C?h paid for water scrip at Cannon's office, room 252 Constitution Building.

If you have not paid your water rates you can save money by calling at Cannon's office, room 252 Constitution Building.

Water Scrip Wanted.

CALL AT

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DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

To the Stockholders and Patrons:

We have now as good a rating as any one in the city, and are in a position to purchase goods and place them at your door, a little cheaper than anyone else in town, on account of our very low lease and general running expenses, therefore give us a trial, we will surely please you, and in a few months you will receive a handsome dividend.

People's Equitable Co-op,
7-9 Main.
J. L. SHEPARD, Supt.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Tuesday, . . January 2, 1894.

FRAGMENTS.

The Tuesday society will give their annual dance at the Knutsford on the 8th inst. Jackson Day. Members of the organization will meet at Democratic headquarters tomorrow night.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank will give their second music matinee at the Museum on Thursday night next, beginning at nine o'clock. It is also the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Simonds.

The fire department was called out a little after noon yesterday to extinguish a small blaze in the store of Mr. Jackson. East Temple street, just south of the clock corner. Ascertained afterwards the cause of the fire. The loss was very light and was covered by insurance.

The football game at the Exposition grounds yesterday afternoon was a very lively affair. The contending elevens were the teams from Companies C and C at Fort Douglas. The latter won. The game was played in a drizzling rain in presence of the men who were round off by the empire for their home exhibition.

The exhibition of Utah minis which has been on in the Wallingford building on First South street for a month past was sold and brought to a close tonight. The last hours of the exhibition will be marked by the Mrs. Krouse entertainment which is the musical program will be rendered.

At the recent conference between the passenger department of the Union Pacific and the Rio Grande Western it was agreed to reduce the cheap rates to one fare for round trip instead of one-third as heretofore, which is the prevailing rate on all western roads running into Chicago and St. Louis.

The new City Council will take their seats at the meeting of the municipal assembly tonight, and the usual nominations and specialty appointments will be made. It is not a great deal to do, the hole having been pretty well started at the session on Saturday night. A vote, however, of the telephone franchise granted to A. L. Rolston is expected from the floor.

Early Morning Fire.

Between two and three o'clock this morning the combination brick and frame residence of H. H. Batton, on Second West near North South was discovered to be flames. The fire spread rapidly and in response to a call the West side department made a good run and prevented the total destruction of the house. The loss, however, will reach close to $1000. There is no insurance to the amount. The furniture was carried from the building in time to be saved.

Y. L. M. I. A. Notice.

The Y. L. M. I. A. officers' meeting will be held in the Fourteenth ward Relief society hall on Saturday, January 6, 1894, at 11 a.m. A full attendance of officers is desired. An invitation is extended to all interested.

A dance class will be organized by Sisters Minnie J. Snow and May H. Talmage, at the same place, on Monday evening, January 8, at 7 o'clock. The class is open to officers and members of the association. No charge will be made.

MARY A. FREZER,
Stake President.

IN OKLAHOMA.

A Ride Across that Beautiful Indian Country.

PROGRESS AND DEVELOPMENT.

The New Territory Seems Prosperous—A "Mate Farm in a Day"—The Money Rush, Etc.

As the train on the clock indicates 1 a.m. we leaded our chairs in a hide spring wagon and rode gently to the hotels of our southern Indian home, Sulphur Springs, Chickasaw Nation, Indian territory. Elliott Collet and Davis accompanied their sick Lake friends to Davis, the railroad station, ten miles distant. As we bowl moved off in their customary slow and successfully gait, jolting and wagon by "slow drive," assuming harness, with rolled and back strap only, and no brake to stealy our ponderous wagon, we heard somewhere under the necessity of holding fast as we lined stumbling in the creek and low places. We rolled over the prairie and here and there for miles a skirt of timber, down to a hollow, up on a hill, where, commanding a view of the country, we could see before us as county, as it were, of land, as it reached out in its broad expanse far as the eye could reach.

Our teamster was a good old-fashioned Christian of the Campbellite persuasion. He, with the Elders, were entertained by the reading from Church history by Bro. K. who had closed on the subject of the early rise of the Church. When the period was reached where Joseph Smith and Oliver Cowdery received the Aaronic Priesthood, a discussion on authority ensued, which terminated with the good-bye shake several miles distant. Strange, to it seem that our Christian friends still hang to the immaterial authority they claim to have received from Christ, when, in His divine injunction to His Apostles, He said: "Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature," and "go ye therefore and teach all nations." Which we expected remarks became confined on this point, we then close to the descent of authority, which of course was upset again by the apostasy. Here the good old brother was lost at sea, and when John's Revelation concerning "the other angel" that was to fly in the midst of heaven, bringing the everlasting Gospel was sprung on him he replied, "Now you've got me—all good subject of course, and an expression of desire to learn more of the good things we preached and practised, evoking that if he could find we were right he would make his transfer.

The Chickasaw country is much lower and correspondingly warmer than Oklahoma, and as the Elders parted with their visitor at the depot, the train pulled out and commenced a gradual ascent, finally crossing the Canadian river, which, by the way, is the dividing line between our Indian land and the new prospective state of Oklahoma. At about the middle of their "beautiful land" (speaking of the west Oklahoma), we cross the backbone at about fourteen hundred feet, while at the Springs it cannot be more than nine hundred. The altitude of the country averages probably one thousand feet above the sea. Here and there, irregularly located on the creek bottoms, by a stump of timber or on a prairie, we see neither the Indian houses and their farms cultivated by their white renters.

Now we have crossed the bridge, we are on the surveyed lands of the newly-opened Territory of Oklahoma, which can be easily seen by the regularly laid off lands, the roads, the houses and farms. The towns and cities as we find them are springing up like magic—a wilderness but four and a half years ago, now teeming with vegetation and humanity. We have passed several cities of no small importance, towns here and there, and on every quarter stands stood lands, a farm house.

Oklahoma City is called by the brakeman, and the train stops at the second city of the new territory, containing 10,000 inhabitants. Drawn on the bend of the prairie is a town at the north fork of the Canadian river, nearly surrounded by trees growing on the fertile bottom land of this stream; and on the north and east, on the rolling hills of the prairie, is the bustling little commercial city of Oklahoma. There are several prominent streets of respectable width, built up on either side with substantial business blocks two and three stories high, of native stone and brick—banks and mercantile establishments, up to business cities of twenty years' standing, while in the suburbs are many costly and beautiful dwellings. The city is lighted by electricity and accommodated with water works; it has its manufactories and other modern developments. The Santa Fe Indo pulls out of the depot and leaves more people standing on the platform than are generally seen at one time in a busy town days. The cars are filled, the air is balmy, the weather dry, bright and beautiful—so warm we have to open the car windows for ventilation.

We pass several cities of ordinary railroad town size, and now reach Norman, the highest elevation, whence we descend, rounding south still to where the Kansas line, still passing towns and cities, and as far as the feeble eye can survey out over the vast prairie are farms and home to be seen. A stream of water is crossed; we pass through a skirt of timber rounding from the west to the east till it widens out into the great timbered country of the Choctaw tribes.

We are now at Guthrie, the metropolis. Fifty-two hundred people are on the platform, hurrying to and fro sales, tickets and wagons are loaded, the streets are thronged, the people are depressed. The change is made and the train is gone. To the east the city lies on a rise of ground with quite a steep ascent from the railroad track; while west it gradually descends to the Cottonwood—a small river running through the west side of the city while curving well to the west and north is the bed lock of the Arkansas or Cimmaron river. Unlike Oklahoma city, Guthrie is founded on an open town plat, showing to be a rough rule of the broken country. Fifteen thousand people live here, who enjoy equal if not superior advantages over the commercial city on the south. Wholesale and commercial houses, manufacturers, other business houses, fine residences, a magnificent city—all are here. "These cities are built today," said a gentleman man from New York while we circling a large block, and the surrounding country warrants the continual, noise permanence of these cities. Some away, for such things are known in the country. Nothing than four farmers yet are occupying the section of land. What farm said of the country within five miles the present population carry their produce to the cities!

We are now at Orlando, the last city in Oklahoma proper, from which point the greatest rush was made into the Cherokee strip, which was opened on September 16th of this year, on the train which carried in thousands. We could see on either side the stakes, marking country where for ten miles men and women on horseback had gone with the flags in the hot race for lots in Perry, the prospective city of the State. In three hours not less than 20,000 people were on the spot, and filing on the small lots stated out by the United States surveyor. Two sections are covered by the great infant of modern times. Tents and rude shanties are being displaced by better and more substantial structures. Order is being established out of confusion. During every weekly days, they averaged three lots to the days filed. There are about 6,000 claims in all, and 5,000 people located, it will take about three years to clear up the contests now standing on them. There were 151 saloons and 201 lawyers at one time. Of course their number has been reduced now to about half. There are about twenty-eight hunter ranks, and judging from the thousands of lumber shanties and houses strewn up in the last ninety days, they must have cost a fabulous income. There are at least sixty-two grocery stores and of course others in proportion. Business is in small proportions have changed hands already for consideration of from $500 to $2,000, and residence property at half of that amount. Not less than four daily newspapers are in existence, three of which are Democratic. John Hogan was elected mayor on October 21. He said a Democratic council ran the municipal machinery. Perry, now barely one hundred days old, has 20,000 inhabitants, and is becoming somewhat conservative. They don't kill quite so many men per day, claims are being settled, and things generally are assuming a normal condition.

Continuing along this branch of the Santa Fe, we also another line of the same road forty miles west, and on the Rock Island is the western part of the strip, are other towns and cities, while on almost every quarter section of land a farmer has located. Six months having been granted on which to make final proof, the settlers mostly have gone home during the winter. There was possibly an average of from four to six claimants for every piece of land and as the prior rights are being proven, the population temporarily is being reduced.

In accordance with the organic act in the establishment of Oklahoma, all lands of the Indians opened for settlement subsequently were to belong to Oklahoma proper. With the new cession of the Cheyenne strip and "No Man's Land" it covers an area of at least 200 by 250 miles—fifty 20,000,000 acres of land. The lands ceded to the government by the Indian tribes are as follows:

April 22, 1889, the Outlet, belonging to the Seminoles and Creeks, containing over one and a half million acres of land. This was the first settlement and commencement of Oklahoma.

Since then and on the 23rd of Sept., 1891, the Iowa, Sac and Fox, Potawatomie and Shawnee, called the Pottawatomie, came in.

Early in 1892 the Cheyenne and Arapahoe furnished a large piece.

And this last, Sept. 16, the Cherokee Strip of 8,000,000 acres, and "no man's land" of half that amount have been added, making in all 20,000,000 acres at least.

The remaining tribes which have not come in are the five civilized—the Cherokee, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Creeks and Seminole; the semi-civilized Osages and the Kansas tribe, the Poncas, Otoes, Missouri, Kiowas, Comanches, Apaches, and some small fractions in the Southeast corner of the Cherokee country, the Sacs, Wyandottes, Ottawas, Peorias and Quapaws. The present Kansas is situated south of Kansas north of the remaining Kiowas, Comanches and Apaches' reservation, the Nebraska nation and a piece of unassigned land, was in the corner by Texas and the Panhandle of Texas, on interest by the Panhandle and on the set by the remaining unclaimed Indian territory. A strong pull is being made to get all in and make one great omnipotent state.

The settlers of the new territory come from all parts of the country, are especially from Kansas, Arkansas, Texas, Missouri and the neighboring states—a very good class of citizens. Considering the plunder they have done and the indebtedness they have incurred, they seem to be the "progressive American" type, possessed of a great deal of the "western go."

Arkansas city's called out; we now have crossed the line into the state of Kansas, where by other will see an extensive stall is situated from at the old Indian fort, at Manoris, Indian Territory. ANDREW KENNELLY.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

REPUBLICAN RALLIES.

Campaign Oratory, Campaign Music, Campaign Songs.

Every citizen who has the welfare of this community at heart should attend the Republican meetings announced below. Go and listen to the party current policy to be pursued for the ensuing of Utah.

Tuesday evening, January 2, at Old Federal court room.

Wednesday evening, Jan. 3, at Ninth Ward meeting house.

Thursday evening, Jan. 4, at Union Pacific Hotel.

These meetings will be called at 7:30 p.m. The Republican Glee Club will attend all meetings.

Vote for Hon. C. S. Varian.

By order
CITY COMMITTEE.

STAND ON FEET.

Allcock's Porous Plasters have attained a world-wide reputation solely upon their intrinsic merits. They have many worthless imitations, but have never yet invented a substitute of even approximate excellence. Their value has been attested by the highest medical authorities, as well as by innumerable testimonials from those who have used them, and they are recommended as the best external remedy for weak back, rheumatism, sciatica, colds, coughs, sore throat, chest and stomach affections, kidney difficulties, weak muscles, strains, sprains, and aches and pains of every description.

Beware of imitations, and do not be deceived by misrepresentation. Ask for Allcock's, and let no solicitation or expectation induce you to accept a substitute.

Highest Price for County Warrants, City and County Time Checks and Jury Certificates, at F. AUERBACH & BRO.

The Popular ticket is still in the field. We never back down.

Ready to Answer.

Call on us before buying. Our stock of Lumber, Sash, Doors, etc., is complete, and there is a great drop in prices. Morrison, Merrill & Co.

Fuel and Feed Company.

A. L. Williams, general sales agent, office, 20 West, Second South (Pioneer's.) Dealer in best quality of Castle Gate, Pleasant Valley, Rock Springs, Anthracite and other coal. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Telephone 1215.

Removal.

E. W. Tallock has removed his law office from rooms 91, 92, Constitution Building to rooms 211, 212, Herman Building.

Dr. G. E. Hewlett & Son.

The leading dentists, Dooly Block. Strictly first-class work at one-half price charged elsewhere. Best West of Chicago.

Strongest Leaders.

All barrel stock at special cash prices. Now is the time to buy. Morrison, Merrill & Co.

Most complexion powders have a sulphur base, but Pozzoni's is a true beautifier, whose effects are lasting.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Sam'l. Spry, tailoring, cut rates and society goods, 44 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Ask Your Friends

Who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla what they think of it, and the replies will be positive in its favor. Simply what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. One has been cured of indigestion or dyspepsia, another finds it indispensible for sick headache or biliousness, while others report remarkable cures of scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism, salt rheum, etc.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable.

TURKEY DINNER AND CHICKEN LUNCH.

Turkey Dinner from four to eight p. m. including fresh oysters, 25 cents. Chicken Lunch, including fresh oysters from 11 a.m. to 1:30 p.m., 25 cents. at Occidental Restaurant, No. 14 East First South Street.

Coal. All Kinds. J. S. Morris & Sons. 19 S. MAIN. Telephone 1214.

Get your Abstracts of Title at the County Recorder's office. They are made directly from the original records.

Ready, Ready Ready.

Kell at Second Ward.
Candy Kitchen Delicious.
Kortlemar Kandies. Our Do mixed
Candy is better than any Mr.
Kandy in the market. Ic.
Kelly, Mgr. 75 W. First South.

To Farmers, Gardeners, Artist and Optician, Spectacles Fitted. Commercial Block.

GOOD ADVICE.

Fire Insurance in Hard Times.

Carry periods of depression, the necessity for insurance should always be felt, and yet it is at such times that it is most difficult to carry it. Many policies are allowed to lapse, because the premium is too large for the circumstances of the insured, and many others are not taken out at all, because the money is not available for the purpose. Under these circumstances, the duty of the insurance agent is a very onerous one, and it is a pleasure to be able to say that the companies represented by the undersigned are in a position to meet the requirements of the hour. The following are the companies we represent, and we can insure you through this agency:—Read them.

THE NIAGARA,
THE HARTFORD,
THE PENNSYLVANIA,
THE AMERICAN.

Combined Assets over Twenty Millions.

Heber J. Grant & Co., Gen'l Agents.

BATHE AND BE HEALTHFUL.

IN THE SWIMMING POOLS OF THE

Sanitarium.

63 WEST, THIRD SOUTH STREET.

The universal opinion of the thousands who have bathed in the Sanitarium Bathing Suites is "This is the finest place I have bathed." The elegant appointments, and special arrangement must be seen to be appreciated.

Great care is exercised and special attention paid toward making the finest pool (temperature and attention to water purity) which money can be accumulated for bathers. This pool is growing in popularity every day. No interruption of unbreaking routine permitted.

The largest pool in the west is particularly attractive for men.

All bathing, except for men with suits, which are 25c each. Towels and suits washed by Day Laundry.

Shoe-Cost-Sale!

PRICE LIST.	CASH ONLY.	NO CREDIT.
Men's first grade Arctics ... $1.50 (Former price $2.75.)	Ladies' Velvet and Felt Slippers ... 50c. (Regular price $1.25 to $1.75.)	Ladies' Dongola Shoes, Leather Tips, Cloth Tips, Opera Last and Narrow Square Last, with Patent Leather Tip. $1.45. (Regular price $1.85.)
Ladies' first grade Arctics ... 35c. (Former price $1.00.)	Ladies' Silk Polish Fig. Lined Slippers ... $1.25 (Former price $1.50.)	
Men's Felts and Overs, one buckle ... $1.35 (Regular price $1 and $1.25.)	Douglas $3 Shoes for $2.50.	
Men's first quality Rubber Boots (Woonsocket Brand) ... $3.00 (Former price $3.50.)	Ladies' Hand-made Genuine Cork Sole Shoes ... $2.00. (Regular price $3.)	Infants' Shoes that send from 50c. Tie and $1.00, we are selling during this sale for 25C.
No Credit.	Cash Only.	

Compare these prices with other sale prices.

DUNFORD'S, 57 South Main St.

John Henry Smith, Pres. Abram H. Cannon, Vice-Pres.
O. H. Pratt, Sec'y & Treas. W. N. Williams, Supt.

Co-op Furniture Co.

We have made a general reduction in prices. We do not claim to sell "at cost," nor do we employ any other method to deceive the public, but we do claim that our

PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

We have a complete line of

FURNITURE AND CARPETS, ETC.

And our goods are all new and stylish. Call and see us, and if you buy you will get honest treatment.

Useful Holiday Presents.

SHOES, . .
SLIPPERS,
. . RUBBERS.

ROBINSON BROS.

Sell them at 75 West, 1st South.

Try Our $3 Shoes. None Better.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Godbe-Pitts Drug Co.

Are still at the Old Stand, Corner Main and First South Streets. The Largest and Best Stock of Drugs, Chemicals and Patent Medicines in the Territory. Prices Very Moderate. Everybody call and see us.

Christmas Goods!

FOR MEN . . AND WOMEN. Easy Chairs, Upholstered Rockers, Wicker Rockers, Wicker Work Baskets on legs, beautiful new line of Pictures, Rugs of every description, a magnificent line of stands in Onyx and Brass, Down Quilts from $6.50 to $50.00, Ladies' Desks, Easels, Fancy Screens, Mirrors of new and novel design, Ottomans, Music Racks, beautiful goods in white and gold.

FOR Children. TOYS—Chairs, Rockers, Bureaus, Desks, Blackboards, Rocking-Horses, Swing-Horses, Dolls, Doll Carriages, Cupboards, Cradles, Wagons—wood and iron—all sizes, Boys' Bicycles, Velocipedes, Toy Tables.

PRICES WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

Henry Dinwoodey Furniture Co.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Until Stock Taking, January First, 1894, Anything In Our Mammoth Establishment At STRICT COST....

Get Your Christmas Goods

Now; We have what You want.

Freed Furniture & Carpet Co., 30 to 40 East, 3rd South.