The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock EDITION.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 215. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1894. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Responsibility of the War Resting on the Latter.

THE HOSTILE ARMIES IN COREA.

Food and Ammunition Scarce—Mandarins Squeezing the People for Money.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Times from Wei-Hai-Wei today says a commission composed of foreigners, after examining the incidents of the naval fight on July 25, declares the Japanese were the aggressors. The Chinese, the commission adds, were careful to avoid the appearance of provocation, but the Japanese warship fired the Chinese, selecting a good position. The Chinese sailor ship escaped, making a running fight and greatly damaging her pursuers. The remaining Chinese ship fought until the ammunition was exhausted and two of her guns destroyed.

The same morning, it appears, the Japanese arrived from Seoul and attacked the Chinese at Asan. These operations were evidently well concerted.

The Chinese fleet, according to the Times dispatch, is now selected at Wei-Hai-Wei and in perfect fighting trim. The Chih Yuen has been repaired and is recruiting her seamen freely.

An excellent spirit de corps exists among the Chinese sailors, and they are waiting for orders to enable them to assert the supremacy of China in the Corean waters.

Continuing, the Times correspondent cables that both the Chinese and Japanese armies in Corea are seemingly inactive. The Japanese have secured the Coreans to cut their hair as a token of subjection. The Coreans have refused to do so, preferring to fight for liberty.

A dispatch from Shanghai today says that food and ammunition are said to be spilling all along the route southward, and as a result there are many cases in the Chinese army. According to the same dispatch the presence of Chinese naval activity is absent. The Japanese are said to be maintaining a strict blockade of the Corean coast that not even the smallest vessel can get through. Hundreds of Chinese soldiers are reported to have died of want and exposure, and much disease is said to exist in the ranks. On the other hand the Japanese are much better prepared for active operations. They have succeeded in keeping their lines of communication open and have pushed their forces forward until they are now threatening the Chinese flank. The position of the latter with winter rapidly advancing threatens to become intolerable. Orders were sent from Peking over a fortnight ago for all Chinese squadrons to concentrate in the Gulf of Pechi Li, but it appears that these orders were never carried out.

Peremptory orders have been given now for the three powerful vessels of the southern squadron to join the Admiral Ting's fleet in the north without delay.

When these reinforcements arrive it is asserted that Admiral Ting will begin offensive operations in earnest against the Japanese. No confidence, however, is felt in Admiral Ting's ability to hold even the gulf of Pechi Li against the Japanese fleet. Consequently many steamers belonging to Chinese firms are being transferred to the British flag.

The raising of the money for war purposes proceeds and the mandarins commanding the provinces and districts are reported to be squeezing the unfortunate Chinese without mercy. Traders and others possessing property are receiving particular attention upon the part of the mandarins. Three merchants of Shan Tung, who showed some hesitation in complying with the official demands, had their property confiscated.

AN IMPORTANT TREATY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—A telegram was received at the Japanese legation this afternoon that an important treaty had been negotiated between Corea and Japan which authoritatively defines the relations of the latter country toward each other and toward China.

"General" Booth Coming.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Detachments of the Salvation Army from all parts of London assembled at the Euston Railway station today to bid farewell to "General" Booth, who has started for America. The "General" will reach New York about October 20, then proceed to the principal Northern and western cities of the United States, eventually reaching San Francisco and finishing his tour at Seattle, on the 20 December 25th.

Prize on Rebelar Fleet.

FRESNO, Cal., Sept. 11.—The raisin outcome which controls 45,000 out of 55,000 acres has fixed the following prices to be paid for raisins:

Two crown, 3 cents; one crown, 2½ cents; four crown, 4½ five crown, 5½ cents; fancy, $2.50 per box; two crown, in twenty pound boxes, $1.15 plus $1.25 freight; six crown imperial boxes, $3 per box; sultanas, 4 cents; loose muscatels, 3 cents; raisins in cases, one crown 5 kg, $1.25.

ALREADY ON A STRIKE.

Not the Strikers Are Replaced and the Work Goes On.

BERNARD, Ills., Sept. 11.—The contractors for the eastern terminus of the Hennepin had their first strike six days after the first sod was turned. The hand mole boys and twenty teamsters quit work last night and drew their time checks. The men claimed that the board was not worth $3 per week; that the beds were no more than blankets and the late rains came through the holes in the tents, making the ground on which they lay and many went to the railroad and slept in empty box cars. A reporter went to the camp and met Contractor Callahan eating supper at the same table with his men. The food was good and well cooked. The cause of the strike, he said, was the discharge of the mole boss for refusing to obey orders. The men of the strikers was immediately filled from the lords of waiting men and the work goes merrily on.

PLAYING WAR.

Congress Without of the Fifth Maneuvers.

BERLIN, Sept. 11.—A dispatch from Sarbrucken, from the maneuvers of the First and Seventh army corps navigating pieces, says that Emperor William drove to the field at 7 o'clock this morning and took command of the First army corps, which at the close of yesterday's operation was compelled to retreat in the direction of Rastchen and Hasten. By a ruse the advance of the guards was commenced and the opposing forces met. A skirmish began, which by 9 o'clock developed into a hot fight.

Intended to a Stop.

ASHLAND, Pa., Sept. 11.—An explosion of gas occurred in the Central colliery, and has several workmen are entombed. Three have already been taken out badly burned, one of whom has since died.

NO OFFENSE INTENDED.

An English Man-of-War Fires on an American Steamer.

But Only to Attract Attention and Get an Opportunity to Transfer Some Mail.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 11.—While H. M. S. Hyacinthe was on the way to Hawaii and the mail steamer Mariposa was on the way from San Francisco the vessels met and mail was transferred from Hyacinthe for the latter place. It appears that in order to attract the Mariposa, the Hyacinthe sent up a rocket. Failing to her object she fired two blank cartridges. This has been misinterpreted by the world. It was said that the Hyacinthe fired across the Mariposa's bow. The commander of the Hyacinthe supposed the Mariposa to be an English vessel. The Victoria Colonist says that if the original story were true it might be serious, as it is not and gives Capt. Mayo's reason as where he thought it proper to fire a salute on an American mail steamer.

Insurrection Against the Dutch.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 11.—D. T. Timoney, a graduate of Cambridge, England, who has been traveling for the last eight months, arrives here from Batavia, Java, on company with several friends. He says there is a violent insurrection of the natives on the island of Lombok against the Dutch rulers. The native island King has joined forces with the natives and unitedly they are doing all they can to throw off the Dutch yoke.

War is in actual progress. How many have been killed on each side is not known, but at the last engagement the Dutch forces were repelled. In Dutch's there was great excitement.

In Contact With a Live Wire.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 11.—Frederick T. French went to the top of a 175-foot light pole last night to adjust the carbons. Carelessly he worked without his rubber gloves and received a shock from a live wire. It drew him into an insane paroxysm and he fell to the floor of the elevator on which he had ascended, writhing and howling. Fortunately he lay jagged and had nine or he would have been dashed to pieces on the pavement below.

At the end of an hour two fellow linemen managed to open gate and plug French's nacle and feet managed to remove him to the ground. He was taken to a hospital and will probably recover.

SECRETARY HAMLIN'S TOUR.

Investigating the Smuggling of Diamonds and Opium.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Hamlin, who is on his way back from a tour of inspection of the seal islands and Pacific coast ports, is concluding his work by making a personal inspection of the principal ports along the northern boundary of the country, with a special view to learning all that he can about the smuggling of opium and diamonds over that border. He was in St. Paul yesterday and is in Duluth today. Wednesday he will be in South Dakota and Friday he will reach Montana, where he will be joined by Assistant Secretary Hamlin in the working of the regulations in regard to the security in the United States of Chinese contraband goods in bond, which have been shipped over the Canadian territory and have returned. It is pointed out that particularly large numbers of these Chinamen come in through the Burlington and Canadian Pacific roads, and Mr. Hamlin will look into the whole matter very closely. Montreal is the Canadian point of departure for these Chinamen, and the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk are temporarily detained there while papers are sent on to the customs officers in Burlington for examination. After completing his examination in Montreal, Assistant Secretary Hamlin will make an examination of the Burlington collection district. He will be accompanied by the other of special agents of the treasury, who has left Washington for the purpose of joining Mr. Hamlin in Montreal.

Upon Mr. Hamlin's report on the seal fisheries will probably depend very largely the course pursued by the government in the future in the way of notifying the number of seals to be killed on the islands.

If the important recommendations will probably be made on the Chinese and opium question.

Department officials are anxious to see how the new tariff law will work in regard to opium. Under the McKinley law the duty is $12 per pound, practically all the drug brought into the United States was smuggled, and now that the duty has been decreased to $6 per pound the treasury officials are anxious to see whether there will be any increase in the smuggling.

FOR THE LAST TIME.

Probably No More Parades of the Army Veterans.

THE GATHERING AT PITTSBURG.

Stirring War Tunes—Elaborate Decorations—Thousands of Visitors Honor the Soldiers.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 11.—Forty thousand men, who fought to save the Union, marched through the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny today. The sol, fam for war times filled the air. While they stepped out boldly and bravely, the veterans could not straighten their bent forms, nor conceal their gray hairs and furrowed cheeks. Two serious or heavy illness, gilded by harsh voices, but still the aged limbs with waiting canes, while here and there in the ranks of blue, were vacant places, mute evidence of the ravages of time. On every corner and vacant lot there rose the cries of hearty cheers, and as the veterans passed cheer after cheer greeted them.

At 10 o. m. the parade started from the historic Monongahela House on the banks of the river. The second battalion of naval reserves, N. G. P., acted as a guard of honor to Commander-in-chief Adams. Then followed the departments of the G. A. R. in the following order: Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maine, Rhode Island, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Vermont, Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina, Maryland, Nebraska, Michigan, Iowa, Colorado, Wyoming, Kansas, Delaware, Minnesota, Missouri, Oregon, Kentucky, West Virginia, South Dakota, Washington, Alaska, Arkansas, New Mexico, Utah, Tennessee, Louisiana, Mississippi, Florida, Montana, Texas, Idaho, Arizona, Alabama, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Indiana, Pennsylvania.

The demonstrations were most lavish. It was stated by men who attended many previous encampments that while in the past there had never been such a gathering of veterans, that they had never seen decorations on such a generous and general scale.

The line was probably the last time the veterans will turn out in such force, as it is seriously contemplated by G. A. R. officials, in view of the advancing age and infirmities of the members, to abandon this most attractive feature of the national encampment. Governor Pattison, with staff and notable men and women from all parts of the country, occupied the reviewing stand at Allegheny park and saluted each division.

Every available inch along the route was packed, and every side street jammed full of people for a hundred yards back, and the throngs for blocks away were hidden by masses of enthusiastic spectators. A rough estimate is that between 250,000 and 300,000 people saw the parade. Of this number 200,000 to 250,000 came over the railroads, 100,000 arriving this morning. The weather was perfect.

NAVAL VETERANS.

The National Association of Naval Veterans today elected the following officers: Commodore, Will E. Aiklas, Cincinnati; Captain and Shipmate, Thomas Ireland, Brooklyn; C. in master, G. W. Shaw, Zanesville, Ohio; Lieutenant Commander, J. J. Gilmore, Boston.

THE NATIVES REPULSED.

Report of an Attack on Germans in East Africa.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 11.—M. Beseley and Rev. Mr. Firminger who reached Dar-es-Salaam, German East Africa, in a row from Kilwa, on Sept. 1, report that most, September 9, have arrived here and report that the governor's house at Kilwa was attacked by 2,000 native soldiers with Sudi chief on Sept. 7. The fight lasted two hours. The natives were repulsed with a loss of 100 killed. One Zanzibaree soldier was killed and one German wounded. When Messrs. Beesley and Firminger left the island a renewal of the attack was expected.

JACKSON WILL NOT FIGHT.

He Refuses to Sign the Articles Drawn Up.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Jackson has refused to sign the articles to fight Corbett.

Edward Lloyd, representing the Stock City club, met Jackson and his manager, "Patsy" Davies at Bridgeport last night.

Lloyd produced the papers which Corbett signed in New York. Jackson glanced over them and at once objected to the clause that will fight for your purse and a side bet of $10,000," he said; "that the fight will have to come off within three months."

"I want to fight before a club," said Davies, "Corbett is on the stage now, and we don't want to advertise him until next May or June. The agreement made for a fight between May 15th and June 15th. Now you people come over your place and make the time within the next three months and Jackson will fight."

The Lloyd said he could not do, and Davies presented to Jackson the papers for the paper. He examined the document hard. No place was named, there was no specification as to whether the men would fight ten rounds or ten years, or to a finish, and the whole matter had a peculiar look. Jackson chimed in with an objection to fighting in "any place."

"I want to fight before a club and in a house," he said. "And I want the fight to take place in a field or tent."

Lloyd became considerably excited over the fact Davies poked at the papers, but kept his temper and tried hard to obtain the necessary signature. He seemed positively true he would put string off the fight to the time specified by Jackson. "It's your money or nothing," declared Davies, and Jackson added: "That's right."

"Well, fix off," said Davies as he picked up his cap. "I do not like the look of this thing anyway."

Lloyd became satisfied that Jackson would leave for New York tomorrow morning unless he could get the West Indies where he will go to Jamaica.

"It is absurd for Corbett to try to get a fight with Corbett," the captain said. "I could not afford to be absent and doing nothing while Corbett was on the stage during every night of the entertainment this fight would give. I will try Jackson for a while.

THE COOK TOURISTS.

His Arctic Explorers Have Another Terrible Experience.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The standard Paris, from Halifax, reports that in a long yesterday one ten time and each the three masted schooner Dora M. Fosing, which left here from Gloucester fight. Four of the seamen were saved. The steamer was running at full speed and leaving the wheels. The steamer was sailing toward the foremast and cut her in two. A boat was quickly lowered by the steamer and Jeremiah Morgan, of New York, was the cook of the lost vessel, picked up. By a strange coincidence Dr. Cook and seven members of the wreck of Little Alexandrine were on board the Paris. This is the third serious marine disaster in which they have had a part within two months. The Dora was the sister ship to the lost Miranda on which the Cook party sailed for the northern seas and which was lost in the ice.

THE DEMOCRATIC ARMIES.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 11.—Word has been received here of the mutiny at Fort Clarkson, Alaska, of William Kirkham, of this city, and his party of Japanese. Last year he was commissioned by the Alaska commissioner of education at Washington, Sheldon Jackson, to go to Lapland for the purpose of bringing a colony of the natives to the American Arctic condition with the view of teaching the inhabitants of Alaska the domestic arts of northern Europe, where the reindeer is bred and made of commercial value. Hilbert the Alaskan Indian, who was a student at Dartmouth, of his course of wealth and ignorance of the methods of the natives of the inhabitants in the Eastern hemisphere.

The Auction Hoaxed Off.

GLASGOW, Sept. 11.—The Alan line steamer Assyrian, from Montreal, which was taken against opposite Dumbarton, has been hauled off without damage.

THE SULTAN SHOWS MERCY.

Condemned Armenians Granted a New Trial.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Replying to representations made by the Armenian communities in England, Italy and France, the Sultan, the seat of Kimberley, secretary of state for foreign affairs, writes that he has received a telegraphic report from the British consul at Angora, Asiatic Turkey, saying that in accordance with the instructions of the Porte, 170 Armenians, condemned to the extreme penalty, have been released and that orders have been given to reopen the cases of the seventeen condemned to death.

Counsel Be Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Secretary Carlisle in a letter today addressed to Solicitor Lafferty, Lexington, officially decided that under the new tariff law it is unlawful to appoint inspectors, weighers and testers of bounty sugar under the McKinley law, and further that Congress, having made no appropriation for the employment of such officials, the laws of the United States authorize the employment of such persons to serve without pay.

Killing Feast.

OMAHA, Sept. 11.—Specials to the Bee from northeastern Nebraska and western Iowa report killing frost last night. Lake corn, flax and garden stuff are reported killed or badly damaged.

An Editor Stricken.

OSKALOOSA, Iowa, Sept. 11. — The strange disappearance of Seymour Wilson, the editor of the Shamrock City Jim, remains unsolved. Wilson left portland on the morning of August 24 on a short trip to Des Moines, on time of him can be found. His business affairs appear to have been in a prosperous condition and his domestic relations happy.

ANOTHER CLAIMANT.

Colombia Owns the Mosquito Coast Country Inside Nicaragua.

COLON, Sept. 11.—The republic of Colombia has presented Nicaragua with a second protest, claiming sovereignty over the Mosquito territory under old Spanish titles. It is believed that President Nunez will go to Bogota to calm the rising Mosquito throne.

Does Not Apply to Canada.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Secretary Carlisle decided today in a letter addressed to the collector of customs at New York that the "reciprocity" condition attached by the new tariff bill to the provision for the free admission of lumber and lath apply to the Dominion of Canada.

Fighting for Revolutionists.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 11.—County Attorney John H. Allen, the leading Stockbridge campaign orator, and Prof. Charles M. Alcott, Owen's speaker, were called upon to discuss the exceedingly remarks upon the stamp in the Ashland district the past week, not at a tenderness today and both struck fire in the fight. One story is that Allen drew a pistol and Alcott called out that he was unarmed and dared Allen to shoot him down in cold blood. No place was taken, but men drew pistols and that Proprietor Davis separated them.

More Warrants Issued.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Warrants were issued today for President C. C. Chesney and John Holmes, of the Western Bank. Note outstanding. The gave bail for $5,000 each to appear at St. Louis on Nov. 5. The charge is the same as that against the governor, auditor and treasurer of Mississippi, of printing bills in similitude of the currency of the United States.

Democratic Convention.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Sept. 11.—The Democratic state convention reconvened here today to fill vacancies on the state ticket. Thos. Collins and Henry Myers were unanimously chosen candidates for congressmen at large.

PROVO CONVENTION.

Action for Permanent Chairman and Valley for Secretary.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC GATHERING.

Probability That Frank J. Cannon Will Be Nominated for Congress by Acclamation.

Special to the Deseret Evening News.

PROVO, Sept. 11.—A large number of delegates from the south to the Republican Territorial convention arrived this evening. This morning every train from the north and south brought in delegations. The special U. P. train bringing the delegations from Cache, Box Elder, Weber, Summit, Tooele and Salt Lake arrived at 10:30. The train consisted of nine cars and about 300 delegates, and the visitors from the north were met at the depot by the delegations already assembled, headed by the Provo Republican drum corps and the Nephi brass band. With the delegations from the north was the Deseret brass band and the Wellsville Republican band.

The delegations formed and marched to the opera house, the line stretching for a distance of five blocks. The opera house was profusely decorated with flowers, flutting flags and mottoes: "Utah the Pivotal State of the Union—Liberty, Equality, Patriotism;" "We Demand Protection on Lead and Wool;" "Protection for Utah Silver—Lead on Earth;" "Who's Afraid of Free Trade? The People of Utah;" "We Come Prepared for our Children's Fostering Industries that will furnish them Labor;" "Oliver 16 to 1."

The body of the house and the stage was occupied by the delegates and the galleries were thronged by visitors.

After waiting some time for the Salt Lake delegation, Chairman Crane took the floor to explain that their failure to arrive was due to their having some wire to attend to. Suggestions to proceed with the business, to adjourn, and calls for speeches from different speakers were made. It was finally agreed that the convention should await the arrival of the Salt Lake delegation. The combined Salt Lake and Provo glee club sang a parody on "America" in an excellent manner, and were vociferously applauded. An amusing parody rendered the last verse of the parody. The Wellsville Republican band next followed the convention with a fine selection.

Judge J. D. Jones, of Provo, in response to a call from Mr. Crane, stated that he was in favor of the convention in order to maintain harmony. He believed, and every man in the house believed, that the efforts of the convention would be crowned with success and that the man who would be nominated today would be the next delegate to Congress from Utah. He was gratified and all gratified that he believed were gratified to add even if in a limited way, to send a delegate to Congress who would represent the interests of the people of Utah and those of the people of Great Britain. The speaker referred to the questions asked by Mr. Cannon in the last campaign, "Who's Afraid of Free trade?" He believed the people of the Territory of Utah would answer Mr. Hawkins in the fall by 5,000 majority that they were.

The Salt Lake delegation now came in and Mr. Crane called the convention to order.

The call was read by Secretary Howes.

Chairman Crane addressed the convention. He did not desire to delay the labors of the convention by making a long speech but desired to welcome the representatives of the Republican party to review the progress of the party in Utah since September, 1892, when the present territorial central committee had been elected. The party was imperfectly organized, in debt, had no organs, and press to advocate its claims and but few able speakers. The party was at that time confronted by a strong, well-organized party who had press, speakers and money, and a majority of 10,400. The Republican party had gone to work and in spite of these disadvantages succeeded in reducing the majority to 2,300 by November 7th of that year. The Democratic majority was later further reduced to 1893. In 1892 the Republican party had been confronted with Democratic theories; now it was confronted with Democratic practice. The Democratic party had promised protection to silver and had called a special session of Congress to carry out such promise. Instead of this they had promised relief from the robber tariff, and after 18 months' labor had thrown down the barriers that protected the silver industry, throwing silver and mechanics of Utah and had left 30 to 50 per cent protection for the manufacturers who were holding in bolton. He was glad to see that the last good battle would be fought in 1894 which would place Utah in the ranks of Republican states and administer all the evils of the past years. The past and the blessings of the present and future only in one State they love so well.

Mr. Crane was often applauded and at the close the enthusiasm was immense.

Mr. Crane now named John E. Booth, of Provo, for temporary chairman and Jos. E. Wilson, of Logan, for temporary secretary. Mr. Booth was appointed as he appeared to acknowledge the honor conferred upon this county and limited by the appointment. He reviewed the campaign of 1892 in a humorous way, which, at times, convulsed the house with laughter, spoke of the depreciation of values since the Democrats had been in power, he outlined the issues and became excited and hence was not afraid of the result of the coming election.

George M. Cannon of Salt Lake moved that one member from each delegation be appointed on each of the following committees: Credentials, on permanent organization and order of business, and on resolutions. Carried.

R. McDowell of Salt Lake moved that the roll of delegates be called and that each delegation announce the number of committees. Carried.

The delegates were then called, Weber county was the only county not represented. At 1:45 o'clock an adjournment was taken till 2:30 o'clock.

THE AFTERNOON.

The convention was called to order at 2:30 o'clock by Chairman Booth. The committees on credentials and permanent organization reported the following:

Credentials—Jos. E. Wilson, Logan; Geo. C. E. Allen, of Salt Lake county, for permanent chairman, and Arthur Bailey, of Tooele county, for permanent secretary and Jos. E. Wilson, of Cache, and R. H. Jones, of the Ellen for permanent secretaries.

The following resolution was offered by Frank J. Cannon for Congress in Congressional district and it is believed he will be nominated by acclamation.

EARLY MORNING FIRE.

W. W. Jackson's Store at American Fork Burned.

Heavy Loss and Slight Insurance—Only a Bucket Brigade to Fight the Flames.

Special to the News.

AMERICAN FORK, Sept. 11, 1894.—Our town sustained a very severe loss by fire this morning about four o'clock. One of our largest and best business blocks was completely demolished and all that remains of W. W. Jackson's fine two-story adobe building and its contents. The cause of the fire is supposed to be a spark from the locomotive which will furnish them lamps." "Oliver 16 to 1."

The body of the house and the stage was occupied by the delegates and the galleries were thronged by visitors.

After waiting some time for the Salt Lake delegation, Chairman Crane took the floor to explain that their failure to arrive was due to their having some wire to attend to. Suggestions to proceed with the business, to adjourn, and calls for speeches from different speakers were made. It was finally agreed that the convention should await the arrival of the Salt Lake delegation. The combined Salt Lake and Provo glee club sang a parody on "America" in an excellent manner, and were vociferously applauded. An amusing parody rendered the last verse of the parody. The Wellsville Republican band next followed the convention with a fine selection.

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ENOCH DAVIS'S FATE.

It Will Probably Be Made Known Within Twenty-Four Hours.

ANOTHER APPEAL FOR CLEMENCY.

The People's Prosecutor, Attorney John M. Zane, Recites the History of the Murder and the Trials.

The fate of the notorious wife murderer, Enoch Davis, still hangs in the balance of uncertainty.

Attorney West today in response to a communication addressed to Attorney John M. Zane, received a lengthy letter from that gentleman setting forth the facts of the murder as they were disclosed at the manned man's trials. But the excellency did not feel disposed to give the details to the public today and may not do so for some time. As to the action he proposes to take concerning the petition presented by Mrs. Emma Cannon and other ladies for executive clemency for her, we release. The Lieutenant Governor, seem to be that unless the Governor interposes within the next twenty-four hours he will not do so at all.

AN APPEAL BY SANITY CITIZENS.

Attorney West this morning received the following petition from Moab, Sanpete county, bearing the signatures of sixty-two gentlemen and ladies:

To the Excellency Governor Caleb W. West, Governor of Utah Territory.

We, the undersigned, all citizens and ladies of Sanpete county, Utah Territory, believing that there are circumstances connected with the case of Enoch Davis, now imprisoned in the penitentiary of Utah Territory among sentence of death, which if known to your Excellency would warrant you in commuting his sentence to life imprisonment, respectfully ask that such circumstances be investigated and that your Excellency commute his sentence of death to life imprisonment. We make this appeal to your Excellency believing that such action on your part will receive the approbation of many of our best citizens.

From American Fork.

M. L. Scott, of the American Fork News, was in Salt Lake today on a brief visit. He reports his town as rushing and prosperous, as American Fork usually are. The News is a lively paper, and is making its way among the inhabitants. Mr. Scott returned this afternoon.

For Southern Utah People.

Special conference and Fair rates—the lowest ever offered—have been announced by the Union Pacific with a view to drawing a large attendance of the Southern Utah people to this city for the events ahead. The round trip ticket to Milford is $6.30. The regular round trip rate is $13.45. Tickets will be sold from October 2d to 7th, inclusive, and will be good returning until the 15 h. Corresponding rates have been made for the benefit of all points between Provo and Juab.

Should Be Remedied.

For the last year or two, immediately after a storm, and always in wintry weather, pedestrians have strolled the street pavement and taken to a beaten path near the fence on Second South street, between Second and Third East. The reason for this is plain, the grade of the sidewalk has been so lowered at that particular spot that the water can flow neither east nor west and has to remain there till dried up, thus leaving a quantity of soft mud. The matter is one demanding attention.

Land Office.

The following filing was made in the local land office under date of Sept. 9th:

Gesner H. Bastian, of Lee, Plate county, final proof of desert entry of the unsurveyed south half of the southwest quarter of section 25, the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 27, the west half of the northwest quarter, the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 30, the west half of the west half of the northwest quarter of section 30, township 21 south, range 3 east.

Charles F. Stevens, of Orderville, Kane county, homestead entry of the east half of the northeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 24, also the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 32, township 38 south, range 8 west.

Emily Steele, of Panguitch, Garfield county, desert entry of the north half of the southwest quarter of section 34, township 35 south, range 3 west.

School Matters.

Rowland hall opened yesterday with Miss Clara Cohoone as principal and an entirely new corps of teachers.

Miss Bertha Robinson opened her kindergarten school yesterday with an attendance of twenty-eight. This number will doubtless be increased.

The enrollment yesterday at the Westside school was 400. The Bryant school numbers 367.

The enrollment at the Lowell school yesterday was 515, a large increase over last year. As it runs are filled to their utmost capacity, the fifth grade room having ninety-five names on the register.

Miss Wolfe's kindergarten school has opened with an excellent attendance, the number enrolled being twenty-four, while other pupils are expected. Miss Wolfe has three assistants.