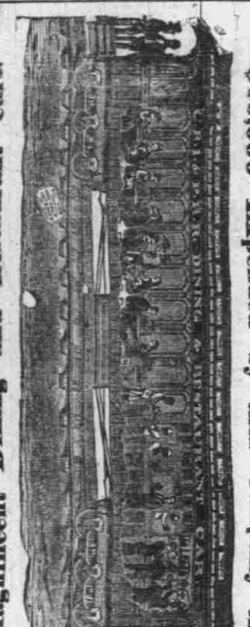
RAILROADS.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The best of HOTEL meals from all bill of fare is furnished for 25 cents. Thursday will be the day on which Pigeon pie for what you order.



$40,000 Expended by this Company in Magnificent Dining and Restaurant Cars.

These cars are run on the Great Overland Express Trains between Omaha and Chicago, and are the only ones of the kind in the United States.

E. ST. JOHN, Gen. Passenger Ag't. d214

A. KIMBALL, Gen. Supt.

U. P. R. R.

UNTIL further notice trains will leave and arrive at Ogden daily as follows:

LEAVE.

Daily Express	10:20 a.m.
Mixed	6:00 p.m.
Freight	8:30 a.m.

ARRIVE.

Daily Express	6:15 p.m.
Mixed	6:40 p.m.
Freight	8:15 p.m.

Daily connections made at Ogden with Central Pacific R. R. and with Utah Central road for Salt Lake City and all points in Southern Utah.

At Bryan with stages for Sweetwater mines.

At Cheyenne with Denver Pacific road for Denver, Central City, Georgetown and all points in Colorado and New Mexico.

At Omaha with Chicago and Northwestern, Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Burlington and Mo. River in Nebr., Kansas City, St. Joe and Council Bluffs railroads, and Missouri River line of steamers for all points East and South.

Tickets for sale to all points east at Banking House of McCornick & Co., Salt Lake City; also at Union Pacific Railroad Ticket Office in Ogden, at which office berths on sleeping cars can be secured.

THOS. L. KIMBALL, Gen'l Ticket Agent, Omaha.
H. H. CLARK, Gen'l Supt. d99

UTAH CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Pioneer Line of Utah.

On and After November 4th, 1878.

Name of Station.	No. 1 Passenger.	No. 3 Passenger.	Fare.
Trains leave			
Salt Lake	7 00	3 40	
*Wood's Cross	7 25	4 08	60
Centreville	7 33	4 16	75
Farmington	7 50	4 33	1 00
Kaysville	8 12	4 52	1 35
Arrive at			
Ogden	9 00	5 40	2 00

Name of Station.	No. 2 Passenger.	No. 4 Passenger.	Fare.
Trains leave			
Ogden	9 40	6 20	
Kaysville	10 31	7 10	1 00
Farmington	10 52	7 31	1 35
Centerville	11 04	7 44	1 60
*Wood's Cross	11 13	7 53	1 75
Arrive at			
Salt Lake	11 40	8 20	2 00

*Passing places.

MIXED TRAINS

WILL RUN DAILY,

(Sundays Excepted,)

Leaving Salt Lake City, at 8.40 a.m., arriving in Ogden at 11.50 a.m. Leaving Salt Lake at 5.05 p.m., arriving in Ogden at 8.30 p.m., leaving Ogden at 6.50 a.m., arriving in Salt Lake City at 10 a.m., leaving Ogden at 3.30 p.m., arriving in Salt Lake City at 45 p.m.

☞ For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to

JAMES SHARP, General Freight and Ticket Agent.
JOHN SHARP, Superintendent.

UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD

On and after Dec. 18th, 1876.

Going South.

Name of Station.	No. 1 Passenger.	No. 3 Freight.	No. 5 Freight.	Fare.
Trains leave	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
Salt Lake	7 00	8 10	2 00	
Little Cottonwood	7 28	8 45	2 28	50
Junction	7 45	7 15	2 55	75
Arrive at				
Sandy	7 53	7 25	3 15	1 00
Leave	and			
Sandy	8 03			
Draper	8 16			1 25
Lehi	9 08			1 75
American Fork	9 20			1 90
Pleasant Grove	9 32			2 03
Provo	10 15			2 50
Springville	10 59			2 70
Spanish Fork	10 51			3 50
Payson	11 20			3 50
Santaquin	11 43			4 00
Arrive at				
Terminus	12 00			4 00

Going North.

	No. 2 Passenger.	No. 4 Freight.	No. 6 Freight.	Fare.
Trains leave	P. m.	A. M.	P. M.	
Terminus	12 20			
Santaquin	12 57			25
Payson	1 17			50
Spanish Fork	1 49			1 00
Springville	2 08			1 25
Provo	2 28			1 50
Pleasant Grove	3 08			2 00
American Fork	3 20			2 10
Lehi	3 32			2 25
Draper	4 22			2 75
Arrive at				
Sandy	4 37			
Leave				
Sandy	4 47	9 12	5 00	3 00
Junction	4 51	9 25	5 10	3 25
Little Cottonwood	5 11	9 45	5 40	3 50
Arrive at				
Salt Lake	5 40	10 20	6 15	4 00

Nos. 1 and 2 will be run daily.
Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6 will be run daily, Sundays excepted.

☞ For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to

JAMES SHARP, General Freight and Ticket Agent.
JOHN SHARP, General Superintendent.

MUST BE SOLD

10,000 TREES, consisting of Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Apricot, Cherry, Siberian Crab, Raspberry, Gooseberry and Currants. Horse Chestnut, Laburnum, Lilac and Honeysuckle Roses in great variety. English Walnuts, and Shade Trees. Garden and Greenhouse plants.

THOMAS FENTON & SONS. Corner of 4th West and 4th South Streets
d a s 1m wtf

NEW LAW ON LAND!

ALL parties wishing to enter land under the new homestead law or to do any business connected with the Land Office, are requested to call on CHAS. W. STAYNER, at his office between the Salt Lake Herald and Squire's barber shop as he attends to the securing of Pre-emptions, Homesteads, Desert Land and all other land claims in Utah.

MR. STAYNER'S office will be pointed out to visitors by calling at the General Tithing store, or the DESERET NEWS Office; and parties will find it to their advantage to see him and get information before going to the Land office or elsewhere.

FOR SALE.

FARMING LOTS IN GLENDALE PARK. During the next sixty days at very low figures and on terms that will enable men of limited means to secure homes. Will give purchasers four years time if desired. Payable monthly in four equal installments This tract of land is situated one and a half miles from the Post Office, has been divided into lots of five acres, and blocks of forty acres each. The following persons have already purchased and are building, improving and cultivating. Wm. Husbands, S. Mortensen, H. B. Botsford, Louis Marler, Carl Frederickson, Joshua Harris, Samuel S. Tucker John W. Hill, W. Cottler, Cyrus Good, W. Husbands, Jr. and C. P. Smith With these improvements and the active demand for land adjoining the city, it is rapidly increasing in value, and will only be offered at present prices and terms during the next sixty days.

For further information call on
ELI B. KELSEY & SON,
Real Estate Agents.
d88 1m

TRUSTEES' SALE.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that, whereas Thomas Cakey, by his certain deed of trust, made and executed by him on the 3d day of June, 1876, and duly recorded in the recorder's office of the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, in Mortgage Book "F," on pages 821, 822, 823 and 824, did grant, bargain, sell, convey and confirm unto John A. Groesbeck and William S. Groesbeck, who were the parties of the second part in said deed certain property described in said deed as follows, to wit: The southwest corner of lot 4) four, in block thirty-five, being five rods fronting south by six rods north of the southwest corner of said lot, as plotted in plot B, Salt Lake City Survey, said lot being in the Ninth Ward; Also all the building or workshop situated on the north half of lot one, in block forty-two, plot "A" of Salt Lake City Survey; together with all the machinery, tools and implements in the said building or connected therewith, consisting in part of one steam engine and boiler, one clipper planer and matcher, one large saw, one small saw, one trimming machine, one sash machine, one cross-cut saw, one stove, two desks and all shafting and gearing in or pertaining to the said workshop, also one horse, harness and wagon, all of said property situate in Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah. The said deed of trust was made to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in writing, and conditioned to become void on the payment of said note according to the tenor and effect thereof. said note is in the words and figures following, to wit:

$1,725 Salt Lake City, May 9th, 1876.

On or before eighteen months after date for value received, I promise to pay Nicholas Groesbeck or order the just and full sum of seventeen hundred and twenty-five dollars lawful money of the United States, payable without defalcation or discount, with interest at the rate of one and a half per cent. per month, from date until paid, both before and after judgment or decree, said interest payable monthly

(Signed) THOMAS OAKEY.

And whereas said sum of money mentioned in said note together with interest thereon from the first day of February, 1877, by virtue of the terms of said deed of trust, and promissory note is now due and still unpaid; and, whereas the said Nicholas Groesbeck being the party of the third part in said deed of trust. Now, therefore, we the said John A. Groesbeck and William S. Groesbeck, trustees as aforesaid, at the request of the said Nicholas Groesbeck, pay-e, owner and holder of said note by virtue of the power and authority given us in said deed of trust, and in accordance with the provisions of said deed will, on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1879, at the hour of 12 o'clock, m. of that day, at the south door of the Salt Lake County Court House, in Salt Lake City and County, Utah Territory, proceed to sell and sell the above described real estate and property at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand in order to pay said note and interest and costs of this trust, or so much thereof as it may pay, and upon such sale being made, being thereunto duly authorized by said deed, we shall make, execute and deliver to the purchaser of said property a good and sufficient deed, conveying all the interest which the said Thomas Oakey had in and to the aforesaid real estate and property, on the third day of June, 1876 and which we have or hold therein as trustees and parties of the second part to said deed of trust.

JOHN A. GROESBECK,
WILLIAM S. GROESBECK,
Trustees as aforesaid.

E. D. HOGE, Attorney. d98

THE OLD RELIABLE

FORT WAYNE AND PENNSYLVANIA R'R LINE

Continuous all-rail Route!
No Change of Cars!
One Road, one Management!

FROM CHICAGO TO

Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, & New York.

GREAT SHORT LINE TO BOSTON

Via New York City.

Reaches all Points in Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS

ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

MAGNIFICENT CARS

Equipped with the celebrated Westinghouse air brakes and Janney's New Patent Safety Platform and Coupler.

ELEGANT EATING HOUSES

With Ample Time for Meals.

3 Express Trains Leave Chicago as Follows:-

8.30 a: m: Special Fast Express Except Sunday.

With the popular vestibule sleeping car.

Reaches Pittsburgh 3.30 a m; Harrisburg 11.45 a m; Philadelphia 4.00 p m; New York 6.45 p m; Boston 6.15 a m; Baltimore 6.30 p m; Washington 9.00 p m next day.

5:15 p: m: Atlantic express, DAILY.

With Drawing Room and Hotel Car.

Reaches Pittsburgh 12.15 p m; Harrisburg 10.55 p m; Philadelphia 3.55 a m; New York 6.45 a m; special Philadelphia sleeping car on this train, which remains in depot until 7.30 a m, affording Philadelphia passengers a full night's rest.

9:10 p: m: Night Express EXCEPT SATURDAY,

With Drawing Room Sleeping Car,

Reaches Pittsburg 7.30 p m; Harrisburg 3.50 a m; Baltimore 7.45 a m; Washington 9.05 a m; Philadelphia 5.00 a m; New York 10.35 a m; Boston 8.40 p m. Through Baltimore and Washington sleeping car on this train.

FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS ANY OTHER LINE.

Through Tickets for sale at all Principal points in the west. Ask for them via the FORT WAYNE and PENNSYLVANIA LINE.

W. R. HYNDS,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.
CHICAGO.

EVENING NEWS.

Saturday, . . April 5, 1879.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

EXTRA SESSION.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 4.—General debate was resumed earlier than usual today.

Singleton and Weaver made speeches, the latter's was of some length. It was warmly applauded by both democrats and republicans. He declared the Chicago election was a triumph for the national greenback party. He wanted no soldiers at the polls, nor any other armed men. The national greenback party do not want any marshals at the elections, unless the history of elections, after experiments have been made, should prove that the country could not get along without them. But he had not the least doubt of the constitutional power of the government to protect citizens at the polls. It was only a question of policy and necessity as to the supervisors. That feature ought to be retained in law with the modification that they should be chosen, not from the two parties having Congressional tickets in the field. That would give the greenback party a chance (laughter). His party also opposed the concentration of so much power in the hands of the appropriating committee. He wanted to say to both the old parties, or he might say to the factions represented here to-day, that the greenback party said to them that they could not make this sectional issue for 1880 or 1879. There was another Richmond in the field. He would have them understand that the recent election in Chicago was a decided national greenback triumph. He warned the House that unless it passed measures for relief of the people, very few of the people, very few of the gentlemen who now occupy seats on the floors will ever see the chamber again.

De La Matyr expressed his intention to vote for the bill as it stood. He thought the House had better show some desire to relieve the people instead of giving themselves wholly to a wrangle over the firing on Sumter, the returning to slavery of Burns, the fiasco of John Brown, and general criminations and recriminations.

Jones, of Texas, opposed the placing of political legislation on the appropriation bills.

Wright condemned the reopening of the dead issues of the war and predicted a defeat in 1880 for the party that raises them.

Hawley denounced a course which would cause the service of the country's officers to be revolutionary. He discussed the situation when the President should have vetoed the bill, and said the expressed determination of the democrats to force the approval or cut off the supplies was a desperate scheme, which would not meet the approval of the country. The minority was calmly informed it must vote for what was wrong or the government would be starved. (Loud applause.) You think because we love this child we will yield everything to you lest you strike it. You know we love the country, and you know, thank God, what we have done for it (loud applause), and yet you tell me that unless I vote against he dictates of my own conscience, the departments shall go penniless. Do you think I will do it. In obedience to what conspiracy do you come here to try it? (Renewed applause.) Your action looks like a determined attempt, not to carry the country in a political campaign in 1880, but to take possession of a large portion of the south. It looks hopeful to you that you have come into power at the same time with that of the "rag tag and bobtail" of all the financial elements. Greenbackism has about got a foothold. He warned the southern members against the northern brethren, who promised much but cannot deliver their goods. They were men who, while the south stood manfully for its creed, climed trees and went to Canada to avoid draught. He warned them against futile and dangerous greenback schemes and affiliations. If, in the past, the republican party has done anything wrong, it has been from zeal, which I hope God will pardon, for the liberty, freedom, justice and a free ballot. (Loud Applause.)

Garfield, answering Hawley's question, said he would vote for a repeal of the clauses of the election laws as a separate measure, but not in this way.

Tucker thought that very narrow ground to stand on. He believed he was right in the fierce struggle of four sad years, and would take the same course if called on to do so, but now he had come back in the Union with an honest purpose to make the Union glorious among the nations of the earth and make the government a success in liberty, prosperity and independence. The past was dead and buried. The Constitution was our only hope. He belived the government of the United States the best system ever devised, but he would put the power of the government at its minimum and the liberty of the people at its maximum, consistent with the safety of society. He would have law on the judgment seat wearing a civic crown and ermine and gently and with unmailed hand, leading forth liberty as wedded life. He would have the army and navy to be willing servitors of liberty to expel, on her call, all invaders upon her sacred precincts or to put down the despotism of the licentious. If his aspirations and hopes, his dreams and visions could be realized, feeling as he did, that the "sere and yellow leaf" was approaching, that the evening of his life was coming to its close, he might then, with humble reverence, repeat the prayer, "Now, O Lord, lettest thou thy servant depart in peace," for mine eyes hath seen the salvation of my country's liberty and seen restored the grand and noble system of the Constitution of our forefathers. During the course of his speech Tucker was frequently interrupted with applause and at its conclusion was warmly congratulated.

At this point the general debate closed and the bill was considered under the five minute rule.

Garfield said that during the last four days, fifteen or twenty demolitions of his argument of last Saturday had been made in the presence of the House and of the country. All of them, save one, had alleged that he alleged it to be revolutionary to place this legislation on an appropriation bill. If they had any particular pleasure in setting up a man of straw to knock him down again, they had enjoyed that pleasure. They had never claimed that it was either revolutionary or unconstitutional to put a rider on an appropriation bill, No man on the republican side had claimed that. The most that had been said was that it was considered a bad parliamentary practice. All parties in the country had repeatedly said that. The gentleman from Kentucky (Blackburn) had thought that he was especially severe in showing that he (Garfield) had insisted on the passage of a conference report in 1872, in an appropriation bill that had a rider to it, and had said that it was revolutionary in the democratic party to resist it. What he (Garfield) had said on that occasion and what he said now, was that it was revolutionary in the gentleman's party to refuse to let the appropriation bill be voted on for four days. The gentlemen on that side had said that the House should not vote on the appropriation bill because there was a rider on it. He had tried to prevent that rider being put on, but when the minority insisted that the House should never act upon it, he had said that that was an unparliamentary objection. The republicans did not filibuster to prevent a vote on the pending measure. The majority had a right, however indecent it might be as a matter of parliamentary practice, to put a rider on an appropriation bill and pass it. When the bill was sent to the Senate, that body had a perfect right to pass it, and when it went to the President, it was the President's constitutional right to approve and sign it. If the President signed it, it would be law; if otherwise, a two-thirds majority of the House and Senate must pass it. The question of a veto had been raised in the last session and threats made by the democrats of cutting off the supplies. He (Garfield) had not threatened a veto. That would be indecent to do, but the democracy had proclaimed: "Sign this bill, or we will starve you to death." Tucker had threatened that the army might be annihilated by withholding the supplies to redress a grievance, the grievance being that a law properly framed by representatives of the people and in every way constitutional, could not be got rid of in ordinary and constitutional way. The republicans would debate in the forum of every man's mind whether the army must be annihilated because the President would not, against his conscience, sign a bill sent to him by Congress. If the return of the democratic party to its birthright is to be signalized in its first great act by striking down the grand army of the United States, the people of this country will not be slow to understand that there are reminiscences about that army which these gentlemen would willingly get rid of. (Loud applause on the republican side and in the galleries.) Garfield expressed his willingness to help the democrats wipe from the statute book the law authorizing the use of the army at the polls. A bill for that purpose should be introduced in the regular manner.

New offered an amendment providing that nothing in that section shall be construed as abridging or afflicting the duty or power of the President under the Constitution to send troops on the application of a legislature or the executive officer.

Baker, of Indiana, offered an amendment making it unlawful for anyone to have on his person firearms, bowie knives or clubs or bludgeons in the vicinity of a place where an election is being held.

The chairman, in ruling out Baker's amendment as not germain to any army bill, encountered a good share of the opposition from Conger, against whom he threatened to call in the sergeant-at-arms, to which Conger replied with defiance. Finally, however, the angry passions subsided, the committee rose and the House, after the ordering of all debate on the bill and amendments to close at 12.30 o'clock to-morrow, took a recess till 11 to-morrow.

EASTERN.

The Wallace Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, 4.—Geo. C. Gorham was recalled and furnished the statement heretofore called for, from which it appears that 732 circulars were sent to employees in the departments, 435 of which were not responded to, 25 were returned, and 272 resulted in subscriptions amounting to $3,247. He had found cases where circulars were sent to persons receiving salaries of less than $1,000 and he wished to correct his previous statement on that point.

John G. Thompson was called by the republican members of the committee and detailed his connection with the democratic congressional committee in 1878. No money was collected from the employes of the House of Representatives. The witness devoted most of his time during the summer of 1878 to conducting the campaign, but came to Washington on the first day of every month to see to the disbursement of members' salaries and did not neglect his official duties.

Duncan S. Walker, secretary of the democratic congressional committee in 1878, testified that the headquarters of the committee for a portion of the campaign were in the room of the House committee on agriculture. The amount collected by the committee was $4,695; the number of documents sent out was 1,031,700. The documents were nearly all folded in the room of the House committees on post roads and printing. Large numbers of documents were sent out by the committee under the frank of members, but nothing was privileged. Postage was paid on all documents not frankable. Witness read a statement showing that the expenses of the folding room for 1878 were only $28,598, as against larger sums, ranging up to as high as $109,000, during the last ten years.

Four Per Cent Consols.

The following was issued this afternoon:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C.,
April 4th, 1879.

Subscriptions to 4 per cent. consols, having been received to the full amount of the 5-20 bonds outstanding, the circular of this department of date Jan. 1st, 1879, inviting such subscriptions, is rescinded. The $10 refunding certificates will be sold as heretofore under circulars of dates March 12th and 26th. The 4 per cent. consols will heretofore be sold for the redemption of 10-40 bonds of the act of March 3rd, 1864, upon terms to be hereafter presented.

JOHN SHERMAN,
Secretary.

An Attempt to Bribe a Jury.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., 4.—A Deadwood dispatch says: The jury in the case involving the titles of the Rose and Rhoderick Dhu quartz mines, a very valuable property, entered the court last evening and the foreman reported that attempts had been made to bribe the jury by one of their number, Henry Robinson. Robinson, on examination, stated in open court, that Nicholas Vader had offered him large sums of money to influence the jury in favor of the Rhoderick Dhu and said that Vader represented himself as being in the employ of Daniel Boyle, one of the owners of the Dhu, who could afford to put up for a favorable verdict.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Silver Question.

LONDON, 4.—A deputation of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce on the silver question was received to-day by the Chancellor of the Exchequer and Lord Cranbrook, Secretary of State for India. The deputation, through its chairman, said that its object was to direct attention to the serious depreciation of silver and its damaging consequences to trade.

Sir Stafford Northcote said the question was very important and very complicated; that any change in the laws affecting the currency of the country must be considered with extreme care; that it cannot be undertaken without a knowledge of what the views of other countries are likely to be regarding it; that the question already had been and was still being very carefully considered by the government, both with reference to the relations between England and India, and in its more general aspects. He could not say more at the present stage of the matter, except to assure the deputation that their views would certainly be taken into the consideration which government was giving the whole subject.

Cettewayo Desires Peace—The Zulu Army Disperse to their Homes.

A special to the London *Gazette* has been issued, containing a dispatch from Lord Chelmsford, enclosing a report, dated March 1st, from the border agent at Umvoti, to the effect that messengers from King Cettewayo had arrived there. Cettewayo asks the missionary bishop to explain that he did not desire war, and was sending the persons whose surrender had been demanded by the British, to be delivered to the General at Rooke's Drift, when his messengers and picquets had been fired upon and a battle unpremeditately occurred. The Zulu general who permitted the battle to occur, is now in disgrace. Cettewayo now asks a resumption of negotiations, with a view to a permanent settlement of all contested questions. The messengers, in reply to a question, stated that the Zulu army had dispersed to their homes. The above confirms the reports which were current at Cape Town, on March 11th, that Cettewayo had made overtures for peace, which reports were discredited at the time. The overtures do not seem to have caused a more peaceful feeling.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK
SALT LAKE CITY.

Paid up Capital, - - - $200,000
Surplus, - - - - - - - $50,000

WM. H. HOOPER, President,
H. S. ELDREDGE, Vice-Prest.,
WM. JENNINGS
FERAMORZ LITTLE
JOHN SHARP
GEO. Q. CANNON,
L. S. HILLS, Cashier. } Directors.

Receives Deposits Payable on Demand.

Buy and sells exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London, and principal continental cities.

Receives subscriptions to the 4 per cent. funded loan of the U. S.

☞ Makes Collections, Remitting Proceeds Promptly.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Salt Lake City Railroad Company will be held at the office of President John Taylor, Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, at 2 o'clock p. m. on Saturday, April 19th, 1879, for the election of officers for the ensuing year.

R. R. ANDERSON,
Secretary.

Salt Lake City, March 29.h, 1879. dtf

SHADE TREES FOR SALE CHEAP.

Walnut, 1½ in, 25 cents, 2 in. 50 cents.
Locust, 2 in., 25 cents, 3 in. 50 cents, 4 in, $1.00.
Special rates can be made in buying large quantities.
Apply to N. A. Empey, Z. C. M. I., or JOHN LEFLER, Mill Farm.
d 79 dawtf

WANTED.

A PARTNER, with a capital of $6,000, who is capable of taking the charge and oversight of the books and financial arrangements of a good paying business, now firmly established in this city. For special information, apply by letter to ENQUIRER, Post Office box, 1139, Salt Lake City. d91 s&wtf

NOTICE.

I Will take Stock to herd for the summer season. Terms reasonable. Herd leaves East Mill Creek about the 10th of April. Apply to L. Blythe at above named place or 13th Ward, Salt Lake City. csw

J. McKNIGHT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Special attention to General and Local Land Office business, the soliciting Soldier's Claims for Bounty, Pension and other demands against the Government.

OFFICE—Below U. S. Land Office, 2d door above the Walker House. d 88 & w

MAN'S MISSION ON EARTH.—A thorough medical treatise, Indicating how confirmed disabilities may be removed. The experience of 20 years study, observation, and professional practice, showing theagencies that will insure restored manhood, strengthen vitality, and sound conditions of health, that have been impaired by overtaxed powers. A statement of objections to marriage and of the means by which they can be removed. By mail, 25c., currency or postage stamps. Address Secretary Museum Anatomy and Science, 1,146 Broadway, N.Y.

CHEAP DISINFECTANT!

MR. F. A. PASCOE will supply fine screened Quick Lime, suitable for disinfecting cesspools, and neutralising all decaying organic substances for TWO DOLLARS PER TON, in large or small quantities, at his Pioneer Perpetual Lime Kilns, First North of Warm Springs, Salt Lake City.

☞ N.B.—Building and Plastering Lime of Best Quality always on hand.

dtf F. A. PASCOE.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

A marked decline in prices at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing tobacco and cigars, and the highest honor conferred on manufacturer of smoking and chewing. The best tobacco ever produced. All the trade-mark is given on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for circular to C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

IMMENSE ATTRACTION!

—AT—

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

SPRING GOODS ARRIVED,

And more coming daily, such that are very attractive, our

English Walking Jackets, $2.75 EACH.

A large line of solid colored

DRESS GOODS!

Browns, Blues, Blacks, &c., 27 inches wide at 10c. per yard.

Black and Colored

SILKS,

Of our own importation at prices to suit the closest buyers.

A choice variety of

EMBROIDERIES

—AND—

TORCHON LACES

AT LOWEST FIGURES,

And all other goods consisting of Black and Colored Cashmeres, Poplins, all wool Scotch Plaids, Black and Colored Alpacas, Bieges, and other

DRESS GOODS

Of latest importations and designs at prices to satisfy all.

We will give the Ladies a chance to inspect the leading

SPRING FASHIONS of 1879,

Our MR. FRED. AUERBACH who is now in New York will endeavor to ship to this Market the

CHOICEST OF GOODS

To be sold at the *lowest* New York retail prices.

Received new lines

RUCHING,

In White Black and Gilt Edged.

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Discovered thirty-five years ago by Prof. Lyon, of Yale, is the most perfect preparation in the world for preserving and beautifying the hair.

Besides being the best hair dressing ever produced, Lyon's Kathairon will positively prevent grayness, and will restore new hair to bald heads, if the roots and follicles are not destroyed.

It actually performs these seeming miracles, of which the following is

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I had been entirely bald for several years, constitutional, I suppose. I used a few bottles of Kathairon, and, to my great surprise, I have a thick growth of young hair.

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In every important respect the Kathairon is absolutely incomparable. It is unequaled.

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Frames of all kinds Made to Order Very Cheap.

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Using large quantities ourselves, and dealing directly with the Manufacturers in Car Load lots, we intend keeping a Large Stock on hand, of the various sizes, for the Public to select from at Very Low Rates.

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Has opened a new depot for the sale and delivery of the celebrated

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At the City Meat Market, West Temple St., where he will be pleased to see old and new friends and customers. His prices will be: A ton delivered, $8 75. A ton at his new depot, $8 :5. (Part in good Storepay.)

GRAIN, BALED HAY AND KINDLING WOOD

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