DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 14. MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 8, 1890. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIV.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BANKS.

THE STATE BANK OF UTAH, SALT LAKE CITY.

Capital, - - $500,000.

WM. B. PRESTON, Vice-President. HEBER M. WELLS, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph F. Smith, Chas. S. Burton. Wm. H. Rowe, Nephi W. Clayton. Alonzo H. Cannon, Frank Y. Taylor. Heber Clawson, Elias T. Farnsworth. Dan Harris, Richard W. Young. Henry A. Woolley.

Reserve deposits payable on demand. Loans money on approved security. Draws exchange on all principal points. Pays 5 per cent. on savings deposits. Compounds interest thereon quarterly, and wants your business.

ZION'S SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY, No. 1 and 3 EAST TEMPLE ST.

Established 1873. | Incorporated 1889.

DIRECTORS:

Wilford Woodruff, Pres't., George Q. Cannon, Vice-Pres't., Joseph F. Smith, Jesse N. Smith, Angus M. Cannon, Lorenzo Young, James Jack, George Reynolds, T. G. Webber, Cashier, H. S. Clawson.

DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Pays 5 Per Cent. Interest on Savings Deposits.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Securities, at Low Rates of Interest.

Deseret National Bank, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Paid Up Capital.....$250,000
Surplus.....$250,000

DIRECTORS:

John Sharp, President, Moses Thatcher, Vice-President, W. W. Riter, J. R. Barnes, J. T. Little, J. C. Cutler, James Sharp, Henry Dinwoodey, D. H. Peery, T. W. Jennings, George Romney, L. S. Hills, Cashier.

E. S. Young, Ass't Cashier.

Receives Deposits Payable on Demand.

Buys and Sells Exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London and all the Principal Continental Cities.

Safe Deposit Vaults, absolutely burglar and fire proof. Rents, $4 to $10 per annum.

UTAH Commercial & Savings Bank

22 & 24 E. First South St., SALT LAKE CITY.

CAPITAL, - $200,000.00.
SURPLUS, - 20,000.00.

F. ARMSTRONG, Prest. P. W. MADSEN, Vice-Prest. M. E. CUMMINGS, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

F. Armstrong, P. W. Madsen, Wm. Roberts, T. W. Kletzsch, Jos. W. Jennings, George M. Cannon, John R. Richards, O. H. Hardy, M. E. Cummings.

General Banking Business.

5 per cent. Interest Paid on Savings Deposits, Compounded 4 Times a Year.

SAPONIFIER

Is the Old, Reliable, Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions for making hard and soft soap in 10 minutes, with exact quantity of pure grease required for each can of lye. Saves time, labor and money. Strength and purity guaranteed. Ask your grocer for SAPONIFIER, and take no other.

Penn'a Salt Man'g Co., Philadelphia.

Cracker Factory,

Manufacturers of

Silver Brand of Snowflake Sodas AND FINE CAKES,

Packed in 1 and 2 Pound Boxes for Home Parties, Travelers & Families.

Sold by All Dealers.

THE CRY OF MILLIONS

OH, MY BACK! STOP IT NOW, NOR IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

I have been troubled many years with disease of the kidneys and have tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 15th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in a manner that I was beat over. In fact it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my own boots. Providence sent Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil to me and I used it internally and externally, and have never had a return of the trouble. It had an immediate effect, and to the astonishment of all it is now, in a few days, in a fair way to be entirely cured. I am happy to state, that I have used the OREGON KIDNEY TEA, and I will recommend it to all afflicted as I was.

L. A. TUPPER, Occidental Hotel, Santa Rosa, Cal.

NO MORE BACKACHE.

Sold by Druggists and Retail by Jobbers Generally. Prepared only by Thomas Medicine Co., Portland, Oregon.

CHICAGO TRADE.

L. WOLFF MFG. CO.

FINE - BATHROOM - OUTFITS.

Sanitary Specialties—Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Water Closets, Kitchen Sinks, Laundry Tubs. All the latest designs and most modern devices. Catalogues of which are Cheerfully Furnished to all interested.

General Offices: 93 West Lake St. Exhibit Department: 79 Dearborn St. Factories: 92-117 West Lake St. Chicago, Ill.

SCHULTZ & HIRSCH,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FEATHERS & FEATHER PILLOWS,

MANUFACTURERS OF COMFORTERS AND MATTRESSES, JOBBERS IN Curled Hair, Moss, Wool, Excelsior, Tow, Ticking, Etc.

163 & 165 S. Desplaines St., Chicago

Only $10

Down With High Prices. This SEWING MACHINE ONLY $10

Thomson & Taylor Spice Co

— Importers and Manufacturers of the— FINEST SPICES AND Flavoring Extracts, KNOWN TO THE TRADE.

Proprietors of the Famous Brand of RED CROSS LYE.

30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 So. Water St., CHICAGO.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES to inform his patrons and friends that he is now inside the old business in the Twelfth Ward Meat Market where a choice supply of Meats will be kept constantly on hand, and where he will be pleased to see his old friends and patrons and the public generally. WM. WOOD.

Utah Central Railway.

Time Card in Effect OCT. 21, 1890

Passenger Trains Leave and Arrive at Salt Lake City, and Park City, Daily, as Follows:

SALT LAKE CITY.

Train 1 leaves 8th South & Main St, 8.00 a.m.
" 2 arrives " " " 6.30 p.m.

PARK CITY.

Train 1 arrives Park City ..... 10.30 a.m.
" 2 leaves " " ..... 4.00 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Leave Salt Lake at ..... 7.00 a.m.
Arrive " " ..... 2.45 p.m.
Leave Park City at ..... 11.00 p.m.
Arrive " " ..... 12.30 p.m.

No Passengers carried on Freight Trains.

PASSENGER RATES

Between Salt Lake City and Park City, Single Fare, $2.00. Round Trip, $3

J. M. TOUNG, Gen'l. Supt. T. J. MACKINTOSH, Gen. Pvt. & Pass.

RIO GRANDE WESTERN RY.

CURRENT TIME TABLE, NOV. 23, 1890.

East-Bound Trains.	No. 2. Atlantic Mail.	No. 4. Atlantic Express
Lv. Ogden	8.30 a.m.	5.45 p.m.
Ar. Salt Lake	9.40 a.m.	6.55 p.m.
Lv. Salt Lake	9.50 a.m.	10.05 p.m.
Ar. Provo	11.20 a.m.	11.35 p.m.
Lv. Provo	11.40 a.m.	11.50 p.m.
Ar. Green River	3.19 p.m.	4.30 a.m.
Lv. Green River	3.40 p.m.	4.35 a.m.
Ar. Grand Junction	8.25 p.m.	8.50 a.m.
Lv. Grand Junction	11.50 p.m.	10.00 a.m.
Ar. Pueblo, D. & R. G.	5.35 p.m.	2.00 a.m.
Ar. Denver, D. & R. G.	8.00 p.m.	5.00 a.m.
Ar. Cal. Spgs, Col. Mid.	1.30 p.m.	1.35 a.m.
Ar. Denver, Cal. Mid.	4.35 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

West-Bound Trains.	No. 1. Pacific Mail.	No. 3 Pacific Express
Lv. Denver, Col. Mid.	9.30 a.m.	8.15 p.m.
Lv. Col. Spgs., Col. Mid.	12.10 p.m.	11.10 p.m.
Lv. Denver, D. & R. G.	8.40 a.m.	7.50 p.m.
Lv. Pueblo, D. & R. G.	12.45 p.m.	11.35 p.m.
Ar. Grand Junction	4.35 a.m.	2.40 p.m.
Lv. Grand Junction	4.40 a.m.	2.50 p.m.
Ar. Green River	8.50 a.m.	6.36 p.m.
Lv. Green River	8.50 a.m.	6.44 p.m.
Ar. Provo	2.30 p.m.	12.10 a.m.
Lv. Provo	2.50 p.m.	12.30 a.m.
Ar. Salt Lake	4.30 p.m.	1.50 a.m.
Lv. Salt Lake	4.45 p.m.	2.00 a.m.
Ar. Ogden	6.00 p.m.	3.30 a.m.

LOCAL TRAINS.

SALT LAKE AND OGDEN.

Leave Salt Lake 8.00 a.m. and 5.40 p.m., 4.45 p.m. Returning, arrive Salt Lake 9.40 a.m. 4.30 p.m., 9.30 p.m.

BINGHAM.

Leave Salt Lake 8.30 a.m., returning, arrive Salt Lake 5.30 p.m.

AMERICAN FORK, PROVO, SPRINGVILLE, THISTLE AND MT. PLEASANT.

Leave Salt Lake 4.30 p.m.; returning, arrive Salt Lake 9.35 a.m.

H. C. DODGE, General Manager. J. H. BENNETT, Gen. Pass. Agt.

CHEAP HOMES IN MEXICO.

FOR VERY DESIRABLE LANDS, Both Agricultural and Grazing, in Northern Chihuahua, near Colony Dias.

For full particulars, apply to Deseret News Office, or W. Darby Johnson, Jr., Colony Dias, Chehuahua, Mexico. 4 advt

Health is Wealth!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, caused by over-exertion of the brain, Self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied by $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOHNSON, PRATT & CO., Druggists, Sole Agents, 43 Main St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

THE INDIANS COME IN

Conference With General Brooke.—John Daylight Talks About the Messiah.

THE SPLIT IN THE IRISH PARTY COMPLETE.

Proceedings of the Legislative Assembly.—Extra Rations for the Sioux.

AN AMERICAN'S EXPERIENCE IN RUSSIA

A Message from the Plymouth Church to a "Brother" in Sing Sing.

By Telegraph to the News.

FROM PINE RIDGE.

The Chiefs Hold a Conference with General Brooke.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 8.—A special from Pine Ridge agency says several of the hostile chiefs, accompanied by a number of armed warriors, came into the agency this morning and had a conference with General Brooke. He told them to come back to the agency and cease hostilities and they would get all the provisions they wanted. They went back to the camp to report to their followers, making no promises.

OMAHA, Dec. 8.—The *Bee's* Pine Ridge special about the conference between General Brooke and the hostile chiefs says the latter were Turning Bear, Big Turkey, High Pine, Big Bad Horse and Bull Dog. They were decorated with war paint and feathers, as were also their ponies. General Brooke explained to them that the great father wanted to tell them if they would come in near the agency where he and General Brooke could see them often and not be compelled to depend upon irresponsible rumors to learn what they were doing, he would give them plenty to eat and employ many of their young men as scouts, etc. The soldiers, he said, had not come to fight them, but to protect the settlers and keep peace. As to failing to locate the boundary line between Pine Ridge and Rosebud, all such differences would be satisfactorily adjusted after the Indians had shown a disposition to come in as requested by the great Father. He suggested Wounded Knee as a place that would be satisfactory.

The Indian chiefs listened intently, and Turning Bear then spoke for them. The effrontery displayed by the fellow was remarkable. He said it would be a bad thing for the Indians to come nearer the agency, because there was no water or grass for their horses. He could not understand how their young men could be employed as scouts if there were no enemy to be watched. They might come in, but as the old men and squaws have no horses, they should have the Great Father to send horses and wagons to the Bad Lands and take all the beef and other things they had there to the camp that might be agreed on.

General Brooke said all these things would be considered after they had shown a disposition to obey instructions. No reference was made on either side to the depredations the hostiles had been committing on the Government's herds as well as settlers' homes.

After the pow-wow the chiefs were fed, and, after the squaws at the agency had performed a dance for them, returned to their camp.

WHAT JOHN DAYLIGHT HAS TO SAY.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—The *Tribune* prints a letter from Quapaw, Indian territory, signed by "Mason Hadjo," known to the whites as "John Daylight," in which the writer vigorously defends the Messiah craze. He says thousands have never taken kindly to the Christian religion as preached and adds: "The code of morals, as practised by the white race, will not compare with the morals of the Indians. We pay no lawyers or preachers, but we have not one tenth part of the crime that you have. If our Messiah does come we can force you into our belief. We will never burn innocent women at the stake or pull men to pieces with horses because they refuse to join in our ghost dance.

"You white people had a Messiah, and if history is to be believed nearly every nation has had one. You had twelve apostles; we have only eleven, and some of these are already in the military guard-house. We also had a Virgin Mary and she is in the guard-house. You are anxious to get hold of our Messiah, so you can put him in irons. This you may do—in fact you may crucify him, as you did that other one, but you cannot convert the Indians to the Christian religion until you contaminate them with the blood of the white man."

IN RUSSIA.

William Higgins Of Indianapolis Does Not Like It.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—William L. Higgins, a wealthy grain dealer of Indianapolis, whose lively experiences in Russia were briefly telegraphed, has briefly returned and tells an interesting story. "Did I like it?" he asked. "Would you like to jump into a red hot furnace? Well, that was the sort of thing I struck. I pictured to myself the good times I would have in Russia and hurried up to reach there, but it was all too soon, and if I were going to Europe again I would keep as far from Russia as possible. When the steamer I was on reached St. Petersburg the captain asked for my passport. After looking at it, he said that I would have to be locked up, as it was not signed by the Russian Consul at Stockholm. He finally told me that he would have a regiment of soldiers come to the pier, and if I had no objection they would escort me to the police station. I did not know just what to do, but consented. Amid the playing of national hymns I was marched to the guard house. The chief of Police, with hat in hand, received me at the door and I was then conducted to a private room.

Assembled in the place were a dozen officials. They looked me over, felt my pulse, examined my tongue and looked at my passport. I thought to myself that I had struck A PRIVATE LUNATIC ASYLUM, and concluded to lie low and wait my chance. The officials talked together for four hours, thumping the table and stamping on the floor. Not being able to understand Russian, I was at a loss to know what they were saying. I had an impression, though, that it concerned me, for I saw the guard, with arms crossed, watching me.

The men could not come to any understanding, for finally I was to go out of the guard house. I already had all I wanted of Russia, so I asked for a permit to leave the country. The officials refused to grant it, and also refused to allow me to go to the hotel. I went to the American consul and he fixed me for the time being. He thought it would be useless to attempt to get a passport there, so I went to Moscow. On reaching the hotel, I sent my United States passport to the police, but it was returned at once, with the information that it was no good. The hotel keeper put my luggage in the street and locked the door behind me. It was 9 o'clock at night and snowing hard.

The next day I started out to find an interpreter. We tried to get the authorities to issue a permit, but without success. We had been moving from hotel to hotel and boarding-house to boarding-house, until I was tired, I suggested that the interpreter find out what the price of the Governor of Moscow was. After a day's delay I was delighted to learn that he would fix me for $50. I sent the money and my passport and the next morning at 7 o'clock it was returned. A memorandum in blue ink had been made by the Governor and a slip pasted on the end of the passport. An hour later I had paid my bill and was on my journey toward the frontier. On reaching it my passport was examined and the slip taken and my poor self allowed to go. I have had all I want of Russia.

COMEDY OR TRAGEDY?

The Irish Members Hold Another Stormy Session.

LONDON, Dec. 8. — When the meeting of the Irish members of Parliament re-assembled in the afternoon Parnell stated that until the party deposes him he would remain chairman.

Barry retorted: "You are not our chairman," and added that Parnell was a dirty trickster, causing another uproar.

Arthur O'Connor appealed to his friends to show every possible respect to their late leader.

McCarthy said he had only risen to a point of order. Someone handed him a paper and the chairman struck it out of his hand.

Parnell said he took it from McCarthy, but the latter insisted that the paper was stricken from his hand.

Healy moved that Abraham's motion be heard, but Parnell refused.

John O'Connor then moved that the meeting call the attention of the country to the fact that though the original resolution was altered to meet Gladstone's objection, he still refuses to confer with the party unless Parnell is removed.

Timothy Healy caused another TREMENDOUS ROW by shouting: "Who is to be the mistress of the party?"

Cries of "shame" came from all parts of the room, and Parnell referred to Healy as a cowardly little scoundrel, who dared in an assembly of Irishmen to insult a woman.

Abraham got the floor and said, since Parnell refused to resign, the members would be wanting in respect to themselves if they longer delayed bringing matters to an issue. The chairman having ignominiously treated and torn McCarthy's resolution—

Parnell—That is untrue.

Abraham declined to enter into an altercation, but repeated that it would be shameful to allow the minority to continue making the party a laughing stock. He proposed as an amendment that Parnell's chairmanship be terminated.

Another squabble ensued and Parnell decided that Abraham was out of order, whereupon Healy shouted "Bravo."

"Healy," said Parnell, "I won't stand much more from you. The amendment is only admissible as a substitute motion.

Arthur O'Connor proceeded amid the uproar, to argue that he had concluded to cease talking and to put an end to what was rapidly BECOMING DISGRACEFUL.

"I ask the majority of the party," he concluded, "at once to record their decision—if not here, then elsewhere."

Parnell—You know it is not an amendment.

Justin McCarthy took the floor. He had hoped up to last night that Parnell would still help them out of their terrible difficulty. He was disappointed and it would be a waste of time to discuss the matter further. He suggested that all agreeing with him withdraw. Justin Huntley McCarthy followed the majority, saying that he must go with them.

Parnell was left in the room with John and William Redmond, Leamy, O'Kelly, Byrne, Blane, Cortes and Joseph Nolan. Maguire, Harrison, Carson, Williams, McDonald, Conway, Quinn, Chaney, Mahony, Hayden, Fitzgerald, Harrington, Sheil, Campbell, John O'Connor and McKenna, and the meeting was resumed.

Nolan argued that the Parnellites would hold the key to the position and concluded by saying, whatever Parnell's position in the next two or three years he would be ranked with O'Donnell as THE GREATEST IRISHMAN of the last three centuries. (Cheers.)

Others having spoken, Parnell said: "They deserted us, knowing that we were going to Ireland tomorrow; they clamored for a decision because they dreaded the lightning of public opinion in Ireland. Gentlemen, we have won today. (Loud cheers.) Although our ranks are reduced, I hold this chair still. (Cheers.) Although many of our comrades have left us, Ireland has the power to fill their places and send us good men and true for every one of those who have left us, and I little know our gallant country if I am mistaken in the opinion that when she gets the opportunity she will freely exercise that power. They stand in a most contemptible position—that of men who, having pledged themselves to be true to their party, to their leader and to their country, have been false to it." [Loud cheers.]

John O'Connor's resolution was then put and carried by acclamation, and the meeting dispersed. The proceedings of the McCarthy section were conducted in private.

THE SECEDERS.

The meeting of Parnell's opponents, by unanimous vote, elected Justin McCarthy chairman, and proceeded to consider the following resolution: "We, members of the Irish parliamentary party, solemnly renew our adhesion to the principles in devotion to which we have never varied; that the Irish party is and always must remain independent of all other parties. Further, we declare that we will never entertain any proposals for a settlement of the home rule question, except such as satisfy the aspirations of the Irish party and the Irish people."

The resolution, which was proposed by Healy and seconded by Sexton, was unanimously adopted. The result was immediately communicated to Gladstone. Upon learning what had been done Gladstone exclaimed, "Thank God, home rule is saved."

It is the Experience of Multitudes Of intelligent people that a persevering use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., will cure Fever and Ague, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Debility of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, and Bladder, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood, when no other medicines or treatment has been of any permanent benefit.

QUEER CHURCH DISCIPLINE.

A Forger is Still a "Brother" in the Plymouth Church.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6—Forger Albert H. Smith, although clad in the stripped suit of a convict and serving a seventeen year's sentence for forgeries, will obtain some little comfort in his cell in Sing Sing, when he is informed that he is a member in good standing of the Plymouth Church, Brooklyn. His name is to remain on the roll of membership, and when he returns from Sing Sing he may resume his place among the other brethren. At the monthly meeting last night Lyman Abbott read a letter from Smith, setting forth his repentance and asking advice. After a short talk on the matter the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the church, fully recognizing the sin of Albert H. Smith in the act for which he is now suffering the legal penalty, retain his name upon the rolls in the faith that no man more needs the watch and care of a Christian church than one who had fallen into sin, but has sincerely repented of his sin, and desires to return to the way of righteousness and life. Our message to our brother is that God pardoneth and absolveth all those that truly repent and unfeignedly believe His holy gospel, and we commend him to the prayers of the members of our church, and to such special officers of spiritual aid, as it may be possible for the pastors or other members of this church to render to him.

W. B. Scorum and Thomas G. Sherman seconded the resolution. No other remarks were made. Deacon Blair put the question and without a dissenting voice the resolution was carried. After the meeting there was much quiet talk among the members, but no open expression was made against the return of Forger Smith to the fold.

IN CONGRESS.

Senator Sherman's Bills.—Rations for the Indians.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—In the Senate Paddock presented the protest of the Farmers' Alliance, now in convention at Ocala, Fla., against the passage of the Conger lard bill.

Sherman introduced three bills and one amendment, all of which were referred to the finance committee. The new bills are as follows: To amend the law relating to the refining and parting of bullion; to amend the act authorizing the receipt of gold coin in exchange for gold bars, and a bill authorizing the recoining of subsidiary coins of the United States. The amendment is one to the Senate bill to reduce the amount of United States bonds to be required of national banks, and to restore to the channels of trade the excessive accumulation of money in the Treasury. The amendment limits its compulsory requirements of deposits of United States bonds to the amount of $500,000 of bonds for each and every national bank, provided that the voluntary withdrawal of bonds for the retirement of national bank notes shall not exceed $5,000,000 in any month. The act shall not apply to deposits of bonds to secure deposits of public money upon United States bonds deposited, or which may be deposited bearing interest. Any national banking association making the deposit shall be entitled to receive from the Comptroller of the Currency circulating notes not exceeding the par value of the bonds deposited or the actually paid in capital stock of the bank. Another section authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue United States notes equal to the retirement of national banks below a circulation of $150,000,000. Section 4 authorizes the issue of United States bonds to any amount not to exceed $100,000,000, to be redeemed at the pleasure of the government, and to bear 2 per cent interest. They are to be sold for lawful money or coin certificates and the proceeds be applied to the redemption or purchase of United States bonds.

The House amendment to the Senate joint resolution for the issue of arms to the States of North and South Dakota, Wyoming and Nebraska, extending its provisions to Montana, was concurred in.

The election bill was then taken up, but before Gray finished his speech the Senate adjourned.

House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—In the House Saturday next was set aside for consideration of bills reported from the committee on land claims.

The Senate bill appropriating $100,000 for the purchase of additional rations for the SIOUX Indians was passed.

The Senate bill for the retirement of General Stoneman with the rank of corporal was also passed.

The Senate joint resolution directing a request to the widow of General Grant for permission to remove her husband's remains to Arlington Cemetery was called up, but no action taken.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use, and after taking 10 bottles, found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00. 2

Consumption.

Ballard's Horehound Syrup.

No single disease has played such and havoc with the human race as Consumption. No other disease approaches so stealthily. Its early symptoms are ignored because it is thought only a Cold or hacking Cough, which is neglected until this grim monster has such a hold that nothing but death can relieve it. Ballard's Horehound Syrup has removed the grip of this grim monster from many a throat. If taken in time it will give surprising relief. Try its soothing and healing virtues. Do not put it off until too late. Z. C. M. I., Agents. 3

Many a poor Woman suffers untold Torture from Back-Ache.

If she only knew how easily she could get relief by using Ballard's Snow Liniment she would bless the day she read these few lines. It is a grand remedy for Headache and all Neuralgic Pains. No pain can withstand its magic influence. It removes the fire from a burn or scald in one minute. It will cure Inflammatory Rheumatism and Sciatica; applied to the Throat and Chest in Croup it will give immediate relief and make breathing much easier. No family can be without it if once they know its value. Try it. Price 50 cents.

Sold by Z. C. M. I. 3

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle, at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store. 3

END OF THE TROUBLE

General Miles Says It is by no Means Immediately at hand.

THE NATIONAL ALLIANCE AND DEMOCRACY.

The Election Bill in the Senate this Week.—Programme of the House.

PRINCE GEORGE WILL OPEN A WEST INDIAN FAIR.

Colonel Canacoot is Attacked by an Assassin but Shoots Him.

By Telegraph to the News.

SIX THOUSAND SOLDIERS.

That is the Number Under Command of General Brooke.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—General Miles said, today: "Generals Ruger and Brooke have been doing all they can to put the small number of available troops in a position to be useful, and, so far as possible, staying the threatened cyclone. Yet the end of the Indian troubles is by no means immediately at hand. No other civilized country on the face of the earth would tolerate many thousands of armed savages scattered through different States and Territories. The people of Texas, Western Kansas, Nebraska, North and South Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Eastern Washington, Idaho, Arizona and New Mexico are seriously interested in this subject. While the fire may be suppressed in one place it will be still smouldering, and liable to break out at other places where least expected under the present system."

Advices from the Indian country received at army headquarters tonight show that everything is quiet. Several regiments are expected at Rosebud Agency and other stations in the country tomorrow. There are already nearly 6000 soldiers in that locality, under command of General Brooke. It is the general belief that when General Miles reaches the Indian country his policy will be to immediately disarm every Indian found with a gun.

PORCUPINE ACCIDENTALLY WOUNDED.

CHAMBERLAIN, S.D., Dec. 7.—In the hostile camp of Red Dog, on Wounded Knee Creek, lives Mrs. Eagle Horn. This squaw pretended to be able to perform miracles and said she could make the Indians bullet proof and prevent them from being harmed in any other manner. Porcupine, a leading Indian, offered himself as a subject on which to prove her mysterious power. It was arranged that he should mount his pony and fight against the entire band. Mrs. Eagle Horn "blessed" Porcupine, but while he was mounting his pony his revolver was accidentally discharged, inflicting a severe wound in his leg. A panic ensued and Mrs. Eagle Horn was denounced as an impostor.

RUMORED THEFTS.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 7.—A Pine Ridge agency special to the *Pioneer Press* says: Reliable information was received here today that the Indians are stealing horses and robbing houses north of Cheyenne river. Scouts were sent today to ascertain the facts.

THE NATIONAL ALLIANCE.

Efforts to Combine the Alliance and the Democrats.

OCALA, Dec. 7. — The White National Alliance delegates have been resting more or less to lay after the labors of five days. Still there has been a large amount of committee work going on and many important conferences have been held. All this will facilitate the convention work tomorrow, and it is predicted that more real business will be done than during all of the previous sessions put together.

Before adjournment last night Washington, D. C., was decided upon as the place and the third Tuesday of November as the time for holding the next annual meeting of the National Alliance. Strong efforts, it is said, will be made tomorrow to revoke this action and make Indianapolis the place, with considerable hope of success. Prejudice against Washington has been excited by westerners here.

The opinion is gaining ground that the national leaders of the democratic party have many lobbyists here in their interests and that the policy of the Alliance in many respects will be influenced by them, notably in the case of the sub-treasury bill. That measure is now under consideration by the National Alliance and has been for several days past. It is predicted that when it finally comes from the committee it will have been modified and changed in many important particulars, with a view to making it accord with democratic doctrine to such an extent that it can be easily adopted by the national democratic convention of 1892, or, perhaps, be passed by Congress prior to that event.

With some slight changes and modifications the Alliance platform could, it is predicted, secure absolute adoption by the national democratic convention and this, with the indorsement of a modified sub-treasury bill, would place the democratic party squarely upon the Farmer's Alliance platform. In this way it would gain the support of the entire Alliance and democratic votes throughout the country.

There was a Citizens' Alliance formed here today for the purpose of establishing local Citizens' Alliances in the cities and large towns of the country. It is organized with S. D. Hobler of Kansas as president, Ralph Beaumont of New York secretary, and S. P. Wild of Washington, D. C., treasurer. These officers also constitute its executive committee. It will at once establish National headquarters at Washington, and as it increases its executive membership will be enlarged to include one from each State organization. This body is an outgrowth of the Citizens' Alliance movements in Kansas and other Western States. As these local Citizens' Alliances are increased, the National body will be made up of prominent residents of the cities, irrespective of their campaigns, trade or professions.

IN CONGRESS.

The Programme Of The Senate And House This Week.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—It is the understanding generally among the Senators that the National Elections bill is to occupy the major part of the time of the Senate this week.

In the House, the Indian Committee will have Wednesday, and the Committee on Private Land Claims Saturday for consideration of bills reported.

There are a number of matters, any of which may take up the remaining four days of the week, though it is likely the Appropriations Committee will occupy a part of this time, either with the Urgent Deficiency bill, making appropriations for printing for the Census office and rations for the turbulent Sioux, or with the Fortifications bill, both of which are expected to be ready for consideration by the House next week.

JAMAICA'S WORLD'S FAIR.

Prince George of Wales Will Open the Exhibition.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Advices from Jamaica say the international exhibition is to be opened on January 28, 1891, at Kingston, Jamaica. It will embrace the products of the whole West Indian islands in particular, and the remainder of the world in general, and will be the work of the people of that vicinity. The grounds are being laid out in an inviting manner. The natural flora of the country being tropical, it will be used to advantage in making the garden scenery beautiful and attractive. The president of the exhibition is Sir Henry Blake, governor of Jamaica.

It has been arranged that Prince George of Wales, son of the heir apparent to the throne of England, shall open the exhibition. Prince George is now with the North American squadron of the British navy, the vessels of which have been ordered to report earlier than usual at Port Royal, Jamaica. The French squadron has also been ordered to the same port for this event, and it is expected that the United States and Spanish squadrons will also take part.

IN MEXICO.

A Would-be Assassin Shot By His Intended Victim.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, Dec. 7.—An attempt has just been made to assassinate Colonel Canacoon, Governor of the State of Chiapas, at San Cristobal. The Governor, instead of being killed himself, shot the would-be assassin.

A BULL FIGHT.

DENVER, Dec. 7.—A special from El Paso, Texas, to the *Republican* says: The bull fight this afternoon at Juarez, Mexico, was viewed by an immense throng. They were brutal and fierce in every respect, and one horse ridden by a fighter was horned three times, ripping his foreleg almost from the body. The bulls were vicious and kept the crowd at a fever of excitement. During the afternoon the last bull was gored and drawn from the arena dead.

While the soldiers were absent from their post attending the fight, the convict soldiers revolted at the barracks, killed a sergeant of the guards, a corporal and a private. The murderers, eighteen in number, broke from the barracks and escaped to the mountains. They were followed by the soldiers, three overtaken and shot dead and four captured and returned to the post. They are ordered to be killed at sunrise to-morrow.

How Severe Colds are Broken up in Montana.

[From the Virginia City, *Mont. Madisonian*.]

When we find a medicine we know to possess genuine merit, we consider it a duty, and we take pleasure in telling the public what it is. Such a medicine we found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, last winter, when la grippe was prevailing. We are satisfied that we warded off several attacks that were threatening by the use of this syrup, and we have since relieved, in a few hours, severe colds, and in the course of two or three days, entirely broken them up by its use, as have several of our friends to whom we have recommended it. It is all that it is represented to be by the manufacturers. If you have a cough and want to stop it Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will do the work. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. *

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

The People's Equitable Co-op. Association sell preserves, Jams and Jellies at lower prices than any house in the city.

H. J. FOULGER, Supt. d6

Go to SPENCER, EYWATER & Co. opposite City Hall, for Tin Roofing, Guttering, Spouting, Stoves and Tinware, etc.

AMUSEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

CHAS. S. BURTON, MANAGER.

MONDAY, Dec. 8.

A Company of First Class Artists.

JAS. A. HERNE'S GREAT AMERICAN PLAY.

Hearts of Oak.

James A. Herne as Terry Dennison, (His Original Creation.)

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF HAWLEY & MITCHELL.

Car Load of SPECIAL SCENERY

USUAL POPULAR PRICES.

Sale of Seats begins Saturday, Dec. 6th.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

CHAS. S. BURTON, MANAGER.

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, DEC. 9 and 10

The Reigning Favorites, Goodyear, Klitch & Schilling's

MINSTRELS!

AND Royal Court First Part.

JOHN KLITCH, Jr., Proprietor. CHAS. F. SCHILLING, Manager.

Everything New in the Programme. New Costumes. New Scenery.

$10,000 In Gorgeous Wardrobe and Diesps me for the Great First Part.

CONCERTANTS, or Monte Cristo Jesters. TOCALISTS, or Go Catalogs. MUSICIANS, or Monte Cristo Fishermen.

The Only Original Charles W. Goodyear. The Unique Artist Charles E. Schilling. The Negro Delineator Geo. H. Edwards. Symonds, Hughes and Bartes, Brothers Lacoder, Knows & Titus, Bowler Brothers.

—THE SOUTHERN QUARTETTE— And a Host of Others.

Sale of Seats begins Monday, Dec. 8.

SHEPARD, GROVE & SHEPARD, LAWYERS.

Rooms 42 and 43 Wasatch Building, Salt Lake City. Also, Anthony, Kansas and Newport, Indian Territory.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM Baking Powder.

Most Perfect Made

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—Superior to every other known.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes Palatable and Wholesome.

No other baking powder does such work.

COHN - BROS.

CHRISTMAS BARGAINS!

We Offer at a Great Sacrifice Everything we have left in

PARIS PATTERN SUITS

And have marked them down Regardless of Cost, to $9.99, $11.50 and $14.00. They consist of This Season's Novelties, and the prices named are from 25 to 40 per cent Less than Cost.

A lot of 36 Inch Grey Tricot Dress Goods at 25 cents per yard The Price speaks for itself.

A line of 50 inch French Broad Cloth at 90c. per yd. Reduced from $1.25.

A line of 52 inch Checked Cloth Suitings at 50c.; reduced from 75c.

We place on Sale 2 Bales Bleached Muslin at 14 yards for $1.00. This muslin came to us by mistake and is equal in every respect to Lonsdale or Fruit of the Loom.

60 PIECES LIN