

NEXT ATTRACTION.

Thursday and Friday. Special Matinee Friday at 3 p. m.

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THE IDAHO SUGAR INDUSTRY

laws of the Russian empire which, rec-The action taken by the Idaho Suognizing the orthodox church as the ruling one, to grant to all of our subgar Company on Monday, shows that jects of other religions and to all foreign at least one association of capitalists persuasions freedom of creed and worhas at interest the welfare of the farmship in accordance with other rites." ers as well as of the manufacturers.

The new company has been organized for the promotion of the sugar industry in the State of Idaho. It has been encouraged in its enterprise by the bounty granted by that State for two years, for the manufacture of sugar from beets grown in that State.

The company had the right, under the law passed at the recent session of the Legislature, to the full benefits of that bounty, and seeing that it has to establish the works, purchase the plant, and thy of notice, "all foreign persuasions," perform all the labor necessary to make the manufacturing part of the industry a success, it is entitled to the entire sum that will accrue from the appropriation. But feeling desirous to share with the farmers the benefits of the nounty the company voluntarily anrounced at the first meeting of the directors that ten per cent of the bounty should be given to the beet growers, pro rata to the total number of beets accepted under contracts.

We are sure that the farmers who raise the beets for · sugar manufacture will appreciate this free gift from the company, which will be added to the price paid for their products, and that it will stimulate them to emulation in the production of roots bearing a high percentage of is often due to bad officeholders, and in sacharrine matter. It is not altogether the number and weight of the beets produced that counts, it is the sugarbearing properties they possess that defermines their value. Our farming friends in the north should follow closely the instructions given by those who know, as to the seed, the planting, to look after the welfare of their own the manner of cultivation, and all the porticulars relating to the production habit of thinking for themselves, and and harvesting of the beets which they supply to the factory.

The work of construction will be pushed with a vim, so that the bulldings will be ready for the plant in time to commence operations in the fall of the present year. The machinery is on behof and freedom of speech are two the way, the promoters of the enterprise are familiar with the management

and details of the work and the State of Idaho is to be congratulated on the prospects before it of becoming one of the great sugar-producing regions of the United States.

## A GREAT SAINT'S DAY.

This is the day for "The wearing of the green." Every true Irlahman loves the color as representing the "ould sod," "the Emerald Islo." But the granted more liberty than any other green ribbon worn today is specially fa honor of St. Patrick, Erin's patron saint, whose memory is kept green by the celebration of his uatal day. His birth and breeding are shrouded to some extent by the mists of past centuries, but the facts of his mission in the cause of Christianity in Ireland, and in Scotland, have come down through the ages pregnant with good influences, for he labored with a zeal and devotion for the pure love of humanity worthy

the emulation of all mankind. It matters not whether St. Patrick was the means of delivering Ireland from the curse of venomous snakes,

or was the instrument of other wonderful and marvelous things said to the Salt Lake association requested. have been done in his day. His name The following particulars, however, nots as a charm upon his countrymen, given by the Washington Times, place and there is a glory round it that is ine matter in a clearer and more posipleasing for everyone to contemplate. tive light, so we reproduce it for the Then, hurrah for St. Patrick and the public interest as well as for the benefit

Russia has had religious liberty, nomprehensive that the powers are not inally, for years. The established playing fair in the matter of the protochurch is the Greek Catholic, of which cols. They do seem to be as quiet as the Emperor himself is the head, but little boys who are up to mischief. all religions have had "liberty" on pa-On several occasions of late the Gov per. Notwithstanding this, Jews and ernor when looking over bills passe dissenters, and even Roman Catholics by the Legislature and in his hands for have often been persecuted. That, it signature, has sung a song learned in

ance, laid down by the fundamental

The civil reforms are also notable

It is announced that while the com

munal system will be upheld, facilities

will be given to the individual to with.

draw from it when he desires without

too great sacrifice. The peasants are to

know what is going on in his yast

It is well that the reforms commence

with due attention to religious liberty.

For that is the foundation of all free

dom. When the people are permitted

souls, they are rapidly educated in the

The next slep ought to be the free

It must be admitted that Russian

ulors have cause to go slow in their

eform movements. The grandfathe

of the present Czar, Alexander II, freed

the serfs. He was called the "Peasant

strong demand had been made by

powerful party for more liberty, and

Alexander II granted part of the free-

dom demanded. Yet, radicals devel

oped into a revolutionary party known

as Nihilists, and the man who had

Russian ruler was assassinated in 1881.

Alexander III spent his reign in trying

o stamp out the Nibilists and man

innocent persons suffered in consi

mence. The present Czar, though

having gone back on all compacts with

Finland, seems to have determined to

continue the work of his grandfather in

PRETTY POSITIVE.

Russin. May he succeed!

Czar" and the "Great Liberator."

realm. How can he?

no trus civil freedom.

ordered.

appears from the decree, will no longer his youth, "Have courage, my boy, to be the case. "All our subjects of other say no." religions," and, what is especially wor-If the President rides horseback from are to be granted freedom of creed and Laramie to Chevenne in a day, it will worship. This embraces the Jews livnot be a very rough ride after all, the ing within the boundaries of the emdistance being but fifty-seven miles, not pire, and exempts them from persecumuch of a stunt for a rough rider and tion on account of their faith. ex-cowboy.

> Sven Hedin now speaks of making an attempt at reaching the North Pole 'in an entirely new and comparatively easy way." Mr. Hedin is a Swedish explorer, who has acquired fame for his work in central Asia.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson, president of

Princeton, wants twelve million dollars

to put that institution of learning on a

proper basis. If he gets it, it will be on

Minister Bowen is getting a little ap-

a gold basis sure enough.

Standard for 52 Years

be freed from the liability to forced labor, and the use of the state credit in-Philadelphia has developed a genuine stitutions to strengthen village life, is horror in uncovering the doings of the negro herb doctor Hossey. Whether Of course, between the announcement the man was a professional poisoner or of these reforms and their practical ex. merely an ignorant pretender working ecution, is a long step. The Czar's insimple people remains to be seen. But tentions are good, but bad governmen the case seemingly has all the elements of a stupendous crime. Russia the Emperor may not always

The leading article in Leslie's Weekly for March 12, is on Utah, written by Governor H. M. Wells, A fine portrait is given of the Governor and there are a number of well written and finely illustrated articles on Utah affairs. The Governor's contribution is well worthy f perusal by saint and sinner.

The Deseret News acknowledges with that qualifies for self-government. thanks a specimen of "Birch bark" or Without religious liberty, there can be natural parchment, also one for the Deseret Museum. It was taken from the forests of northern Indiana, by dom of the press, within the limits of Francis M. Shafer of Moab, Utah. It is fecency and morality. Freedom of tough as parchment but soft and smooth as fine paper, and will doubtless mighty levers in the work of civilizabe treasured in the museum's collection of curiosities.

> The Cleveland Plain Dealer remarks. "Not the least notable feature in conaction with the swearing in of neu-United States senators in Washingto ist week was the cordial reception riven by the ladies' gallery to Reet smoot of Utah. The ladies cheered the 'Mormon' senator-elect enthusiasticall as he approached the chair, and after

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YOUR

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he had been made a full fiedged sena or and was returning to his seat h received round after round of applaus from the fair visitors. Many of the raned their necks of get a good square ook at the tall and lank follower of Prophet Joseph Smith.'

What would our contemporary ininuate?

## THE CUBAN TREATY.

Chicago Record-Herald If the people of the United States

needed arguments as to the advisability of this treaty they could get them from the Cubans, who are all agreed that its effects will be not only to make Cuba more prosperous but to knit her more closely to the United States. The dif-The "News" has published the press ference of opinion in Cuba lies solely in the relative emphasis the two fac-tions place on these two effects and in their varying interpretation of the value eports of the action taken by the Preshyterian Ministerial Association at Washington, D. C., in declining to do as of the latter

> Cleveland Plain Dealer. If the treaty is ratified by both the United States and Cuba, whether im-mediately carried into effect or not, a case may be made under it for the supreme court to determine the century





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