

ant an element in the next election to be lightly treated in calculations, on account of the farmers, to whom it appeals more directly this year than last, not sharing largely in the business revival. Prices have ranged low, crops been only fair in this state, and in some sections of it have been poor. The dairy interest has suffered from over production. In the opinion of shrewd observers, the greenback notions have spread with exceptional rapidity, during the last twelve months, among this class.

The Times also thinks Tammany has not the slightest intention of cutting adrift from the democratic party in this State, and those who are discounting the chances of Kelly's procuring the defeat of Robinson are likely to be grievously disappointed.

The Herald, on the contrary, thinks those who cry out that Kelly is only blustering, forget that the present Tammany organization has been constantly pushed to the wall by Tilden and Robinson, for three years, and thinks Kelly may control at least 25,000 votes, enough to defeat the man he dislikes. Anti-Tilden democrats seem to be settling on Church, and he is the strongest man they could select.

A De Kalb, Mississippi, special states that the trial of Henry J. Gulley, for the murder of the daughter of Judge Chisholm, begins to-morrow. People are pouring into town, and the deepest interest is manifested. The impaneling of the jury is expected to be very tedious. Gulley was head and front of the mob that massacred Judge Chisholm, and if convicted, the other conspirators probably will be. Well grounded fears are entertained that if he is convicted, a riot will ensue. The Herald's correspondent, a southern man, predicts an acquittal or a mistrial, and says that conviction would be phenomenal.

MEMPHIS, 5.—Five new cases were reported this a.m.

The following telegram was received this morning:

"New York, Sept. 5.
"W. J. Smith, acting President Howard Association, Memphis:
"I send you, by telegraph, \$5,000 to aid Howard Association. Certain generous people through the country will contribute liberally to aid your stricken city. At any rate, keep at your noble work till I tell you stop and I will foot the bill. What are your daily expenses?
Answer.

(Signed) JAY GOULD."
WASHINGTON, 5.—The Commissioner of the General Land Office, to-day, dismissed the protest of the Iowa Mining Company, whose claim is alleged to conflict with the Ophir Silver Mining Company's claim on the Comstock Lode, in Carson City land district.

NEW YORK, 5.—The Governor General and Princess Louise were warmly welcomed at Toronto, to-day, by an immense multitude of people. The royal standard was unfurled, a salute fired and the children sang "The Campbells are coming."

It is believed that fully 1,000 silk operators have arrived at Petersburg this year from English, French, German and Italian cities, attracted by the reports of the prosperity of the industries of that city. Yesterday, 30 silk spinners arrived in one party from English towns, and said a great many more were coming soon.

CHEYENNE, 5.—At 10 o'clock to-night, the two-story brick building occupied by F. E. Warren, music store, L. R. Brenahan, meat market, and Mrs. Bell's boarding house, situated on Sixteenth Street, fell in, completely wrecking the building. A number of persons were buried in the ruins. It is believed all, except two children of Mrs. Bell, were taken out. Col. G. J. F. Vandewater, whose parents reside in Boston, was taken out dead. The others recovered are more or less injured. The building adjoins the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company, the walls of which are considered unsafe.

PROVIDENCE, 5.—Mrs. Catharine Chase Sprague has filed a petition in the superior court asking for the appointment of a trustee of her property and estate in South Kingston, in this state.

MEMPHIS, 5.—Nineteen new cases reported to-day.

New Orleans, 5.—Dr. A. N. Bell, of the National Board of Health, is here to enforce the National quarantine law in regard to vessels leaving, as they are pleased to term it, the infected port of New

Orleans. He has appointed three Deputy Inspectors for that purpose. In this inspection the population present in New Orleans, may be stated at not less than 200,000. There is now but one case of yellow fever in the city, and that is in the Fourth District, fully two miles from the business centre. The total cases this year to date are 22, total deaths 9. The application of disinfectants in the Fourth District will be continued and repeated over and over again during September, under the direction of the National and State Boards of Health, aided by the Citizens' Sanitary Association and the city authorities.

New York, 5.—Five seamen, just arrived from Jamaica and Hayti, have been admitted to the yellow fever hospital at quarantine.

Washington, 5.—At the cabinet meeting to-day, the Secretary of War submitted the question regarding the furnishing of rations to persons in camp near Memphis, as requested by State Treasurer Polk. After a very general discussion it was decided that whatever aid is extended in this direction by federal authority, it must be within the scope of the recent act of Congress, and meet the approval of the National Board of Health.

BALTIMORE, 5.—This afternoon, while several workmen on the new bridge over Jones' Falls, at the intersection of Calvert Street, were at work, the scaffolding gave way, causing the death of Thomas McCarthy and James McNally. John Welch had his back broken, and Christian Hessertoff and John King received internal injuries, supposed to be serious. Wm. Durkin was also hurt.

UNION, Kentucky, 5.—Theo. Daniel, a negro, attempted to ravish Miss Georgiana Bileta, adopted daughter of his employer, Fielding Dickey, a farmer, living near here, was taken from jail by a mob, after the preliminary trial yesterday, and being tied to a tree, was shot dead.

MEMPHIS, 5.—The following response was sent in reply to Jay Gould's telegram:

"Jay Gould, Esq., New York:
"Your handsome donation of \$5,000 to the Howard Association, Memphis, to be used in relieving the sick under our care, is most gratefully acknowledged. The grand sentiment which you express to continue our noble work, and in the event of our appeal to the generous people throughout the Union is not heeded, that you would foot the bill, has nerved us all and strengthened our faith in the cause now engaged in. Such liberality as you have shown will, we have no doubt, find a responsive echo in the breasts of the charitable in every nation. Our expenses now aggregate \$1,000 per day. Should the fever continue to spread, our expenses must necessarily increase.
(Signed) W. J. SMITH,
Acting Pres. Howard Assoc'n."

DETROIT, 5.—The excursion steamer Alaska, of the Detroit and Put-in-Bay line, while a few miles from the mouth of the river in Lake Erie, this forenoon, exploded the dome of the boiler, instantly killing both engineers and one deck hand, and seriously scalding ten deck hands, two fatally, but of the large number of passengers on board, only one was injured, and that slightly.

Nine persons were terribly scalded by the explosion of the boiler of the steamer Alaska. Three men are missing, and it is supposed that they jumped overboard to alleviate their sufferings, and that they sank in the waves. The damage to the vessel is from \$8,000 to \$10,000.

NORFOLK, 5.—The citizens of York County invite the military and civic societies and municipal officers of the State to join in the proper celebration of the 19th of October, of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, at Yorktown.

The Governor is requested to appoint delegates to meet the delegates from other States in Philadelphia, and arrange for a grand centennial celebration in 1881, in which the army and navy of the United States will be requested to participate.

SAN FRANCISCO, 5.—Three-fourths of the vote in the city and state has been counted. Parkings leading Glenn about 17,500 and White about the same. The completion of the count will increase Perkins plurality to 20,000 or 23,000. In the city he will probably gain on Glenn, and in the country on White. During the remainder of the count, all the State ticket will

go with the head, except justices, which cannot yet be determined. It is now probable that the republicans will elect all the congressmen, though it is very close in the city district. Republicans elect the railroad commission in the northern district, and the workmen there in the city and southern district. The legislature still in doubt. Killoch continues to measure his lead, and is elected beyond all doubt. The workmen's chances are best for sheriff, auditor, collector, and county attorney, and are sure on the district attorney. Republicans probably get the balance, except, perhaps, two or three supervisors and school directors. The superior judges are divided.

NEW YORK, 6.—The Tribune's Washington special says: Ex-Governor Fenton, now here on business connected with the Bimetallism Commission, says the outlook for the adoption of a bimetallic standard is much more promising than when the commission adjourned. It is not improbable that the conference may be resumed in some form before Congress meets. The report of the commission is now ready for distribution.

The republicans have derived great hope from the California election, and now claim that Maine, next week, will undoubtedly go republican.

The democratic journals here declare that the republicans are using money without stint.

The steamship Hlevita, which is due from Liverpool on Monday next, has among her steerage passengers 80 English farmers, who intend to settle in Texas. These persons are from Yorkshire and are said to be industrious and of good and steady habits. They are not penniless, some of them having from \$2,000 to \$3,000 each. It is also stated that several hundred miners are making ready to emigrate to the United States from the north of England, for the purpose of being employed in the Pennsylvania mines, but at present there are about 10,000 miners in the Pennsylvania mines, and this force is considered sufficient. It is feared that if the coal companies engage these English miners there will be trouble.

The son of the great orator, John Bright, is now in Boston, and will soon visit California.

Petition of Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague, for the appointment of a trustee for her property, came up in the Supreme Court, Providence, R. I., to-day, and Wednesday next was assigned for the hearing.

NEWPORT, R. I., 6.—Leonard, son of Nathaniel Montefiore, of London, and nephew of the late Hon. Anthony Rothschild, died this morning, of acute rheumatism, which went to his brain. Montefiore arrived here August 23d, from England, was 27 years of age, and unmarried.

MEMPHIS, 6.—Five new cases were reported to the board of health this a.m. Five deaths have occurred since last night.

SAN FRANCISCO, 6.—The latest returns from the city indicate that the working men are gaining, and it is possible that they may elect supervisors and school directors. The count will probably be complete this afternoon, until which time nothing definite can be stated regarding the city. Returns from the interior confirm previous advice.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 4.—The death is announced at Cognac, of August E. Hennessy, originally a Senator from the Department of Charante.

The Debats announces the death of Gen. Bertin Devaux, son of one of its founders.

Two German workmen from London have been arrested at B logne, charged with distributing Socialist publications.

A dispatch from Durban, says: A cavalry reconnoissance has blown up King Cetewayo's powder magazine 10 miles from his new Kraal.

Messengers from Cetewayo met Sir Garnet Wolseley on the 25th of August, saying the King was willing to submit and pay taxes, but that the country must be cleared of British soldiers. The messengers were informed that Cetewayo was no longer king, and must surrender unconditionally.

A Gothenburg, Sweden, dispatch says: A telegram has been received from Professor Nordenskjöld, the Swedish Arctic explorer, dated Yokohama, 3, as follows:

All are well. We left winter quarters on the 8th, and doubled

East Cape on the 20th of July. Proceeded thence to Lawrence Bay, Port Clarence and Lawrence's Island. Have had no sickness and no scurvy. The Vega is in excellent condition.

LONDON, 4.—It is stated in Dublin, the Lord Lieutenant has requested the police authorities of Limerick to make a special report of the circumstances under which Charles Stewart Parnell, at the recent banquet, suffered the hissing which greeted the toast, "The Queen," to pass unnoticed, though he is a magistrate, and Member of Parliament.

MADRID, 4.—The government intends that the Cortes shall discuss the projected reforms in Cuba, after the royal marriage. The ministerial bill on the subject will be introduced, in case none is brought forward by the committee on Cuban questions.

ALEXANDROWO, 4.—The Czar and Emperor William parted at noon to-day.

PARIS, 4.—The government, having been beaten in the Councils General, on the Ferry bill, M. Loperet, Minister of the Interior, has ordered the Prefects to forbid the arrondissement Councils, which are about to meet, from discussing the bill, in order to prevent further expression of public opinion.

BERGRADE, 4.—It is reported that the Skuptschina, which was to meet to settle the Jewish emancipation question, will not be summoned. It is probable, therefore, that the Powers will bring a pressure to bear on the Serbian cabinet, with a view to the prompt solution of the matter.

The Albanian question has been settled by the announcement that all Albanians who apply to the commandants on the Albanian frontier will receive permission to return to their homes.

LONDON, 5.—A dispatch to the Daily News, from Pesth, reports that the inhabitants of Novi Bazar are determined to resist Austrian occupation.

The Times Bucharest special says: Crops in Bulgaria having failed, the government has forbidden the exportation of cereals.

The Romanian minister of the interior has informed the chambers that he has taken the necessary precautions regarding the threatened famine in the districts of Argesi and Oil.

A Szegedin dispatch says: A smart shock of earthquake was felt in that vicinity to-day.

The Times in a financial article, says: "In the course of time some more gold will doubtless be shipped from here to the United States, but it is important to remember that, whether it pays to send it or not, even as a mere speculation, depends upon the market rate of discount here, as well as upon New York Exchange on London. The fact of gold being sent here by France, in payment of her debt to America, and it remaining here, suggests the probability of our being able to liquidate, at the present moment, even more than we owe to foreign governments ourselves, by cheaper means than direct gold remittances."

BERLIN, 5.—The National Zeitung says: The recent visit of the Emperor to the Czar had only been decided on twenty-four hours before the Emperor left Berlin, and that the visit was undertaken at the urgent invitation of the Czar. Preparations were made with the greatest secrecy. When the Emperors met, both the railway stations and the street leading to it, were cleared by the police, who were stationed at every twenty yards.

BRUSSELS, 5.—The International Law Institute has adopted the motion proposed by Joo. Gaspard Bluntschli, urging government to bring about a settlement of the laws of warfare by means of international treaties.

ST. PETERSBURG, 5.—The Agence Russe says: The meeting between the Czar and the Emperor of Germany is the best possible reply to the recent malicious attempts to disturb the good relations between Germany and Russia.

HAVANA, 5.—The Spanish minister of colonies has cabled Captain General Blanco to draw against the Spanish treasury for \$50,000 daily, and augment the amount, if needed, to stamp out the Holguin and Santiago de Cuba bands.

The newspapers say that official information from Holguin and Santiago de Cuba represents that perfect tranquility prevails amongst the inhabitants in the surrounding country. The principal chiefs of

the old insurrection remain loyal to the government.

Government has created a new military jurisdiction, embracing Holguin los Tunis, and Gibari, because of their too great distance from the jurisdiction of Santiago de Cuba, to which they belonged. Gen. Jose Valera has been appointed military governor of the new jurisdiction.

LONDON, 5.—The Daily News understands that the Portuguese Government has granted a concession for the laying of a telegraph cable between Lisbon and the Azores. The maximum charge for a message will be two shillings per word. The larger part of the required capital has been already secured.

At the request of the United States Government, two cadet engineers from the Annapolis Naval Academy, will be admitted to the Naval College at Greenwich, as students, next month.

A dispatch to the Daily News, from Pesth, reports that the inhabitants of Novi Bazar are determined to resist Austrian occupation.

The steamer Frances, plying between Bordeaux and Royan, exploded, killing one person, mortally wounding three, and seriously injuring others.

The St. Petersburg Gazette in an article on Gen. Lazareff's death, says the expeditions to Merv, for this year, is a failure.

VIENNA, 5.—The inhabitants of Pust have petitioned in favor of Austrian occupation, and the inhabitants of Pleveje have expressed their readiness to supply stores for the occupying force.

MADRID, 5.—It is now believed that the Cortes will meet on the 3d of November, and that the marriage of the King will be celebrated in December.

LONDON, 6.—Despatches from Simla state that at a late hour on Thursday night a messenger, traveling post haste, reached Alikney, from Cabul, and informed Major Colloney, British political agent, that the British embassy at Cabul had been attacked by several Afghan regiments, which had assembled in that city, demanding arrears of pay, and that the military escort of the embassy was defending themselves. The Viceroy of India immediately ordered the troops at Alikney to move instantly upon Shutargarden Pass. Gen. Roberts has been ordered to proceed to Peiwar Pass, and advance on Cabul, while Gen. Stewart has been ordered to hold Candahar. All the British forces on the Candahar line will concentrate at Candahar. The forces in Khyber Pass are being strongly reinforced, and will operate on Jellalabad.

Maj. Colloney telegraphed, on Friday night, the substance of a letter received from the Ameer of Afghanistan, who confirms the news of the revolt, and adds that the regiments which have mutinied, were joined by the populace. The Ameer's arsenal and stores were first plundered and destroyed and the British embassy was then attacked by overwhelming numbers.

The Ameer declares that he was completely surprised by the outbreak. He endeavored to quell it, and sent Gen. Daoudshah to Major Cavagnari's assistance, but Gen. Daoudshah was unhorsed and fatally wounded. The Ameer then sent his son, with the Governor of Cabul, and other influential personages, but the mob was wholly uncontrollable. At Kich, the attack on the British embassy continued throughout Wednesday, when a fire broke out on the premises. The Ameer, writing on Thursday, says he is in great distress, and is himself besieged.

The Viceroy of India is at present ignorant of the fate of Major Cavagnari and the other members of the embassy.

Gen. Roberts has already started for Peiwar Pass. An advance on Cabul will be made very speedily, and will be strongly supported. The Viceroy's military secretary accompanies Gen. Roberts.

The statement that government intends to abandon clause 7, of Jules Ferry's educational bill, is formally denied. The clause referred to prohibits members of unauthorized societies from teaching in schools.

A severe storm has been raging in St. Petersburg, since Thursday. The river Neva has reached the greatest height ever known. The suburbs of the city are flooded.

Wanted
Corn Husk at H. DINWOODEY'S Furniture Store. wst