The Tariff Debate.

DESERET NEWS BUREAU,
513 St., N. E.,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 25.—We are now well along in the second week of tariff discussion; and sufficient progress has been made in the way of developing the love and characteristics of the different parties in Congress to give a foretast of the outcome.

Tariff debate had three weeks assigned to it in the House. The first week was devoted to general discussion, the speeches being from an hour to two hours and a half in duration, and the ablest debaters being put forward by each party for the discussion of general principles. The second and third weeks are devoted to the discussion of amendments under the five minute rule; and under this arrangement many speakers have their time enlarged so as to occupy from ten to twenty minutes each; and many more can make speeches quite frequently, as there is no real limit to the amendments that may be offered to any section or clause; for the smallest change in rate, time, quantity, quality or degree makes a new amendment of one already offered. The temper and attitude of the Republicans in the House are the most early and quickly apparent. They know that they are greatly outnumbered and that defeat is inevitable from the superior of the numerical superiority of the opposition; but they are fighters all the way back, and they are well trained in the tactics of parliamentary warfare, and they love the noise and smoke of conflict. So they work in as though victory perched upon their banners. In debate they are resolute and unflinching; they have the courage of their convictions, and they never show a cowardly side in answering them. They show an almost perfect discipline, whether for the advocacy of their principles or for purposes of obstruction and entertainment. They have learned to rely upon Tom Reed as a thoroughly capable and fearless leader; and they are always willing to be guided by his word of command or suggestion. They have learned to have all matters of parliamentary procedure to Reed; for it is a laborious and intricate task to carry a comprehension of every act of procedure in the light of all the precedents since our remotest beginnings in it. When Republican measures are long at their doors, whether in reading or writing, and a rolling vote and revolt are taken for it they are fond of to vote, they greatly rise. When they are paying attention to the proceedings, and Reed says, "All aye" they all rise. When roll-call is demanded they act under his orders with solid precision and unanimity. (It makes it a more matter outside of regular party program, in which case they act independently.)

In the tariff contest the Republicans are of one mind, and their harmony of purpose and action is very apparent. They believe in protection theoretically and practically; and in the light they can to see what they can of it; next to our cotton and drain the opposition as much as they can. They feel that their sword is double edged. What they get from the Democrats in the way of protection is a good thing in itself for their constituents; and what they don't get is a good club to fight Democrats with in the coming elections. Republicans believe that free trade put on the country now will reverse the verdict of '92, and so they are cheerful and wary, soldierly and unflinching.

The Democrats have numbers, but they lack unity and organization, if such things are valuable in matters of legislation, which is doubtful. The great party of the Democrats in Congress believe in free trade, and is with all somewhat disciplined; that they support the Wilson bill, which embodies moderate protection for all manufacturing industries, while it puts most so-called raw materials on the free list. They know this to be the policy of the administration; and while many of them kick out at the traces in their speeches and individual declarations, they will all support the bill on the final vote. Democrats feel that the country has passed upon the tariff question in succession with the political anti-protection plank of the Chicago platform. They feel that protection is doomed, but that it is better under the circumstances to let it down as gradually and as easily as possible. They know that the real about last fall's elections in Massachusetts, New York, Ohio and Iowa; but they fortify their confidence with the hope that a speedy and more drastic revision of the tariff will inaugurate a better state of things in the country; and that even before next fall elections business will have revived to a degree that will give a boom to their policy as the beginning of a real and permanent prosperity. There can be no reasonable doubt that majority of the Democrats are bound to make a great change in the tariff, they are urged by every day's practitioner.

The general debate of last week, as contrasted with the general discussion of 1888, when half a dozen of the ablest side participated, must be regarded as rather tame and feeble. Five years ago there was unbounded enthusiasm. It was a contest as to theories in which the imagination played a leading part. Now that the ways and means of '93 has culminated in the McKinley bill, and what seemed like a verdict of the people has been passed upon it, the buoyancy of imagination is lacking, and the subtle arguments have a pointless and dull edge and hammering on what members think is emphasis as a fact of a principle. Farther more the materials for making speeches have grown so voluminous in five years that members are apt to roll a great deal without weaving out their deductions from their own well digested and assimilated thought. The general debate commenced with Wilson of West Virginia, the chairman of the committee on ways and means. He is able, methodical and scholarly thinker. In his argument he tries to rise any true ground for the principles of protection; and in determining the conditions and postulates of commerce, he recognizes only those which simplify and complicate an unobstructed trade between nations. He seems his consistency in presenting a moderately protective tariff as a free trade platform by saying that he does it in consideration of the investments of labor and capital already made that they must be gradually weaned from the support that violent legislation and false theories have given them. He believes that those industries which are germane to our climate and soil resources will live and flourish without extreme or legislative support, and that those which will not do so ought not to be encouraged. His theory is that in the carrying on of trade between nations there are regulative influences in the nature of things in general, and in the commercial disparities and resemblance of mankind; and that the intelligence of our people and the multifarious of our resources give us greatly superior advantages over other nations, and that a commercial system based on legislation must have internal weaknesses and vicious tendencies in spite time and oppression; that only in alliance with natural law and the permanent traits and tendencies of mankind can commerce and trade between nations be successful and prosperous.

The first recognized on the Republican side was Mr. Burrows of Michigan. The strength of his position does not lie in theorizing. His appeal is to facts. He gives an object lesson. He shows the vast industries that have sprung up in thirty years under protection, great almost beyond comparison. He explains the stupendous aggregates of capital invested, the millions that are employed, the superiority of the wages paid over those of any other country, the wonderful diversification of the industries, the vast home market that it gives to agricultural products, the consequent lowering of prices of competition, to mighty impulse that gives to our industries. He asks what benefit it will do us to go to pay our labor on a place with the cost of foreign countries? A condition which must result from the opening of our vast home market as a common fund for all nations? What benefit can it be to employ millions of workers abroad to do work that could be done by the millions at home? What benefit is increased cheapness with increased inability to buy? He shows that the highest success of the nation is not to be inaugurate theories, but to promote prosperity.

It should be remarked that Mr. Burrows and Dingley, of Maine, are the moderate of Reed in the leadership of the Republicans in the House. On the Democratic side there is no very prominent leader. Mr. Wilson is an able thinker, a bright scholar, and everyone would recognize in him the true gentleman. He is inclined to be optimistic, and to look on the bright and hopeful side of everything. Bailey of Pennsylvania, a Democrat, criticized him in his speech last evening, saying that everything looked bright to Mr. Wilson in the repeal of the Sherman law, for week ago bill was passed. On the 1st it has gone down to the dust of defeat. Now everything looks bright to him if certain bill should become a law. And, says Bailey, "If he should kill up the day-time and look down into hell it would look bright to him."

During the first week of the debate about a score of speakers on each side got an opportunity to air their views and get them into the Congressional Record. All members have the privilege to extend and edited their speeches in the Record, so that a speech which may not have occupied over five minutes in the delivery, may appear as a very lengthy and able address in the printed proceedings of Congress. This arrangement might seem unfair, but it is a very gratifying one to the great mass of spectators who throng the galleries every day. A really good speaker, one who can be heard distinctly and with satisfaction, is sure to have ample time given him to present his views. But there are a good many who occupy the time who are in no way qualified, either by education or experience of good horse sense. They drone the time away in tiresome tone with only one possible chance to give anybody any satisfaction, and that is when they settle themselves into their seats.

The five minute discussions are on the whole the most entertaining to visitors. It should be remarked that there is room in the galleries for about 2,000 people, and throughout such discussions as are now in progress, they are almost always crowded. The crowd is largely made up of the fashionable people, thousands of them pass through the capital city daily. A vast number of wedding tours take Washington and Congress en route. All the travel tells upon the attendance in the galleries. They never seem to flag in their interest in the proceedings. It all seems of importance to them; and the main reason is that they don't see much of it. It is new to them. If they should stay for months and years, not only the infinitely tedious and dilatory, but the continually recurring dullness and stupidity, they would be willing to rate it the whole at a very low average.

The five minute rule brings out a whole lot of cheap stuff. There is many a good Democrat who endorses the Chicago platform as a whole, but when it comes to cutting off the protection furnished some industry in his own district he feels the injury personally, and he gets up for a five minute speech. With all the freshness and enthusiasm of a good mother or sister or an experience meeting. He is not lost at that moment thinking of the political and intellectual barrenness of his party, but the angry frown of his constituents who will want to know when he returns home, "Why he voted against their interests?" Out of the great Democratic majority in the House, there are more than half that are in just such a boat. The show-boat does not fill the ways and byways of cities and get their constituents fixed up the way they can; but there are a good many who don't know, or don't take the precaution, to do that; and hence they are compelled to be in a five minute speech or for pro or amendment just where the shoe pinches; and it is to this way mainly that the cheap shots come. But there is another way in which there are good short speeches. There are some men who could lend a small fortune and make a gallant bluff; and if they were put at the head of an army they would be miserable failures. So there are some men in the House who can see a point here and there with marvellous acuteness and who can hit it with rapidity and precision, and in the minutes they can tell all they know about that point; and they are interesting for the five minutes; but if their time is extended they can begin to flounder in fulsome nonsenses.

It is doubtless a matter of interest to people at a distance to know whether all this discussion and struggle makes any impression upon members themselves; whether any convert are made from one side to the other. I should say, but in the ordinary sense in which such language would be employed. There are no converts, but there are impressions made by one side upon the other. The entire confidence and harmony of the Republicans make the Democrats feel that our ground of opposition and exhibitions on the part of Republicans is that they think they are sure to get the Democrats to a vote. About one-third the Democrats are free traders to principle. Perhaps another are moderate protectionists of the Randall type. The other third are probably for revenue only to the tariff acceptation. Republicans have been in power so long that they think it is a kind of divine right of theirs to rule. Their checking in '92 was rather premature; but they feel encouraged with every additional gauge that come for look, and they are not slow to tell, lest they relapse a day after day, that the people were grossly misled in '92, and that in '94 they will give the Democrats Congressional blows.

Of course there is always a little spice in the way of fun from every day's proceedings. It was not so, the House wants to be the greatest place in the world. Some members are critical and inspiring; some are witty; others are so puffed up in their own estimation that it is fun to see them punctured by some whimsical test between their swollen estimates, sometimes unmeritable delusions and the facts. Yesterday, Springer of Illinois, a Democrat, was talking on the wool schedule, and he acknowledges that there was an increase in the wool industry in Illinois since 1890, when the McKinley bill went into effect. Burrows asked him now he accounts for that increase, intending to develop some condition that would favor protection. Had Springer replied after a brief pause "Well, there are more sheep," Burrows retorted "Well, that's the most lucid explanation that I ever heard the gentleman make," and the House and galleries went into a paroxysm of laughter.

The indications are that the Wilson bill will pass the House with but a material change. Some amendments adopted in the committee of the Whole, which continues to sessions from day to day until the 29th, will be sustained on the Roll vote. In the committee of the whole there is no roll call to put a member on record. The vote by ayes and noes, or by rising, or by passing through tellers who record the affirmative from the negatives. As long as Republicans don't go on record they can convert some little statistics back movement with the Democrats Democrats, or with those of them that are ultra free traders; but when it comes to roll call the Republicans will scamper, and the unterrified democracy will vote their measures in whatever they are. It is expected that there will be a considerable number of Section of the Wilson bill when it goes into the Senate, and this expectation is doubtless well founded, though it is not likely that the bill will be radically changed therefrom. Some amendments will be accepted, and possibly a few articles will be taken off the free list and put upon the dutiable schedules. But it is not our every to the purpose of this communication to anticipate the Senate's action.

C. R.

Looking Better

feeling better—better in every way. There's more consolation in that than well people stop to ponder. To get back flesh and spirits is everything.

Scott's Emulsion

of pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites is prescribed by leading physicians everywhere for all cases that are causing rapid loss of flesh and vital strength.

Scott's Emulsion will do more than to stop a lingering Cough. It fortifies the system against coughs and colds.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

EXCELSIOR BAKERY.

No. 10 East Temple St.

FRESH BREAD, BUNS, CAKES, AND CRACKERS.

PURE CANDIES, GROCERIES, ETC.

Buttercup Crackers a Specialty.

EDWARD SCHACK, Proprietor.

Highest Award

For Supreme Excellence, to the

PUTNAM

HOT FORGED AND HAMMER POINTED HORSE

NAILS.

At the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago. A needle and delicate work, superior excellence in material, method in manufacture, and quality of finished product; elastic and wonderfully combined with holding power in clinch. It allows the use of very small nails."

There is nothing better American or foreign made of these nails, and I consider it a fortunate circumstance that we have secured the adoption of the method of manufacture and subsequently of finished product, which, with the "Putnam" nail, gives shoers a decided advantage in the use of the best horse shoe, and enables them to do the best work in the best manner possible. Yours very truly, Chief Forge Shoer, Chicago Horse Shoeing School.

PUTNAM NAIL CO.,
Nipsquit, Boston, Mass.

NAMES OF PRESIDENCY AND BISHOPS OF THE Organized Stakes of Zion.

Bannock Stake.

President: T. E. Hicks, Rexburg.
Counselors: Wm F. Rigby, Rexburg; Jos E. Steele, Iona; Philip Ricks.

Fremont County, Idaho.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Alder (Hatch P. O.)	[illegible]
Burton (Rexburg)	[illegible]
Falls	Byron H. Smith
Fall River (Willow)	[illegible]
Grant	Alfred S. Dalton
La Belle	Wm F. Walker
Lewisville	Richard P. Jardine
Lorenzo	Jos. S. Black
Marysville	James H. Wilson
Moran Point	Wm F. Stevens
Parker Park	[illegible]
Raymond (Wm)	[illegible]
Rexburg, First	Thos E. Ricks, Jr
Rexburg, Second	Timothy J. Walker
Sugar	George A. Conder
Teton	[illegible]
Salem (Rexburg)	George Ricks
Teton	John Israelsen
Wilford	George Ricks

Bingham County, Idaho.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Annis	A. N. Hawkes
Beach	[illegible]
Black Rock (Idaho Falls)	James Fryman
Ferry	[illegible]
Shelton (Lorer)	John Parker; Howard
South Fork	[illegible]
Taylor (Idaho)	Wm Fraser
Willow Creek (Idaho Falls)	A. S. Robinson

Bear Lake Stake.

President: William Budge, Paris.
Counselors: J. H. Hart, Bloomington; Wm. L. Rich, Paris.

Bear Lake County, Idaho.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Bloomington	A. H. Wright
Bennett	John Sims
Bloomington	Wm Holmes
Dingle	Simeon Bloomfield
Fort Hunter	John Budge
Georgetown	H. N. Lewis
Liberty	E. S. Austin
Montpelier	Wm L. Rich
Nounan	John Sharp
Paris	Philander Lindsay
Paris, First	Wm West
" Second	[illegible]
Ryan	Charles H. Kendall
St. Charles	[illegible]
Thomas' Fork	Peter Larsen

Fish Canyon, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Garden City	Robert Carter
Laketown	Jos Nicholes
Meadowville	Jos Gibbons
Randolph	A. McKinnon
Round Valley	Isaac Price
Woodruff	John M. Baker

Bingham County, Idaho.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Soda Springs	Donald F. Lee

Beaver Stake.

President: Chas D. Wilson.
Counselors: M. L. Shurtliff, J. F. Talbot.

Beaver County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Adamsville	F. F. Gunn
Beaver	George Mendenhall
Greenville	Joseph S. Morris
Milford	E. F. Lund, Jr.
Minersville	Jos Walker

Box Elder Stake.

President: Rodger Clawson, Brigham.
Counselors: Adolphus Jackson, Charles Kelly, Brigham.

Box Elder County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Bear River City	Carl Larsen
Beaver (Collinston)	Franklin Dutney
Brigham City, First	Henry Tingey
" " Second	A. Valentine
" " Third	A. A. Allen
" " Fourth	Jens Hansen
Deweyville	J. C. Dewey
Honeyville	Benj H. Johnson
Mantua (Brigham City)	P. C. Jensen
North (Brigham City)	Thomas Barnes
Park Valley	Wm H. Meeham
Riverville	A. Goodliffe
Three Mile (Brigham City)	O. A. Peery
Grouse Creek	Charles Rimmer, Sen
Willard	Alexander Fridell

Cache Stake.

President: Orson Smith, Logan.
Counselors: Simpson M. Molen, Hyrum; Isaac Smith, Logan.

Cache County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Avon (Paradise)	Henry W. Jackson
Benson	H. W. Ballard
Clarkville	J. C. Larsen
Clarkston	John Jardine
College (Millville)	C. Dyer Davis
Cornish (Logan)	N. W. Stevens
Hyrum	J. F. White
Hyde Park	Chas O. Hyde
Lewiston	W. H. Lewis
Logan, First	Jos. Hyde
" Second	Henry Ballard
" Third	Robert Davidson
" Fourth	Thomas R. Smith
" Fifth	William Hyde
" Sixth	A. A. Shepherd
" Seventh	C. J. Lewis
Mendon	Henry Hughes
Millville	George O. Pickett
Newton	Wm. Gibbons
Paradise	Samuel Gibbons
Petersboro	W. D. Critney
Providence	Frederick Thatcher
Richmond	W. A. Shumway
Smithfield	George L. Farrell
Trenton	B. F. Hughes
Wellsville	Wm H. Maughan

Canadian Settlements.

President: Charles O. Card, Cardston.
Alberta, Northwest Territories, Canada.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Cardston	John A. Woolf
East Cardston (Cardston P. O.)	
" "	Nels Rogers, P. E.
West Cardston "	O. L. Robinson, P. E.
Fish Creek "	Jos. Jones, P. E.
Cowley Creek "	Richard Pilling
Stanley Creek "	James Knell, P. E.

Cassia Stake.

President: H. D. Haight, Oakley.
Counselors: Moses Pickett, Marion; Wm. F. Bird, Albion.

Cassia County, Idaho.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Albion	Wm D. Harper
Elba	Thomas O. Green
Elite	Thomas Taylor
Oakley	John L. Smith, Jr.
Marion	Adam G. Smith
Spring Basin	

Davis Stake.

President: W. B. Smith, Centerville.
Counselors: John H. Hess, Farmington; J. H. Green, Bountiful.

Davis County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Bountiful, South	Richard E. Egan
" West	Lewis M. Green
" East	Jos. Robinson
Centerville	Aaron D. Fisher
Farmington	J. M. Moore
Kaysville, First	Peter Barton
" Second	Daniel H. Hayes
South Hooper	Edwin Parker
South Weber	Geo W. Kendall

Emery Stake.

President: C. G. Larsen, Castle Dale.
Counselors: George Seeley, Castle Dale; Wm Howard Huntington.

Emery County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Castle Dale	Hemming Olsen
Castle Gate	Thomas Dye, P. E.
Cleveland	L. P. Larsen
Emery	W. O. Potter
Ferron	F. Cook
Huntington	Peter Johnson
Lawrence	Orvin Moore
Molen	Hans P. Rasmussen
Orangeville	Jasper Robertson
Price	George Freeman
Sanpete	Edwin Price
Wellington	A. E. McMillan

Juab Stake.

President: Wm Paxton, Nephi.
Counselors: Charles Spencer, James W. Paxton, Nephi.

Juab County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Eureka	Peter Lundquist
Fish	Elias Taylor
Levan	N. P. Hansen
Mona	Jens P. Hansen
Nephi	Wm H. Warner
Nephi, First	Wm H. Warner
" Second	Tom H. Parker
Wellington	Thomas Grant, P. E.

Kanab Stake.

President: E. D. Woolley, Kanab.
Counselors: Timothy Cundick, Orderville; Daniel Bergessen, Kanab, P. O.

Kane County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Pockets, Kanab	Thomas Jepson, P. E.
Glendale	R. J. Fisher
Orderville (Kanab)	A. H. Macdonald
Johnson	John W. Chapman, P. E.
Kanab	Joel H. Johnson
Lower Piney	O. M. Johnson, P. E.
Mountain	Alma Heaton, P. E.
Upper Piney	Wm Y. Johnson
Rockville	H. W. Squires
Springdale	Jos. Jolley
Pahreah	John W. Allen

Malad Stake.

President: O. C. Hoskins, West Portage.
Counselors: John M. Nuttall, Wm H. Gillies, West Portage.

Bear Valley County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
North Plymouth (Plymouth)	
Plymouth	Thomas D. Archibald
Plymouth	Hyrum J. Richards
Portage, West Portage	Parley Harris
Woodville	Samuel Ward

Oneida County, Idaho.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Cherry Creek	John D. Jones, P. E.
Malad City	Jackson Jones
Montpelier (Bannock Falls)	Wm Toner
Oxford	Jos. Toone
Samaria	Jos. Toone
St. John	James P. Harris
Woodruff (West Portage)	Jos H. Harris

Martineau Stake.

President: Charles I. Nuttall, Moroni.
Counselors: Henry C. Riggs, Lehi; Collins H. Hulme, Mesa.

Maricopa County, Arizona.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Alma (Mesa)	Alexander Brinkerhoff
Lehi	T. E. Jones
Mesa	William Pomeroy
Pioneer (Lehi)	George M. Hulme
Polygamy (Mesa)	Jos. Lewis, P. E.
Sunset	Samuel Openshaw

Graham County, Arizona.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Alpine (Mesa)	Alexander Brinkerhoff
Lehi	T. E. Jones
Mesa	William Pomeroy
Pioneer (Lehi)	George M. Hulme
Polygamy (Mesa)	Jos. Lewis, P. E.
Sunset	Samuel Openshaw

Navajo County, Arizona.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Colonia Pacheco	Jesse N. Smith, Jr.
Colonia Juarez	Geo W. Sayer
Colonia Dublan	Wardon Fife
Colonia Diaz	Wm Derby Johnson, Jr.
"	Samuel Mc.
Oaxaca (near Dublan)	F. A. Hillman, P. E.

Millard Stake.

President: Ira N. Hinckley, Fillmore.
Counselors: Joseph Thompson, Hogle; David B. Stevens, Holden.

Millard County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Deseret	Milton Moody
Fillmore	Thomas H. Callister
Hinckley (Deseret)	Wm H. Price
Holden	Andrew Stephenson
Kanosh	John Hickman
Leamington	Lars N. Christensen
Meadow (Meadow Creek)	H. B. Bennett
Oak Creek	Peter Anderson
Oasis	John Taylor
Scipio	Thomas Yates

Morgan Stake.

President: Richard Fry, Morgan.
Counselors: Samuel Francis and W. H. Kirk, Morgan.

Morgan County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Croydon	George Knight
Enterprise	J. R. Hall
Milton	William Chase
Morgan, North	O. B. Anderson
" South	Charles Turner
Peterson	John A. Wade
Porterville, East	J. F. Potter
" West	Samuel Carter
Stoddarville	A. H. Dickson

Oneida Stake.

President: Geo C. Parkinson, Franklin.
Counselors: Solomon H. Hale, Matthias F. Cowley, Preston.

Oneida County, Idaho.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Clifton	Wm F. Garner
Dayton (Clifton)	Stephen Cutler, P. E.
Franklin	Lorenzo D. Bailey
Fairview	Moses W. Peck
Lake Riverdale	Hyrum J. Smith, P. E.
Mink Creek	Benjamin Bartholomew
Nanticoke (Franklin)	Joe Packer, Jr., P. E.
Preston	Thomas Dunn
Riverside	Lorenzo A. Morgan
St. Joseph (Franklin)	Eric H. Perkins
Weston	John D. Clarke
Worm Creek	Wm Wardwell
Worm Creek (Preston)	A. T. Merrill, P. E.

Bannock County, Idaho.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Calvin (Inkom)	Hyrum Bringhurst, P. E.
Cambridge (Inkom)	Wm Coffin
Chesterfield	James A. Tolman
Deweyville	Frank J. Hale
Dempsey (Inkom)	Chas P. Parker
Garden Creek (Inkom)	Joseph F. Cahell
Marsh Creek (Inkom)	John Wright
McCammon (Inkom)	Nicholas Sorenson, P. E.
Pleasant Valley (Cleveland)	Eph. Robinson
Oxford	Nephi N. Lewis
Pocatello	Carl J. Cannon
Swan Lake (Oxford)	George Heath, P. E.
Thatcher (Gentile Valley)	Lewis S. Pond
Tremonton (Oxford)	Frederick Hyrum
Twin Creek (Lago)	Wm Mosher Harris
Woodland (Oneida)	Henry Wakeley

Panguitch Stake.

President: Jesse W. Crosby, Jr., Panguitch.
Counselors: Malcom M. Steele, David Cameron, Panguitch.

Garfield County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Cannonville	Seth Johnson
Escalante	Archibald F. Stevens
Henrieville	Orson Spencer
Marion	Gilbert Ross
Tropic	Alma Miller

Iron County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Centerville	James F. Peterson
Paragonah	Rufus A. Allen
Minersville (Amy)	Aaron Aver

Putnam Stake.

President: Frank T. Jones, Cedar.
Counselors: Morgan Richards, Jr., Parowan; Francis Webster, Cedar.

Iron County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Cedar City	Wm H. Lee
Cedar City, First	J. H. Armstrong, P. E.
Hamilton's Fort	George Crosby, P. E.
Kanarra	Wm Ford
Parowan	Wm H. Jones
Paragonah	Charles Allen
Summit	Joseph H. Dalley

Salt Lake Stake.

President: Angus M. Cannon, Salt Lake City.
Counselors: Joseph E. Taylor, Charles W. Penrose, Salt Lake City.

Salt Lake City Wards.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Bennion	Joseph W. Harrington
Central	Orchard O. Hurst
Third	Jacob Weiler
Fourth	Nathan Kelsey
Fifth	Nephi M. Kelsey
Sixth	James E. Moyle
Seventh	William Thorn
Eighth	Elijah F. Sharp
Ninth	Samuel A. Woolley
Tenth	Alma Sonne
Eleventh	Robert Morris
Twelfth	Orson F. Whitney
Thirteenth	Nathan A. Tanner
Fourteenth	George H. Taylor
Fifteenth	Elias Morris
Sixteenth	Frederick Kesler
Seventeenth	John Tingey
Eighteenth	Orson F. Whitney
Nineteenth	Isaac Barton
Twentieth	George Romney
Twenty-first	Alfred Solomon
Twenty-second	Geo R. Sims

Tooele County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Grantsville	Thomas Taylor
Lake Point	Thomas Taylor
Tooele	Thomas Taylor
Tooele, First	Jos. Rowley
Tooele, Second	Alfred Solomon
Vernon	Geo R. Sims

Uinta County, Wyoming.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Bear River City (Uinta)	Cyril Brown
Beckwith (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Bear River City (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Evanston (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Fort Bridger (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Lyman (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Mill Creek (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Piedmont (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Pleasant Valley (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Ryan Park (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Sage Creek (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Spring Gulch (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Spring Valley (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Urie (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Wilson (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor
Woodruff (Uinta)	Thomas Taylor

Wasatch Stake.

President: Abram Hatch, Heber.
Counselors: T. H. Giles, H. S. Alexander, Heber.

Wasatch County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Charleston (Heber)	Benjamin Cluff
Charleston	C. Mortensen
Center (Cross Hollow)	J. Jordan, P. E.
Hailstone (Heber)	Henry Cluff
Heber, East	H. S. Duke
" West	Henry Cogr
Midway	John Watkins
Wallsburg	F. A. Frandsen

Summit County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Woodland (Kamas)	Eph. Lambert

Wayne Stake.

President: Willis E. Robinson, Loa.
Counselors: Hans M. Hansen and George S. Bastian, Loa.

Wayne County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Loa	Benjamin F. Brown
Fremont	Hiab E. Maxfield
Teasdale	Wm Meeks
Teasdale	George Coleman
Centerville	Walter E. Hanks
Bun Valley	Heber J. Wilson

Weber Stake.

President: L. W. Shurtliff, Ogden.
Counselors: C. F. Middleton, N. C. Flygare, Ogden.

Weber County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Eden	J. H. Foren
Far West	Wm McMillan
Harrisville	P. G. Taylor
Hooper	Wm W. Chase
Huntsville	David McKay
Kanesville (Afton)	Peter P. Pearson
Liberty	Joshua H. Judkins
Lynn	George Romney
Marriott	James Ritchie
Mound Fort	James Taylor
North Ogden	Thomas Walker
Ogden, First	Moses F. Farrer
" Second	Robert McQuarrie
" Third	Bernard White
" Fourth	Edwin Stratford
" Fifth	Thos A. Stringer
Pine City	G. W. Brimhall, Jr
Pleasant View	J. W. Wade
Riverdale	Samuel Bingham
Slaterville	J. A. Allred
West Weber	Rufus McFarlane
Wilson	John Buckham
Uintah	Alma Sego, P. E.

P. S. some Printing Ever.

Who is Wood (as to pull off an oak?) Answer just right, or it may be the loss of what is commonly called the mind, is made to provoke.

Who and where is some to be found? Answer just right, or it may be the loss of what is commonly called the mind, is made to provoke.

Dickens' Elixir, or its cell and is secured.

St. Johns Stake.

President: David K Udall, Springerville.
Counselors: E. S. Freeman, Wm H Gibbons, St Johns.

Apache County, Arizona.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Alpine	Joseph N. Heywood
Eagerton	C. I. Kemps
Springerville	L. John Brown
Springerville	G. H. Crosby
St Johns	C. P. Anderson

Valencia County, New Mexico.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Ramah	James H. McNeil

Socorro County, New Mexico.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Luna (Reber)	Gilbert D. Greer

Summit Stake.

President: W. W. Cluff, Oakville.
Counselors: Allen Ellsworth, Coalville; W. H. Park, Kamas.

Summit County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Coalville, East	Joseph Wright
" North	Wm Hudson
" South	George Beard
Kamas	Elias Acorn
Hoosenville	John Foulgel
Hunterville	Wm Burgess
Lamb	S. F. Atwood
Parley's Park	G. M. Fain
Peoa	Stephen Walker
Rockport	J. M. Malin
Upton	John Clark
Wanship	C. E. Young

Bonneville County, Wyoming.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Afton	James Brown
Freedom	James Brown

Bonneville County, Wyoming.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Star Valley Ward	Joseph Smithey

Tooele Stake.

President: H. S. Gowans, Tooele.
Counselors: C. L. Anderson, Grantsville; George F. Richards, Tooele.

Tooele County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Grantsville	P. D. M. Gee
Deep Creek	John A. Kimball, P. E.
Ophir	W. P. Miles
Grantsville	James L. Wrathall
Lakeview (Tooele)	J. G. Kimball
St John	D. H. Caldwell
Tooele City	Thos Atkin
Vernon	J. P. Sharp

Uintah Stake.

President: S. H. Brunson, Vernal.
Counselors: E. S. Collett, James Harding, Vernal.

Uintah County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Ashley (Vernal)	George Frostenson
Upper (Vernal)	Peter Abplanalp
Maple Grove	James Stanley
Mill (Vernal)	Wm Shaffer
Mountain Dell (Vernal)	Cyrus Bingham
Riverdale (Vernal)	N. Holding, Sen
Green River (Jensen)	Alex Billings, P. E.
Deep Creek (Vernal)	Marion Thomas P. E.

Utah Stake.

President: A. O. Smoot, Provo.
Counselors: David John, and Edward Partridge, Provo.

Utah County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Alpine	Allen Mann
American Fork	George Halliday
Benjamin	A. J. B. Sumsel
Cedar Valley	Eli Bennett
Cedar	Henry Bloser P. E.
Cedar	Wm Price
Fairfield	Henry Cluff
Fairfield	H. S. Duke
Fort	Wm Cogr
Midway	John Watkins
Wallsburg	F. A. Frandsen

Summit County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Woodland (Kamas)	Eph. Lambert

Wayne Stake.

President: Willis E Robinson, Loa.
Counselors: Hans M Hansen and George S Bastian, Loa.

Wayne County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Loa	Benjamin F. Brown
Fremont	Hiab E. Maxfield
Teasdale	Wm Meeks
Teasdale	George Coleman
Centerville	Walter E. Hanks
Bun Valley	Heber J. Wilson

Weber Stake.

President: L. W. Shurtliff, Ogden.
Counselors: C. F. Middleton, N. C. Flygare, Ogden.

Weber County, Utah.

WARDS.	BISHOPS.
Eden	J. H. Foren
Far West	Wm McMillan
Harrisville	P. G. Taylor
Hooper	Wm W. Chase
Huntsville	David McKay
Kanesville (Afton)	Peter P. Pearson
Liberty	Joshua H. Judkins
Lynn	George Romney
Marriott	James Ritchie
Mound Fort	James Taylor
North Ogden	Thomas Walker
Ogden, First	Moses F. Farrer
" Second	Robert McQuarrie
" Third	Bernard White
" Fourth	Edwin Stratford
" Fifth	Thos A. Stringer
Pine City	G. W. Brimhall, Jr
Pleasant View	J. W. Wade
Riverdale	Samuel Bingham
Slaterville	J. A. Allred
West Weber	Rufus McFarlane
Wilson	John Buckham