

When the registrar's office shall get into working order it will embrace a corps of sixteen employees. Of these a number have already been named by Registrar Chase. Deputy Recorder Nelson will be ex-officio chief deputy registrar. Ex-County Judge Frank Scales, Attorneys William H. Holden and Theodore Seeldon constitute the board of examiners. General George W. Smith and Francis B. Peabody will furnish the legal advice for the office. Yesterday the registrar appointed John Moffatt application clerk, Owen O'Malley judgment clerk, and Clark Rolfe tract alphabetical index clerk. He has yet to name one vault clerk, one assistant judgment clerk, one tract index clerk, one tax and special assessment clerk, two claim of title clerks, one publication clerk, one inspector of premises and one cashier. The salary list exclusive of the registrar aggregate \$31,750. At present Registrar Chase is using his private rooms on the first floor of the county building for his examiners, the application clerk is quartered at the cashier's desk and the other clerks at various desks in the recorder's office. The county board has decided to have the superintendent of public instruction move over into the criminal court building, and in a short time the registrar's office will occupy permanent quarters on the third floor.

Judge Gibbons refused to issue an injunction to restrain the county recorder from putting the Torrens land law into operation. The bill was filed last week by M. J. Steffens. It was arranged that this morning a formal order, agreed upon by the attorneys on both sides, will be presented to the court. This order will deny the injunction asked for and an appeal will be taken to the Supreme court.

MAYOR GLENDINNING'S MESSAGE.

Mayor Glendinning submitted his first annual message to the City Council last evening, Jan. 28. In it he says: Gentlemen:—I transmit herewith the reports of the heads of departments for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1895. The reports of the city auditor exhibit the financial condition of all the departments in brief, but the head of each department presents in detail much of importance and interest, which is not elsewhere in evidence.

The following is the treasurer's statement showing receipts and disbursements during 1895, and the treasury balance at the beginning of the present year:

Balance on hand January 1, 1895.....	\$221,697 01
Received from all sources.....	443,458 59
Total.....	\$665,156 60
Deduct disbursements for 1895.....	608,561 25
Balance on hand December 31, 1895.....	\$56,595 35
The bonded indebtedness of Salt Lake City is \$2,548,000, carrying interest at 5 per cent per annum and payable as follows:	
Issue of September, 1888, 500 bonds of \$1,000 each, 10-20 years.....	\$ 500,000
Issue of January, 1891, 500 bonds of \$1,000 each, 10-20 years.....	500,000
Issue of July, 1891, 200 bonds of \$1,000 each, 10-20 years.....	200,000
Issue of July, 1892, 548 bonds of \$1,000 each, 10-20 years.....	548,050
Issue of May, 1894, 800 bonds of \$1,000 each, 20 years.....	800,000
2,548 bonds of \$1,000 each.....	\$2,548,000

At the expiration of ten years on the ten-twenty year bonds there must be set apart as a sinking fund ten per cent of each issue. The city can redeem any or all of these issues after the expiration of ten years, interest and principal payable in lawful money of the United States. On the twenty-year bonds a sinking fund is provided as above, but the bonds run for the full twenty years, and the interest and principal are payable in gold.

The estimated receipts and expenditures of the city for the year 1896, based upon the reports of the several departments as at present organized, are as follows:

Liquor license.....	\$75,000 00
Merchants' license.....	20,000 00
Miscellaneous license.....	20,000 00—\$115,000 00
City tax, 1895 (amount paid to treasurer January 2, 1896).....	75,000 00
Water rates, 1895-96 assessment.....	\$10,000 00
Water rates, 1896-97 assessment.....	40,000 00—50,000 00
City tax, 1895 (balance due).....	40,000 00
Receipts from police court.....	8,000 00
City Railway company, note due April 17, 1896.....	10,000 00
Cemetery.....	6,000 00
Tax sales (redemptions).....	5,000 00
Poll tax.....	3,000 00
Dog tax.....	2,000 00
Rent.....	1,500 00
Interest (redemptions tax sales).....	1,500 00
Engineering department (fees).....	1,000 00
Miscellaneous.....	5,000 00
Special taxes during 1895 (work completed).....	7,666 07
Balance, cash on hand January 1, 1896.....	56,684 35

Total estimated receipts for 1896.....\$387,320 42

Interest—	
1894, May bonds.....	\$ 40,000 00
1892, July bonds.....	27,400 00
1891, January bonds.....	25,000 00
1888, September bonds.....	25,000 00
1891, July bonds.....	10,000 00—\$127,400 00

Gravity sewer (to complete, including final estimate).....	35,000 00
Culmer-Jennings Paving company, due January 31, 1896.....	7,472 10
Pacific Paving Company of Utah, due January 1, 1896.....	4,205 71
Pacific Paving Company of Utah, due December 14, 1895.....	2,296 24
Pacific Paving Company of Utah, due January 1, 1896.....	2,085 15
Culmer-Jennings Paving company, due January 31, 1896.....	1,273 68
Utah Asphalt company, due June 20, 1895.....	766 05—18,095 93
Street lighting.....	20,000 00
Street sprinkling.....	20,000 00
Removing catch basins.....	5,000 00

Total disbursements, not including running expenses of departments.....\$225,498 93

	Per Month.	Per Year.
Salary, official roll.....	\$4,046 00	\$ 48,552 00
Salary, Council roll.....	637 50	7,650 00
Police department.....	4,000 00	48,000 00
Fire department.....	2,500 00	30,000 00
Waterworks and extension tax.....	2,000 00	24,000 00
Engineering and sewer extension tax.....	1,500 00	18,000 00
Street department.....	1,000 00	12,000 00
Watermaster's department.....	1,000 00	12,000 00
Health department.....	1,000 00	12,000 00
Cemetery.....	500 00	6,000 00
Oratory.....	500 00	6,000 00
Joint building expense.....	500 00	6,000 00
Prison department.....	500 00	6,000 00
Office and general expenses.....	400 00	4,800 00
Liberty park.....	300 00	3,600 00
Printing and advertising.....	200 00	2,400 00
Hospital.....	117 50	1,410 00
Incidentals.....	2,300 00	27,600 00
Total.....	\$23,000 00	\$276,000 00

Briefly, the above shows: Receipts, all sources.....\$387,320 42

General disbursements.....	\$225,498 93
Salaries and department expenses.....	276,000 00
	501,498 93
Apparent deficiency.....	\$114,178 51

It is therefore evident that the present administration is called upon to deal with a complicated and difficult financial problem, the solution of which demands most careful thought and judgment, and the harmonious action of all officials of this administration.

Expenses of every nature should be reduced where such reduction can be made without destroying the efficiency of the service.

For a considerable time past I have carefully studied this problem, and in presenting herewith some suggestions, as to reorganizations and changes, which, to me, appear both feasible and necessary, I trust they may have your careful consideration and approbation.

The completion of the joint city and county building has relieved the city from a great expense, and has afforded additional convenience and centralization of the public business.

The conclusion of work upon the gravity sewer has also removed an incubus from the taxpayers and will doubtless greatly improve the sanitary aspects of our city, besides simplifying the work of several departments.

The Mayor recommends the abolishment of the board of public works and their duties to be performed by a board of five heads of departments, as follows: The city engineer, the superintendent of waterworks, the superintendent of streets and parks, the city electrician, and the superintendent of sanitation, with the Mayor as chairman.

The present organization of departments is as follows:

There are employed to do the city's business five department chiefs and three boards, viz: Public works, fire and police, and health; employing the number of men and paying for salaries alone, according to the enumeration, in the following table:

	Paid per annum
One chief of police.....	\$ 2,400
One chief of fire department.....	2,100
One city engineer.....	2,500
One superintendent of waterworks.....	1,800
One watermaster.....	1,500
One street supervisor.....	1,500
One city sexton.....	1,200
Five members board of public works.....	2,300
Four members police and fire commission.....	400
Three members board of health.....	1,600
One city engineer's clerk.....	930
One watermaster and street department clerk.....	1,440
One fire department clerk.....	1,080
One waterworks department clerk.....	1,080
One board of public works clerk.....	720
One fire and police board clerk.....	600
One board of health clerk.....	900

Total, twenty-six employees; total salaries.....\$24,350

One board of five competent men and four good clerks could do all the work now done by the twenty-six men, and at a cost not to exceed to following:

Five heads of departments.....	\$10,000
One chief clerk.....	1,200
One clerk.....	1,000
Two clerks, \$800 each.....	1,600

Nine employees, total salaries.....\$13,800

Making a saving for supervision alone of \$10,520

By reductions in the working forces maintained by the various departments of public work for both outside