

isw of Mosts; and referred to by our Savior, but in what part of the evangelists they are recorded I do not remember. They occurred to my mind just as I rose to my feet. It seems to have been the method in which God has dealt with the children of men ever since they have had an existence on the earth to reveal certain principles, and to confirm them by as many witnesses as seemed proper to him. Our Father, the Creator of this earth concerning the divinity of a message which he might at any time offer to them. If would be a very easy matter, if he saw proper to do so, to give a vast amount of evidence to the children of men, concerning the divinity of a message which he might at any time offer to them. If would be a very easy matter, if he saw proper to do so, to inscribe, in the very heavens, in letters of light, testimony and evidence which would be so conspicuous, and powerful, and plain, and easy to be understood, that all the nations, languages, kindreds and tongues upon our globe would know the truth at once, and have restored a revelation to that the safe, written in the Bible; and tongues upon our globe would know the truth at once, and have restored to behold in this the series and to magivings about the matter. But the Lord has not seen proper thus to deal with the human family. He seems to require, in the series have hear to east more the setimony is of hose who depend merely upon what God has said in present chailes and tongues upon our globe would have the truth at once, and have the set hear hear testimony to what his eyes have been and to be dod the matter. But the Lord has not seen proper to the stations to require, in the God's witnesses, and preach fifty, to what God has in the series have beend, concerning the diving the matter. But the Lord has not seen proper thus to deal with the human family. He seems to require, in the series have beend, concerning the diving the series to require in the series have beend to be followed at the series have beend to be followed the series the thear the s ily. He seems to require, in the world. Persons may pretend to be sixty, or four score years in the cars of the people, but if they have never received this testimony their evi-dence will be of no effect in the day of judgment. I have heard, in the course of my life, a great many Christian ministers of different denominations, many of them no Asia. But I never have been there, I never have seen that country, I can not say, most positively, that such a country exists, only on the testimony of others I am informed testimony of others I am informed that such is the case. I believe that testimony; but it is not a perfect knowledge to my own mind, ob-tained by mv own experience. And so in regard to ten thousand other facts or events. We are in many, indeed in almost all, in-stances required to believe without a knowledge. The judge who sits in a court of justice to deolde upon the liberties and lives of his fellow-beings, does not decide from a knowledge; but from the testimony and evidence presented before him he pronounces sentence of im-prisonment or death, because the or revealed anything through them; they have never seen his face or heard his voice, consequently they know no more about him than the people in the congregation to whom they are speaking. When, there fore, we speak, in the language of our text, that "in the mouth of two our text, that "in the mouth of two or three witnesses every word small be established;" when these with nesses are divine witnesses, sent forth to bear testimony of divine things, they must have a knowledge of those things; not merely a faith, not a speculative idea or opinion, but they must know, just as well as not a speculative idea or opinion, but they must know, just as well as they know concerning their own existence, of the things about which they speak and of which they bear testimony to the people. Then in the great judgment day God will say to that people, "Did I not de-clare my words unto you by my messengers whom I sent unto you, to whom I revealed myself, and who had a knowledge of the things they bore testimony of?" And that will condemn the people. In order to apply this to one par-ticular subject, which now occurs to my mind, I will take the Bods of Mormon, for instance. This book nicate to their fellowbeings. They were true witnesses, and on their evidences and testimony the world have been condemned, and will be judged in the great judgment day. For instance, the Lord's Supper. All itom to the human family, requiring all men to repeat of their sins, turn away from everything that is evil, reform their lives, and to believe in judged for the same as the Savier of the sins of mankind; to believe in his father as the Gavier of the sins of manking; to believe in his father as the Gavier of man-kind, such as the ordinances of heritaining to the samation by the laying on of hands, and the samin-istration of the Lord's Supper. All

In the second of the second also prefixed to this work, their names given. They testify that they saw these plates, that they handled them with their own hands, that they saw the engrav-ings upon the plates; that they took them in their hands, and that they knew of a surety of the exis-tence of those plates. They did not bear testimony that they had seen an angel, but they bore testi-mony to that which they did know, namely, the existence of the plates, that Joseph Smith, the translator, was the person who exhibited the plates to them, and that the charac-ters or letters contained upon the ulso prefixed to this plates to them, and that the charac-ters or letters contained upon the plates had the appearance of an-clent work and of curious work-manship, and they bear their testi-mony in the most positive manner to this thing, declaring in the closing sentence that they bear testimony of these things, and "we lie not, God bearing witness of it." Here then is the testimony of twelve witnesses, four of whom saw an angel of God. Is not this suffi-cient to justify the children of men in having faith in the Book of Mormon ? Faith is not a knowl-edge, but faith is the evidence of edge, but faith is the evidence of things not seen. Now, I may not have seen the plates, you may not have seen the plates, but we have the evidence or testimony of things not seen, by a great number of wit-nesses who did see them. "But," says one, "suppose that these witnesses were interested per-sons' and they wished to combine together to deceive the children of men." The same supposition might be made concerning ancient witnesses, the Twelve Apostles for instance. They were chosen by the Lord to bear testimony of the gospel unto all nations, and, with the ex-ception of Judas, there was not a disinterested perion among them, not even the one appointed to fill the place of Judas; and these men bore testimony to the most important edge, but faith is the evidence of things not seen. Now, I may not place of Judas; and these men bore testimony to the most important truths that were ever revealed to the human family. They did this with a perfect knowledge. The in-fidel world will say they were inter-ested witnesses, just the same as the world say concerning the witnesses of the Book of Mormon. I would not give much for a witness who was not interested, I would not give much for the testimony of an indi-vidual who would come and say. "I have seen an angel from God, but yet I am not interested in any thing that he said to me." No, let that man who receives a communication from

have only the testimony of eight witnesses for the truth of the New Testament, and they were all inter-ested. * Again. We know that there have been persons who have com-bined together to deceive their the bow men, and how are we to know whether these witnesses to the Book of Mormon were men of that class, or whether they were really witnesses of the things of God? We can not know it at first; it is impossible for you and me to know that fact, unless we obtain our knowledge from heaven. We can believe it, or their testimony, but we can not know it, or their testi-mony. Now the way I would do, if I were an outsider and really de-

first place, faith on good, sound, substantial evidence, instead imparting knowledge at once. There is a great difference be-

tween faith and knowledge. I am told that there is such a country as China on the eastern borders of he pronounces sentence of im-prisonment or death, because the evidence is sufficient to bear him out in passing such a sentence.

A person can not be a witness to that which he merely believes. God requires mankind, or certain individuals among mankind, to be witnesses for him - witnesses of his existence-so that they can bear testimony to others. It is important and necessary that they should have a knowledge of the things whereof this testimony is given; whereof this testimony is given; hence, in some few cases among the inhabitants of our globe, there have heen men raised up to whom there has been a knowledge imparted al-most immediately, and they knew most perfectly, concerning the things which they were to commu-nicate to their fellowbeings. They were true witnesses, and on their evidence and testimony the world have been condemned, and will be

lory of his countenance; they saw he plates in his hands, and they saw the engravings upon the pages of these plates. While the angel was doing this before them they heard s voice in the heavens, declaring unto them that the plates had been unto them that the plates had been translated correctly, and command-ing them to bear testimony of it to all mations; kindreds, tongues and people to whom this work should be sent. They accordingly have pre-fixed their testimony to this book, which those who obtain the book can read at their leisure; we have not time on this occasion to read it. time on this occasion to read it. What greater testimony conce ipg the ministering of angels to read it. What greater testimony concern-ing the ministering of angels has any person ever given to the human family, than the one I have named? We read about angels ministering in ancient times on various occa-sions, and for certain purposes. Sometimes appearing in great glory, and sometimes withholding their glory. Hence it is written by one of the spectas—"Be not forgetful to entertain strangers, for some, in so doing, have entertained angels una-wares," showing that angels have sometimes withheld their glory, and appeared like common men, and appeared like common mand that they have been ent their glory was exhibited before those to whom they revealed them their giving was exhibited before those to whom they revealed them-selves, and they bore testimony to the things they heard from the mouths of their divine visitants. A question arises here, is there any testimony in the Old or New Testament any more worthy of being received than that of these three modern witness? being received than that of these three modern witnesses? Do angels live at the present day as they did in ancient times! Every one will say that they still live. Are they the memory still live. Are they the memory of the Most High now at they were in ancient filmes? Yes, Says one, "We suppose they are subject to the communed of God now as they mere in sucient times." Is there d now as they nes." Is there were in ancient times." Is there any thing in the Bible that indistes that a period or day would ome when the ministration of an-

whether the Book of Mormon was a divine revelation or not, I should examine the nature of this evidence which I have referred to, and then I should ex-amine the contents of the book. If I found the book contradictory in its history, prophecies or doctrines, I should set down these twelve witnesses, whose names are prefix-ed to the book, as impostors; but if, after a careful perusal of this book, I found no contradictions or inconsistencies in the prophecies interspersed through its different parts, if I found that the doctrine was plain and aimple and easy to ormon was a divine revelation or inconsistencies in the propheties interspersed through its different parts, if I found that the doctrine was plain and simple and easy to be understood, and not contradict-ory, then the next thing with me would be to compare these prophe-cles with those in the Bible, and the doctrines of the Book of Mor-mon with those of Jesus and his apostles. If I found no contra-dictions between the two records, but that the same gospel is taught in both, and that both contain the same great chain of prophecy in regard to the events of the latter days, only more fully exemplified, and illustrated, perhaps in different from what it is in the Bible, I should have no evidence whatever to condemn the book, or the wit-messes contained in it. Furthermore, if I found certain promises in the Book of Mormon

language, in the Book of Mormon from what it is in the Bible, I should have no evidence whatever to condemn the book, or the wit-nesses contained in it. Furthermore, if I found certain promises in the Book of Mormon to the effect that all persons, in all the world, who would receive it, and the message that [God has sent forth by the administration of his servants, and would repent of their aims, and be baptized by imersion for the remission of their sins, and have hands laid upon them in confor the remission of their sins, and have hands laid upon them in confirmation, should receive the Holy Ghost; inasmuch as I could find no Ghost; inasmuch as I could find no testimony against the book, but all these things in favor of it, if I should repent of my sins, there would certainly be no harm in it. If I should reform my life from every evil, according to the require-ments of the book, there would be no harm in that; if I should go forth and be baptized, by those hav-ing authority, for the remission of sins, I see no harm in that. If I should have hands laid upon my head, by those measurgers, for the baptism of fire and the Holy Ghost, I should see no harm in this out-ward performance. If I did not reward performance. If I did not re-ceive the forgiveness of my sins, and did not receive the baptism of fire and the Holy Ghost, I should think there was no divinity in the book, or else that there was some that he said tome." No, let that man who receives a communication from the Aimighty, and who is nows of a survey of the things that he brings forth and bears testimony of to the world, let him be interested in his testimony and show to the world by his works that he is an inter-ested witness. Bays one, "We have some disin-terested witnesses with regard to the truth of the Bible." I deny it, you have not one. You have eight writers in the New Testament, but

may be assured that the Holy Ghost has been given to us. For-instance, if a person receives the baptism of fire and the Holy before him in their glory, and hears the sound of their voices, holds the light of their count ances and the glory that radiu from their personages, he know for himself, consequently this constitutes him a witness as well those who proclaimed this gosp before him. I will ask the Latter-day Sale

before him. I will ask the Latter-day Saints---those now sitting before me throughout this large audience, how did you know that Jessish Smith was a prophet of God when you dwelt in England and had never seen the man? How did you know in Sweden, in Denmark, in Norway, Switzerland, Italy, Aus-tralia and in the various parts of Norway, Switzerland, 100, 1 tralis and in the various per trails and in which you the earth from which you grated! How did you know Joseph Smith was a prophet this fact by a kn ted to you by the tye been healed, God in healing the to time. There of your emigrated to this land. You of here then, not to obtain a kn edge of the truth of this work because you already had a kn