

Governor Wells, Secretary Hammond, A. L. Thomas, Senator Brown, James H. Anderson and William Glasmann were the Speakers-Enthusiastic Meeting.

It was Republican day yesterday and [the members of that party held an enthusiastic rally at the Theater last hight. Notwithstanding the disagreeable weather the house was well filled and the spirits of Republicans ran high. Governor Wells presided and in a little meech he said the Democrats are seeking to delude the voters and to lead them away from the issues of the day upon every possible pretext. They are sati-this and anti-that, and it seems to me that, like Sancho Panza, they are fighting windmills. The anti-imperialismery is certainly a windmill. There is no one in the United States in favor of imperialism. There are also other windmills which they are fighting. The antitrust cry is a windmill. It is an evil which we all admit and which we are all seeking by legislation to remedy. In fact the only issue in this campaign is this: Do you want prosperity, or do you want adversity. If you want pros-perly, vote the Republican ticket.

Arthur L. Thomas.

Ex-Governor Arthur L. Thomas was the next speaker. He said the Repubthe next speaker. He shid the Repub-leans are to be congratulated on the fact that in face of the inclement weather there was gathered so large an audience. It indicated that Republicans were alive to their duties and would be and form at the public on Monday be heard from at the polls on Monday next, A great Democratic meeting was held in the city on fast Saturday was held in the city of fast Saturday night, at which the next Democratic candidate for President had spoken. His speech was an extraordinary one. There was running all through it a velu such as the croaker uses when he stands on the street corners, and in other pubon the street of preaches the doctrine of he places, and preaches the doctrine of alsonnent. He said Mr. Bryan was worried about trusts. There was one trust upon which he had a corner, the calamity trust. It is said that when Mr, Bryan feels in a had humor, that he old calamity into a room and there they fight it out together, but

here hey han to best, because, Bryan always comes out best, because, they say, he has the most wind." Gov. Thomas spoke of the sympathy Mr. Bryan was wasting upon a man who abandoned his associates for Spanish gold, and who was willing to as-sassinate American soldiers before Spanish sovereignty was overthrown in the islands. He asked his audience in the islands. He asked his addience if they did not think Mr. Bryan would stand in a better light if he would ad-mit the full splendor which had come to the United States under President McKinley's administration, and the unequalled prosperity now blessing the people. He expressed the belief that the prople of Utah would on Monday pext express their disapproval of the apostle of discontent, and the party which supported him, and elect James T. Hammond to Congress.

James T. Hammond.

Hon. James T. Hammond was introduced and said: I desire to say to you that it is the desire to say to you that it is the desire of the Republican party in this campaign that it shall be one of prin-

"What has the Republican party done to bring prosperity?" Mr. Hammond declared that it has opened the mills and factories of the country, given the people employment, increased the wages of 4,000,000 workingmen; ad-vanced the prices of the farmers' prodpeople vanced the prices of the farmers prod-ucts, and that according to the Ameri-can Agriculturist, farmers have re-ceived \$1,600,000,000 more for their crops this year than they did through either of the years of the Cleveland adminis-tration; and mines are employing tration; and mines are employing more men and paying more money too stockholders. The Republican party, he said, has brought general prosperity through its protected legislation and has increased the volume of money \$3.25 per capita in three years' time, which increase is due to the fact that we concerned up mills out factories and we opened up mills and factories and commenced manufacturing the goods where heretofore we had been importing, and began paying our money to

our own people Speaking of trusts, Mr. Hammond said that he agreed with the Democrats that there was a trust evil in this country which ought to be regulated and controlled, but the peaker could not see that Mr. Bryan's plan to place the control of corporations in the hands of the national government would be effective

effective. Mr. Hammond then took up the ques-tion of expansion and said: "The other evening Mr. Bryan compared that grand, patriotic, Christian statesman, William McKinley, with the tyrant, George III. He compared the Ameri-can Congress of last year with the Spanish Cortez of the days of Phillip II. It seems to me that any American citizen who will make those compari-11. It seems to me that any American citizen who will make those compari-sons does not understand the grandeur of American citizenship. (Applause.) "I believe, my fellow citizens, that in fulfillment of the destiny of this na-tion, the Philippine islands were placed under the control of this government. campaign, and the burden of his song was that the Republican party and the Republican platform was composed of nothing, absolutely nothing. What is That soll has been made sacred by the blood of our best citizens, by the blood of some of the best citizens of Utah. the matter with our Republican platform that a man can talk two hours form that a man can tak two hours and then say nothing about it? In our platform we indorse the 'mag-nificent administration, of President William McKinley.' Is that nothing? Perhaps McKinley has done noth-ing. But let us see. About the first thing that McKinley did was to make the tracity enorging the Hawaiian and I am in favor of retaining those islands. I am in favor of restoring order and organizing a government that will give the Filipinos representation in this government to the extent of their ability to take part in it. I be-lieve this is an opportunity for this grand country of ours to ald the people there and by the opportunity, advanthe treaty annexing the Hawalian islands to the United States. He then called a special session of Congress and asked them to repeal the infamous Willson bill. tages and the general conditions that will develop from them, of aiding the people of the world in procuring liberty and enlightenment. And I ask you Willson bill. Then the cry came from Cuba for aid, and McKinley sent a message to the queen of Spain and said that people crying for liberty could not be starved within sight of the United States, and Spain replied by blowing up our magwhen you go to the polls next week to vote upon these questions, to remera-ber the grand work that has been started by the present administration and will be continued by the American

Senator Brown.

people."

Former Senator Arthur Brown said the people of this State have heard all that can be said against the Repub-James H. Anderson wished to raise James H. Anderson wisned to raise his voice in behalf of good government for Utah and for the United States by urging the election of James T. Ham-mond as congressman from Utah. Speaking of the two candidates for Congress in Utah, Mr. Anderson said they were both men of unimpeachable demonstration while theme were not a lican party. All the venom, the ability of genius, all that can be said was summed up the other night in one brief arraignment, an indictment in a single court. And ladies and gentlemen, I shall say in advance that when you come to read between the lines, the burden of that speech has simmered down to this one proposition: The Republican party should not be again in rusted with power because it has made this Nation too rich and too prosperous (Applause.) Running through it all there is nothing but the harp and the criticism that somebody is not so rich as somebody else, and he is ashamed and sorry that the nation is so rich as it is. It is the favored classes, he said, that have been benefited by the Republican party; concentrated wealth. Oh, yes, I think so, too, but it is concen-trated in the hands of the people. It is concentrated by being distributed so that each and all have reached out and received the benefit of Republican rule and Republican wealth. That is the kind of concentration; that is the kind of trusts that we believe in. The trust of the people, the trust of the wealth to the people. what could he say when he talked about the unequal taxation and the benefits of the classes? What could he say when he was looking in the eyes the mining community; when he was talking to men that less than four years ago were shouting for him because he imagined he was the miners' friend? What could he say when he spoke of taxation being upon the masses and not upon the classes, when knew that the mining industry Utah had been allowed to exist solely by reason of the Republican tariff Perhaps he didn't know-perhaps he to understand that was too ignorant every camp over this State where had been desclation and despair under that been descration and despair under that rule which he had advocated, under that President whom he had spoken for, where there had been desolation and despair from '92 to '96, prosperity has followed in the wake of the Repub-lican administration. Why, if he had only had his vision cast overe here at Bingham and could have seen the Bingham, and could have seen the change which has been wrought there change which has been wrought there in four years, he would hardly have wanted to say a word about the in-equality of the faxation under the sys-tem of a protective tariff. Look at it! Friend of Utah, look at Bingham! Voters for Bryan, if there be one in Park City, go look at your own glori-ous cam, where the mines would not ous camp, where the mines would not pay dividends, where they were silent four years ago, they are speaking the most eloquent language that could ever be uttered for any party! (Applause.) What did Bryan mean when he threw the insult into the teeth of the owners of these mines that there was some

DESERET EVENING NEWS: TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1900.



cle, CUTICURA OINT/IENT (50c.), to Instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humors, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Baby Humors," free.



THOUCHT A FIGHT WAS ON-

People Fall Over One Another to Get Away from Kentucky Lawyers.

Misconception of an Attorney's Remark Causes a Wild Scene in Court.

Frankfort, Ky., March 26 .- The most thrilling event of the examination of Republican Secretary of State Caleb Powers occurred this afternoon shortly after 3 o'clock and for a few minutes it looked as if serious trouble could not be prevented. Judge George Denny for

the defendant in an argument upon the competency of a question said: "It is perfectly lawful for people to come here, and to come armed. I came here armed several times myself." He was referring to the crowd that was present at the mass meeting held in the State house yard just prior to Gov. Genet's assassination. Col. Campbell, for the prosecution, replied that he did not consider it law-ful, and was surprised to know that



gotiations Renewed for the U. S. to Get Them.

[Early Dispatches.] New York, March 27 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Paris says:

France take more than ordinary interest in the question of the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States, for the Chauvinists declare that this country has the right to bid first in case the islands appear on the market. The reports that for some time have been circulated to the effect that the United States was soon to buy the islands have already been flatly denied as well by responsible officials of the Danish government as by Danish diplomatic agents in Paris and elsewhere.

The Paris papers this morning, how-ever, print a dispatch from Belgium, de. claring that a bill providing for the sale to the United States will be introduced in the Danish parliament this

It is not generally known that at the moment of President Harrison's defeat for re-election negotiations of this sort were on the point of consummation. President Cleveland being opposed to the extension of American territory, the matter was dropped, considerably to the irritation of Denmark.

Col. Clark E. Carr, who is now in Paris, was United States minister to Denmark at that time. He confirms this view.

'I was unofficially concerned," he said today, "in certain negotiations for the sale of the Danish Antilies. Denmark then was in the mood to seil them, and I have no hesitation in saying that a that time there certainly existed no treaty between Denmark and France providing that the latter should have prior rights in case of such a sale. What has happened since my retirement I cannot say, but it is reasonable to suppose that Denmark is still willing to sell her West Indian possessions."

NEGOTIATIONS RENEWED. Chicago, March 27 .- A special to the

Record from Washington says: Reports received here from Copen-hagen are to the effect that negotia-tions for the purchase by this country of the Danish West Indies have been renewed there, with a fair prospect of completion. They were inaugurated recently in this city unofficially and but slight attention was given the advancers. It is understood that Henry White, secretary of the embassy at London, was recently a visitor to Denmark to secure an agreement for the sale of the islands at \$3,000,000, but that the government there is asking about \$4,500,000, which represents the deficit that has accumulated in the revenues of the West Indian possessions. It is understood that no conclusion has been reached but it is reported that the Danish government is inclined to compromise



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We desire the people of this State to carefully and conscientiously consider the issues involved, to consider them without prejudice and without believe down deep in the hearts of the people of this State it is their desire to have put in force those principles that will bring us the best government and the best results. Weask you in all candor to consider the history of the past; to consider which party will be able to do the most good for the people of Utah, and then we ask you to conscientiously go on elec-tion day and register your honest judgment at the final place of judgment for the voters of the American people

At the meeting held on Saturday evening the oracle of Democracy made the statement that this government of our was one great corporation and that the people were the stockholders, and that if they desired this great cor-poration to be administered in such a way as to bring the best results to all the people, then the stockholders would elect as directors people who would guard the interests of all of the slockholders. To a certain extent that is true. While it is the first duty of this great government to protect the rights and liberties of the people, yet while they are doing that the affairs of the government ought to be administered in a just, business-like way that will bring us the beat results and give the people of the United States the best opportunity of earning a livelihood with which to care for themselves and their families. Now test it by this as-sertion. Let us look back at the record the last Democratic administration and see whether the directors of that great party gave us the kind of an administration that its leaders say we ought to have. You remember when the American people in 1892 elected to office the representatives of the Demo-They went into power cratic party. under certain pledges, under certain promises that they would give us a greater measure of prosperity. You re-member that they caused the mercanthe banks failed, the mills were closed, the factories were closed, people were forced out of employment, and you remember those armies of unemployed people that were going up and down this great country of ours seeking em-And yet, my fellow-citizens, that was in a vast country whose re sources were sufficient at any time to give employment to those people and bring them comfort and happiness if we only had a correct administration

of the affairs of this country. am aware of the fact that Mr. Bryan and Judge King now repudiate the leader of that administration. I am aware that Judge King loads on the broad shoulders of Grover Cleve-land all of the mistakes of that administration; and then, having loaded him up, they attempt to throw Mr. Cleveland with all those Democratic blunders over into the ranks of the Republican party. But, my fellow-citizens, we will not have Mr. Cleveland nor the blunders of his adminis-tration. (Applause.) They are the products of the Democratic party and they must account to the people of the country for them. I desire to call your attention to the fact that Mr. Cleveland is not in accord with one single principle of the Republican party, and they do not claim he is, except on one point, and that is the money ques-tion. But he and his class of Democrats stand for the single gold stand-ard, while the Republican party is for International bimetallism. On the other hand, Mr. Cleveland is today in full accord with the De noeratic party upon every other question but that of the every other question but that of the sliver question. If the Democratic par-ty there again elected to office, there would be a sufficient number of Con-Sressmen pledged to the gold standard so that there could be nothing done for sliver through the Democratic party. They are not in accord upon the tariff question or the question of expansion, and we would get again all of the evils we got from the Grover Cleveland ad-ministration, and this glorious sountry of ours would be humiliated before all American citizens and before the pa-tions of the world by having Aguinaldo

tions of the world by having Aguinaldo placed before Admiral Dewey. In answer to Mr. Bryan's question,

unjust discrimination in their favor? I ask you to answer it next week, yes this year, keep on answering it all the tim "What did he mean when he was talking to the farmers, simple, honest people like ours, to tell about the unequal distribution of wealth? Did he know, or was he ignorant of what the great tariff has brought to the wool industry in this State? I doubt if we all measure its importance, Taking the figures by actual count as they existed Cleveland's administration, and what do you imagine has been the difference in favor of Utah? It has been \$10,000.-000 per year more. (Applause.) Dis-tributed among classes? No! To rich corporations? No! To trusts? No! Why, it is absurd. Men, women and children of Utah, you all get the bene-fit of the protective tariff!

William Glasmann.

Wm, Glasmann, of Ogden, said he has had the pleasure of hearing Judge King make a two-hours' speech during this

Stomach Trouble makes people thin.' They need Hostet-ter's Stomach Bitters at once. This medicine will enable the stomach to do its work properly. It fills the half-starved blood vessels with pure blood, promotes assimilation and nutrition and brings back health and strength. It curve stomach troubles liver and kid. cures stomach troubles, liver and kidney diseases. See that a Private Reve-nue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

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character, but while there was not a single instance on record where Mr. Hammond had shown bad political judgment, Judge King had been guilty of the charge at three distinct times First his attitude regarding expansion; second, his refusal to become a candidate for Congress at the behest of his party, and third, his refusal to with-draw as a senatorial candidate. While the speaker did not wish to charge ludge King with being the cause Utah's having no representative in Congress and but one in the Senate, still the inference was very strong that that was the case. He argued, therefore, that in view of the political er-rors made by Judge King, if the people did their duty at the polls on Monday next, they would elect Hon. James T. Hammond to be their representative in Congress.

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James H. Anderson.

gress declared war.

TRICE SO CENTS



Republican Caucus on Puerto Rican Bill Not Agreed.

Tariff Measure Will be Presented as Early as Possible, and Settled in Open Senate.

Washington, March 26 .- The Repub-

lican members of the Senate spent two and a half hours in caucus today in an effort to reach an agreement upon the Puerto Rican legislation now pend-ing in the Senate. The caucus was apparently, however, without material result, the only accomplishment being a decision to proceed with the general bill as it now stands, without separating the tariff feature, and to discharge the harmony committee from further efforts

During the sitting the free traders on the one hand and the iron-bound tariff men on the other were quite as obdurate as they had been at the pre-vious meeting. This condition of affairs was made so manifest that Senator Allison, acting as chairman of the cau-cus, declared at the close of the meeting that there was no necessity for putting a motion to continue on past lines, as it was very evident that no other course was practicable, Senator Foraker was instructed by

the caucus to press the Puerto Rican bill as it now stands, the governmental

bill incorporated with the tariff meas-ure to as speedy a vote as possible. The understanding at the time this instruction was given was that Senator Foraker would offer an amendment to the tariff feature of the bill, adding the free list named by the President in an executive order, to the experts going from the United States to Puerto Rico duty free, but that the 15 per cent of the Dingley law, carried in the House bill upon goods coming from Puerto Rico to the United States, would be retained.

There are a number of Senators who will oppose the bill even with the amendment recommended. They are, it is stated, Senators Davis, Beveridge, Hoar, Wellington, Mason, Simon, Proctor and Nelson. It is also said that Senator Kyle, who heretofore has

acted with the Republicans, and Sena-tor McCumber, of North Dakota, will not vote for the House bill unamended, but it is believed they will vote for the amended proposition. Two Senators named in the list of the eight first given, are claimed by friends to the tariff measure as al-most sure to vote for the amended bill,

leaving six Republicans who will vote finally against the measure. It claimed that two or three votes will be secured for the tariff measure from the ranks of the opposition parties in the Senate, and that in this way a

the Schate, and that in this way a majority will be secured. While there has been a great deal of discussion among senators as to what the House will do when the amended bill is sent over there, the only result has been a decision that the Senate must act as seems best under Stomach Bitters Bitters An, and was supprised to know that Mr. Denny had come here armed. Denny denied having made such a statement, and sald that he did not come armed. Campbell insisted that he made the statement. Both men were very much excited and spoke with ve-hemence and, with arms shaking, com-menced to advance toward each other

menced to advance toward each other. The courtroom was crowded and the audience evidently thought a fight was on, and made a mad rush for the doors and windows, people falling over each other in their wild efforts to get out of the room. Several policemen and dep-uty sheriffs were crying for order, and Judge Moore was bringing his gavel down with terrific force and urging the people to take their seats. After five or ten minutes of the most exciting

scenes since the assassination, quiet was restored.

Just as soon as the room began to grow orderly, ex-Gov. Brown, one of the attorneys for the defense, whispered to Col. Campbell, who promptly arose and apologized to Denny and to the court, Judge Denny replying in a very happy speech. On an inspection of the record it was found that Col. Campbell had misconstrued Judge Denny's statement

At the conclusion of the examination of Golden, the commonwealth rested its case. It was stated last night that Mrs. Golden would also be introduced as a witness, but she was not put on the stand. It is stated that she is an unwilling witness,

The attorneys for the defense asked for an adjournment of court at 4 o'clock for the purpose of conference with the defendant as to the witnesses that will be placed on the stand in his behalf tomorrow. The court adjourned for this purpose.

Valuable Copy of Shakespeare.

New York, March 27 .- A very "tall" copy of the first follo Shakespears ndon 1623) was sold last evening at the disposal of the library of the late Augustin Daly for \$5,400. This is the highest price on record. The Ives copy was sold in 1891 for \$4,200. It was not nearly as tall as Mr. Daly's copy, but was in absolutely perfect condition. The Danihes copy was sold in 1864 for £716 2s, and the Perkins copy in 1889 for £15. A copy offered at the Hayes sale in this city in 1898 brought only \$510, but there were several leaves in fac simile, while others had been mended.

Died of Starvation.

Santa Barbara, Cal., March 27 .- The sloop Dawn has returned from San Nicholas island with a story of suf-fering and death from starvation. The boat went over to bring back a party of three Chinamen who have been on of three Chinamen who have been on the island for six months, gathering and curing abalones. Three months ago an unknown sloop from San Pedro called at the island. During the abcalled at the island. sence of the Chinamen the visitors stole everything catable from the camp and went to sea. One of the Chinese died about a month ago, and the other two, when the Dawn arrived, were too weak to move.

Transport Sheridan Coming.

san Francisco, March 27.—The trans-port Sheridan, which left Manila on March 6th and will arrive here the lat-ter part of this week, is bringing 110 army prisoners, 86 sick, 11 insane and 32 discharged soldiers, and all navy prisoners and 14 sick jackies. An addi-tional medical officer has been assigned for duty at Alcatraz island on account of the increase in the number of prisoners there.

Killed His Partner.

Baker City, Or., March 26.-J. C. Lurhman shot and killed his pariner, V. G. Weiman, at Sumpter this evening. They were propt Nome lodging-house, They were proprietors of the Cape be lodging-bouse, which consists of a large tent in which the homicide oc-curred. The partners had been quar-

reling several days and it is reported that Weiman ran Lurhman out of the tent. Mrs. Lurhman was a witness to the shooting. Lurhman gave himself up and will be brought to Baker City tomorrow.

Dunkards for North Dakota.

Chicago, March 27 .- The Record says: Eighteen hundred prospective settlers, chiefly Dunkards, will leave Chicago late this afternoon or tonight for the Devils Lake district in North Dakota, where they will make their future homes, They are mostly from the Central States.

The Put and Call Law.

Chicago, March 27 .- Judge Waterman has rendered his decision in the case of Alfred V. Booth, the board of trade broker recently indicted on a charge of contracting to give himself an option. The case was brought for the purpose of testing the law as to "puts" "calls" on the board of trade, court found the defendant guilty. and The A motion for a new trial was made, overruled and an exception taken. A mo-tion in arrest of judgment had a simllar fate. Then a fine of \$100 was im-posed. An appeal to the Supreme Court was prayed and allowed, the bond be-ing fixed at \$400. Thirty days was allowed in which to file the bill of ex-

WHEELER ON PHILIPPINES.

ceptions.

Says Islands Will Get Along Well as Territorial Government.

New York, March 26 .- Under the caption, "What to Do with the Philip-pines," Gen. Joseph Wheeler contributes to this week's issue of Leslie's Weekly a lengthy article on the situation in the islands as he observed it during his service there. He says in

"I believe that the back of the rebellion in the Philippines is broken; there will be little more to do in a military way. There will be some guerilla warfare, but it will not amount to much. As for Aguinaldo, I do not consider him a patriot. He was fighting for a great prize. Had he won he would have been a powerful emperor, a mighty dictator. "As far as possible I believe that we should establish civil government in the Debliguence.

the Philippines. I am in favor of terri-torial government, and I see nothing incongruous in making these various islands into Territories. The group should be divided into three or Territories, not only because of the extent of the islands, but because of antagonisms existing between the different peoples. Some of those tribes have been our devoted friends, and it would be most unfair not to give them the right of self-government. Many of them are already fit for self-government in local affairs, and under terri-torial governors appointed by the United States they would get along

'I consider the Filipinos a very supe rior people-a people with great possi bilities. They are ambitious, many o them have been finely educated in Eu-rope; they are not to be spoken of in the same breath with the Africans, so far as their possibilities go.

"They are, too, easily governed and with the fair treatment which they will receive from us we shall have no trouble with them. They appreciate consideration, I have found, but they are sensitive and are unwilling to be treated as inferiors. They are a little distrustful of us.

"On the question of ultimate annexa tion or the remote future of the Philip-pines-whether States would be erected there or not, in case we annex the isl ands-I am not yet prepared to speak ands but I do think that we owe much to the



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many citizens of the islands who are t ter upon Mr. Bryan, the whole thing is not Filipinos, and especially to those Filipinos who have been friendly to us. If our army were to be withdrawn from the islands, the natives who have be-friended us would be subjected to all sorts of persecutions and many of them would meet death, all on account of their kindness to us."

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SILVER AS AN ISSUE.

Democratic Chairman Thinks Kansas City Convention Will Refer to It.

Chicago, March 26 .- J. G. Johnson, chairman of the executive national Democratic committee, being asked for his opinion of articles published today, in which it is made to appear that a number of prominent Democrats, commencing with Chairman Jones, the national committee, favor the abandoning of any reference to the silver ques-tion in the forthcoming Democratic platform, said:

"I have read the articles in question and am prepared to say that in so far as they attempt to connect any promi-nent Democrat with the proposition, they are, to say the least, very unfair, and are only a sample of very many similar articles which have been and probably will be published in papers with whose managers the wish is very probable father to the thought.

"If these articles are read with care It will be seen that while they shrewdly connect various men, including Gen Weaver, with the proposed movement there is in reality not a word of authority for the proposition in the articles from beginning to end from any of the members whose names appear therein. So far as Senator Jones, Mr. Walsh, Mr. Abbott or myself are con-cerned none of us has ever had a cerned none of as has ever had a thought or uttered a syllable which would warrant the suggestion con-tained in these articles, and all are diametrically opposed to the position in which we are placed by the ingeni-ous authors of the articles in question. So far as Gen. Weaver is concerned he is a prominent Populat, but is not in a position to speak for any Demo-crat. What his individual view may be in them atter in question I cannot say. As to the ingeniously worded statement that he stopped over here on his return from Washington (presumably from a conference with Senator Jones) and started from here to Ne-braska with the cordial concurrence of

ridiculous when the facts are known. "Gen. Weaver has not been in Wash-ington for some weeks. He is now in North Dakota, and Mr. Bryan instead of being in Nebraska is out on the Pacific coast. Of course the Democratic national convention will settle these questions for itself when it assembles. but I think there is no well-informed Democrat in the United States, but is morally certain today that the Kansas City convention will distinctly reaffirm the position which the party took on the money question in its platform of

Require an Official Doctor.

Chicago, March 26 .- The law providing for compulsory medical examination of school children as a precaution against exposure of pupils to con-tagious diseases was sustained in the Supreme court today. Judge Ball de-cided against the petitioner in man-damus proceedings to compel the board of education to admit to school a girl who had been ill for several weeks and who presented a certificate from the family physician, and upheld the action of the board in refusing to admit the girl without official examination. The case was appealed. As an argument in favor of the law the board stated that of the 54,000 pupils exam-ined since last January 3,400 were exeluded.

Honoluln's Quarantine Moved.

San Francisco, March 27 .- The war epartment has recognized Honolulu as an open port by ordering the trans ports soon to sall from here to call there. ports soon to sail from here to call there en route to Manila. The Hancock, which sails with the Philippine com-mission on April 10, will stop at Hono-lulu and Guam. The Meade and Grant will also touch at Honolulu.

New Iron Works at San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 27 .- The Call says that the owners of the Risdon Iron Works have practically completed a deal whereby they have secured control of the Pacific Rolling, the plant of which covers 32 acres and includes 1,704 feet of water front on the bay. It is stated that a dry dock capable of re-It is ceiving the largest vessel affoat, will be employed. The company will apwill be employed. pear as an active rival of the Union Iron Works in bidding for the construction of war vessels and other craft of

well, I am sure.

San Francisco, March 27 .- The trans-

