

the point of 165 beats a minute, was fluttering. After his rally, about 9 o'clock, General Grant went to a sleep that was described by those as being as peaceful and as the sleep of a child. This, however, is not one to be commended, for the pulse beats rapidly fluttering, and the respiration which normally is 14 to the minute is now 44.

At 10 o'clock, however, it was by reliable authority that the patient was in a slightly better condition two hours ago and quieter, against any hopeful reference might be drawn from this fact is the fact that from his present position, which borders upon a lethargic state, the patient may quietly enter into final unconsciousness.

During the evening the extremities of the sick man have been cold, and in visible symptoms there are signs of the powers. The General, as it passes, seems suffering no more than the lines of his face are drawn and the furrows of his forehead as he lies upon the side which the family are now watching.

At 11 o'clock the General was not in his hands and forearms were more than two hours before. His respiration had not changed. His mind was yet clear and utterance of events and utterance of him. Between 10 and 11 Dr. Shady had accosted the patient and answered in a husky and promptly. Stimulants were used but sparingly and there is an opinion expressed by the medical men about 11 o'clock that the crisis may occur either at one or two o'clock to-night.

At midnight the General remains though not asleep. The coming of his being anticipated with great anxiety. Bottles of hot water have been placed at the General's feet to warm him, and mustard draughts have been applied to the stomach and to preserve the flagging circulation. Dr. Sands is resting at the bedside and Dr. Douglas and Shady are at the cottage.

The General remains in the quiet condition. His pulse and respirations are unchanged and there is feeling that he may tide over the night season of weakness until 4 a. m. Hypodermics of brandy are being

administered. The family is astir at the moment, though there are no visible indications that point to other conditions than at the time of the last bulletin.

THE HOPES OF SURVIVING THE NIGHT.

Grant is in a somnolent condition. His respirations have grown weaker, and the General is no longer expectorating because of weakness. There seems but little possibility that the patient will survive the night.

The respirations are 50; the pulse is so rapid as not to be counted, the hypodermics, which have been freely administered through the arm, have no longer any marked effect. The family are still astir.

The respirations have increased to 60 and the death rattle occasioned by the filling of the lungs and with mucus is heard. He now wishes his friends by opening his

THE LAST MOMENTS OF GEN. GRANT.

At nine o'clock one of Gen. Grant's sons concurred with caution that he should survive until July 23. His last wish was that the sick man might be living when midnight should come. The physician's opinion, however, was not a prognosis, but a statement of fact. The General came out and more. The General into the first hour of the day; his light at sunrise, and through the morning hours he still survived. The advent of July 23, however, marked a change in General Grant's condition, which was significant at the extremities was

the use of hot applications to keep the General Grant's extremities warm. The parts were resorted to early in the day. They were of some avail, but official warmth was without effect to reach the cause or stay the

THE SITUATION WHICH BEGAN TUESDAY EVENING.

It had been progressing steadily and gradually. Hypodermics of brandy were frequently given to stimulate the flagging physical powers, but failed to effect the patient's vitality, and whose physical powers were so far spent as to furnish him no support. None could be given so inactive and without the trial of a minute. The physicians

THE REACH THE EXTREME EBB OF HIS STRENGTH AT 1 O'CLOCK.

During the approach of the morning, and the approach of the day, the patient was anticipated with intense interest at the cottage. It passed, however, and the General lying upon the cot bed in the parlor, was yet growing weaker. The increasing close of the General's life seemed more and more imminent. The feeble beats had worn themselves, by their rapidity, to a point where they could not be distinguished from the finger of the physician. The body was being worn out

by its own life currents, so rapidly was it coursing the veins.

REPEATEDLY THE BRANDY WAS INJECTED BENEATH THE SKIN.

of the General's arm, but despite its wakening influence there, respiration had quickened from 44 to the minute, during the evening, to a point of labored breathing that was painful to the friends who grouped and bent near the sick man's couch.

Two o'clock had been passed and evidences of approaching death were multiplying. The increasing respirations were not alone more rapid, but more shallow. The lungs and heart were giving way; so weak had General Grant grown at 3 o'clock, that though he frequently attempted to do so, he was unable any longer to clear the gathering mucus from his throat. It accumulated and remained, and as 4 o'clock drew on and the daylight came, a point had been reached when expectoration was impossible. There was not left enough of strength; and from 4 o'clock on there was in the throat the significant rattle of the mucus that was filling the lungs and clogging the throat.

AT 3 O'CLOCK THE GENERAL ASKED FOR WATER.

and after that it could not be remembered that he uttered any word. At 4 o'clock the breathing was quickened and reached fifty to the minute. An hour later the respirations had reached sixty and between 5 and 6 o'clock the finger nails had become blue and the hands further evidenced the progress of numbness at the extremities, while at every breath the mucus clogging the throat was growing more noticeable.

A few minutes before 8 o'clock, Doctors Douglas, Shady and Sands stood on the cottage veranda conversing of the condition of Gen. Grant, and discussing the probabilities of his death and the limit of life left to the sick man. Mrs. Sartoris and stenographer Dawson were conversing a little distance away, when Henry, the nurse, stepped hastily upon the piazza and spoke quietly to the physicians. He told them he thought that the General was

VERY NEAR TO DEATH.

The medical men hastily entered the room where the sick man lay, and approached his side. Instantly upon scanning the patient's face Dr. Douglas ordered the family to be summoned to the bedside. Haste was made and Mrs. Grant, Mr. Jesse Grant and wife, U. S. Grant, Jr., and wife, and Mrs. Colonel Grant were quickly beside the doctors at the sick man's cot. Mrs. Sartoris and Mr. Dawson had followed the Doctor in from the piazza and the entire family was present, except Col. Fred Grant, and a hasty summons was sent for him, but he entered the sick room while the messenger was searching for him. The Colonel seated himself at the head of the bed with his left arm resting upon the pillow above the head of the General who was breathing rapidly and with slightly gasping respirations. Mrs. Grant, calm, but with intense agitation bravely suppressed, took a seat close by the bedside. She leaned slightly upon the cot resting upon her right elbow and gazed with tear-blinded eyes into the General's face. She found there, however, no token of recognition, for the sick man was

PEACEFULLY AND PAINLESSLY PASSING INTO ANOTHER LIFE.

Mrs. Sartoris came behind her mother and leaning over her shoulder thus witnessed the close of the life in which she had constituted a strong element of pride. Directly behind Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Sartoris, and at a little distance removed, stood Doctors Douglas, Shady and Sands, spectators of the closing life their efforts and counsel had so prolonged. On the opposite side of the bed from his mother, and directly before her, stood Jesse Grant and U. S. Grant, Jr., and near the corner of the cot on the same side as Jesse and near to each was Mr. N. E. Dawson, the General's stenographer and confidential secretary. At the foot of the bed and

GAZING DIRECTLY DOWN INTO THE GENERAL'S FACE.

was Mrs. Col. Fred Grant, Mrs. U. S. Grant, Jr. and Mrs. Jesse Grant, while somewhat removed from the family circle, Henry, the nurse and Harrison Tyrrell, the General's body servant, were respectfully watching the closing life of the patient, their master. Dr. Newman had repaired to the hotel for breakfast and was not present. The General's little grand children U. S. Grant, Jr. and Nellie were sleeping in the nursery room above, otherwise the entire family and household were gathered at the bedside of the dying man. The members of the group had been summoned not a moment sooner than was prudent. The doctors noted on entering the room and proceeding to the bedside, that already the purplish tinge which is one of nature's signals of final dissolution, had settled beneath the finger nails, and the

HAND THAT DR. DOUGLAS LIFTED WAS FAST GROWING COLDER.

than it had been through the night, the pulse had fluttered beyond the point where the physician could distinguish from the pulse beats in his own finger tips. Respiration was very rapid and there was a succession of shallow

breathing inhalations, but happily the approaching end was becoming clear of the rattling fullness of the throat and lungs. As the respiration grew quicker and more rapid at the close, they also became less labored and almost noiseless. This fact was, in its results, a comfort to the watchers by the bedside, to whom was spared a scene of other than a peaceful death. At times a passionate longing to prevent the event so near, would rise within the bosom of Mrs. Grant, who fervently pressed both his hands and leaning forward

TENDERLY KISSED THE FACE OF THE SINKING MAN.

Col. Fred Grant sat silently, but with evident feeling, though his bearing was that of a soldierly son at the death bed of a heroic father. U. S. Grant, Jr., was deeply moved, but Jesse bore the scene steadily, and the ladies, while watching with wet cheeks, were silent.

The morning had passed five minutes beyond 8 o'clock, and there was not one of the strained and waiting watchers but could mark the nearness of the life tide to its final ebbing. Dr. Douglas noted the nearness of the supreme moment and quietly approached the bedside and bent above it, and while he did so, the sorrow of the gray haired physician seemed closely allied with that of the family. Dr. Shady also drew near. It was seven minutes after 8 o'clock and the eyes of the General were closing.

HIS BREATHING GREW MORE HUSHED.

as the last functions of the heart and lungs were hastened to the closing of the ex-President's life, and the peaceful expression seemed to be deepening in the firm and strong-lined face, and it was reflected as a closing comfort in the hearts that beat quickly under the stress of loving suspense.

A minute more passed and was closing as the General drew a deeper breath—there was an exhalation like that of one relieved of a long and anxious tension. The members of the group were impelled each a step nearer the bed, and each wanted to note the next respiration, but it did not come then—it never came. There was absolute stillness in the room and a hush of expectancy so that no sound broke the silence save the singing of the birds in the pines outside the cottage and the measured throbbing of the engine that, all night, had waited by the mountain depot.

"IT IS ALL OVER."

quietly spoke Dr. Douglas, and there came then heavily, to each witness, a realization that General Grant was dead. Then the doctors withdrew, the nurse closed the eyelids and composed the dead General's head, after which each of the family group pressed to the bedside one after the other, and touched their lips upon the quiet face so lately still. Dr. Shady passed out upon the piazza, and as he did so he met Dr. Newman hastening up stairs. "He is dead," remarked Dr. Shady quietly. The fact of having been absent from the side of the dying man and his family at the last was a cause of sorrow and regret to the clergyman, who had waited all night at the cottage. He had been summoned a moment too late and reached the cottage only in time to minister to a family sorrowing and gaze upon the scarcely hushed lips of the dead General to whom Dr. Newman's love had bound him in such close ties and relations.

GENERAL GRANT IS DEAD.

Gen. Grant died at 8.08 a. m. surrounded by all his family, he passed out of life peacefully and without evident pain.

An embalmer from New York will be summoned to preserve Gen. Grant's remains, but a local undertaker will undoubtedly conduct the immediate details and convey the remains to New York. When the body shall have reached New York the question of post mortem will be considered and determined by the family. Touching the place for the burial, the General, a month ago, indicated three places as suiting his wishes in that direction, the choice, however, was narrowed to two, owing to the natural wish of the General that his wife should rest beside him. A strong desire has been expressed to the family that the burial should take place in Washington, and efforts have been put forth to make New York the last resting place of the General. Before his death, however, Gen. Grant left

THE CHOICE OF THE BURIAL SPOT.

entirely to Col. Fred, imposing only the condition that the spot selected should be such that Mrs. Grant might rest by his side. His remains will be removed to New York by special train and there be prepared for burial.

Soon after Doctors Douglas and Shady left the death bed they conversed feelingly of the later hours of Gen. Grant's life. The pulse first had indicated failure. The intellect was the last to succumb its clearness and conscious tenacity, and that after midnight last night; though a circumstance at three o'clock indicated cognizance.

"Do you want anything, father?" questioned Col. Fred at that hour. "Water," whispered the General huskily, but when offered water and milk they gurgled in his throat and were ejected, and that one word of response was

THE LAST UTTERANCE OF GENERAL GRANT.

Dr. Douglas remarked that the peculiarity of Gen. Grant's death was explained by the remarkable vitality that seemed to present an obstacle to the approach of death. It was a gradual passing away of the vital forces, and consciousness, the Doctor thought, was retained to the last. The General died of exhaustion and in perfectly painless passing away.

"Yes," interjected Dr. Shady, quietly, the General dreaded pain, when he felt that he had begun sinking, and he asked that he

SHOULD NOT BE PERMITTED TO SUFFER.

The promise was made and it has been kept since he commenced to sink. Tuesday night he was free from pain. Toward the last no food was taken, but when a wet cloth was pressed to his lips he would suck from it water to moisten his mouth. During the General's last night Dr. Shady was within call, Dr. Douglas was all night at the cottage, and Dr. Sands slept at the hotel until after midnight. Within twenty minutes after the death of the General, Kere Gebhardt, a Hartford sculptor, who had been making a study here of the General, was summoned to the cottage, at the suggestion of Dr. Newman, to make

A PLASTER MASK OF THE DEAD MAN'S FACE.

He was highly successful. Within half an hour after the General's decease, the waiting engine at the Mountain depot was on its way to Saratoga, to bring the undertaker, who will place the remains on ice to-day to await the arrival of the New York undertaker, who has been summoned.

FLAGS AT HALF-MAST AND FUNERAL BELLS AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, 23.—Shortly after 8 o'clock this morning the President was informed of the death of General Grant, when he immediately directed that the flag on the White House be placed at half-mast. The lowering of the flag was the first intimation that the citizens of Washington had of the death of the distinguished man, although they had been anticipating it throughout the night. A few minutes after the White House flag had been placed at half mast, the flags on all the public buildings and on many private ones were placed in a similar position. The bells of the city were tolled and the citizens who heard them readily recognized their meaning. Business men immediately began draping their houses with mourning and residences in a similar manner showed the esteem for the deceased. President Cleveland sent the following dispatch to Mrs. Grant at Mt. McGregor:

"Accept this expression of my heartfelt sympathy in this hour of your great affliction. The people of this nation mourn with you, and would reach if they could with kindly comfort the depth of the sorrow which is yours alone, and which only the help of God can heal."

The Thursday meeting of the cabinet was called for 11 o'clock instead of 12, the usual hour, to take action on the death of the ex-President.

WASHINGTON, 23.—The following proclamation was issued by the President:

The President of the United States has just received the sad tidings of the death of that illustrious citizen and ex-President of the United States, General Ulysses S. Grant, at Mount McGregor, in the State of New York, to which place he had lately been removed in endeavor to prolong his life. In making this announcement to the people of the United States, the President is impressed with the magnitude of the public loss of a great military leader, who was in the hour of victory magnanimous, amid disaster serene and self-sustained; who, in every station, whether as a soldier, or as a chief magistrate, twice called to power by his fellow countrymen, trod unswervingly the pathway of duty, undeterred by doubt, single-minded and straightforward. The entire country has witnessed with deep emotion his prolonged and patient struggle with a painful disease, and has watched by his couch of suffering with tearful sympathy. The destined end has come at last, and his spirit has returned to the Creator who sent it forth. The great heart of the nation that followed him, even with love and pride, bows now in sorrow above him dead. Tenderly mindful of his virtues, his great patriotic services, and of the loss occasioned by his death, in testimony of respect to the memory of Gen. Grant, it is ordered that the Executive Mansion and the several departments in Washington be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, and that all public business shall, on the day of the funeral, be suspended, and the secretaries of war, and of the navy, will cause, orders to be issued for appropriate military and naval honors to be rendered on that day. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this twenty-third day of July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and tenth.

(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND,
By the President.
T. F. BAYARD,
By the Secretary of State.

Washington, 23.—The President has also issued an order directing that the Executive departments of the government be closed at 1 o'clock this afternoon as a mark of respect to the memory of Gen. Grant.

RECEPTION OF THE NEWS IN NEW YORK.

New York, 8:30 a. m.—The news of General Grant's death had been received but a few moments before the bells upon Trinity and St. John's church began to toll, and in a few moments the solemn tones were caught up in all parts of the city and conveyed the news of the General's death to the people of this city and Brooklyn.

IN CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, 23.—The bells of the fire department began tolling all over the city a few minutes after the receipt of the news of General Grant's death. Flags are also displayed at half-mast on all government buildings.

Washington, 23.—The President today issued a proclamation, directing the cattlemen in the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservations in Indian Territory to remove their cattle within forty days.

SAN FRANCISCO, 22.—The first ruling of the Treasury Department on the amended Chinese restriction act has been received from Washington. It embodies the correspondence between Secretary Manning and Collector Sears of this port. The opinion on the subject is delivered by A. McCue, Solicitor of the Treasury. The important part of the ruling is that covering clause 6 of the act of 1884, which provides for a certificate to be issued by the Chinese government or by a foreign port of which the Chinese person is a subject, to identify every Chinese person, not a laborer, enabled under the treaty to come within the United States.

The Solicitor of the Treasury says: "It may be considered that the diplomatic or consular officers of China, duly accredited to foreign ports, represent there the Chinese government, and their certificate is proper." This decision affirms that the Chinese consuls have the right to issue certificates to Chinese returning to China, and such certificates must be recognized as valid by the United States government on the return of those Chinese to this country.

DENVER, 22.—Upon the petition of Geo. Capell, chairman of the New York committee of the consolidated mortgage bondholders of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, Judge Hallett, of the U. S. Circuit Court, to-day ordered that payments upon the principal of the car trust mortgage should be suspended until October next, when a final hearing will be had. He also directed the receiver to pay the coupons of the first mortgage bonds maturing last November. Receiver Jackson will arrange for the payment in New York next week.

FOREIGN.

BERLIN, 21.—Four Arctic expeditions will leave Germany next winter.

LONDON, 21.—A dispatch received here to-day states that the King of Dahomey, with a large army, has massacred the French in unprotected villages. The King has also captured 1,000 French persons and he and his followers propose to eat them.

CAIRO, 21.—News has reached here from Kassala to the effect that a large force of rebels attacked that place and made several desperate attempts to carry it by assault. They were finally repulsed, and the garrison at Kassala following up their victory captured the rebel camp with 2,000 oxen and sheep and 700 rifles. The enemy lost 300 men in killed and wounded, while the garrison's casualties were small.

MADRID, 21.—There were 2,471 new cases and 952 deaths from cholera reported yesterday. In Madrid 25 new cases and 13 deaths were reported. The scourge has invaded Guadalupe, Burgos and Almeria.

LONDON, 22.—The Standard's correspondent at Vienna says: Mr. Lee will take charge of the American legation here until autumn, when the minister will be appointed. Mr. Francis will present his letters of recall as soon as the Emperor returns to Vienna and will then go to America. In the meantime Mr. Keiley draws his salary.

ST. PETERSBURG, 22.—It has been decided to add fifty torpedo boats to the Russian fleet in the Black Sea.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 22.—The Grand Vizier in an interview with Hobart Pasha, said he recognized the necessity of Turkey's forming an alliance with England, and declared that the conclusion of such an alliance would be much easier now than it was before.

LONDON, 22.—The Post's correspondent at Cairo says: One hundred thousand pounds sterling and supplies of arms and ammunition have been promised Rasacala if he succeeds in relieving Kassala.

LONDON, 22.—Fresh proposals have been received from the Russian Government concerning the Afghan frontier.

In the course of debate in the House of Lords last night Salisbury took occasion to deliver an eulogium upon the high manly courage displayed by Earl Spencer in the performance of his duties as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Cleats out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.