

PARTY LINES ARE IGNORED

In Vote on Resolution Closing
General Debate on the
Payne Tariff Bill.

QUITE AN EXCITING TIME.

Clark, Democrat, of Florida, Attached
Bryan—Republicans Hard Clipped
Fitzgerald, Who Demanded Measure.

Washington, April 5.—Three o'clock p. m., April 5, was the busy day for the house today for a vote on the Payne tariff bill. The long-expected resolution from the committee on rules closing general debate, providing for certain committee amendments and a full and free opportunity to change the tariff and tariff schedules, was reported late in the day and adopted with 16 yeas and 10 nays, notwithstanding the desertion of 20 Republicans. Four of the 16 yeas came from the Louisiana delegation, who likewise broke away from their party.

Mr. Clark of Florida made an address denouncing Mr. Bryan and Bryanism, Populists and Protection, and declaring he would support the Payne bill if it contained what his constituents wanted—a duty on sea island cotton and protection for citrus fruits, pineapples, etc.

His remarks led him into an exciting colloquy with Mr. Handell (Texas), and other Democrats, but he declared that, having been instructed by the legislature of his state and his constituents as to the stand he should take on the articles mentioned, he would not violate his obligation. His whole attitude was one of defiance to the Democrats of the house. Before the rule was reported there were numerous speeches on the bill.

Referring to Mr. Clark of Florida, Mr. Fox (North Carolina) said that any man who supported the bill belonged on the Republican side. He likened Mr. Clark to the Arab chief who had surrendered his companions for part of the "booty."

PUTS PATRIOTISM FIRST.
Remembering that he placed his patriotism above selfishness, Mr. Cushman (Washington) defended the special order. He warned the members against putting the bill on the free list.

Republican hand-clasp greeted Mr. Fitzgerald (New York), the new Democratic member of the committee on rules. He said Minority Leader Clark had refused him time to speak, whereupon he sought and received time from the same source as the minority leader, and that was Mr. Dalzell. "Whatever differences I may have with my associates in the house," he said, "I will settle at an appropriate time, I think, to my own satisfaction."

Mr. Fitzgerald denounced the Payne bill, charging that it was not what it purported to be. The bill, he said, did not equidistribute duties. There was no stampede of the idle rich, he said, from the balm of the south, where they spent their winters.

"Confident that the tariff was to be revised by the free traders," he added, "this Capitol has seen a complete absence of the great magnates representing the combined corporate wealth of the United States."

JOKERS IN BILL.
Calling attention to what he said

were the jokers in the bill, Mr. Handell (Texas) said the measure was full of fraud and deception.
Mr. Clark (Missouri) argued that every member had the right to vote on the bill from a to z. If members insisted on tying their hands, he said, they could do so, but he would not.
"When you go back to your constituents," he exclaimed, "don't be as cowardly as to undertake to say this whole thing on Mr. Cannon." He called attention to the "outrageous raises" in lumber and gloves. The house, he said, had a right to say whether steel nails should be on the free list. He charged that the delay in bringing in the rule was for the purpose of "making trades, of building and wheeling upon on to the reservation."

PAYNE ANSWERS ARGUMENTS.
Answering all the arguments against the rule, Mr. Payne declared that the Republican party would be held responsible for the bill before the country. He asserted that every fact and every source of information had been sought in order that a bill might be presented that would do simple justice to the consumer and the laborer. Responsibility on the Democratic side, he said, was different. If the Democrats had shown some diligence, courage and patriotism, he said, they would have presented to the country their idea of a tariff bill. He defended the glove and history schedules and declared that under the bill they would be sold as cheaply as they are today, with American workmen and better workmanship. He pleaded with his colleagues to look beyond their districts, and for God's sake hasten the passage of the bill.

Mr. Dalzell moved the previous question, but before the vote was announced, Mr. Clark of Missouri moved to reconsider the rule and become involved in a controversy with Mr. Dalzell and the speaker over whether the motion was in order. Mr. Clark said Democratic applause, quoted from a former decision of Speaker Cannon holding that a similar motion to reconsider was in order. In an elaborate decision Speaker Cannon held that the case in question was on an ordinary rule.

"This is not an ordinary rule," he said, and Mr. Clark's motion was overruled. On the motion for the previous question the Democrats forced the roll-call. The vote resulted: Yeas, 16; nays, 10, and the previous question accordingly was ordered.

YOTE ON THE RULE.
Another rollcall was forced by the Democrats on the adoption of the rule. The order was adopted, yeas 16, nays 17.

Twenty Republicans voted against the rule and four Democrats for it, as follows: Republicans—Austin of Tennessee, Carey, Cooper, Leinert, Morse, and Nelson of Wisconsin, Dawson, Good, Haugen, Pickett, Woods, Hubbard and Kendall of Iowa, Hinchey and Norris of Nebraska, Lindberg of Minnesota, Murdock of Kansas, Parsons of New York, Poldexter of Washington and Young of Michigan.

Democrats—Brookman, Colopinal, Pugh and Wickliffe of Louisiana.
On the previous question Cope of Wisconsin and Wilson of Minnesota joined the Republicans first named in voting against the motion. Speaker Cannon then ordered that the bill be taken up and considered for amendment.

Mr. Foreman of Michigan at once moved to strike out the countervailing provision of the tariff schedule. A snag was immediately encountered by Mr. Payne moving that the committee disagree. This was for the purpose of leaving the bill aside and moving an adjournment, but the Democrats stoutly resisted and availed themselves of all parliamentary tactics to thwart him.

Mr. Payne's motion prevailed, 12 yeas to 14, and he immediately thereafter moved to adjourn. The Democrats forced another rollcall. The motion, however, was carried and the house adjourned at 4:55 p. m. until tomorrow.

PRIZES FOR YEAR-OLD BABIES.

Chicago, April 6.—Prof. Clarence D. Lane, assistant chief of the dairy division of the department of agriculture at Washington, has made a suggestion to the City club that the mayor offer prizes, to be paid in gold, for each baby which reaches the age of one year. Pure milk is the subject of the address.

Prof. Lane says that in Europe there has been a great decrease in the death rate among infants in recent years.

BONES AND GOLD COINS.
Found 35 Feet Below Surface in
Duane Street, New York.

New York, April 6.—Human bones and gold coins bearing the date 1747, were unearthed in Duane street in the heart of the downtown jobbing district yesterday. Workmen employed by a contracting firm came upon the bones during the excavation for a sewer.

They appeared to be the remains of four skeletons. It is said that a prison occupied the spot in revolutionary days.

Gymnastics alone can never give that elasticity, ease and graceful poise which comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets—Godbe-Pitts Drug Co.

BAYONNE, N. Y., TO
HAVE POLICE WOMEN

Bayonne, N. Y., April 5.—Police women are to be a reality here. Having been authorized by the city council at the suggestion of Mrs. Julia Goldzier, nine volunteers will do duty patrolling the dark during the summer months. The police officers will not bear the common name of police women but will be known as "guardian mothers" and will not wear uniform as at first reported. Their duty will be not so much to make arrests but to instill a spirit of politeness in the youngsters of Bayonne. They will urge the children not to make noise, to be gentle and to rise always and give their seats to elders. The guardian mothers will do duty on alternate afternoons and will serve without pay. Some one has proposed that they carry the pocket slipper or paddle instead of a club, but this question has not been officially settled.

A DELAMAR TRAGEDY.

Three Boys Kill Their Father in Defending Themselves.
San Bernardino, Cal., April 6.—Harry Irvington, a miner, arrived yesterday and brought news of a tragedy at Delamar, Nevada, in which three boys killed their father in defending themselves after he had attacked their mother. According to Irvington last Thursday William Thomas, a well known miner at Delamar, attempted to kill his wife by beating and kicking her to death. Leaving her unconscious he went to a shed nearby where his three sons were chopping wood.

Thomas, who had armed himself with a rope, declared that he had come to hang them all. He had placed the noose about the younger boy's neck and was preparing to haul him from the ground when his other sons interfered. With axes they rushed upon their father, who was compelled to back away, but as he leaped to one side he picked up an axe and with this attacked his sons. The older boy seized a shotgun and fired, the father dying almost immediately.

The boys then packed the corpse on a burro and took it to Delamar, where they surrendered to the officers.

NOTABLE DINNER BY
DIRECTOR JOHN BARRETT

Washington, April 6.—A dinner which promises to be a notable one, is to be given by John Barrett, director of the International Bureau of the American Republics, on Thursday, April 15, to meet the chairman and members of the "rounding board" of the bureau. Secretary Knox is chairman of the board, of the board which is under the control of the American Republics in Washington. Representatives of the American Republics and citizens from various sections of the United States have been invited to attend the dinner which is to be given to emphasize the growing importance of Pan-American business in this country and to offer an opportunity for personal observations of those attending.

Among those invited are Vice President Sherman, Speaker Cannon, Atty. Gen. Wheeler, and the senators of war and interior, the chairman and the principal members of the senate and house foreign relations committees, Charles M. Schwab, Andrew Carnegie, E. H. Harriman, Dr. Albert Shaw and the officers of the Ordway

CELEBRATING HUMOR OF HANDS

Tiny Pustules Spread Up to Elbows
—Could Not Sleep—After Seven
Months of Futile Treatment,
Little Girl was Completely

CURED IN TWO WEEKS
BY CUTICURA REMEDIES

"My daughter, twelve years of age, was afflicted with a terrible itching of the hands which was so bad at night that she was unable to sleep. The trouble began in the shape of small pustules about the size of a pinhead which produced severe itching and then a hard scab formed on top. These always opened up again, bleeding badly. The fingers it extended over the hand and as far as the elbows. The doctor said it was eczema and that recovery would necessarily be slow. He prescribed Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills, her hands were healed. Mrs. M. Strecker, South Haven, Minn., April 1 and July 7, 1908."

WORLD FAMOUS

For Torturing, Disfiguring Skin
and Scalp Humors.

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the crusty, scaly, as in scabies; the facial disfigurement, as in acne and ringworm, find instant relief and speedy cure, in the majority of cases, by Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, assisted when necessary by mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent (liquid or pills). Guaranteed absolutely pure and may be used from the hour of birth.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humors of the Skin and Scalp. Cuticura Soap (10c) to cleanse the skin. Cuticura Ointment (10c) to treat the skin and scalp. Cuticura Resolvent (10c), or in the form of Cuticura Resolvent (10c), for the cure of Chronic Cutaneous Diseases. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, sold everywhere. Cuticura Resolvent, sold by mail only. Write for Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

offer prizes, to be paid in gold, for each baby which reaches the age of one year. Pure milk is the subject of the address.

Prof. Lane says that in Europe there has been a great decrease in the death rate among infants in recent years.

BONES AND GOLD COINS.
Found 35 Feet Below Surface in
Duane Street, New York.

New York, April 6.—Human bones and gold coins bearing the date 1747, were unearthed in Duane street in the heart of the downtown jobbing district yesterday. Workmen employed by a contracting firm came upon the bones during the excavation for a sewer.

They appeared to be the remains of four skeletons. It is said that a prison occupied the spot in revolutionary days.

Gymnastics alone can never give that elasticity, ease and graceful poise which comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets—Godbe-Pitts Drug Co.

BAYONNE, N. Y., TO
HAVE POLICE WOMEN

Bayonne, N. Y., April 5.—Police women are to be a reality here. Having been authorized by the city council at the suggestion of Mrs. Julia Goldzier, nine volunteers will do duty patrolling the dark during the summer months. The police officers will not bear the common name of police women but will be known as "guardian mothers" and will not wear uniform as at first reported. Their duty will be not so much to make arrests but to instill a spirit of politeness in the youngsters of Bayonne. They will urge the children not to make noise, to be gentle and to rise always and give their seats to elders. The guardian mothers will do duty on alternate afternoons and will serve without pay. Some one has proposed that they carry the pocket slipper or paddle instead of a club, but this question has not been officially settled.

A DELAMAR TRAGEDY.

Three Boys Kill Their Father in Defending Themselves.
San Bernardino, Cal., April 6.—Harry Irvington, a miner, arrived yesterday and brought news of a tragedy at Delamar, Nevada, in which three boys killed their father in defending themselves after he had attacked their mother. According to Irvington last Thursday William Thomas, a well known miner at Delamar, attempted to kill his wife by beating and kicking her to death. Leaving her unconscious he went to a shed nearby where his three sons were chopping wood.

Thomas, who had armed himself with a rope, declared that he had come to hang them all. He had placed the noose about the younger boy's neck and was preparing to haul him from the ground when his other sons interfered. With axes they rushed upon their father, who was compelled to back away, but as he leaped to one side he picked up an axe and with this attacked his sons. The older boy seized a shotgun and fired, the father dying almost immediately.

The boys then packed the corpse on a burro and took it to Delamar, where they surrendered to the officers.

NOTABLE DINNER BY
DIRECTOR JOHN BARRETT

Washington, April 6.—A dinner which promises to be a notable one, is to be given by John Barrett, director of the International Bureau of the American Republics, on Thursday, April 15, to meet the chairman and members of the "rounding board" of the bureau. Secretary Knox is chairman of the board, of the board which is under the control of the American Republics in Washington. Representatives of the American Republics and citizens from various sections of the United States have been invited to attend the dinner which is to be given to emphasize the growing importance of Pan-American business in this country and to offer an opportunity for personal observations of those attending.

Among those invited are Vice President Sherman, Speaker Cannon, Atty. Gen. Wheeler, and the senators of war and interior, the chairman and the principal members of the senate and house foreign relations committees, Charles M. Schwab, Andrew Carnegie, E. H. Harriman, Dr. Albert Shaw and the officers of the Ordway

GOVERNOR HUGHES IS AFTER CLUBS

Promoters of Boxing Game in
New York See Breakers
Ahead.

HE HAS CRUSADE IN MIND.

Likely to Put a Stop to Ten Round
Bouts "For Members Only"—
Jerome Don't Know.

New York, April 6.—New York's many "fight clubs," which have for some time past conducted bouts up to 10 rounds practically unopposed, under the name of athletic clubs to which members only are admitted to "boxing exhibitions," are to have a clash with Gov. Hughes. Sporting men who recall the governor's vigorous fight against racing are wondering what will happen if he carries out the crusade which he has in mind.
Under the present laws the police are almost powerless, but the governor, it is understood, is preparing to bring about the passage of legislation which will place the authorities in a more advantageous position. He has been in communication with both Commissioner of Police Bingham and Atty. Gen. Jerome. Mr. Bingham has hesitated to say that the present law virtually bars police interference, and that it is impossible to procure convictions even if arrests are made, because the magistrates and judges almost invariably hold that sporting contests are legal. A letter from the commissioner was sent to Albany yesterday, and while it has not been made public, it is believed to contain recommendations for new legislation.

JEROME DON'T KNOW.

Mr. Jerome, when seen yesterday, said that he was not officially aware that prize fights were being held in the city. "But," he added, "if they want to stop sparring they can enact a law to make it a crime to spar in public. And if the legislature wants to leave sparring open as a merely exercise and still prevent public exhibitions, let them enact a law to prohibit sparring before more than 25 persons where a fee is charged."

"Such a law would not prevent boxing in a gymnasium where it would be known that those which are evading the law."

NEW LEGISLATION.
To Gov. Hughes several suggestions for revising the legislation have been made, one of which is to amend the membership corporation law so that no one could become a member of an athletic club until after his name had been placed on a list at least a month. Another, and one which Mr. Bingham is said to favor, would be legislation making it a misdemeanor for any person or membership corporation to hire any one to give a sparring exhibition or to give any kind of reward for participation in such an encounter. At present the fighters are hired to box before the clubs.

The police and prize fight have a shock to the Marathon Athletic club in Brooklyn by arresting two fighters, their handlers and the ring official after a 10-round bout, but whether this action has anything to do with the governor's contemplated legislation is unknown. At any rate there is uneasiness among the fight promoters.

It's virtues have been established for many years, and thousands of people have been made happy by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets—Godbe-Pitts Drug Co.

SHIPBUILDING IN
UNITED STATES IN 1908

Washington, April 6.—During the month of March last, 82 sail and steam vessels were built and actually numbered in the United States, 73 of them being steam and none sail, 75 of wood and seven of steel construction. Of the total number 35 are for Atlantic, 20 for Pacific, and the remainder for the western lakes trade.

During the nine months ending March 31 last, 695 vessels with a gross tonnage of 80,432 tons were built and chartered in this country, as compared with 755 vessels with a gross tonnage of 353,763 tons during the corresponding nine months ending with March 31, 1908.

BIG CROWDS AT FAIR.

Much Interest is Shown in Exhibit of
Utah Products.

The throng of people that filed in and out of the "Prosperity Fair" during Saturday and Sunday night was large, being estimated at fully 5,000 people. The ladies G. A. R. band was in attendance in the evening, and various refreshments and refreshments were provided for the visitors.

The full list of exhibitors is as follows:
J. G. McDonald, chocolates, Hewlett, and coffee and spices; Salt Lake Brewing company, Art Metal & Chandler company, Maxfield's pure vinegar, Tabby's paints, Model Knitting works, Cannon creamery, Nelson shoe company, Elgin Utah, Porter-Walton Floral company, Startup Candy company of Provo; Utah Sugar company, Z. C. M. I. shoe company, Cacher Miller, Condemning Milk company, Salt Lake & Jordan Mills and Elevator company, Coffee-et company, Husler Flour company, Utah Tea & Coffee company, Utah Electric Iron company, Utah Consolidated Plaster company, Skelton Publishing company, Island Crystal Salt company, Held Pen company, Agricultural Iron company, Western Insulation company and the Alexander Optical company.

MISSIONARY REUNIONS

Birmingham—Pioneer stake hall, April 6, 7:30 p. m.
Norwich—Tenth ward assembly hall, Tuesday, April 6, 7:30 p. m.
German and Swiss—Eighth ward meetinghouse Tuesday April 6, 7:30 p. m.

Northern States—Fourteenth ward chapel, April 6, at 7:30 p. m.
California—Thirtieth ward chapel Tuesday, April 6, at 8 p. m.
Southern States—Tuesday evening April 6, Fourteenth ward hall at 8 o'clock.

French Speaking Elders and saints Music hall 7, 8 p. m. Memorial hall 7, 8 p. m.
Hawaiian—Tuesday, April 7, at 7 p. m. Hawaiian banquet and special business "Hole Mail"

Keep your stomach strong, your digestion perfect and your bowels free from constipation this spring and you have the secret to good health. To do this, take,

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH
BITTER



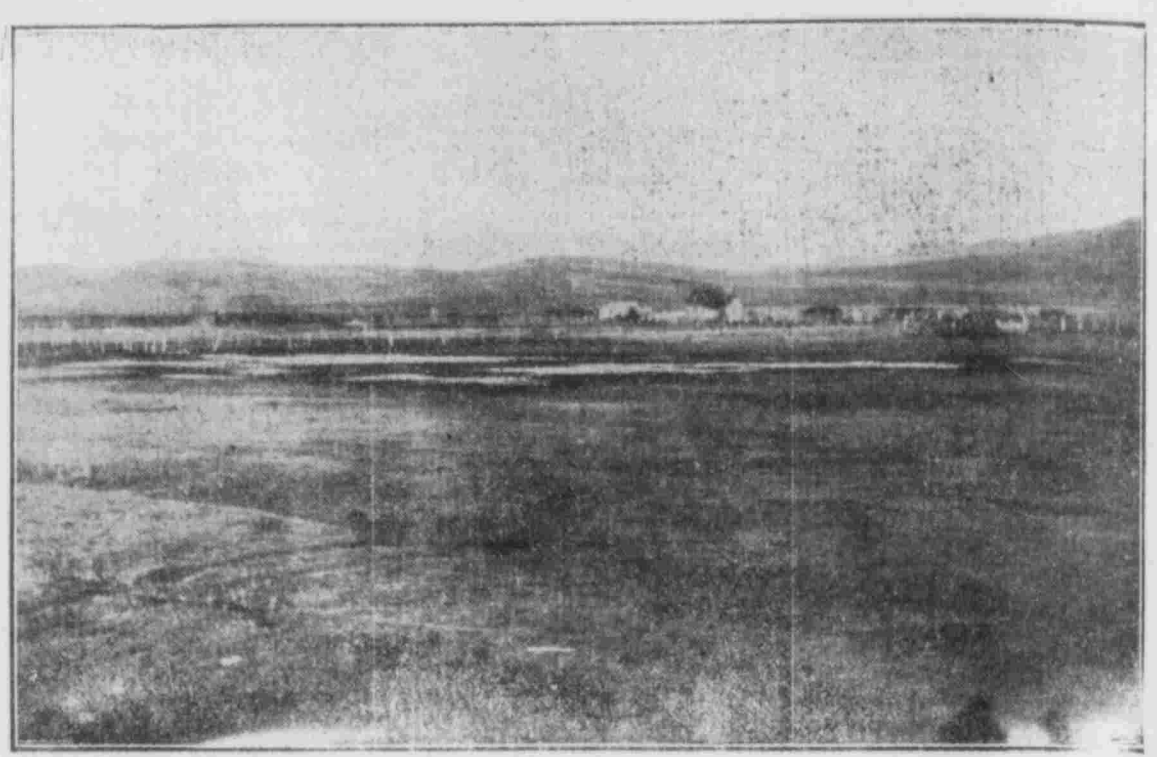
The Valley of the Teton offers greater inducements to the home seeker than any other state in the Union. We have a number of well improved farms and stock ranches that must be sold. Fine fruit and farming lands, one of the best stock ranges that can be found in the Rocky Mountains. We offer 250 acres of choice land, all fenced, good water right, four-roomed house and out buildings with machinery, puts up three hundred tons of hay, adjoining a fine stock range, close to town. Price \$5,000. Terms to suit conditions.

150 acres that is all fenced, 60 acres under cultivation, good water right, house and out buildings, fruit and good farming lands, price \$15,000 per acre.

We have 40 acres close to Driggs that must be sold at once. This is good farming or fruit land, good perpetual water right. If taken now can be sold at \$10 per acre.

Write us for our prospectus, maps and price list. We have one of the largest lists of property ever placed on the market.

Our Mr. Winger can be found at the Windsor Hotel, April 5, 6 and 7. Or address home office, Driggs, Idaho. Killpack & Winger, of Driggs, or H. D. Winger, Windsor Hotel, Salt Lake.



Southern Idaho Opportunity

Opening of the finest and most beautiful farm in any of the western states, consisting of 950 acres of perfectly sloping irrigated land. The soil is a made black loam, free from alkali, stone, gravel and other conditions which so make irrigated farming arduous.

SITUATION. The place is situated in southern Idaho, about 125 miles northwest of Pocatello and about 75 miles northeast of Twin Falls, on the Halley branch of the O. S. L. Ry.

CLIMATE. The climate is good, as there is considerable fruit grown two miles from this tract, consisting of apples, pears, plums, and most of all the small fruits.

Elevation about 4200 feet.

SLOPE. The land has a very perfect slope of about 20 feet to the mile, to the west, making it absolutely perfect for easy irrigation.

WATER RIGHT. The water right is one of the very best in Idaho, as it is an old 1852 decreed prior water right, of Idaho's maximum amount of water of one miner's inch per acre, or 15 second foot per 80 acres. The water is taken from a beautiful mountain stream called Fish Creek, that heads in the high Saw Tooth range of mountains holding up the late summer flow when water is needed so had through the arid West. The farm has its own private short and inexpensive laterals or ditches, which maintain the maintenance of expensive canals which farmers on big irrigation projects are hampered with. There are no watermasters or ditch riders to pay. Besides this reliable stream there is a most wonderful hot spring near the lower end of the land which flows 15 second foot of good drinking water (when cooled) of 125 degrees. This water is a great undervalued healer of rheumatism and does not need soap or lye to soften for the washing of clothes, it has no mineral that is deadly to vegetation as there was a fine lot of early cabbage and garden grown on it last year.

MARKETS.—An Halley, Ketchum, Belvue, Muller and Mackay, all mining camps, are within a radius of 30 miles make a local market, and a good market for sheep, cattle, hogs, etc., can be had at Portland, Oregon, and Seattle, Wash.

SCHOOLS.—Within 1 1/2 miles of the farm is the village of Carey, with 500 voters, good school, Latter-day Saint community, stores, postoffice, hotel, etc.

IMPROVEMENTS.—One 7-room house, one 5-room house; all fenced and partition fenced; out buildings; the plunge and bath house. Practically all cleared of brush.

As the hot spring is quite well known for the healing of rheumatism and other complaints, no doubt it is very valuable, should the right person handle it, and for the stock feeding during the winter this water is of great value.

THE ABOVE SPLENDID FARM WILL BE SOLD IN WHOLE OR IN 40-80 OR 160 ACRE TRACTS TO SUIT PURCHASER. AT A VERY REASONABLE PRICE AND EASY TERMS.

CALL OR WRITE

Geo. Q Cannon Ass'n.

REAL ESTATE

11 So. Main. Salt Lake City.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR
Dental
Parlors
26 S. Main St.
Over
Shoe Store
Fifteen years
continuous practice in Salt Lake City.
Good Est. of Teeth for
\$5.00
Amalgam or Silver Filling... \$1.00
Gold Filling... \$1.50
Teeth Cleaned... \$1.00
Gold Crowns... \$3.00
Bridge Work, per tooth... \$2.00
Crown and Bridge Work
A Specialty.
We make teeth that fit the mouth. Tel. 1207-A.

Some people will say it cannot be done when they are told that a certain piece of jewelry was made at Paris.
We are doing such work every day and if you doubt, come in and we shall be glad to "show you." Our manufacturing is mainly confined to special designs to order and we especially desire such work.
ESTABLISHED 1902
Park's
170 MAIN ST.
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH
F. O. Box
Bell Phone 11862
Ind. Phone

We sleep peacefully. Our dreams are pleasant—we even smile. Nothing like a clear conscience.
And all because we give full weight and quick delivery
COYNE'S
WASATCH
SUPPLY CO.
MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY
Tel. 125.
Rings Dyspepsia Tablets
RELIEVE INDIGESTION
AND STOMACH TROUBLES
GEO. T. RICE DRUG CO.
209 Main—Keyser Pharmacy

S.S.S.
CURES OLD SORES
If you are one of the great number of persons who are afflicted with an old sore, we are sure this short talk will be of interest to you. It is a simple statement explaining the cause of chronic ulcers, and truthfully pointing out the surest and quickest way to effect a cure.
In the first place every chronic sore exists because of impure blood. It is a diseased condition of the flesh at that particular spot, remaining open because the circulation continually discharges morbid and unhealthy matter into the place, which keeps it inflamed and irritated. The nerves and tissues around the place are constantly fed with unhealthy matter, and nature is simply disposing of the poison by draining it from the system through the sore.
Just as long as the blood continues impure and contaminated, any sore on the body will remain open. No amount of dressing, cleansing or disinfecting the ulcer with salves, lotions, plasters, etc., will ever produce a cure, because they do not reach the blood.
The proper way, and the only way, to cure an old sore or ulcer, is to remove the source on which it feeds; in other words cleanse the blood and the place MUST heal.
The combination of healthful, vegetable ingredients of which S. S. S. is composed make it an especially desirable and effective remedy. It cures sores and ulcers of every kind by removing impurities from the circulation. It goes to the very bottom of the trouble, and so completely cleanses the blood that there is no longer any impurity to drain through the place. Then nature rebuilds all broken-down tissue and causes the place to fill in with firm, healthy flesh. S. S. S. removes inherited taints from the blood also, and prevents the formation of old sores or annoying scabs on the face or other part of the body, which frequently come after middle life is reached. S. S. S. will likewise remove fever germs and other malignant impurities so often left in the system after a spell of sickness, and which are sometimes the cause of sores and ulcers. S. S. S. is a perfect blood-purifier, and for this reason is a certain cure. Being made entirely of roots, herbs and barks it is an absolutely safe medicine, and its tonic effects are of great value to systems which have become weakened by the worry and drainage of an Old Sore. S. S. S. has cured thousands; it will cure you. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice sent free to all who write.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FROM THE GALE OF LEG TO ANKLE A SOLID SORE
My limb from the calf to the ankle was one solid inflamed sore, and truly I was in bad shape. I improved rapidly under the use of S. S. S. I had about this time I had an attack of Typhoid fever and this settled in my leg. This disease caused a backset, but having confidence in the ability of S. S. S. I began its use as soon as I was over the fever, and to make a long story short was completely and permanently cured. Two years have elapsed and I have never had a return of the trouble. Too much cannot be said in praise of your medicine.
MRS. R. A. DUFFY.
214 W. Wash. St., New Castle, Pa.
ENTIRE FOOT A SOLID SORE
Some time ago I had a sore to come on my foot and as I used to use S. S. S. I did it. It continued to grow worse and eat deeper into the surrounding flesh until the entire foot was a solid sore, and gave me a great deal of worry and trouble. I tried almost every kind of remedy, but no benefit until I commenced S. S. S. In a short time after commencing this remedy I began to improve and I continued to use it until it drove the poison from my blood and completely cured this obstinate sore. I recommend it most highly as a remedy for sores and ulcers.
DAVID C. MILLER.
242 W. 49th St., New York N. Y.
A BAD SORE ON HIS FACE
I was afflicted with a sore on my face of four years standing. It was a small pimple at first, but it gradually grew larger and worse in every way until I became alarmed about it. I consulted several physicians. They all treated me, but the sore continued to grow worse. I saw S. S. S. and after taking it a while I was completely cured. My blood was made healthy from the effect of S. S. S. and there has not been any sign of the sore since S. S. S. was used.
EROS OWEN.
West Union, Ohio.