

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Recommends Collection of a Fee From Applicant for Examination.

WOULD ELIMINATE CURIOUS.

Great Defect in Federal Service is Lack of Opportunity for Ambitious, Well Educated Young Men.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The twenty-second annual report of United States civil service commission, made public today, contains a recommendation that Congress should authorize the collection of a fee from applicants for examination for the government service.

Should this authority be given the report states the commission will issue a manual giving such detailed information regarding the examination as will make it unnecessary for the applicant to make special preparation for the examination in some civil service school or institution.

The amount of the fee it is suggested should be a small one. The argument in its favor is that it would eliminate from the examinations the large number of persons who take them out of curiosity, or to secure a higher rating on the eligible list through re-examination.

It is stated that 126,000 persons were examined last year, 40,000 of whom secured positions. During the year the number of competitive positions increased from 154,993, to 171,907.

Touching on the order of President Roosevelt of Nov. 17 last, giving authority to heads of departments to separate an employe from the service without notice for delinquency or misconduct, the report says:

"The new rule makes the authority to make removals which existed as fully under the former as under the present practice, but affects the jurisdiction of the civil service commission merely making some changes in the procedure in the case of removal."

The order of Postmaster General Coffey providing for the retention of fourth class postmasters during satisfactory service is regarded by the commission as "distinctly the most important administrative reform effected within the past year."

The fourth class postmasters constitute the largest class of positions selected without examination of any kind. For many years these positions have been treated as political spoils and appointments made to them with slight regard to the best interests of the service.

Discarding appointments to the Panama canal service, the report states, the commission has experienced considerable difficulty in securing eligibles for positions included in the schedule service on the isthmus. As to the Philippine service, little difficulty has been experienced in providing sufficient eligibles.

Commenting on the desirability of positions in the government service, the commission says the separations from the service amount to about 10 per cent annually and further:

"The great defect in the federal service today is the lack of opportunity for ambitious, well educated young men to enter the examination, well outside of the competitive classified service, and no system has been established by which these who have distinguished themselves in the service can be promoted to the more important offices and at the same time enjoy reasonable security of tenure. There is not sufficient inducement for the most capable men to enter the examination, as they can do better by seeking employment in large corporations, trusts and other institutions, where they can receive a much higher salary than they can ever hope to secure in the government service."

FREE SEEDS INDUSTRY.

Dealers Protest to President Against Government Practice.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Thirty of the leading seed dealers of the country have sent President Roosevelt a petition protesting against the distribution of seeds by members of Congress, and urging him to include in his message a paragraph disapproving the present practice and recommending that only the intent of the original act authorizing seed distribution prevail in the future.

The petitioners allege that the present practice is a "gross violation of the trade," and that the United States should abolish the practice as unfair, as class legislation, antagonistic to so-called a branch of commerce, unbecoming a great government.

FINN TELEGRAPHERS PROTEST.

Helsingfors, Finland, Dec. 3.—The striking telegraph operators of Finland today passed a resolution energetically protesting against any attempt to restrict their union or the liberty of the Finns, and expressing their determination to prosecute the strike until it is declared ended by the central union at Moscow.

CLOTHING FACTORY DESTROYED.

Terre Haute, Ind., Dec. 3.—The factory of Stahl, Urban & Co., manufacturers of workmen's clothing, was destroyed by fire today. Loss, \$125,000.

The building was owned by Herman Halman, Jr., his loss is \$75,000.

TREE TEA

The Pure Good Tea

Imported and packed only by

M. J. BRANDENSTEIN & CO.

San Francisco, Cal.

A Great Physiologist

ONCE SAID THAT THE WAY TO KEEP THE STOMACH HEALTHY IS TO EXERCISE IT.

But He Did Not Tell How to Make It Healthy.

The muscles of the body can be developed by exercise until their strength has increased manifold and a proper amount of flowing energy will accomplish this result, but it is somewhat difficult to determine what will increase the digestive powers of the stomach by using indigestible food in order to force it to work.

Nature has furnished us all with a perfect set of organs, and if they are not abused they will attend to the business required of them. They need no abnormal strength.

There is a limit to the weight a man can lift, and there is also a limit to what the stomach can do.

The proper aid to the digestive organs is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which cure dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulence, gas, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, and all stomach diseases.

Repeat and insist, wherever you go, that stomach gets when you use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, for one grain of the active principle is sufficient to digest 5,000 grains of food.

The Tablets increase the flow of gastric juice, and prevent fermentation, acidity and sour eructations.

Do not attempt to starve out dyspepsia. You need all your strength to digest the food you eat.

The common sense method is to digest the food for the stomach and give it a rest.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do not make the cure, but enable the organs to throw off unhealthy conditions.

Perfect digestion means perfect health, for under these conditions only do the different organs of the body work right and receive the building up material found in pure blood.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a natural remedy and are a specific for stomach troubles. The ablest physicians prescribe them.

The Tablets are pleasant to the taste, and are composed of fruit and vegetable extracts, ginger and other natural ingredients.

At all drug stores—50 cents per package.

GERMANY AND ENGLAND.

Count Metternich Speaks in London On Their Relations.

London, Dec. 3.—An important speech on the relations between Great Britain and Germany was delivered last night by the German ambassador, Count Metternich.

Metternich, who was the chief guest at a dinner at the London club, presided over by Lady Aberdeen. The ambassador said:

"We never had a serious quarrel with England in the long course of our history, and sincerely trust we never shall. A shadow unfortunately has fallen over the two nations in the last few years, the causes for which it is difficult to discover by those who read what daily is printed. The fact that I am your guest this evening is a welcome proof that the forces at work are desirous of dispelling that shadow of enmity."

"The overwhelming majority of Englishmen and Germans wish a life of peace and harmony, and regard the idea of a serious quarrel as a piece of criminal folly. There is no real cause for antagonism, commercial or otherwise. It is only an atmosphere of ill-feeling artificially created."

"The German government will greet with sincere satisfaction any movement tending to further good relations and will gladly respond to any friendly demonstration in England."

GOV. GOODING.

Goes East to Assist in Launching of The Idaho.

Boise, Ida., Dec. 3.—Gov. and Mrs. Gooding and their daughter left this evening for Philadelphia, where they will participate in the launching of the battleship Idaho on Saturday. Miss Gooding is to christen the vessel.

SUBSTITUTES FOR VANILLA.

Mexico City, Dec. 3.—The vanilla planters at Papantla say they are now losing money, owing to the fact that many substitutes for vanilla are now being manufactured in the United States so the demand for the genuine vanilla has greatly fallen off.

A REVOLUTIONARY MANIFESTO.

Paris, Dec. 4.—The correspondent of the Journal at St. Petersburg sends the text of a far-reaching revolutionary manifesto issued yesterday (Sunday), in reply to the expressed intention of the government to return to repressive measures. The manifesto says:

"The government continues to defy a people now on the road to liberty, where nothing can stop it. All police measures and all arrangements of the police can only result in sanguinary conflicts, for which the government will be responsible."

The correspondent says he is informed by high a functionary that animated discussions are proceeding at the palace of Tsarkev-Selo, the emperor favoring the granting of concessions and the re-establishment of the public services at any price, with Count Witte, the premier, refusing to grant the demands of the government employees on the ground that they had no right to complain.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Petit Parisien says that the reactionaries, encouraged by the result of the methods used by the authorities at Sebastopol, are doing their utmost to induce the emperor to stand firm.

JAPANESE BUDGET.

London, Dec. 3.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph sends a dispatch outlining two provisions of the Japanese budget. These include the withdrawal of the army in Manchuria.

POLICE STOP A PARADE.

Dresden, Dec. 3.—The Social Democrats held several largely-attended meetings here this morning to protest against the electoral law of Saxony. After the meetings the protestants paraded, but the parade was interfered with by the police, who finally had to use force to disperse a number of the demonstrators and making several arrests. Later there was an attempt to make a demonstration in front of the schoolhouse, but the crowds were dispersed at the point of the saber.

Reports from Chemnitz say that several meetings also were held there in protest against the law, and that the parades following the meetings were dispersed by the police, several arrests being made.

GILLETTE'S LONDON SEASON.

London, Dec. 3.—William Gillette closed his fourth London season at the Duke of York's theater last night, after a most successful run of his play, "Clarice." He was given an ovation at the fall of the curtain.

Mr. Gillette, with his full company, will sail for New York on the steamship Majestic next Wednesday, and will open at Boston on Christmas day. Mr. Gillette has announced that he will again appear professionally in England.

REPORT ON INTERNAL REVENUE

Collections for 1905 Over a Million in Excess of Those for Previous Year.

FOR 1906 WILL BE GREATER.

Illinois Led in Amount Paid—Idaho Nevada and Wyoming Among The Least.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The annual report of Commissioner John W. Yerkes of the Internal Revenue Bureau, treasury department, shows that the receipts of the bureau for the year ending June 30, 1905, were \$24,178,976, an excess of \$1,234,195 over the collections for the fiscal year of 1904. Using as a basis the collections for the first three months of the current fiscal year, the commissioner estimates that the receipts from all internal revenue sources for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, will aggregate \$24,900,000, or nearly \$7,000,000 in excess of those for the last fiscal year.

During the year collected from tax on distilled spirits \$12,512,628; on fermented liquors, \$9,459,559, and on tobacco \$45,629,910.

The leading states in the payment of the internal revenue tax for the past year are Illinois, \$4,582,703; New York, \$2,791,562; Indiana, \$4,562,244; Kentucky, \$2,791,399; Ohio, \$1,782,615; Pennsylvania, \$1,919,170.

Among the states paying the smallest amounts are Idaho, Maine, Mississippi, Nevada, North Dakota, Vermont and Wyoming. In 1904 the total production of distilled spirits was 139,506,214 gallons, in 1905, 153,259,379 gallons.

In 1904, in round numbers, 118,000,000 gallons of tax-paid spirits were drawn, in 1905, 117,700,000. There has been an increase in the amount of tobacco and snuff manufactured and in the production of beer.

The amount of colored oleomargarine produced shows an increase over 1904, the amount on which tax was paid during the fiscal year 1905, being 49,880,283 pounds, the tax collected aggregating \$48,973.

Commissioner Yerkes discusses the "free work" done by his bureau, such as gauging of spirits at rectifying houses, the free stamps used, clerk hire, etc., and recommends legislation fixing a charge of 20 cents per stamp for each stamp issued to rectifiers or wholesale liquor dealers for use upon packages prepared and sent out by them. From this source the commissioner estimates that an increased revenue of from \$750,000 to \$800,000 would be produced. The commissioner also recommends that a tax of 25 cents per gallon be imposed on all sweet wines rectified through the United States or grape brandy. The cost of collecting the internal revenue for the year was \$4,705,296, and the commissioner estimates that the cost for the next fiscal year would be reduced to \$4,658,120. The cost is stated to have been 2.01 per cent of the total revenue for the year, as against an average since the creation of the bureau of 6.3 per cent.

The internal revenue receipts for the fiscal year are given as follows:

From spirits, \$12,512,628; increase over 1904 of \$1,487,101; tobacco, \$45,629,910; increase, \$1,694,101.

Fermented liquors, \$9,459,559; increase, \$2,277,094.

Oleomargarine, \$605,478; increase, \$121,381.

Mixed flour, \$1,618; increase, \$82,81.

Adulterated butter \$2,938; increase, \$2,023.

Process or renovated butter, \$106,705; increase, \$15,801.

Miscellaneous, \$1,444,128; decrease, \$1,251,304.

There was an increase of 5,157,904 pounds in the quantity of leaf tobacco used in the manufacture of taxable tobacco products, and an increase of 23,657,773 pounds and a decrease of 2,304,633 pounds, respectively, in the quantity of domestic leaf exported and foreign leaf imported, and an increase of \$6,483,201 pounds in the quantity of domestic leaf tobacco produced, as compared with the previous year.

The duties and taxes collected from tobacco during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1905, amounted to \$68,549,522.

The duty collected upon imported leaf unmanufactured amounted to \$18,386,540, and that collected upon imported tobacco manufactured entered for consumption amounted to \$3,792,672, the quantity of tobacco manufactured during last year is given as follows:

Pipe, 163,773,271 pounds; weight, 3,734,211 pounds; fine cut chewing, 12,151,093 pounds; smoking tobacco, 14,151,699 pounds. The number of cigarettes manufactured was about 16,811,000,000.

The quantity of grain used for the production of spirits during the last fiscal year was 29,927,325 bushels, which is an increase of 2,239,642 bushels over the year 1904. The yield of spirits from each bushel of grain was 4.47 gallons. The quantity of molasses used for the production of spirits was 18,370,650 gallons, produced 12,088,329 gallons of spirits.

MRS. B. HARRISON'S FUNERAL.

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—The body of Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison of New York, who was killed in an automobile accident, Nov. 25, was placed today in the family mausoleum in Cypress Lawn cemetery, where lie the remains of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Crocker, father and mother. Brief funeral services were held at 4:47 o'clock, the San Mateo home of the Crocker family.

JAPANESE BUDGET.

London, Dec. 3.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph sends a dispatch outlining two provisions of the Japanese budget. These include the withdrawal of the army in Manchuria.

VERY

Cheap Prices

China Crockery

Dolls Glassware

Christmas

Holiday Goods

COME EARLY See Our Tempting Prices Great American Importing Tea Co. 245 Main St., Salt Lake City.

TEA

How can Schilling's Best be better than other good tea?

Same as with everything else. Men differ; men's things differ.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like it.

ABOUT COAL.

The necessity of keeping your bins full now can't be too forcibly impressed upon you. Place your orders before you are out and get the coal you want—in other words "That Good Coal."

BRICK MAKERS INDICTED FOR CONSPIRACY.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—The grand jury has returned indictments against seven men in connection with an investigation which has been conducted into the methods of the Illinois Brick company, which controls the greater part of the output of brick in and about Chicago. The defendants in each case are charged with conspiracy to injure the business of another, and in the indictments are named a number of independent firms whose business is declared to have suffered as a result of the operations of the Illinois Brick company. The men indicted are: George C. Prusling, president of the Illinois Brick company; John A. Gray, an agent of the company; William H. Wecker, Edward J. Tomlins and John Shekhar, officials of the company, and Patrick McAdams and Charles Hank, labor leaders.

Why Suffer From Eczema?

Catleura instantly relieves and speedily cures when all else fails.

CALENDAR PADS

From 1 cent to \$5 per hundred. A large stock and varied assortment. Xmas cards and fancy calendars. Special rates to schools and parties buying quantities.

DESERT NEWS BOOK STORE, 6 Main Street.

BAMBERGER,

161 Melhorn Street, U. S. A.

DEVELOP YOUR ideas of

what to buy for Christmas by deciding upon jewelry and then select the oldest, most reliable house with the largest stock to purchase from.

That is

Established 1862

Park's

JEWELRY STORE 170 MAIN ST.

REASONABLE PRICES.

HARRIS FURNITURE

& CARPET HOUSE

234-236 STATE STREET.

MANY OF THE FIRST FAMILIES OF SALT LAKE CITY ARE ON OUR BOOKS AS REGULAR CUSTOMERS. THEY BUY ON CREDIT, NOT BECAUSE THEY HAVE TO, BUT BECAUSE THEY WANT TO. CREDIT IS THE AXIS ON WHICH THE BUSINESS WORLD REVOLVES. HARRIS EXTENDS IT FREELY AND CHEERFULLY TO ANY ONE OF GOOD STANDING, AND WHO HAS BETTER STANDING IN THE COMMUNITY THAN THE GOOD HOUSEWIFE, THE CREATOR OF THE HAPPY HOME? SHE CAN BUY FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, OR ANY OTHER HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS TO ANY AMOUNT ON THE EASIEST TERMS.

HARRIS SAYS HER CREDIT IS GOOD.

Steel Star Range Like Cut With 4 Holes—\$35

Large Assortment of Couches, From the Cheapest to the Very Finest. Leather Couches at Reduced Prices.

OUR LINE OF FANCY ROCKERS FOR CHRISTMAS TRADE IS LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE. WE HAVE THEM IN ALL KINDS OF WOODS AND FINISHES AND WILLOW, AND THE PRICES ARE LOWER THAN YOU CAN BUY THE SAME GOODS ELSEWHERE.

WE SHOW THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF DRESSERS AND CHEFFONNIERS EVER SHOWN IN ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY.

SPECIALS THIS WEEK.

\$40.00 China Dinner Sets\$27.50

Solid Oak-Shaped Mirror Side-board.....\$22.50

\$15.00 Golden Oak Round Extension Table.....\$11.00

\$4.50 Box Seat Dining-Room Chairs.....\$2.75

\$2.50 Willow Rocker.....\$3.75

\$4.50 Golden Oak Cobbler Rocker.....\$3.75

A Good High Back Wood Seat Chair.....75c

\$2.75 Cane Seat High Back Rocker.....\$1.75

OUR LINE OF IRON AND BRASS BEDS CANNOT BE BEATEN, EITHER IN STYLE OR IN PRICE.

Like cut, Solid oak, cast brass handles and trimmings, French level plate mirror. \$11.50

Pretty Three-Piece Parlor Suite---

Settee, chair and arm chair \$20.00

We have the largest furniture house in the city to select from for Christmas gifts. It will pay you to look it over carefully before you make your selections. We have everything to furnish your home complete.

HARRIS

234-236 State St.

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