported, and on examination of its provisions will show not only that no step backward has been taken in tariff reform, but that an advance of considerable importance has been taken, and that, on the wool schedule, regarded by all tariff reformers as the key to the protective system, the reductions made are greater than those proposed by the Democrats two years ago.

ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETED

For Members of Congress to Visit the Fair Grounds.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The arrangements for the visit of the members of the Fifty-second Congress to Chicago on Washington's birthday, the 22nd of February, for the purpose of inspecting the World's Fair site and buildings in course of completion, are now complete, and formal invitations were today issued by Chairman Durborow of the committee on the World's Columbian Exposition. The visitors will leave Washington by a special train February 19th over the Baltimore & Ohio Railway, and arrive at Chicago Saturday afternoon about 2 o'clock. The return trip will be made over the Pennsylvania road. Chairman Ewing stated this evening that the idea of inviting Congress had its origin at an after dinner talk at the house of one of the principal citizens of Chicago, and this had grown into a great citizens' movement. It is particularly desired by the citizens of Chicago to remove the impression that the coming event has any connection whatever with the proposed appropriation for the World's Columbian Exposition. The World's Fair directory and officials have no connection whatever with the present affair, which is being conducted exclusively by private but public-minded citizens of the city of Chicago.

Advices from Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—Advices from Honolulu, under date of February 2nd, received by steamer today, were to the effect that Hawaii is on the eve of the biennial election, and that the greatest activity prevailed. The parties in the field are the National Reform Liberals, led by Wilcox and Ashford, and the Native Sons of Hawaii, led by Cummins, a former cabinet minister. Indications point to a Liberal victory, which would place Wilcox and party in power. Their battle cry is "Hawaii for Hawaiians," and they advocate a proposed change in the present constitution and a new treaty with the United States. The annexation bubble seems to have been pricked, the attempt to make it a political question in the present campaign having failed.

H. A. Widemann was appointed minister of finance, vice J. Mott Smith, at present in Washington. It is likely that the latter will be appointed minister to the United States, to succeed the late Minister Carter.

Minister Reid's Health.

PARIS, Feb. 10. — United States Minister Reid, although still weak from his recent attack of influenza, is able to go to the United States legation on horseback daily.

A Busy Man's Hint.

Superintendent Bender, of the Chicago division of the Big Four lines, is a very busy man, so busy that he does not have much time in his office. When at his desk he has no time to tell stories or listen to them. He does not care to "jolly" any one, but when they talk too long he glances at a card just above his desk. The visitor's eyes follow his and read the following: "Merchants today, please. We are behind, and must make up time."—Indianapolis News.

Trials of Suburban Life.

Mrs. Suburb—Oh, my dear, that magnificent watchdog you brought home yesterday is gone.

Mr. Suburb—Eh! Did he break the chain?

"No, but an ugly looking tramp came around and acted so terribly that I let the dog loose; but instead of tearing the tramp to pieces he went off with him."

"Great snakes! It must have been the same tramp I bought him of."—New York Weekly.

Queer Atmospheric Freaks.

Professor Leonhardt Weber, in his atmospheric experiments with kites and balloons, has found that the atmosphere is negatively electrified up to a height of about 100 yards, beyond which it is positively electrified to a degree increasing very rapidly with the distance from the earth. This negative electrification of the lower strata of the air is attributed to the presence of germs and dust particles.—St. Louis Republic.

One or more of a man's senses may play him false while his reasoning powers in general remain unaffected. He may "see" what does not exist, hear a voice where there is no utterance; smell an odor where there is none; have a bitter or nauseous taste where there is nothing to cause it.

Wanted Them Loosed.

There was a certain master of foxhounds in one of the English shires who was greatly angered by the awkwardness of one of the gentlemen who invariably rode over the hounds. At one of the meets the M. F. H. rode up to the awkward hunter, and in the most chilling tones said: "Mr. So and So, there are two dogs in the pack today, Snap and Tatters, which I am especially fond of, and I would esteem it a favor if you would avoid killing or maiming them with your horse's hoofs." "Certainly, my dear fellow," replied Mr. So and So, "but as I do not know them, will you be kind enough to put tags on them for me?"—San Francisco Argonaut.

FOR FREE COINAGE.

Bland's Bill Reported and Placed on the Calendar for Future Consideration.

THE MEASURE TO BE FORCED TO A VOTE SOON.

The Military Academy Bill.—Business Transacted by the Senate.

[By Telegraph to the News.]

CONGRESS.

Bland's Free Coinage Bill Reported to the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The most significant event in the proceedings of the House today was the report of the Bland free coinage bill. This action was not one that involved debate, as the bill merely went on the calendar to be taken up in the order of consideration, but it indicated the intention of the free coinage men to force the bill with all possible haste. Indeed, Chairman Bland and other leaders of the free silver movement assert the measure is to be forced to a vote and actually passed by the House within the next sixty days. In this event there is no doubt the Senate will have an opportunity of passing upon the Bland bill long before the date of either of the great national conventions.

The House also today, on the report of the committee on rules, ordered an investigation of the pension bureau as managed by Commissioner Raum. The scope of the investigation is much broader than that of previous inquiries, and Enloe, of Tennessee, and Cooper, of Indiana, as instigators, will be expected to furnish evidence and practically conduct the fight against the present administration of the bureau. Enloe, in advocating his amendment today, severely criticised the administration of the office, and reiterated the charges made against the commissioner and his son in the last Congress.

After some further business, the House went into committee of the whole on the military academy bill. Bowers, of California, made a humorous speech, in which he described his efforts to get a cadet appointed in an easy case. In a sarcastic manner he [illegible] the military affairs committee, to reform the academy [illegible] and cut down the expenditures. He was laying his intentions at the rate of $11 a day and wondering at the large aggregate appropriation for the support of the academy, when a picture arose before him of the cheerless room of a cadet, and he came to the conclusion he wished to let somebody else reform on that side. Some Democrat had yesterday denounced the Fifty-first Congress for having in the aggregate made enormous appropriations. He joined in that denunciation. It was easy to condemn an aggregate. An aggregate was a very convenient term, but he had yet to see any gentleman rise and denounce the Fifty-first Congress for having appropriated too much for a public building in his district for the improvement of the harbor or of a dry creek in which he was interested. After further remarks the committee rose.

The speaker placed Bland's bill on the calendar, Dingley of Maine, having urged it should go to the committee of the whole as it must inevitably involve an expense on the treasury. The House adjourned.

THE SENATE.

Squire, from the committee on public buildings, reported a bill appropriating $800,000 for a public building at Seattle, Wash.; calendar.

The joint resolution as to West Virginia's proportion of the direct tax went over after some debate.

The bill providing for public printing and binding and the distribution of public documents was then taken up as unfinished business. The clause authorizing the franking of official matter gave rise to some difficulty, but was finally fixed in these words: "The Vice-President, senators and members elect, delegates and delegates-elect to Congress shall have the privilege of sending free through the mails and under their frank and mail matter to any government official." The bill then went over without action till tomorrow.

The oath of office was administered to Gibson, (Ind.), and after executive session the Senate adjourned.

Match Wanted in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Telegrams were sent from the board of trade today suggesting to representatives of the board now in Washington that arrangements be made with a view to securing the presence of Mr. Hatch and the committee considering the anti-option bill in this city on the occasion of the World's Fair committee visit, in order that they may hear the leading grain dealers and merchants of this city on the effect of their bill if passed.

The Western Packers and Canned Goods association met in annual session today. Al. F. Seager was elected president. Discussion of the tin plate industry occupied much of the time.

A secret meeting of the trunk manufacturers of the country was held today. A combination to control prices, it is said, is being discussed.

James Couch, one of Chicago's pioneer settlers and owner of the Tremont house property, was run over by a truck today when alighting from a street car and fatally injured. He was 82 years of age.

Governors Deposed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The Herald's Rio Grande, Brazil, special says: Viscount Pelotas has assumed command of the province of Rio Grande do Sul.

At Curityba the garrison deposed Governor Martinez and declared Correia, the capital of the State. They nominated Dr. Rocha in his place. The revolutionists are now marching upon the city of Paysandu. The rebels in Santa Catarina have deposed Governor Muller.

To Control the Coal Trade.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley railroads have passed under the control of the Reading. The Reading guarantees the payment of dividends up to 7 per cent, on both the Jersey Central and Lehigh stocks. The control of the Reading has passed into the hands of the Drexel-Morgan interest, and now is supposed to be the largest in the Operation. The combination will control fifty per cent of the coal trade. The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western is not involved in the deal, except so far as that company agrees to cooperate in the government of the trade and prices. It is understood that the Pennsylvania road has assented to the agreement, and that the Vanderbilts have agreed to abandon the southern Pennsylvania railroad scheme.

Corbin's Comment.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—General Corbin said this afternoon: "I know nothing of this. I never heard of it until I saw it this morning in print. [illegible], I am satisfied there is no basis for the statement."

A Building Inspector Ferreted Himself.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Building Inspector Moore has disappeared and it is supposed that he had perjured himself and made false reports in regard to the fire escapes on the Hotel Royal, which recently burned down. Over a year ago the owners of the building were ordered to put escapes on their building, and Moore reported that the order was obeyed. It now transpires that his report was false and the escapes were never put in place.

Indicted for Violations of the Postal Laws.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Warrants have been issued for the arrest of John A. Morris, Paul Conrad and eleven other officials of the Louisiana Lottery Company, indicted by the United States grand jury here for violations of the postal laws.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 10.—A fire, which caused a loss aggregating $275,000, occurred here this evening. It broke out in the building occupied by Dinkel & Bamberger, auctioneers, and the salesroom of the American Oak Leather Company. The buildings, which are five stories high, are on the east side of Main street near Hammond. In the auctioneer firm's side of the building was a large amount of goods from all over the country, including valuable paintings, and a rough estimate of the loss of these is $125,000. It is thought that the leather company's loss is $50,000. The building was worth $30,000. Before the fire was under control the Commercial Bank building, next to the burned structure, caught fire. Later the falling walls crushed it to the ground, nearly destroying it and causing a loss of $5000. At 10 o'clock the fire was under control. It is impossible to obtain the insurance tonight.

A COLLISION

Between a Passenger Train and a Street Car.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—A passenger train on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago road ran into a street car at the Thirty-first street crossing at noon today, and all the inmates of the car were more or less injured. John Mayland, D. W. Dutton and Julia Mandley will probably die. Mrs. Eden Hamburn and daughter and Drew Rooney are badly hurt, and others received painful cuts and bruises. The flagman asserts that the car driver hurried on to the crossing before he had a chance to warn him back. The driver asserts that there were a number of empty freight cars on the tracks, obstructing the view. The car was two-thirds across the track when the train struck it, demolishing the rear end and hurling the passengers in a heap into the other end. Ambulances were quickly at hand, and the injured cared for.

The Failure of Phillip Bruns.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The failure of Phillip Bruns, a member of the Stock Exchange since 1868, was announced this morning. His liabilities amount to about $100,000, all to personal friends who are not desirous of pressing their claims, but the publication of the schedules of Wilde & Co., showing that Bruns was a debtor to that firm for about $160,000 caused the president of the stock exchange to request him to announce his suspension. This he did today. It is understood that his assets, aside from his Stock Exchange seat, are simply nominal. The liabilities referred to are all of long standing, and he has no outstanding contracts.

Bland's Coinage Bill to Be Favorably Reported.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The House committee on coinage, weights and measures today agreed to report favorably the free coinage bill introduced by Bland on the 21st of January. The vote was 8 to 5.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The treasury department today purchased 275,000 ounces of silver at from $.90 to $.91.

Deadwood, S. D., Feb. 10.—The United States grand jury today indicted eleven Chinamen for using the mails for the transmission of lottery tickets and literature. The evidence against them is positive.

Philadelphia, Feb. 10.—Engineer Hays, Dougherty and Brakeman Faust, who were riding in the caboose at the time of the explosion of the engine on the Reading road yesterday, died today, making a total of five deaths from the accident. The remaining victims are out of danger.

Emporia, Kan., Feb. 10.—At the regular monthly banquet of the Daughters of Rebecca last night about forty people were poisoned by some foreign substance in the coffee. All were taken sick; some of the cases were fatal, but all the victims are very ill.

New York, Feb. 10.—No additional bodies were found in the ruins of the Hotel Royal today, and it is announced tonight that every particle of the debris has been gone over, and, if any more lives were lost, the bodies must have been entirely consumed.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—James Couch, one of Chicago's pioneer settlers and owner of the Tremont house property, was run over by a truck today when alighting from a streetcar and fatally injured. He is 82 years of age.

INDIAN TROUBLES.

The Navajos Reported to Have Gone on the Warpath—How the Trouble Arose.

THEY THREATEN TO BURN COALINGTON'S RANCH.

Troops are Ready to Quell Any Disturbance That May Arise.

[By Telegraph to the News.]

THE NAVAJO INDIANS.

Advices State that They are on the Warpath.

DENVER, Feb. 10.—A dispatch received this afternoon from New Mexico stated that the Navajo Indians had gone on the warpath, and that a battle was in progress near Albuquerque. It created great excitement. Later advices show that the first reports were greatly exaggerated. A dispatch from Coolidge, N. M., tonight, says that the trouble is between the Navajos and cattlemen, and was caused by renegade Indians killing cattle. Chief Manuelito was requested ten days ago to remove the Indians. This was granted, but Tuesday three Indians were found running down the trail toward Chaves, and the cowboys ordered them back. They started back, and on a bluff built a signal fire. Soon forty renegade Indians came to their assistance, in defiance of the cowboys and the promise not to trespass. There were no cowboys at Chaves at the time, but the Indians claim that their corralled camp was burned by the cowboys and that they were going to get even. The Indians threatened to burn a ranch occupied by a cattleman named Coalington, and they left Chaves, going in that direction. Harry Coly, his mother and two men were at the ranch.

They were greatly terrified when the Indians rode up and began yelling and shooting indiscriminately. No one was hurt, and the Indians, apparently satisfied with having scared the people, rode away. Harry Coly at once mounted a pony and rode sixteen miles to Coolidge for assistance.

Fifteen armed cowboys immediately left for the ranch, which is sixteen miles distant, arriving at 9 p. m., but all was quiet. The cowboys remained at the ranch until noon today, but could discover no Indians. Lieutenant Wallace, Second cavalry, and twenty men from Ft. Wingate, with pack mules, passed Coolidge this evening on their way to the San Antonio ranch, to remain there several days and be ready to quell any disturbance on the part of the Indians. This evening everything is quiet at and in the vicinity of Chaves.

KILLING EACH OTHER.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 10.—A courier from White Oaks, N. M., says that the Mescallero Indians on the reservation near there obtained a quantity of whisky and indulged in it to such an extent that they got to fighting among themselves. Revolvers and knives were brought into action and the result was the killing of four bucks and one squaw. Two Indians, the only participants in the fight who were not killed, were placed in the guardhouse.

A BATTLE IN PROGRESS.

DENVER, Feb. 10.—The Navajo Indians of New Mexico have gone on the warpath and threatened the lives of all the white men. A battle between the Indians and cowboys is now in progress nine miles south of Albuquerque. Great excitement prevails.

Idaho Snowed.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 10. — Another very heavy snowstorm is prevailing throughout southern Idaho, greatly to the discouragement of stockmen. The present fall will amount to six inches or more, making it impossible for the starving horses or cattle to uncover their scant feed. Stockmen say there is no hope for the stock on the ranges. Thousands of animals have already died, and many thousands more will perish before spring. The present winter was never equaled in southern Idaho.

THE BEHRING DISPUTE.

France, Italy and Sweden as Arbitrators.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—In reply to a question asked in the Commons this afternoon in regard to the Behring Sea negotiations, Lowther, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, said that Great Britain and the United States had agreed that France, Italy and Sweden should act as arbitrators of the Behring Sea dispute.

The secretary added, however, that although France, Italy and Sweden had been agreed upon, they had not yet been asked to appoint the arbitrators.

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations: Walter H. Sanborn, Minnesota, United States Circuit Judge for the Eighth Judicial Circuit; John H. Burford, Associate Justice of the Supreme court of Oklahoma; William A. Kelley, Oregon, to be commissioner in and for the District of Alaska, to reside at Wrangle.

The Chilean Indemnity.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The Herald's Valparaiso, Chile, dispatch says it is expected that the terms of indemnity will be delivered in March, with order to present the same to Congress at its session in April.

Fraudulent Timber Lands Entries.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—In the matter of government proceeding against the alleged fraudulent timber land entries in Washington, Oregon, or California, the commissioner-general of the land office, with the approval of the secretary of the interior, has instituted a change of procedure, by which parties claiming title to these lands will hereafter be required to produce the original entry men and their witnesses at the local land offices for further examination with reference to any contracts of arrangements which may have been made prior to the entry for conveyance of the land to corporations or syndicates. It appears from the records of the general land office that large tracts of valuable timber land in different localities have been entered on the same day by a large number of persons, and immediately thereafter all the parties transferred to syndicates. It is now commonly asserted by those syndicates that the government cannot prove that the entries were originally made in their interests. This new order is made with a view of simplifying the procedure in such cases.

BLAINE NOT TO RETIRE.

He Characterizes the Rumor as an Infernal Lie.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Secretary Blaine had a conference with the President this morning in regard to trade relations with Canada. As he was leaving the White House, a representative of the Associated Press showed him the published statement that he was about to retire from the Cabinet. He read it slowly and then said with deliberation: "It is entirely false; there is not a word of truth in it. The stories are being circulated by idle persons who have nothing better to do, and I ask you to deny them in the most positive terms, as the statement is an infernal lie."

Questioned as to the other rumored changes in the Cabinet, Blaine said: "I do not know anything about them. I suppose these rumors are started by the same men who set the one afloat about me. There seem to be no more foundation for them."

CIVIL MARRIAGE.

Duke De La Rochefoucauld and Mattie Mitchell.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—The civil marriage of Duke De La Rochefoucauld and Miss Mattie Mitchell took place today at the Mairie of the Seventh Arrondissement. The religious ceremony will take place tomorrow at noon at the Church of St. Clothilde. The ceremony today was performed by the deputy mayor. There were only thirty persons present, including Hon. Whitelaw Reid, American minister. After the ceremony had been concluded, the deputy mayor said to the duke and bride:

"I am pleased to have the honor of addressing to you the compliments and good wishes of the municipal officers upon the union of an officer of the French army and the head of one of the most ancient and historic families of the country with the daughter of an honorable American Senator. This marriage endows our country with a new and charming French woman whom I welcome heartily among us, especially as she represents and renews the old alliance between France and America. I am proud to salute the eminent persons present here, especially the distinguished American minister. I beg him to kindly accept my expression of respect for the government he represents and for himself, who enjoys great esteem and consideration here."

Subsequent to the civil marriage today a dinner to the contracting parties was given at the residence of Dowager Duchess de la Rochefoucauld in Rue de Bellchasse. The bride's trousseau and wedding presents, which were of great number and extraordinary value, were displayed today in a room of Hotel Holland, where the bride at present resides.

Burned to Death.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 10—Mr. Rothchild and two children were burned to death in a fire which destroyed several stores and a factory here.

A Brave Deed.

There is a little woman in this city who believes in heroic treatment. Her husband was very ill with an attack of la grippe and quite delirious. His wife was nursing him tenderly, and in his frightful condition he attempted to get up, dress himself and go down town, though in a burning fever. His wife remonstrated, coaxed, commanded, but all to no purpose. Get up he would, and she feared that in his weak state it would kill him.

There was no one in the house to assist her in restraining the delirious man, and as she stood over him an idea occurred to her. If she could get him into another train of thought he could be saved.

As he essayed to rise from his pillow she gave him a sharp box on the ear.

"Mary," said the poor fellow, looking up into the resolute little woman's face, "you've killed me!"

"I expect I have, Jim, but I will not let you kill yourself," she replied firmly.

And the reaction cured him.—Detroit Free Press.

A Magisterial Logician.

A bailie of Glasgow was noted for the simplicity of his manners on the bench. A youth was charged before him with abstracting a handkerchief from a gentleman's pocket. The indictment being read, the bailie, addressing the prisoner, remarked, "I hae nae doot ye did the deed, for I had a handkerchief ta'en oot o' my ain pouch this verra week." The same magisterial logician was on another occasion seated on the bench when a case of serious assault was brought forward by the public prosecutor. Struck by the powerful phraseology of the indictment, the bailie proceeded to say, "For this malicious crime ye are fined seven and-sixpence." The assessor remarked that the case had not yet been proven. "Then," said the magistrate, "we'll just mak' the fine five shillings."—London Tit-Bits.

How to be Agreeable.

The true art of being agreeable is to appear well pleased with all the company, and rather to seem well entertained with them than to bring entertainment to them. A man following out this line of conduct may never obtain a reputation for being particularly brilliant, but he is certain to become popular.

HEDSPETH CAUGHT.

The Robber is Found at the San Francisco Postoffice and Arrested.

TWO REVOLVERS AND $10,000 FOUND ON HIM.

He Has Not Endeavored to Avoid Arrest But Gone Around to Public Places.

[By Telegraph to the News.]

A ROBBER CAUGHT.

The Notorious Hedspeth Arrested in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—Marion Hedspeth, wanted in St. Louis for connection with the Glendale (Mo.) train robbery, was arrested at the postoffice here today by Captain Lees and a detail of detectives. Two revolvers, $10,000 in money and a number of diamond rings and other jewelry were found on him. The detectives had information that he was in town, and suspecting that he was in communication with friends in the East, laid in wait for him at the postoffice. The watch has been kept up for weeks, but it was not till today that he put in an appearance. This morning, when he walked into the postoffice, Detective Byram followed him in. At a signal from Captain Lees, Byram grasped Hedspeth from behind and pinioned his arms to his sides. Officers Silvey and Campbell presented revolvers and Captain Lees ordered Hedspeth to take his hands out of his pockets or die. Reluctantly he obeyed the command, and was taken to police headquarters. Hedspeth said he had been keeping watch on the police, and was better informed of what they were doing than they were of his movements. He says his wife is entirely innocent, and should not have been arrested. Instead of remaining in concealment here, he has attended the theaters and gone around to public places, making no special effort to avoid arrest.

Captain Lees said: "I regard Hedspeth as one of the most dangerous criminals in the United States and feel thankful that he was taken without a fight. His wife and fifty warned us to be careful or he would kill someone. The watching was a good thing, as, when Byram touched him from behind, Hedspeth had his hand on a revolver in each overcoat pocket. Since he has been in California Hedspeth has committed numerous crimes and is suspected of having broken open a number of safes in Oakland."

London Paragraphs.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Four wrecking steamers are lying alongside the North German Lloyd steamer "Eider" which stranded on the Atherfield ledge, Isle of Wight, and they are all taking cargo from the wreck. An attempt will be made to float the steamer when the cargo is all out.

In a collision today with a British steamer, the schooner "Railway" sank near Cardiff, and three of her crew were drowned.

Eight thousand coal porters of this city are on a strike over a dispute regarding wages.

Chinamen Murdered and Robbed.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 10.—Last night two Chinese at Pargus Hall mining camp had their throats cut, their watches, jewelry and several hundred dollars in money taken.

NEWS FROM THE FAR NORTH.

The Comming Protection Battle in Sweeden.

FINLAND IN HER DEATH STRUGGLE.

Troubles of Newspaper Men—Wages of Laborers in Norway—Miscellaneous.

THE NORWEGIAN SEAL AND WHALE CATCH.

Twenty-six steamers were engaged in the seal catch last year, and succeeded in capturing 70,000 seals. The value of the catch is estimated at 900,000 kroner, but the expenses were so great that the profit will not exceed 25,000 kroner. On that account both the owners and crews of the different vessels feel far from satisfied. The whale catch was much more profitable, although the cost for that also amounted to more than was ever expected.

AIM OF THE SWEDISH MINISTRY.

Protectionism rules Sweden at present. It is said, however, that the Bostrom ministry is preparing a sensational scheme of compromise, to be laid before the Riksdag now in session. The cabinet will probably try to sacrifice or at least weaken the foundations of the whole system of protectionism—the duties on necessities of life. By winning over, perhaps, a number of free-traders, the ministry hopes to obtain the necessary majority for its bill embodying heavy appropriations for the army and navy. It is supposed that the protectionists will be kept quiet by the introduction of a bill favoring higher duties on industrial productions, and an additional majority, it is expected, will be gained by a proposition of the government to extend the right of suffrage.

Should a shattering of the party strength occur such as that which the secretary of state is anxious to produce, the ministry, of course, will take advantage of it, and soon control both protectionists and free-traders. The scheme is a deep laid one, and it only remains to be seen how it will work.

POOR FINLAND!

Russia will completely overthrow the Finnish constitution, which the Czar has sworn to support. A committee on the establishment and introduction of new laws for the country has been organized in St. Petersburg. As the committee consists of fanatical adversaries of all constitutional liberty, no one doubts the result. The law-