TELEGRAPHIC.

BRIBING THE POLICE.

More Charges Preferred Against a New York Officer.

HE GOT TWENTY DOLLARS A MONTH

For Allowing a Blasting Firm to Do Work Without Complying With Certain Requirements of the Law.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—It is possible that a new charge or specification will be added to those which Police Captain T. Stephenson is to be tried by the police board next Tuesday. An alleged collector of blackmail for the captain was arrested last night. He is Robert Higginbotham, who retired from the police force more than a year ago. He was arrested on a bench warrant issued by Judge Fitzgerald on the application of Assistant District Attorneys Wellman and Osborne. He is charged on informations and belief with having received bribes from Geo. C. Carpenter & Bros., contractors, for a period of about two years. The Carpenters live at Port Chester and had a place at Fordham and Ft. Lee, where they manufactured their oak staves during the period in which it is charged that Higginbotham received $20 monthly for himself and "Captain S.," as the entry appears in the firm's books. The firm was engaged in deepening the cut through which the New Haven railroad thinks fit.

George C. Carpenter, his brother and the head bookkeeper of the firm, who is still in their employ, make affidavit that they made the monthly payment of $20 to Higginbotham, who was no longer a policeman. This continued for two years, beginning in the latter part of 1890 and continuing to the end of 1891. The moneys of the firm pay to police officers, which were drawn up by Assistant District Attorney Osborne, that they were robbed, in contravention of this payment, from complying with all the requirements of the law in regard to blasting. The payments began at the end of January, 1890. The law requires that explosives of a certain power shall be used, and that the blast must be covered with logs. It was also said by the contractors that they had been so annoyed at the cutset of their work that they were compelled to make terms with the captain. Their men were arrested by a special officer who watched the workmen to see that the law was exactly observed in the blasting.

TO KILL HIPPOLYTE.

But the Plot Was Given Away by a Girl who Knew the Secret.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—A special from Kingston, Jamaica, says: News has reached here from what has hitherto proven a reliable source that an attempt was made a few days ago to assassinate President Hippolyte, of Hayti. The attempt was made one evening while he was on his way to his country residence, a few miles from Port-au-Prince. Twenty-four men armed with pistols stationed themselves along the road which the president was to take, and according to arrangement the first shot was to be fired when the intended victim had reached the center of the line and escape would then be considered impossible. The plot was given away by the sweetheart of one of the band of conspirators. Several of the implicated men were arrested.

California Democrats.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—This was the third day of the Democratic state convention. During a short session held this morning, the convention agreed on the order of business and the manner of forming a state central committee. The afternoon session was taken up in consideration of the report of the committee on platform. After a spirited debate the platform as reported was adopted by a unanimous vote.

The platform endorses the administration of President Cleveland, declares devotion to the principles of the national Democratic platform of 1892, and congratulates the people upon the fact that "notwithstanding the open opposition of the Republican party and the conduct of a few pretended Democrats, a substantial measure of tariff reform has been effected."

In regard to the inconsistency of the Pacific railroads, the platform declares that any extension of time for the payment of this indebtedness by the so-called Reilly extending bill or any similar measure would unfairly upon the people of California the principal burden of discharging this debt and would result in conferring additional benefits upon the private owners of the roads.

A determined effort was made to commit the convention in favor of free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. A majority of the delegates, however, were strongly opposed to the proposition, and the resolution was overwhelmingly defeated.

The convention made the following nominations for supreme court justices only for a vacancy:

Long term—Jackson Temple and James E. Murphy.

Short term—Judge Bridgford, of Colusa.

After nominating Bridgford the convention adjourned till tomorrow morning.

The Sicilian Trouble.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—A Times dispatch from Paris says: The Journal des Débats says that King Humbert has crossed the Vesuvius of Sicily and made the Prince of Naples viceroy. It says the news of the king's intention is favorably received in Italy as a happy solution of the problem of a colonial distribution.

Arrived in Good Condition.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A consignment of Canadian fish which was brought here from New York by the steamer Paris was in splendid condition on its arrival yesterday.

In Behalf of the Strikers.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 23.—General Manager Dickinson of the Union Pacific is daily receiving hundreds of petitions for the reinstatement of old employes who went out on strike. These letters do not come from the men themselves, but from merchants, bankers, real estate men, board of trade associations and others. The petitions declare that many of the men's families are in absolute want.

War Measures in China.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 23.—All foreigners have been notified to expect to enter the King Nan arsenal or the imperial factory here without a special permit. If they pass those places by river they must keep up the middle of the stream, and they will be searched in the vicinity. Outside of where they are warned they will run a serious risk, as well as being liable to arrest as spies.

The emperor has issued an edict offering the 100,000 men he prepared for active service. Reinforcements will be stationed at Tung Chow, San Hsi and Tien Tsin.

It is reported that the emperor has ordered that 12,000,000 taels be placed at the disposal of Viceroy Li Hung Chang.

No Agreement Reached.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23.—The manufacturers and committee of window glass workers to settle upon a Wage schedule adjourned today without agreement, and no day is set for a renewal of the conference.

The manufacturers demand a 30 per cent reduction of the labor cost, while the workers were willing to grant only 15 per cent. There is a prospect of a strike which will throw 20,000 men out of work.

A New Geyser.

MAMMOTH, Hot Springs, Yellowstone Park, Aug. 23.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon, while a number of tourists were viewing the black sand basin, which is a portion of the Upper Geyser basin, they were startled by a rumbling noise, which lasted only a few minutes, when a new geyser broke forth within fifty feet of them. The water was thrown over a radius of 200 feet square. The water gradually formed into a column and was raised fully 150 feet above the earth. It played for three hours. One barrel, Lorenzo Amerenia, of St. Louis, was badly burned by water.

Volcanoes Active in Alaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—Mail advices received today from Alaska state that orders were received at Unalaska, Aug. 11th, by the steamer Lakme for the cruiser Concord to proceed to Cuba at once. The Concord is expected to sail for Yokohama about August 15th.

A severe volcanic eruption in Bristol bay recently killed a great number of seal, fish and salmon. The effect of this was so extensive that the natives had been unable to catch any fish as late as August 1st. All the volcanoes in Alaska were active this summer, which is very unusual.

EZETA ARRESTED AT LAST.

The Salvadorean Fugitives Prisoners in San Francisco.

The Ex-General Explains the Charges Brought Against Him—Why He Was On Board the Bennington.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—General Antonio Ezeta and his fellow refugees are prisoners at last by the authority of the United States district court. The warrants of arrest were served this afternoon. Early this morning the local Federal officials received notification that the difference between the navy department and the department of justice had been compromised, at least to a measure, and that the naval authorities of Mare Island would permit the United States marshal to serve the warrants. The navy department maintained its position on one point, however. It would not furnish transportation for the marshal and his deputies to the gunboat. The marshal, too, was determined to uphold the department of the government which he represents. He refused to charter a tug, and there seemed a possibility that the refugees would be left by 3 o'clock on the high seas. Dr. Calderon, the local consul of the Salvadorean government, finally interceded, however, and prevented any serious rupture between these electing departments of the United States government. He went into his own purse for money and chartered a tug. At 4 o'clock this morning the tug steamed out through the heads. On board were Consul Calderon, United States Marshal Baldwin, four deputy United States marshals and Lieutenant Sinney, U. S. N., who went as a representative of the authority of the Mare Island naval station to certify to Marshal Baldwin as a representative of the United States government, and to permit Commander Thomas of the Bennington to receive the arrest and his deputies on board. The tug, which, singularly enough, was named the Relief, arrived alongside the Bennington about 5 o'clock in the morning. After the formalities necessary to fully sustain the dignity of the navy department were over, Marshal Baldwin and his deputies went on board the gunboat.

A few minutes later the Bennington was steaming toward San Francisco bay. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the Bennington steamed through the Golden Gate.

There is a probability that habeas corpus proceedings will be brought on behalf of the prisoners before the extradition matter is examined into. In this event only the validity of the warrants should be attacked. Horatio S. Rubens and Gonzales de Quesada, attorneys of New York, are here to defend the refugees. On motion of the United States district attorney, Rubens was today admitted to practice before the United States district and circuit courts. These attorneys believe they have a good case, but are not at liberty to state their probable course of procedure. So far they have been unable to see their client. This morning they applied for permission to go on board the Bennington, which called the officers to the Bennington, but their request was refused in a few words.

The prosecution is being so hot after the refugees that it is not thought, however, that they will be allowed to remain in custody of Marshal Baldwin.

The refugees were made comfortable for the night in the marshal's office and some kind were visited by their attorneys.

Ezeta says that between the 19th of April and May 3rd three million were bought and sold on the Acajutla, in which he and his friends were deeply interested. Ezeta was warned to the head on May 3rd and was concealed in a hut. Two weeks later, with 200 of his followers, he made his way to the sea coast. There he found the Bennington and asked for asylum until the steamer San Blas should arrive on her way to the north, but stays near. When the San Blas arrived the refugees were to be allowed to board her, but they were kept against their will on the Bennington.

Ezeta excludes the charge of murder against him by saying that he did not kill the man. He says that the banker who tried to intercept him was shot by one of his men, an American. Lieutenant Griffin corroborates this story.

As regards the bank robbery, Ezeta says he took the money from the bank and gave his receipt for it as president of the republic and used it to pay his soldiers. Title he claims he had a right to do, under the laws of the country.

General Bustamente, who is accused of hanging four men, states that he hanged them, but said the men were deserters from the army. In fact all the offenses charged against the refugees are explained by them as being committed while attempting to fulfill the laws of the country.

The Corbett-Jackson Fight.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 23.—A special to the Times from Parsons, Kansas, says:

A purse of $25,000 has been offered by Kansas, Indian Territory and Texas citizens for the Corbett-Jackson fight to take place at Wagner, I. T., where there are no laws to prevent such a contest.

Richard K. Fox tonight telegraphed Jackson's and Corbett's acceptance of the offer, providing the money was deposited in New York. The money was deposited tonight, and will be forwarded Monday, it is said.

A NICARAGUAN OUTRAGE.

Englishmen and Americans Arrested at Bluefields.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 23.—A Bluefields, Nicaragua, letter to the Associated Press via New Orleans, which arrived tonight says:

Shortly before noon on the 16th a most outrageous movement on the part of the Nicaraguans was made public. The greater part of the troops were to sail at 7 o'clock in the evening on the Yola the coasting steamer, and Minister Madriz decided to send with them those persons whom he thought were likely to bring on the Nicaraguan flag. Early in the morning, Consul Hatch, the British representative, was sent for and when he answered to the call he was locked in a room as a prisoner. The store was kept very quiet, and as he was not allowed to communicate with the outside, no one knew of his arrest for hours.

About 11 o'clock when a Mr. Lampton called at the building to secure permission to have certain freights released from the custom house, he was also placed under arrest. Then Mr. Henry Brown, an Englishman, called to assist Mr. Lampton in getting the freight, when he, too, was arrested. These four were arraigned before Colonel E. Winchester, the American who accepts the position as Judge under the Mosquito rule. H. C. Ingram, John Thomas, H. A. Hodgson, John Kyle and George Hodgson, all Mosquito creoles, were arrested. After some men were detained an hour or more the Americans in the neighborhood were attracted by the signs they made from the windows. The English officers stationed on shore as usual went to the building to learn the cause of Hatch's absence and were told they were under arrest. Mr. Hatch dropped a paper from the side window telling of his arrest and the desire of the Spaniards to take him and his companions to Nicaragua.

A boat was immediately sent to the English cruiser and the news continued along the foreign quarter. United States Consul Zealot was notified and called on Madriz.

The latter said these persons were to go to the interior to stand trial. He could not get English evidence to convict them now, but he was sure they were implicated. Consul Zealot then dispatched to the Columbia and by 3:30 his tug was steaming towards the bluffs. What the charges are Madriz does not say. He has not even informed the American or the English consuls.

Such a move on the part of the Nicaraguans, coming as it does after the insults to the American flag, deserves the most severe action, and if ever naval officers were called upon to exert their authority their time has arrived to do so. The American population is greatly excited, and were it not that they have confidence in their country's agents, the solid-ribbed buttonwoods would suffer another attack, but late time as a one would be severely hurt. The situation is serious, for no one feels safe, but it is hoped that Nicaragua will be taught a lesson that will not be forgotten by the men on the Mosquito and Colombia.

Wellman Criticised.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The Pall Mall Gazette, in an article on the Wellman Arctic expedition, says it is stated that the Norwegian members of the party assert the uselessness of the Americans who accompanied the expedition to take part in such an enterprise. Mr. Hepenstall of the University of Christiania, who was one of the party, in a letter written at Walden Isle, stated that the provisions taken by the expedition were not sufficient, and the members were forced to live on short rations and drink salt water and water obtained by melting ice. As a result of this, he was made ill.

The Gazette further says that in fairness to Mr. Wellman, the public should suspend judgment until the explorer shall have returned and been given a chance to defend himself.

Business Improving.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 23.—The Manufacturers' Record, reviewing the business conditions of the South for the week, says: Reports from all parts of the South show a steady tendency toward improvement in business circles.

Another Alleged Blunder.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—A rather blunder has been discovered in the tariff bill, which is almost sure to cause trouble. In the free list of the McKinley act appears under two particular paragraphs:

"1630—Coal, anthracite.

"Sal—Coal, stores of American vessels, but none shall be unloaded."

The new bill, however, omits these paragraphs in section 46 of the free list, which now reads:

"Coal, anthracite, and coal stores of American vessels, but none shall be unloaded."

Of course, according to the punctuation, the prohibition contained in the last clause applies to all that precedes it in the paragraph, including anthracite coal, which was intended to be made free. As the paragraph now stands, anthracite coal cannot be unloaded.

All Curable Diseases

ARE TREATED AND CURED BY DRS. SHORES & SHORES FOR $5 A MONTH. MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE.

No Catchpenny Schemes, but Honest Treatment.—You will Notice the Multi Specialists Have Quit.

No Frauds can Live Under Drs. Shores & Shores' Mighty Exposure.

Mrs. Olberg has resided here for the past eighteen years and her many friends will be glad to learn of her little daughter's rapid recovery.

LITTLE IDA OLBERG.

Are you afflicted with Deafness, partial or complete? Are you troubled by the clinging to your ears of the excretions of the catarrhal process in the hearing? Do you suffer from Dyspepsia, loss of appetite, bloating in the stomach, or any of the forms of catarrhal troubles with the digestive organs?

Have you severe throbbing headache, hacking cough, pains in the chest, loss of flesh? Have you been warned of a spreading consumption?

Are you a sufferer from Asthma, and have you been led to believe that your disease is incurable?

Is you suffer from Rheumatism for which remedies and prescriptions have proved unavailing?

Is your heart affected? Do you suffer from an oppressed feeling, smoking sensations, palpitating pulse, air sensations, dizziness of head and fluttering or palpitation?

Do you suffer from Liver complaint? Are you constantly melancholic, nervous and miserable, without knowing a good reason why?

Do you suffer from Nervous trouble, which affects so many at this time, where cures are taken lovingly?

If You Cannot Come to Salt Lake

Write for the mail treatment. Consult the physicians in personal charge exclusively the mail department and by a system of close correspondence controls those out of the city quite as well as those who come to the office. Send for symptom blank. Medicines shipped carefully. Try this treatment.

Drs. Shores & Shores.

Specialists,

Zion Medical and Surgical Institute

34 E. Second South Street.

Specialties: All diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Female, Rectal and private diseases. Our treatment for Piles is new, painless, safe and secure. Our cure is perfect.

Office hours—9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m. Take car, transfer, U. R. R. to 1 p.m.

For sufferers a month free of charge for the asked. Medicines furnished free from our own laboratory.

SPORTING GOODS.

WE

Have the Largest Stock and Finest Assortment of Fishing Tackle, Lawn Tennis, Base Ball and Cricket Supplies, Tents, Hammocks, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Guns, Rifles, Ammunition, Bicycles and General Sporting Goods.

Ride a Copper Bun Rambler, if you want the best Wheel Made. Send for Catalogue of Sporting Goods.

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2461 Washington Ave., Ogden.

The

WAGENER BREWING CO.

Established in 1864.

Incorporated in 1890.

BREWERY AND PARK, AT EMIGRATION OF PIONEER CANYON

Family Trade Solicited.

Principal Office, No. 44 East First South St. Telephone 428.

Knox Hats.

We have just received the Fall Style in Knox Hats. Remember "Knox" the hatter" took the six highest awards at the World's Fair for Silk Hats, Soft and Stiff Hats, Straw Hats and Napped Hats. If you are thinking of buying a Hat, it will pay you to buy the best Hat made. Always buy Knox. Union made, world Renowned Hats. We are Sole Agents for Salt Lake City.

ONE PRICE.

J. P. GARDNER,

141 Main Street

SUNOL!

ROBERT SONNER

Superintending the shoeing of Sunol with the Putnam Nail.

THOROUGH HOOF STOCK FARM, SULLEY & SIERLA, PROPRIETORS, VERADO, CAL., Feb. 16, 1893.

PUTNAM NAIL CO., Neponset, Mass.

GENTLEMEN:—Sending to you herewith the hoof of the famous trotting mare Sunol, I write to say that we have found your Putnam Nails to be the best nails we have ever used in shoeing our horses, and we shall continue to use them. We think the Putnam Nail is far superior to other nails we have used, and we shall continue to use them. Yours respectfully,

SULLEY & SIERLA.

Chas. Marvin

The Putnam Nail is the only exclusively Hot-Forged and Hammer-Pointed nail.

Look in your smith's shoeing box. If the nails have smooth edges for the whole length they are the PUTNAM, for they are Hammer-Pointed and are not sheared.

The above picture, from a photo representing Mr. Sunol in the act of trotting is taken from a Putnam Nail while experimenting the shoe of Sunol, will be sent in the form of a half size, size 5x8, on time, white paper, with wide margin, on receipt of 8 cent stamp for postage, etc.

PUTNAM NAIL CO.,

Neponset, Boston, Mass.

For Sale by J. C. M. I. and Branch Houses.

DISSTONS' CELEBRATED

SAWS

Cross Cut, Drag, One Man, Upright, Mill, Hand, Rip, Panel, Tenon, Pruning, Compass, Butcher, Cook, Keyhole, Etc.

CIRCULAR.

Both solid and Chisel Point Teeth, and "SHUMAN," for felling trees, are selling at lower prices than ever. Also a full stock of their Files and Files always on hand.

Z. C. M. I.

C. W. PECK,

Fine Tailoring.

54 WEST SECOND SOUTH STREET.

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

The Largest and Finest Stock of

Home Made and Imported Goods.

Suits of Home Made Goods, from $20 up. Pants of Home Made Goods, from $5 up.

Sacred Heart Academy, Ogden, Utah.

CONDUCTED by the Sisters of the Holy Cross. The location is healthy and of beauty of location. The course of instruction embraces all the requisites of a thorough and accomplished education. For full particulars address

SISTER SUPERIOR,

Sacred Heart Academy, Ogden, Utah.

To infuse Life and Magnetism into Business in these dull times it is necessary to have a Magnet of Powerful Attraction, in order to Draw Trade. The Magnet of

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Siegel Clothing Co

For the next TWO WEEKS

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Will be an Immense Clearance Sale of

Summer Suits, at $7.50

A Suit. These Suits have been Selling for $12.50, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00. To purchase without seeing these Bargains is like Buying a Ticket in a Bogus Lottery—you get no return for your investment.

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Guarantee Honest Goods, Fair Dealing and Lowest Prices.

SALT LAKE. OGDEN. BUTTE.

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OUR

UNPARALLELED OFFERINGS

All the past week attracted the Largest Throng of Buyers ever attending any previous sale. Our aisles were Crowded and jammed the entire week. We had to employ extra help, and then could not wait on all. This week we will continue the line of Unheard-of Bargains with still more added. This is truly the most Important and Largest Sale ever known in Salt Lake.

Everybody admitted of the Great Values we are offering the Public. Continuation of our

Muslin Underwear Sale!

With new lines added.

Greatest of Bargains in

Ladies' Jackets and Capes

That you ever heard of. Call and see them.

Ladies' Jackets that sold for $2.50, for - 75c.
Ladies' Jackets that sold for $3, and $3.50, $1.00.
Ladies' Capes at Half Price and less, for $1, $1.25 and $1.50.
All qualities and grades reduced.
Ladies' Chemisettes and Cuffs to match, in Blue and White Stripes, worth 75c Set, for 25c Set.
All our Black Suits going at Lowest of Prices.
Still a few of those suits left, for $5.95, worth $9.50 and $4.00.

JUST ARRIVED.

36 inch Toilet Cloths, in all new colorings and designs, worth 12c, at 10c. Bedspread Crashes—10 inch in light shades, worth 7c yd, for 4½c yd. 36 inch Percales, absolutely fast colors, worth 12c, for 4½c yd.

New arrivals of Fall Dress Goods. Some opening bargains for this week—one piece of 40 inch Black English Serges, in basket designs, worth [illegible], opening price for 50c yd. 46 inch all wool Cheviots, at 25c, worth 50c yd. Novelty Suiting, most odd coloring, dress designs, worth 75c, at 50c yd.

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