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GEORGE Q. CANNON,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA.—Grant's majority in the city, except in the 28th Ward, is 48,305. He carried every ward in the city.

CHARLESTOWN, S. C., 6.—The horse disease is increasing here, but the type is mild, and yields readily to treatment.

The *Tribune* gives Grant 260 electoral votes at the lowest, and 82 for Greeley, with the rest doubtful. There is scarcely a parallel, it says, in the completeness of the rout and triumph. It states that Liberalism could not stand the enormous outlay of money expended by the Republicans in the canvass. Grant has now four years more power, with heavy Congressional majorities, and whatever reform he may seek to effect he will have the aid of the *Tribune*.

PHILADELPHIA, 6.—It is supposed that the epizootic crisis is now reached. The city is almost horseless and business stagnant. The Union passenger cars have stopped, and it is impossible to tell how soon they can resume their regular trips, but a full resumption cannot take place in less than a week.

NEW YORK, 6.—The *Herald's* election estimates give to Grant 28 States, and to Greeley eight, or 268 electoral votes for Grant, to 90 for Greeley. The popular majority for Grant is placed at 350,000. The *Herald*, editorially, says that whether the result will be accounted for by the popular strength of Gen. Grant on the one hand, and the weakness of Greeley and the feebleness of the Liberal Republicans combined with the Democratic bolt on the other hand, it is in many respects the most remarkable of any of the Presidential elections in the history of the country.

The *World* places Grant's popular majority at 300,000. It says that the defeat is due to the Democracy surrendering to Greeley; that the demoralization, consequent upon the New York ring peculations of a year or two ago, disheartened the party and caused the nomination at Baltimore; that the party had not recovered from the Tammany taint to do anything until too late.

The *Times* gives Grant 300 electoral votes, and Greeley only 43, with the balance doubtful.

HAVANA, 3, via Key West, 5.—The horses arriving from New York are quarantined, to prevent the spread of the disease.

SAN FRANCISCO, 6.—Full returns of the city show Grant's majority to be 584. Clayton is elected to Congress by a majority of 1,054. For the Colorado subsidy there was 145, against 13,845.

Dispatches from Oregon state that Grant's majority is 1,500. In Portland Grant's majority is 900, in Salem 384.

NEW YORK, 6.—The *Sun* says the Liberal Republicans have been faithful to their pledges, but the Democrats have beaten Greeley by not coming out to vote.

The *Tribune* adds, the Liberal movement was at one time formidable, and had not millions been expended to arrest its progress in the State elections of the last three months, it might have swept the country. The Liberal Republican strength in North Carolina, Vermont and Maine was nearly neutralized by the Democrats, who would not "eat crow" when they could get from five to twenty dollars each for not eating it. There was nothing purchasable in the Keystone State that was not bought.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 6.—Numerous congratulatory messages have been received by the President to-day. Many persons called at the executive mansion to tender similar expressions.

PHILADELPHIA, 6.—General George G. Meade died at his residence, this evening, of pneumonia.

CHICAGO, 6.—The Republicans will have a majority of 32 on the joint ballot in the Illinois Legislature. The congressional delegation stands 13 Republicans, 6 Democrats.

LEWISTON, Maine.—Elizabeth Cady Stanton, who was cited by Mrs. Woodhull as her authority for some of her charges against Henry Ward Beecher, was here to-day, and having her attention called to the matter, emphatically denied the allegation, and declared her conviction that Woodhull's statements were untrue in every particular.

CAMDEN, N. J., 6.—The unfavorable weather to-day gave a fresh impetus to the horse disease. All the street cars are stopped.

PITTSBURG, 6.—The horse disease has spread rapidly through the various stables during the past two days, and has compelled the principal street railroads to suspend travel.

The *National Republican* and the *Daily Chronicle*, administration journals, are jubilant over the result of the election. The *Patriot*, Democrat, says the result excited no surprise, for it has been foreshadowed ever since Pennsylvania was carried by fraud and treachery in October, and we accept it as inevitable. The Liberal movement is temporarily checked, but not defeated, and its ultimate triumph is certain. There are thousands who conspired against it that will live to deplore their mistaken opposition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 6.—The President to-day said that apart from the public issues involved, he was gratified that the result of the election has vindicated his private character, which had been so violently assailed.

At the commencement of the next Presidential term Secretary Fish, by his own desire, will retire from the Cabinet. There is no probability of a change in the Attorney General, as Judge Williams recently remarked to a friend that, although he could have been elected Senator from Oregon, he declined being a candidate in order that he might remain in his present office.

NEW YORK, 6.—Wm. T. Havemeyer, the newly-elected mayor, received to-day the congratulations of several political friends, including many of the best known men in the city and State.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., 6.—The horse disease is now at its worst stage, being aggravated by the rainy weather. Very few cars are running. There are more vehicles on the street drawn by men than by horses. All trades are paralyzed by the difficulty of transporting their goods.

BOSTON.—The horse disease is so far subsided that business has nearly resumed its usual activity.

SAN FRANCISCO, 6.—Judge McKinstry has rendered a decision which if not reversed by the supreme court, sets aside Horace Hawes' deed of the foundation of Mount Eagle University.

SAN FRANCISCO, 6.—Full returns of the city show Grant's majority to be 587. Clayton is elected to Congress by a majority of 1,054. For the Colorado subsidy there was 145 against 13,845.

Dispatches from Oregon state that

Grant's majority is 1,500. In Portland Grant's majority is 900, in Salem 384.

The complete returns of the city show the total vote to be 23,118, and Grant's majority 587. Clayton for Congress 1,054; for the Colorado subsidy 145, against the subsidy 13,845. Contributions to the poor at the polls 97,375.

Two or three cases of horse disease is reported in the city.

PORTLAND, Oregon, 6.—J. B. Montgomery has commenced work on the John Doy, Devil's Bend and Mantilla Rapids, of the Upper Columbia, under a contract from the government for \$50,000, to clear the channel of obstructions.

NEW YORK, 6.—The *Tribune* tomorrow publishes the following:

"A CARD."

The undersigned resumes the editorship of the *Tribune*, which he relinquished on embarking in another line six months ago. Henceforth it shall be his endeavor to make this a thoroughly independent journal, treating all parties and political movements with judicial fairness and candor, but courting the favor or depreciating the worth of no one. If he can hereafter say anything that will tend to heartily unite the whole American people on the broad platform of universal amnesty and impartial suffrage, he will gladly do so. For the present, however, he can best commend that consummation by silence and forbearance. The victors in our late struggle can hardly fail to take the whole subject of Southern rights and wrongs into early and earnest consideration, and to them for the present he remits it. Since he will never again be a candidate for any office and is not fully in accord with either of the great parties which have hitherto divided the country he will be able and will endeavor to give wider and steadier regard to the progress of science, industry, and the useful arts, than a partisan journal can do. He will not be provoked to indulgence in these bitter personalities which are the recognized bane of journalism. Sustained by this generous purpose, he will do his best to make the *Tribune* a power in the broader field it now contemplates. As, when human freedom was in peril, it was in the arena of political partisanship.

"HORACE GREELEY."

EUROPEAN.

PESTH, 6.—Count Andrássy, chancellor of the Austrian empire, has been appointed major-general of the Hungarian army.

PARIS, 5.—Henri Rochefort has been permitted to come to Versailles and marry the dying mother of his children, in order to legitimize them. When the ceremony is concluded he will return to prison.

The evacuation of the department of the Upper Marne by the German troops has been completed, and that of the Marne is slowly proceeding.

MILAN, 6.—The town of Palazzola, near Brescia, was visited by a terrible hurricane yesterday. Half the buildings in the town were destroyed, and thirty-two persons killed by falling walls and timbers. One thousand families were made homeless.

LONDON, 6.—An ancient made yesterday to celebrate Guy Fawkes day, in Exeter, was turned into a demonstration against the Liquor Licensing Act.

Several speakers denounced the measure, and met much opposition from persons in the crowd. The proceedings finally degenerated into a riot, in which cudgel and brickbats were freely used. Many of the rioters were wounded. The police at last got the best of the mob and dispersed it, making some arrests. Seventeen men are in the hospital suffering from injuries received in the riot.

BERLIN, 6.—A pamphlet entitled, "Away with the House of Peers," has appeared. Karl Blind is the author. Its publication and sale have in no way been interfered with by the authorities.

VIENNA, 6.—Post, American Consul, has received under his protection thirty-five Jewish families, who fled from persecution in Wallachia. A subscription has been opened at the consulate

to enable the exiles to emigrate to the United States.

Le Temps says the government has consented to reduce the rate of postage to America.

PARIS, 6.—The Procureur-General has declared that Prince Napoleon cannot legally bring a suit in the courts against the Minister of the Interior, for the Prince's expulsion from France was an act of the government, over which the Assembly alone has jurisdiction. Prince Napoleon writes that he intends to persist in the prosecution of the case, notwithstanding the opinion of the Procureur-General.

LONDON, 6.—The *Telegraph* believes Grant deserved re-election. The *Standard* makes a violent attack on the Republican party, which it says has done nationally what Tammany and Fisk did locally. Grant and Greeley are both unfit Presidents, but of the two evils the least have been chosen.

BRUSSELS.—In a mine at Maubury, near Charleroi, Lamerling, the machinery gave way as a gang of miners were descending to work and 21 were precipitated to a depth of several hundred feet. All were killed.

LONDON, 6.—An extensive carpet factory at Kidderminster was destroyed by fire last night. A large number of hands are thrown out of employment.

Sir John Duke Coleridge has declined a seat on the bench of probate and divorce court, vacant by the death of Lord Penzance.

GENEVA.—Rubles, U. S. Minister resident, has tendered to Jacques Stoppie the formal expression of the thanks of the American government for his services as a member of the Board of Arbitration.

PARIS.—The German troops have evacuated the city of Rheims and the town of Vitry-le-Francaise, the last posts retained by them in the department of the Marne.

LONDON.—Subscriptions are being raised for the relief of the sufferers in the Italian floods.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 1.—The election for President of Mexico resulted in the almost unanimous choice of Lerdo de Tejada, the votes against him being few and scattering. The programme of the course the President proposes for himself, as made public, may be condensed into this phrase—little politics and much administration. Since a few days ago the newly elected President has ceased to exercise any of the extraordinary powers with which he is invested. Porfirio Diaz has sent in his own submission to the government and surrenders his command. The paper is dated October 23d, near Durango, and the General promised to present himself at the capital. This has made a complete pacification of the country.

The *London Telegraph* says that no one deserves better of his country than General Grant, or is more worthy of a place among the second term men; that England has had many causes of complaint, but he has not been to her wilfully petulant or hostile; and that it hopes the U. S. will now take care of Mexico and Cuba, as the East and not the West demands her attention.

PARIS, 7.—There is great enthusiasm in Rheims over the evacuation of that city by the Germans. The buildings were decorated yesterday with the French colors and flowers, and at night there was a general illumination.

LONDON, 7.—The Presidential election of the morning papers. The prevailing sentiment is favorable to the administration.

Drindas, Liberal, has been elected to Parliament from Richmond.

Cardinal Cullen has returned to Dublin from a visit to Rome.

The Irish government has prohibited the importation of horses from the United States.

PARIS, 8.—The specie of the Bank of France increased one million francs during the week.

MADRID, 8.—The *Epoca* publishes a letter from Cadiz reporting a conspiracy to inaugurate a serious insurrectionary movement, which was actively fostered by the internationalists, among the employees at the royal dockyard arsenal near Cadiz, and that the attempt was squelched.