# THE DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1900, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

# FIFTIETH YEAR.

# STEVE KEENE TELLS HIS STORY TODAY

how He Carried the Gun Up to Benbrook and Then Told Burton C. Morris to Leave the Restaurant.

s Testimony Strongly in Favor of the Defense-Says Morris Told Him He Would Go in and Drag Benbrook Out and Strangle Him-Wrote Notes to Leda Stromberg for the Delendant-Senator Brown Permitted to Cross-Examine the Witness as He Desires-Defense Objects to the Deposition of Charles Biglow, the Waiter at the Merchants' Cale-The Proceedings Reach a Very Interesting Stage-Court Room Growded Throughout the Day.

"I did," replied the witness.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

"At his request?"

The witness-Yes.

"Several times?"

"Eat and drink together?"

"Only a couple of times."

"Not particularly; no, sir."

"Yes."

"Yes."

or ?!!

were

Deproceedings in the Benbrook trial | stating that on the 17th of July last he pued quickly into the interesting age this morning. The testimony of fendant there on the evening. iminary nature practically closed in thiel Hilton and Stave Keene, one the most important witnesses, was

ered with a napkin." is Keene probably comes within the ad those witnesses whose testimony Putnam stated in his opening the are did not entirely credit. Be that alt may, Mr. Keene's testimony canbe considered as damaging to the me. The tendency of it all was Brown last evening? mestionably to strengthen the deme and Senator Brown's re-direct nation of Mr. Keene was simply chant's Cafe?" wid cross-examination. feator Brown's method was vigor-

is objected to by Judge Powers, but s court ruled with the State. Judge is settled the question as to whether is stromberg and others would tesby stating that he should insist and and witnesses being examined and examined, owing to the nature of hours?

"No, only about ten minutes, I think." frattendance today was sufficient to sufferdance today was sufficient to the court room, and much interest suffested throughout the day. self those present, Benbrook man. at the court room, and much interest

"Morris said he would strangle that man, didn't he?" "When I told him not to go into that room or he'd get killed, he said: 'T'H go in there and drag him out, the dirty coward. I'll strangle him to death.' "Morris was a large man?" "Yes, he was a man weighing about 175 pounds." "Was he physically superior to you?" "Did you know at that time who was in room 27" "Not at that time," "When you gave Benbrook the gun he was excited and frightened wasn't He was excited, yes." And scared?' "He appeared so, yes," "After you had sent for the officer you heard pistol shots?" "Yes, three or four, I think four. I am uncertain as to the number." "Then you ran back up there?" "Yes. "Who went ahead of you?" "Officers Chase and Eddington, There was no one between the officers and

myself. There were no boys there then. When I got in the room the only ones there were Burt Morris, Albert Morris, Benbrook, the two officers and myself. There were no shots fired as we went up nor were any fired after we went in. Benbrook standing close to where Morris was lying."

ON REDIRECT.

On redirect, the witness said that his memory was perhaps a little clearer now than it was at the time of the preliminary. Senator Brown was proceeding to ask some searching questions when Judge Powers objected on the ground that it was crosss-examination of their own

witness Judge Hiles ruled that in a cate of this kind and under the circumstances the prosecution was entitled to ask searching questions. "What is wanted," concluded the court, "is the truth. The objection is overruled." was the proprietor of the Merchant's Cafe, he was asked if he saw the de-"Now go on in your own way," said Senator Brown, "and tell the whole story from beginning to end." "Did you take him anything that evening?" 'I took him a revolver, cov-The witness detailed taking the pistol up to Benbrook in room I, the conversa-tion with the defendant, and afterwards with the deceased and Leda Stromberg. "No, at the suggestion of a waiter. The only new matter was with regard to seeing the two girls, Nana Witbeck and Emma Mathieson, when he went up This was about 7:45 in the evening. stairs the second time. They wanted to know how they could get out, and wit-ness told them to go out the rear way. Judge Powers-Did you see Senator "When you went up first, you knew you were taking the revolver to Ben-"Did you go together to the Merbrook? "Yes." "You didn't tell Benbrook that he had to get out?" "I did not." "But you told Morris he had to get out? "Yes." "Yes." "Why was that?" "Benbrook told me that Morris had been imposing upon him and interfering with him and that he didn't want any trouble. That was the reason why I told Morris he must go." "Did he ask you to do anything for him that afternoon?" 'Had a nice social time with the Sen-You were together a couple of

him that afternoon?" "Yes, he asked me to write a couple of notes to Leda Stromberg."

# DEMOCRATS IN STATE CONVENTION

Big Attendance of Delegates From All Over Utah.

## OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES.

### Mr. Evans Introduces a Roberts Reso-Intion, Which Went to the Committee Without Debate.

As early as 10 o'clock this morning delegates to the Democratic State convention began to gather at the Salt Lake Theater, although the call was for 10:30. The novel situation which has brought about a necessity for a special election has prompted greater interest in today's proceedings than has attached as a rule to State conventions heretofore. The interest, however, is not confined to today's proceedings, but there is almost a feverish anxiety as to the outcome of tomorrow's convention, for then the lines of demarkation between the two parties will have been positively defined and the grounds upon which both political organizations come before the people will then have been made known. In addition to regular and well known principles which are usually or always involved in political campaigns it is expected that on both sides there will be pected that on both sides there will be some expression as to the recent action of the lower house of the national leg-islature with reference to Utah's rep-resentation there. Utah's vacancy in the Senate, it is also surm.sed, will re-ceive some attention. So that, all in all, the present situation in Utah is burdened with much interest to citi-zens of all classes and the action of tozens of all classes and the action of today and tomorrow is a matter of great concern to those whose whilare is in-separable from that of the State.

There was nothing overdone in the decoration of the Theater. The simple yet pleasing colors of national bunting tastefully arranged about the stage, tables and balconies formed the bulk of the dress in which the convention hall was clothed, while paims and flow-ers advantageously placed by Mrs. Wool and other ladies of the Ladies' Democratic club set off the stage in neat Democratic simplicity. The ladies also placed on the chairman's table a beautiful bouquot to be presented to the nominger of the convention; and it is suspected that the herer f receiv-ing this teken from so free and grace, ful a source was large'r responsible for much of the spirit and determination that was thrown into today's contest. on the convention floor. interesting propositions.

Summit-J. L. Boyden. Tooele-William Waterfall. Uintah-A. N. Johnson. Utah-James O. Bullock, Wasatch-M. C. Murdock, Washington-E. M. Brown. Wayne-Joseph Eckersley. Weber-Frank R. Christensen. PERMANENT ORGANIZATION. Beaver-W. L. H. Dotson.

Anie Doo

Boxelder-Charles Carson. Cache-H. J. Matthews. Carbon-James McEwan. Davis-E. A. Cottrell, Emery-L. Olson, Garheid-R. B. Shepard, Grand-A. A. Neff, Iron-Robert Lund Jr, Juab-Claud Wheeler, Kane-Unrepresented. Millard-C. Overson. Morgan-James Stern, Plute-Clayton Gannett. Rich-Robert McKinnon. Salt Lake-R. W. Sloan, San Juan-J. R. Letcher, Sanpete-Aaron Hardy, Sevier-George T. Bean, Summit-T. L. Allen, Tooele-Frank Jardine, Uintah—Wiillam O'Niell. Utah-J. H. Clark. Wasatch-John A. Wood. Washington-C. McNarland. Wayne-Willis Robinson. eWber-F. J. Kiesel.

RESOLUTIONS.

Beaver-Thomas Maroneaux. Boxelder-John D. Peters. Cache-I. C. Thoreson, Carbon-L. O. Hoffman. Davis-David Stoker. Emery-Hyrum Bryson, Garfield-S. O. Crosby, Grand-A. W. Corbin. Iron-John Parry. Juab-Charles Abbott. Kane-Unrepresented. Millard-James A. Milville. Morgan-Samuel Francis. Plute-Clayton Gannett, Piute-Clayton Gannett, Rich-D, S. Cook, Salt Lake--Moses Thatcher, San Juan-E. W. Wilson, Sanpete--Peter Graves Sr, Sevier-James H. Wells, Summit-F. J. McLaughlin, Tooele-W, J. Robinson, Uintah-Hardine Bennion, Uintah-Hardine Bennion, Utah-J. D. Miller. Wasatch-Willem Byes. Washington-E. G. Woolley. Wayne-M. W. Mansfield. Weber-Thomas D. Dee.

ROBERTS RESOLUTION.

Abel John Evans of Utah county here offered this resolution which was re-ferred to the resolution committee with-

out reading or debate: "The Democrats of Utah in conven-tion assembled deny that the people of this State have broken any covenant or compact entered into with the nation for the purpose of securing statehood. "We deny as false and malicious the charge of wholesale law-breaking made against the people of this State, and we further declare that Congress, in re-fusing to seat the duly accredited represense to seat the dify accredited repre-sentative of a sovereign State, who pos-sessed all the constitutional qualifica-tions and presented complete prima facle evidence of his right to be sworn in, violated a fundament i principle of representative government."

#### ADJOURNMENT.

### NUMBER 87.

# **CREAT BRITAIN** IS MAD WITH JOY

Rejoicing Unparalleled in the Memory of the Present Generation-Storm of Jubilation Everywhere.

Relief of Ladysmith, Following that of Kimberley, the Cause-Holidays Proclaimed - Cheering Crowds Throng the Thoroughtares -- Messages of Congratulation -- England's Honor Has Been Saved - No Trade Today - Flags and Whistles, Bells and Crowds, Songs and Shouts - Newspapers Voice the Exultation - No Such Excitement Since Lucknow-Lord Roberts Praised-Gen. Buller Was in Ladysmith Today-Gen. French Said to be at Bloemfontein.

[Afternoon Dispatches.] ler wires from Nelthorpe under today's date that he has just returned from Ladysmith. He adds that the whole country south of that place is cleared

of the Boers. BOERS HAVE SKIPPED. 7:02 p. m .- The following is the text of Gen. Buller's dispatch:

"Neithorpe, March 1, 5:20 p. m.-I have just returned from Ladysmith, Except a small guard north of Sur-prise Hill, the whole of the enemy lately besleging the town have retired in hot haste, and to the south of the town the country is quite clear of them.

the garrison was on han a pound of meal a man per day, and supplementing the meat ration by horses and mules. The men will want a little nursing be-fore being fit for the field."

"The garrison was on haif a pound of

TUMULT OF JOY.

London, March 1.-When the relief of Ladysmith became generally known London literally went mad with joy, Throughout England the scenes witnessed have no parallel in the mem-ories of this generation. The pent-up jubilation at the relief of Kimberley and the defeat of Cronje could no long-er be controlled and with today's crowning triumph the national trait of self-restraint was thrown to the winds. The lord mayor of London immediately telegraphed his congratulation to Gen-erals White and Buller. When the queen received the news at Windsor the bells on the curfew tower of the castle were rung in honor of the event The storm of jubilation centered around the Mansion House and by noon thousands of people blocked the many approaches to that grim building. was a dense, black mass, composed chiefly of business men, the majority carrying little "union jacks,"

stores shut up their shutters and gave London, March 1, 6:55 p.m.-Gen. Bul-er wires from Nelthorne under today's Great ensigns floated in the sunlight from hundreds of buildings and little

union jacks lit up the murky city windows. HOLIDAY ALL AROUND.

The lord mayor wired Lady Buller as follows: "My sincere congratulations on your

gallant husband's achievement." He also ordered a holiday for the city schools. Later he answered the de-mands of the crowd that increased as the day wore on by a speech in which he said:

This news makes our hearts leap for joy. We now are satisfied that our sacrifice of blood and treasure is not in vain

Vain. Orders were given to ring the great bell in St. Paul's this evening. The West End is as enthusiastic, though not quite so demonstrative as the city. The stately foreign office so far forgot liseif as to display large union jacks from the windows. A cahi-net meeting was held and as the momnet meeting was held and as the mem-bers met at the entrance to the foreign office, they exchanged the warmest con-gratulations. Crowds blocked the war office lobbles, struggling to see for themselves the announcement of the glad tidings and cheering for Gen. Buller, Lord Dundonaid and other he-roes of the hour.

Outside Marlborough house, the Lonton residence of the Prince of Wales, a large and jubilant crowd assembled.

IN PROVINCIAL TOWNS. All over the United Kingdom these ere di At Glasgow, Liverpool, Birmingham, Edinburgh and in fact in all the cities, big and little, flags flew everywhere, whistles tooted, bells chimed and rowds paraded the streets, singing patriotic songs. Business was given up for the day, the schools were closed, in the harbors all the vessels dressed ship and at the military and naval depots were scenes of the wildest enthusiasm. At Liverpool, addressing a crowd of 20,000 people assembled around the town hall, the lord mayor said: "I thank the Almighty God for the glorious news. We have awaited it patiently. We are satisfied that under the humane laws and government of this country the Boers in a very time will be loyal citizens of the British empire At Portsmouth the naval commanderin-chief announced the relief of Ladysmith by a general signal, the great dock yards and war vessels greeting it with cheers. The queen has telegraphed her congratulations to Gen. Buller and to Gen. White, and the Prince of Wales has telegraphed his congratulations to Gen. Buller LADY WHITE'S MESSAGE. Lady White, in reply to congratula-tory messages says: "All the world is in sympathy with me today and I am in sympathy with all the world. I am delighted at the joyful news of the re-lief, and am happy at the intelligence that my husband is well and safe at last. As a wife I can say no more, What happy wife could say more?

Mgsli those present, Benbrook manhe most interest. He watched er move closely, sometimes leaning fruid to catch every word spoken. hedefendant's air is one of anxiety. sile shows plainly enough the strain in under. The lines across his forehil scarcely visible when the trial mmenced nearly two weeks ago, are coming strongly marked.' He was ununded today by the relatives who here been with him almost from the

Excellent progress was made today, milf nothing unexpected happens, the as will probably reach the jury withla ten days.

CHIEF OF POLACE HILTON

### fare Some Testimony Regarding the Tragedy of July 17.

Chief Hilton was the first called by the State this morning. He testified that he had known J. H. Benbrook for a couple of years as the proprietor of sambling house. Coming directly to a tragedy, the chief identified the retelter taken from Benbrook, and stated that it contained two loaded cartridges and three empty shells. One of the haded shells was indented, as though it had been snapped and missed fire.

One hat was handed to him on the light of the tragedy, as well as a suit of dothes taken from the defendant. The clothes were sent to the laundry.

## STEVE KEENE ON THE STAND.

## le Testifies that He Took the Revolver to Benbrook.

Stere Keene was the next witness, and when he took the stand, Senator Brown moved up to the front seat and unducted the examination. After



HON. WILLIAM H. KING.

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Judge Powers- He told you that Hors Morris was over in room 3; that Morris had been imposing on him; that he wanted no trouble, and only wanted to protect himself ,and wanted you to get policeman. Isn't that the fact? Yes.

"And you then went over to room 3, here Morris and Leda Stromberg where "Yes."

As to the circumstances in room 3. Judge Powers proceeded to examine the witness, when Senator Brown objected, on the ground that this was not proper ross-examination. The defense was undertaking to go into matters not brought out by the State at all.

Judge Powers characterized the attitude of the State as an attempt to sup-press any facts that would tend to cut down in any way the testimony regarding some particular transaction. Senator Brown not only objected to the line of questioning but also to Judge

speech making, which was Powers manifestly for effect on the jury. The court held that everything said or done at the time of this affair, constituting the res gesta, should be brought out and the witness continued.

Morris and Miss Stromberg were together in room 3. The door was partly open. Mr. Morris seemed greatly excited. I said to him: 'Burt, what is the matter here? I don't want to have any trouble here and I want you to go Then he commenced talking about Benbrook; said he was a dirty s- of a b-; that he could do him up and would do him up, or had come for that purpose, something of that kind. He started toward the room where Benbrook was and I said: 'For God's sake, don't go in there, you'll get killed.' He said he wasn't afraid of the G- dcoward. Then Miss Stromberg asked me to go, saying that she could take

care of Burt. As I passed room 2, Al-bert Morris asked what the trouble was and I told him I was going to get an officer. At the foot of the stairs I met Sandberg, the hackman, and told him to go for an officer, as Burt Morris was making trouble there and I wanted him taken out, but did not want him ar-rested."

ne proper re-direct examination. Jucke Hiles overruled it, and witness ontinued that it was about 3 o'clock in the afternoon when he wrote a note for Benbrook to Miss Stromberg and sent it by a messenger. She was not home and it was returned and destroyed. About 5 p. m. he wrote a se

and note for the defendant and sent it the same way. "This note," continued witness, a statement to the effect that Benbrook was going to San Francisco the next morning, and would like to see her that evening. A pair of gloves was sent with the note. Some time after the note was sent, I saw Miss Stromberg and Burt Morris come down the street together.

"Did you see her afterwards come with Benbrook to the restaurant?" 'No, I did not wait on them. "Do you say," asked Senator Brown, 'that Benbrook appeared scared when

you gave him the gun?" "Did you notice him particularly?,

"I didn't make an examination him, but I couldn't help seeing him.

The answer called forth a laugh from the audience and Judge Powers said that at the threshold of the trial, he wanted to interpose an objection to any demonstration whatever on the part of the audience. 'We concur in that," said Senator

Brown. The court warned the spectators that if there was any demonstration as the trial proceeded, he would clear the court room, taking care, however, to make it a public trial.

Referring back to the testimony given by this witness at the preliminary, Sen-ator Brown asked if he had not said at the preliminary that he did not notice Benbrook's face, the witness replied that he stated he did not notice it at the time referred to in the question particularly.

In passing upon another objection to this form of questioning the court an-nounced that he proposed to require the State to put all witnesses on the stand and that the widest scope in cross ex-amination would be allowed.

"Did you see W. H. Dickson up ere?" continued Senator Brown. "I say I didn't see him. All the perthere?" sons I saw in going up and on reaching

the room first I have named. "Did Morris tell you he had come there to do Benbrook up?"

'Either that or that he would do him up or could do him up, one of these expressions.

Did you tell Morris you had taken Benbrook a gun?"

I did not "Did you take Morris up a gun too?"

"Had Benbrook been drinking?" "I had seen him take but one drink." "Did he show any appearance of having been drinking-was he calm and

quie "He was very much excited, or appeared so

"Had he been drinking the night before "I don't remember anything about

him the night before. "When did you see him first on this

day About 1 or 2 o'clock in the after-

"Did you talk with Attorney Rogers last night

'Yes, a few minutes." "When you left the room up there, didn't Leda Stromberg teil you to lock the door?'

"I have in recollection of it."

Judge Powers again took the witness in hand, and read his testimony given at the preliminary with reference to Benbrook's appearance of excitement when witness gave him the gun. Keene answered that that testimony was correet

"When you saw Mr. Rogers last night, you and he didn't take a drink did you?"

"Yes, we had a glass of beer."

Senator Brown said he wished to ex-amine witness regarding this interview of last night, and it was brought out that the senator simply accepted Keepe's offer to show him the rooms at the Lierchants' cafe.

(Continued on page two.)

Notwithstanding the fact that delegates were on hand early the conven-tion was more than half an hour late in coming to order; but the Intervening time was utilized in holding cau-cuzes which it was hoped would facili-

tate the work of the convention. Held's band also enlivened the occasion with spirited strains of music, largely composed of patriotic national airs, which, as always, was much appreciated and elicited applause.

The attendance was exceptionally large and appeared to be thoroughly representative of all sections of the State. Nearly all the delegations were complete and there was necessity for recognition of but few proxies.

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.

During the whole of the day the congressional candidacies of Judge King and Mr. Dunbar was talked of to the extent that other subjects only received secondary consideration. The friends both men appeared to be confident success, but still were extremely active in soliciting support. Some there were who said they would cast their votes for either of the gentlemen named while others (a minority) favored a dark horse and frequently in that connection mentioned the name of Judge Henderson.

### TEMPORARY OFFICERS.

At 11:15 State Chairman James H. Moyle called the convention to order and announced the temporary officers of the meeting as follows: Chairman-Judge W. L. Maginnis,

Weber county. Vice Chairman-State Senator Mattie

Hughes Cannon, Salt Lake county. Secretary-Grant C. Bagley, Utah county

Assistant Secretary-H. M. Hayes, Sevier county. Sergeant-at-Arms-D, Lambert, Sum-

mit county.

JUDGE MAGINNIS.

Mr. Moyle introduced Judge Maginnis who made a short address in which he urged the convention to nominate a man who will be able to win and then to make it a matter of individual duty see that he was elected, 'When, in 1896," said Judge MaGinnis,

"Utah gave a majority of over 50,000 to that great man, William Jennings Bryan, conditions were the same as they are today, and it is the duty of the people to show to the nation that they were earnest in their expression at that

time The remarks of Judge Maginnis were well received and were given liberal expressions of appreciation.

Mr. Moyle moved the appointment of three-committees, one on platform and resolutions, one on permanent organiza-tion and order of business, and one on credentials. He urged that the com-mittees be composed of one member from each county for each committee, and that the county delgations select these committee members. There was considerable debate as to the number of members for the committee on plat-form and resolutions, but Mr. Moyle's motion finally prevailed and then the roll of counties was called for the naming of these committees as follows:

#### UPON CREDENTIALS.

Beaver-J. W. McFarland. Boxelder-D. C. Hubbard, Cache-William Edward, Carbon-A. S. Higham, Davis-Henry H. Blood. Emery-William Howard. Garfield-William H. Dale. Grand-A. A. Neff. Iron-L. W. Marston, Juab-D. O. Miner. Kane-Undrepresented. Millard-Josph E. Ray. Miniard-Josph E. Ray, Morgan-Joha Hopkins, Pinto-Joseph Nielson, iRch-LeRoy N. French, Sait Lake-E. A. Wilson, San Juan-J. R. Letcher, Sanpuete-M. F. Murray, Sevier-Joseph A. Smith.

An adjournment was taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon, Judge Maginnis announcing that all the committees would meet in the interim. The prospects were for a lively meeting this af-ternoon, with the introduction of some

(Continued on page two.)

## TRIED WITH DETECTIVES.

Plan of Ascertaining Methods in Election of Senator Clark.

Washington, March 1 .- When the Senate committee on elections resumed sessions today Representative Campbell who was on the stand yesterday, was cross-examined by Mr. Faulkner. He told of the organization of the movement for the investigation of Mr. Clark's election. He said the first meeting was held in Butte last March, those present being Mr. Hartman, Dr. Campbell, of Livingston, Marcus Daly, H. L. Myers, Speaker Stiff, Mr. Tuohy, Mr. Metts, Mr. Toole and Mr. Finland. A committee was then appointed with

Mr. Campbell as chairman to gather facts. "Mr. Daly said at that time that he would furnish any necessary means for the investigation," said the witness, "But that he would expect others to al-so make contributions."

He said there was no limit placed upon the amount to be expended ex-cept that Mr. Daly said:

"We have millions for defense, but not a cent for tribute."

Continuing, Mr. Campbell said that no sum had been deposited to his credit, and when he wanted money he went to Mr. Daly for it except on one occasion, when Miles Finland had given him a check of his own for \$1,000, and one for \$500 from Mr. Leggeit. Both these checks had, however, been retained. At this point Mr. Faulkner presented let-ters which Mr. Campbell had written to detectives whom he had employed in the case, first drawing from the witness the fact that detectives had been engaged in Montana, in Washington and in New York. In Montana they were engaged to work up evidence and in Washington and New York to keep an eye on witnesses believed to be un-faithful. Mr. Campbell identified several letters to detectives from himself, but they were not read.

Were your witnesses in Washington?" he was asked, "Instructed to visit dentists, surgeons, doctors, etc., who were connected with senators?"

"No sh, positively no," was the reply. "If such a course was pursued it was without my knowledge or consent. I never gave any such instructions and I now have no knowledge of such pro-ceedings. If I knew of such a course being pursued I would stop it immediate

"Did you instruct the detectives to ingratiate themselves into the good graces of Mr. Clark's friends?" was

"I did," was the reply. "I told them to get employment from them or to get into their good graces anyway they could."

### Vote on Financial Bill Tuesday.

Washington, March 1 .- A bill was passed at the opening of today's session of the Senate extending the time for the commencement of the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at Yankton, S. D., by the Dakota Southern rail/oad to March 3, 1901, and its completion to March 3, 1904.

At the conclusion of routine business it was decided to take a final vote on the conference report on the financial bill next Tuesday at 4 p. m. Mr. Hoar said he desired to briefly ad-

dress the Senate on the Quay case but would not interfere with the delivery of (Ga.) for today. Mr. Clay then ad-dressed the Senate on the Philippine question. He was one of the Demo-cratic senators who voted for the ratification of the treaty of peace. In his speech today he supported the Bacon resolution declaratory of this country's policy toward the Philippines.

JAM WAS GREAT.

Never before was there such a sale

of flags as today. Through this cheer-ing throng there was only one avenue open to traffic and this was utilized 'buses going from east to west the traffic in other directions was All stalled for hours. The only way to get past the Mansion House was by mount. ing the 'buses which soon began to resemble charlots in a triumphal pageant. Stock brokers, bankers, clerks and workingmen clambered on top and as the 'buses lumbered past the historic building, stood up waving flags, hats and handkerchiefs and calling for

cheers for Fuller and Roberts. A mighty shout answered them from the crowds through which they were passing. The procession became tinuous yet the crowd never tired of cheering every time the name of White, Buller or Roberts was mentioned, and off came hats and up went the little

flags. ENGLAND'S HONOR SAVED.

Grave old financiers waved and yelled as fractically and as often as the urhins who had clambered the Mansion House steps, that England's honor had been saved.

The strain that for 113 days had kept the nation in terrible anxiety, was re-

The lord mayor showed himself at a of which hung a huge window, out city imperial volunteer flag, and the crowd yelled itself hoarse. Staid magnates grabbed flaring posters from newsboys and brandished "Ladysmith relieved" to the roaring throng. All thought of business was forgotten. Nothing could be done on the stock exchange except sing "God Save the Queen" and cheer. Business at the Baltic (wheat market for cargoes) closed at 1 o'clock. No one wanted to trade on such a day as this.

HON. DAVID C. DUNBAR.

The afternoon newspapers voice the exultation of the nation. The Globe says:

The night is passed; since Havelock and Outram fought their way inch by inch through the crooked streets and alleys of Lucknow, no such thrill of citement has gone through the nation The empire has suffered and sorrowed much during the last few months, but the tidings of Tuesday and today have made it all seem like a gloomy night-mare, the shadow of a night that is passed. The credit for our success rests with Lord Roberts as fully as if he him-The | self had ridden into Ladysmith. The

