

Now Thought Lives Lost at Topeka Not Greater Than That Number-Barning Lumber Piles Were Mistaken for Houses-Kaw is Falling-Situation at Des Moines Improved-About Same at Kansas City.

ved that the number of lives lost in food here will not exced 20. No es were lost in the fires and only ight buildings were destroyed by fire. Early reports were unavoidably exaggerated. The burning of lumber piles cave the impression that the whole of the north part of the city was going and to one was found who placed his estinate of the loss of life under the

undreds. With the smoke cleared away, th Kaw falling and communication by boat less difficult, additional light or the subject was received this morning and the reduction in the estimated loss of life followed.

About 200 people are still at North Topeka, 150 of them being in the upper story of the woolen mills. They are well fed but extremely uncomfortable. The following is the list of the known cad:

Henry Jobban, colored. Mr. Ward, aged man. Arthur Stilt. Five-year-old son of Mr. Garrett. Child of Mr. Sicrey. Miss Louise Zahaven.

Topeka, Kan., June 1 .- It is now be- 1 the rain and the flood itself. So far as rail communication was concerned the city was almost an island. The only communication, and that very uncertain, was by a road running outheast.

Business all over the city was sus pended. Manufacturing plants on high ground were compelled to shut down, wing to the almost total shutting off f the water supply. No street cars ere running nor were any railroad rains going to or from the city north, sest or south. The blockade at the outt to the southeast was so severe that affic in that direction was practically

it a standstill. Great anxiety is felt for the safety of the people of Kansas City, Kansas There has been no communication with that city and exhaustive efforts to ge word from there this morning failed o any result. Five reporters who crossed the Kaw yesterday, before the flood had become so serious, have not been heard

Telegraph and telephone wires north, south and west were down and there were only a few wires in shape to do business east. The river gauge this morning showed

The river gauge this fibring shound 25 feet, having risen from 30.7 during the night. This is nearly nine feet higher than the previous high record in 1881. There was eight feet of water in

At the office of the Santa Fe it was aid this morning that one train had eft for the west. The Wabash for the lime is out of business. The Union Pacific has abandoned all efforts to run

rains west. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy an a train out for Chicago at 9:30 this

Morning. Another train over this road came in from Chicago during the night, and it is expected to send out another to-night. No trains went west. The Missouri, Kansas & Texas is op-

rating the usual number of trains. Rock Island officials reported no traffic in that direction. The Chicago Great Western has had no trains for

The Chicago & Alton ran trains out of Independence, Mo., last night with Kansas City passengers.

MISSISSIPPI NEAR DANGER LINE. St. Louis. June 1 .- The danger line St. Louis. June 1.-The danger line on the Mississippi at this point will be reached tomorrow. This morning the gauge registered 27.8 feet, less than three feet below the danger line. Rain is failing today and this, added to the heavy precipitation of the last two days with the flood coming frim the Missouri and other it fluitaries porth is In fact, several of them wanted to applaud the speaker for his utterances, and only the day and occasion prevent-Missouri and other tributaries north is causing the river to rise rapidly. ed them from doing so.

Elder Roberts prefaced his remarks causing the river to rise rapidly. Farmers along the banks of Horse-shoe lake reported their crops rulned, and that they will probably have to va-vate their premises today. Their re-ports indicate that the river will reach by the statement, that, as the printed program would show, President Joseph F. Smith, was to have been the next speaker. nore than 30 feet and as a consequence a general exodus of the farmers of the Smith insists that another name shall take the place of his; and mine is that

wlands is expected today. Around Gaberat Island, Choteau island, and on the bank of the Mississippi Venice to Alton, and also below rom East St. Louis, people are arranging for a general movement tomorrow, In some instances farmers have already

ost cattle. At St. Charles, where the Missouri At St. Charles, where the ansaoding river is rising at an alarming rate the high elevation of the city gives it se-curity, but great damage has been done to farms in the valleys and on the the Union depot. A great swirling lake, dotted with floating cottages, trees telegraph poles, and other wreckcovers the low lands as far as the slands. Missouri Point is also in great danger of a general flood. eye can reach. Similar floating objects came rushing down the Missourl river, some of them TERRITORY AFFECTED. ossibly from Topeka. The committees having in charge the Manhattan, Kansas, June 1 .-- Not ince the Galveston flood has water work of relief and rescue were busy early and a special meeting of the city council was held during the forenoon. reated such terrible havoc and wrough uch destruction of lives and property as has just been experienced in the Kaw Thousands of refugees at the con-cention hall made their breakfasts from valley of Kansas. The territory affect-ed stretches from Brookville, Kansas, to Kansas City, a district 206 miles long by three to 15 miles in width. Almost the rations issued by the relief commit-tee. The police have been ordered to shoot on sight any one caught plunder-ing. The number of lives lost in this the entire territory is submerged in water from one to 10 feet deep. It is imcity cannot be learned for some time and probably never will be known defi ossible to ascertain the number who have perished or are yet in danger. The loss to cattle, homes, barns, fences However, there seems to be verification of reports which ac and crops will run into the millions. Boatmen who have reached here re ount for the loss of more than a dozen The keenest anxiety is felt over the ort many persons missing. Probably 0 persons were drowned in the country tuation at Kanras City, Kan. On and here unior circulated during the night was Manhattan is in the very center of the hat accres of people had perished in hat city, but owing to the fact that lood's fury. The Blue river from the borth and the Kansas river from the there has been absolutely no communi-cation with that place there is a general disposition to discredit this and west, which carries the waters from the Republican, Solomon, Saline and Smoky ivers besides several large creeks, met other sensational reports. That there has been some loss of life there is ret the castern edge of the city. Ten miles of water surround Manhatgarded as probable. At 9 o'clock thi tan in every direction. The high rail-road banks alone save the city from orning it was reported at headquarters that there was no furthe being completely submerged and possiloss during the night as far as known All along the bank of the river wagon bly flooded with water. Men, women and children have been containing ropes were stationed during the morning in order that any emergarried in boats and wagons to the hills Those who were unable to secure trans. ency could be promptly met. Early in the merning it was announced that there were a number of people on the Milwaukee bridge and it was decided to send the ferry boat to their rescue. An rtation waded through water waist Over 1,500 people are housed in the Kansas agricultural college buildings. Four births were reported to have occurred during the night, one of the additional call was made from a hotel situated at the intersection of Fourbabies being discovered in the engine room. Every business store is filled conth and Genesee streets-where with water from one to 10 feet deep, care of by railroads. umber of people were reported to b held in the upper stories of the build-

Elder B. H. Roberts delivered a recall the fact that about the year 1898, a certain gentleman (himself) was elected to Congress. They said that good-natured but decidedly stirring sermon at the conference of the Muwas the time to strike the octopus; that to fail to do so would be to be tual Improvement associations in the lost. (Laughter.) And so they struck Tabernacle yesterday afternoon. The in response to sentiment that they had worked up against the gen that congregation was a very large one and appreciative in the highest degree. tleman and against the Church; and they were successful in that they pre-vailed upon Congress to deny that gen-There were many non-"Mormons" present, and they apparently enjoyed tleman his sent. But I have no knowi-edge of it having seriously impaired the it quite as much as the "Mormons" did.

health or well-being of that gentleman. (Laughter,) I have no knowledge of his form diminishing or his shadow grow-ing less. (Laughter.) Nor have I any knowledge of the Church or so-called octopus being particularly hurt, or hurt at all. What effect may we ask,

did that act have on "Mormonism?' About as much as that of a mosquito lighting on the moon. (Laughter.) "Mormonism" survived that awful blow. (Laughter.) "But," said he, "Presiden

MUST NOT RETALIATE.

name, I did all I could to persuade 'But it is not for the Latter-day Saints to reply to these resolutions in the spirit of retailation, not to answer him not to make the change but he as firm in his request and as he has railing with railing, not to smite when smitten, but it is their duty to overthe final say so I must ask you to for get your disappointment and give me come abuse with patience, to meet evil with good. But naught should be down in bitterness. I thank God that the Church of Jesus Christ now occu-

your faith and prayers that something of benefit shall be said of our holy re-ligon. I shall, I think, venture the selection of a text-not one chosen from the Bible, but one that I have thought es a position so exalted that it may alle at the efforts of men to crush it. at in my own head. It is brief, very fore their resolutions, their f nations and abuses, their shafts of a The speaker then proceeded to read form the Doctrine and Covenants. A sumber of the Elders were preaching of the covenants and crystalize your thoughts and give expression to them bughts point of telling them that their labor s in vain. If I could express your faith them I would account myself happy ndeed.

they taught for doctrine the command ments of men, and that the creeds o the time were an abomination. Couly you expect peace after that? Hardhy The debris and rubbish of error has to be cleared away and the rock mad-bare unon which to lay and rear th foundation and superstructure of eter nal truth. It was not our decision, no Joseph Smith's, but it was the judg ment of God Himself. Joseph Smith simply believed God's word; we simply believe God's word. We must tell then the truth; was not oliver them thil Fails to See How Mormonism is to be Crushed, as a Speaker at the Los Angeles Conclave Said it Must Bethe truth; we must deliver them this message; we will do it as gently, as tenderly as we can, but we will do it In the last analysis of the thing we will have to trust in the Lord. But would you believe it but will you believe it, this very assem-

bly has confirmed God's judgment up on it by the action it has taken at Los Angeles. They have proved that their reed contained that that was an abouation in the sight of the Lord in that they have just eliminated some of the theological rubbish it contained."

INFANT DAMNATION.

The speaker here read from the Presovterian class book of faith showing the Presbyterian contentions as to p destination, which was not ormed, also eliminated clause relat to infant damnation which he was g to see go; he hoped they would ge more light and do more amending; they still had a good deal of room for im-provement in that direction. On the question of infant damnation, a claim that had shocked the world he quoted Burns, the poet, who had been led to write:

), Thou who in the Heaven dost dwell,

O, Thou who in the reaven dost dwen, Wha as it please hoest thyse!' To sent ane to Heaven and ten to hell, A' for thy glory, and no for any guid Or ill they've done before Thee. The speaker here called attention to the published acknowledgment the Rev. Mr. Thompson had made that the sectorize churches in Lith ware only a sectarian churches in Utah were only a protest-nothing more, and sectarian schools an invitation and little more,

HAVE TESTED THE TRUTH.

lieves in Predestination and Damnation of Infants. does not empower the senate to expel one member because he is a Mormon, another because he is a Unitarian, a

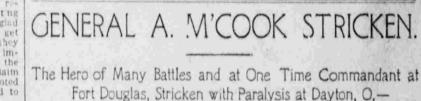
Washington, D. C., June 1 .- At the egular meeting of the Washington Secilar league vesterday the following premble and resolutions were passed: Whereas, the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, north, has re-quested the United States senate to ex-pel Mr. Smoot of Utah, because he is a ember of the Mormon church. Resolved, First-That the Constitution

(Special to the "News.")

third because he believes in predestina-tion and damnation of non-elect infants. Second-That the senate is no place

Second-That the senate is no place for sectarian controversies. Third-That polygamy is a crime at law. If Mr. Smoot is guilty of it the Presbyterian assembly can have him indicted and tried for it instead of urg-ing the United States senate to violate the Constitution the Constitution.

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Fort Douglas, Stricken with Paralysis at Dayton, O,-His Condition is Critical.

Not Empower the Senate to Expel a Member Because

He is a "Mormon," a Unitarian, or Because He Be-

Washington, June 1 .- Word was re- | fantry, Dec. 16. 1880; brigadier-general U. S. A., July 11, 1890; major-general, Nov. 9, 1894; retired from active ser-vice under the law, April 22, 1895. eived at the war department that laj.-Gen. Alexander McDowell Mc-Cook, retired, was stricken with Breveted in the regular service for ga'-lant and meritorious services during apoplexy at Dayton, Saturday, and Is the Civil war as major, July 21, (Bull Run); lieutenant-colonel, Ma now in that city in a critical condi-(capture of Nas)

John L. Adams. Henry Ludington. Mrs. Ida Montgomery. Karl and Amelia Rutt, both children Andrew Pretzel.

Forest Kutz. Among the missing are Dr. H. C. Minor and his son-in-law, A. C. Keat-ing. The rescuers of the Minor family took the women and children on the ook the women and children on the first boat. When they returned the doctor could not be found. They lived in a one-story house. Two railes down the river a shirt marked "A. C. Keat-

ing fiver a sourt marked A. C. Keat-ing" was found. Only one railroad line can get in or out of Topeka today, and that is the Santa Fe by way of Em-porta. A train was sent to Emporia at 5 o'clock this morning and another vill he sent out at noon. From Emporia the train will go west via Ottawa on the Missouri Pacific

The property loss from the best estimates now possible will amount approx-imately \$1,000,000. The whole of North Topeka is still under water seven feet While the 200 people penned of houses have in the second stories of food they are in great of good drinking water, which is being supplied as rapidly as possible in barle and cans.

The great fear at present is that some f the buildings in North Topeka may ollapse because of their foundations eing undermined. There is no imme diate apprehension that the woolen mill will go down but every effort will be made to extricate people from that point as quickly as possible, to avoid any further loss of life.

Today four more boats have arrived and in addition the Chicago Lumber company has constructed rude boats propelled by a gasoline engine. additional transportation expedited the work of relief very much today. In addition to these boats the Rock Island. ing. The ferry boat was ordered to take them off at the earliest practic-Pacific and Missouri Paci trying to ship in some steam launches. ble moment. Word came up from the stock yards

BETTER AT DES MOINES.

that there were 20 or 30 people caught by the flood in that district. They were Des Moines, Iowa, June 1 .- The flood situation is improving and the Des Moines river has been falling rapidly. said to be in no immediate danger, however, and will not in all probability eight feet being reported at Boone in 12 hours. In Des Moines 5,000 are homethis afternoon. Word was brought to police headless and are being cared for by the ocal committees. Provisions and cloth-ng have been contributed in large quanquarters this morning that a number of men were looting houses in the east ities and it is believed here that the bottoms. They had improvised rafts from boards and by propelling them with poles were making their way into orst is passed and no further trouble vill be experienced. From 10 miles up the river the bottoms are covered and homes are under water. No ves have been lost and no fires report-

The Des Moines river is now back to the mark which was its maximum last year and constituted the record prior to the present flood. The river is dening at the rate of an inch an hour and indications point to a more rapid decline from this on. The city authori-ties are now directing their efforts to efforts to guard against the collection of stagnant pools and are preparing to cut through the remaining levees to cncut ble the water to run to its normal channel.

Extreme cold continues and the flood victims are still without sufficient thing. Pitiful appeals are made dry garments for women and children. most alarming reports were received this morning concerning epidemic of pneumonia and kindred Doctors are unable to get discuses. sleep so numerous are the calls.

The smallpox hospital was surround-ed by water and the coal and food sup-ply was cut off for two days, but the anxious inmates have been reassured by the declining of the water. The for and fuel famine that was threatened yesterday is now believed to have been nverted

ABOUT THE SAME AT KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, June 1.-The desolate aspect of the flood situation here show-ed no improvement this morning except that the fires which it was feared last night would spread, were put out by PHILADELPHIA SENDS AID.

Philadelphia, June 1 .- Mayor Weaver of this city has sent the following tele-gram to Mayir Burgenthal of Topeka: 'Mayor of Topeka, Topeka, Kas .-Philadelphia sends sincerest sympathy for your people suffering from flied. Send me word at once if we can help "(Signed) JOHN WEAVER,

"Mayor of Philadelphia." NINETY THOUSAND

OPERATIVES OUT

ey could return to work at the pres

A member of the manufacturers' ex-

the houses, through the second story windows. As soon as this word was reeived by Chief Hayes he ordered a de hment of officers to the place, with rict orders that if the story was found be true the thieves should be shot lown at once.

taken off before tomorrow or late

At 11 o'clock the weather bureau is-sued the following: "There will probably be slight change

In river conditions at Kansas City dur-ing the next 24 hours. Slight fluctuations mean little in way of change so long as weather remains un change so long as weather remains un-settled. A storm area is central in the middle Mississippi valley, from which the west has not emerged and the threatened development of another

storm area in the southwest carries no assurance of immediate relief. "Light to moderate rains have fallen n the Kaw and middle and lower Misouri valleys in the past 48 hours and ain is failing over the greater part of Kansas, Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska

this morning. this morning. "Stage of river at 7 a. m.: Kansas City, 35, and still tising: Omaha, 14.4; Sloux City, 11.5, a fall of .7. No reports have been received on the Kaw r ver. At 11:30 o'clock the Bluff street

bridge was torn out and its wreckage went crashing up against the building close to it, battering it badly. This bridge was entirely in Kansas City, Mo., and spanned the Burlington tracks

"The large manufacturers are a unit almost in opposing the demands of at Fifth street. It has been out of use for some days and its fall at this time employes to the extent of keeping their mills shut down for a year if necessary and as this is the decision there is no occasions no additional inconvenience. Never in the history of the west has

\$13 a week.

uld remain closed.

ecutive committee said:

in wages will amount to \$125,000.

JUSE & SI ng announced that I shall read an

Will Force Be Used, He Asks.

now the will of the Lord. It was com numicated in a manner most marvel-us in its plainness. It had reference o things that had been, to things that were and to things yet to be. It made clear their duty. So broad, so vast, was a that the speaker think of nothing outside of the lines

herein drawn. "We were," continued Elder Roberts, told this morning that the chief ob-ect of the Mutual Improvement as-nociations was to teach the things of od to the youth of Zion-to make them etter acquainted with one anothermake them better men and women. It is our duty to keep well informed an all current matters; and particu-arly should we keep well informed in lation to all of those matters which to the great work of the latter days-the days in which we live. Of late there have been events of more than ordinary interest connected with or related to this work.

"THE HOW OF IT."

"Not long since," said he, "there was a noted body of ministers in this city. They were on their way to Los Angeles. They were going thither to meet in solemn conclave to look after the welhave of their own church, and, incidentally, I suppose, to look after the welfare of ours. (Laughter). One of their propositions involves an extra-crdinary task. It is nothing more and nothing less than a plan to crush 'Mor-monism' I confess we are a little interested in knowing HOW they are going to do it." (Laughter).

"One of the prominent speakers at the assembly, the one who, according to the press reports, received the most ab who obtained the most syn pathy for his great discourse, which has come to us only in fragments-Ipresame we have a right to presume that it was great-said that 'Mormonsim' not to be educated, not to be civilized and not to be reformed, but," prolaimed the speaker in stentorian to 'it must be CHRUSHED. Again, I say, we have an interest in knowing HOW that feat is to be accomplished.

CALLS IT AN OCTOPUS,

"Fortunately, or unfortunately, the speaker set forth his ideas as to how Philadelphia, June 1 .- An additional t was to be done. He finds that now a the time to do; that the Church like an octopus. He declared that trike of textile workers was inaugur ated in this city today involving about 90,000 operatives. Of the 600 firms en Victor Hugo, the great French writer gaged in the textile industry here, 47 have granted the demands of the union says that there is one way and only one way that an octopus can be killed. Of course, when this monster puts forth and their plants, employing about 15,000 hands, are in operation. All of the 63 tenacle it can be lopped off, and when ugrain carpet mills are idle, affecting lirectly 2,000 weavers and 10,000 hands it puts forth another it can be lopped off, and when it puts t another it can be lopped forth other departments. All of the dyers ho are said to control the situation are But it has so many of these that it is not harmed materially by the loss on strike with the exception of those of the Berkshire mills in the north-western section of the city which has of one now and then. But there I one moment to selze and strike it. That onceded the 55 hour week and in reased the wages of the men from \$12 is when it puts forth its head. That is its vulnerable point.

to \$13 a week. The ingrain carpet weavers are ask-ing besides the 55-hoar week a 10 per cent increase in wages. The mill of John and James Dollison, employing now, and now is the time to strike the crushing blow. One of its high priests claims a chair in the United States Congress at Washington. To fall now 2,000 bands was closed indefinitely to-day. The workmen were notified that is, perhaps, to be lost.

A BIT SARCASTIC

nt rate of wages. Otherwise the mill "Wonderful wisdom," exclaimed the speaker, "worthy of a great divine. A mighty climax to a great sermon, if great it was. A most lame and impo-Thirty-nine branches of the textile ade are affected by the strike and the capital invested in the mills is esti-mated at \$100.000.000. The daily loss tent conclusion; as lame and ridiculous as the fable of the mountain laboring greater than any set of men. bringing forth a mouse, if my volce could reach the reverend gentleman I

would inform him that there was noth. ing new or novel in his scheme that has been tried many times before and that it has failed every time it has been tried. I might tell him, too, that I

THE THREATENED WARFARE.

"Now, when you are dealing with an nstitution that cannot be educated, that cannot be civilized, that cannot be reformed-when these agencies all fail, what follows then? If we are not to be ducated according to their notions ot to be civilized as they would us civilized, not to be reformed after their code of morals, what agency vill they then invoke? They say they nust crush us. What does that mean Mobs, violence, plunder, armies. Can it be that ministers living in the en-lightened period of the Christian era, that comes after 1900 years of proclaiming His name, can stand for and advo cate such merciless methods? Can it b that these teachers of Jesus Christ whose mission was peace to all the world, can urge before the nation

whose eyes are upon them, such a war-fare? Can it be that these Christian ministers will throw away all means save that of brute force to stamp out a eligious institution that has not been constructed out of theological material ot of their making? It is a fact worth nembering that the man who voiced that sentiment was the man, according the dispatches, who received the greatest applause.

SOMETHING OF THE PAST. "From the earliest times to the pres-

that has been tried. They said when the Book of Mormon was being given to world that if they could only preent its publication, the movement ould fall. They succeeded in stopping ork upon it for a time. The Prophet Joseph had to go from Pennsylvania to New York to get the matter straight-ened out. They didn't prevent the publication of it and the work didn't fail. Finally they destroy the Prophet Joseph but ut the work went on, It was the same irit that did it that passed these resutions. They said if we cannot reach heir Prophet, powder and ball can; nd powder and ball did. It didn't hurt Mormonism," though. It did nothing more than cause sorrow and te porary infusion among the Saints, But the Prophet lived for 14 years and during that time he, under God, gave to the orld endless and indestructible truth. He piled principle upon principle or ruth until it towered to the heaven-When his death came "Mormonism went on as it will alway go. It was not broken up as predicted. The blood of ie martyrs, indeed, became the seed of the Church. Their love for the Prophet and for the truth he taught was cemented into a holy recollection. Mormonism" survived that awful and wicked blow that deprived it of its earthly head. Then came Brigham arthly head. Then came Brigham foung. The Church thrived under his eadership, and they said it was the genius of this wonderful man that held together. When he died, they it would certainly go to pieces I haven't heard it said since his day that it was the genius of any man that holds it together. Now, it is spoken of as a remarkable institution-better or ganized than anything else in the world except the German army. (Laughter.) We will tell them that this work we have in hand is greater than any man,

WAR DECLARATIONS.

"I see by the headlines and reports n the papers that they are going to make war upon us. I wonder what kind of a Rip Van Winkle sleep they I wonder what have been indulging in all these years. and as this is the decision there is no remember, for deep down in the inner- (Laughter). The Lord gave us our farticular need of making any moves." I most receises of my consciousness, I do nersage more than 70 years ago. He

The Latter-day Saints, said Elder Roberts, knew the truth by every test of light and reason. "What," said he "should be our attitude in the mutterings and premonitions of the storm and in the storm itself when it comes? You young people, how will you meet it? Like your fathers in early days, I am sure. I think your answer will be that you will obey God. We are hunting no trouble, we will make every reasonable concession; we want no persecution, n imprisonment, but if trials and troubl come I think we will have the strength to meet them; that is the way I size i up; that is the way I size up the youth of Israel. I am sorry for these people

who are misrepresenting and slandering us. Particularly am I sorry for the Presbyterian assembly. But I rejoice in the fact that they are on the way to improvement and hope they will go on improving and amending, adding a lit-tle light, and a little more until their yes become accustomed to It and until they can look upon the truth in its ful ness

The speaker closed with a strong testimony of the truthfulness of the Gospel as proclaimed by the Latter-day Saints and admonished his hearers to lead righteous lives that they might reap the reward that would follow.

Boys Burned to Death.

London, June 1 .-- Two boys, both 14 years of age, were burned to death in a fire which gutted one of the masters houses at Frontilege today. There were 33 students in the house and the sur-vivors had great difficulty in escaping. clud only in night clothing.

Scouts Find a Searchlight.

Louisville, Ky., June 1.-A special from Jackson, Ky., says: A scouting party under Lieut. Frey Shelbyville, one of several details nt out to locate a searchlight has been annoying the Gattling gun equed, found the light at midnight on the top of the hill above town. Jack-

THAT S. P. ACCIDENT.

Still Speculation Over the Cause, But Injured Doing Well

Santa Barbara, Cal., June L .- Reports this morning from the Cottage hospital and the local hotels, where the injured f soldiers and a heavy cargo. The coopship will stop at Guam on the utward voyage to discharge 100 tons o victims of the strange and disastrous wreck of the southbound coast limited Saturday night at Punta Gorda, 15 miles ommissary supplies. On board the cased were \$55 mcn of the Fourth in south of this city, are being cared for, indicate that the probable fatalities will antry and 265 men of the Thirteenth avalry, and 150 cabin passengers. In not exceed two. Mrs. H. C. Smith of Los Angeles is still in a very serious he treasure tank is stowed 2,009,000 used of the new Philippine colmage and \$609,000 in gold for the payment of condition and grave fears are felt that she will succumb to her injuries. the army in the Philippines. Severa ria shipped on the Logan as walters in order to visit the orient.

tured and the other dislocated. the other patients will doubtless recover. Speculation is still rife over the prob

able cause of the accident which has not been satisfactorily explained. There is no indication that the track was tan pered with, although the opinion has been expressed that the wreck was caused by train-wreckers for the pur-pose of robbery. That there was no great loss of life in the three cars that the track and rolled over and down the embankment into the surf be-low, can only be explained by the fact also has Finch's body on board. that not one of the cars was crushed by the fall. Narrow escapes from death were many, especially among the 25 passengers in the dining car, but one of whom escaped injury.

The cars remin where they lodged, the parlor car bottom up on the side of th

embankment where a projecting ledge stopped its fall, and the diner and chain car upright on the beach, with their wheels and trucks buried deep in the soft sand. Preparations are being made by the railroad company to attempt the difficult task of raising the cars to the I non was elected chairman of the meettrack above.

colonel, Apri Gen. McCook was born in Colum-biana county, Ohio, April 22, 1831. He was graduated from West Point July 1. appointed brevet second lieuten. at the coronation of the czar unt, Third lefantry, June 30, 1852; sec-ond lieutenant, June 30, 1854; first lieu-longs to the famous "fighting enant, Dec. 6, 1858; colonel, First Ohio volunteers, April 16, 1861; captain, U. 8, A., May 14, 1861; brigadier-general volunteers brigadier-general volunteers brigadier-general volunteers brigadier-general of volunteers, July 17, 1861; lieutenant-colonel, Twenty-sixth infantry, March 5, 1867; transferred to the Tenth infan-5, 1867; transferred to the Tenth infantry, March 15, 1867; colonel, Sixth in- friends.

7, 1862. dler-general, March 13, 1865.(Perryville, Ky.); major-general, March 13, 1865. In 1896 he represented the United States of Rus-'fighting Mc-

on Danks, a fine spe, men of the fron.

tiers man while it fra. scally tried to gore its nervy rider. The president was

1261

with

note.

Wyoming

brought

ROUGH RIDING FOR PRESIDENT.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 1 .-- The wild- | marked: "That is the finest exhibition west exhibit given in honor of Presi- of riding I ever witnessed. Whenever west exhibit given in honor of Presi-Incle Sam again needs cavalrymen dent Roosevelt at Frontier park this nese are the men we want, for norning was the most successful event them courage is infused by the life they of the kind ever given in the state. A dozen wild-eyed Texas steers were Not an accident of any kind occurred urned loose and roped for the edifica-tion of the president as the next event. One of the animale vas ridden by Clay-

o mar the pleasure of the occasion. The president arrived on the scene bout 9 o'clock, as fresh as a dalsy, showing no effects of his 90-mile range riding of the previous 48 hours. The first event was the presentation

areatly pleased at this and cast ap-proving remarks upon the flattered cowboy. No finer exhibition was ever seen than that displayed in the rough o the president of the beautiful sorrel, single footer, gelding Ragalon, supriding contest. The worst outlaw horsplemented by a complete riding outfit consisting of a gold mounted saddle valued at \$400, spurs, etc. The present was the gift of the people of Cheyenne and Douglas and was tendered by Senes on Wyoming ranges were ridden by Thad Swoder, champion rough-rider of the world, and others president was carried back to the old days in Dakota when he viewed this. The climax was reached when Teddy ator Warren. The president responded in a typical vein, saying it was the best riding animal he had been astride, and asked permission of the people of the state to re-christen the animal "Wyo ming," The beautiful animal, at com mand of Senator Warren, fell on his knees and saluted his new owner

Students Ship as Waiters.

San Francisco, June 1 .- The United

ates army transport Logan salled r Manila today with a large number

Roosevelt, the terr of Wy ranges for many y ars, was out. It was the strenuosity of the ani-mal which gained him his name and h did not disgrace it with his fir plunges today. A half mile ladies' cow pony rd. r

At the conclusion of the wild horse greatly enjoyed by the president at party. The fearless young women race, the second event, President Roose presented to the chief executive. veit turned to Secy. Wilson and re-

> It was decided to elect officers of association. John H. Evans war chosen's president for the ensuing year, Mrs. John M. Cannon, vice president; Ellas Ashton, secretary; and D. J. McRae treasurer. These officers were instruct-ed to prepare a constitution and byed to prepare a constitution and by-laws and to make a roll of members for the next meeting. The banquei was both elaborate and dainty. Toasts were responded to by instructor Ardella Bit-ner, Prof. Williard Done, Miss Ruby Irvine, Prof. B. S. Hinckley and Dr. J. M. Tanner. President J. H. Paul was content of communication of the banguet was master of ceremonies. The banquet was Several elightful and the responses interesting. A ball was held in the gymn usium at the conclusion of the toasts and responses.

RESIDENCE BROKEN INTO.

That of H. S. Maginetti Entered Yes: terday and Silverware Stolen.

While the family was away from home yesterday afternoon, the residence of H. S. Maginetti, 300 south Fifth East, was broken into and silverware and jewelry to the value of about \$25 were stolen. When the family returned last evening, they were surprised to find a rear window open. Making a hasty examination they discovered that several of the rooms had been ransacked. Dresser drawers were pulled out and the contents scattered about. In addition to the articles mentioned

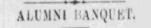
some clothing was stolen. Entrance had been gained by the burglars prying oper

A Murder at Sea. Vineyardhaven, Mass., June L-News

refusing to obey orders.

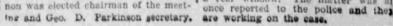
a murder at sea became known here day when the United States revenue utter Seminole arrived with Second Mate Johnson, of the Bath (Malne chooner Edward Briney on board harged with having shot and killed J Finch, a West Indian mulatto membe of the crew of the schooner, yesterday

The cutter



Graduates of the L. D. S. U. Form Permanent Organization.

On Saturday afternoon and evening a fine banquet was held by the Alumni of the L. D. S. university. Seventy-five persons were present, Clarence Can- been gained by the burgiars pr a rear window. The matter





Mrs. Laura Cooper of San Francisco is also in a serious condition at the Cot-tage hospital. Her left shoulder is frac-

son was quiet last night.