

ernment's policy. The president of the chamber closed the sitting amid great uproar, before the opposition had an opportunity to be heard. The opposition members declare they will abstain from further attendance unless the debate is renewed.

In the Cortes, to-day, the president explained his conduct in summarily terminating Saturday's session before the speakers of the opposition could be heard. The members of the opposition thereupon agreed to resume their seats, and the debate on the Barcelona agitation was continued.

LONDON, 28.—The Post, in its leading editorial, says: A distinct understanding is being brought about with Russia. Lord Salisbury will doubtless be the English and Count Schouvaloff probably the Russian plenipotentiary in the congress.

A Vienna dispatch reports that Austria has notified the powers that if Adakaleh ceases to be Turkish it can only become Austrian.

The Austrians have occupied the northern entrance of the Predeal Pass of the Carpathian Mountains.

Only two and a half Turkish regiments are now remaining in Thessaly.

A Paris correspondent says: It is thought that the congress will come to an agreement on the chief points and leave the settlement of details to the resident ambassadors and second plenipotentiaries, the principals meeting again to ratify.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says: Congress will establish the general principles of the conference. The ambassadors will then meet at Constantinople.

The Telegraph announces that an understanding is arrived at with Count Schouvaloff concerning matters interesting Russia and England exclusively. Other questions, such as the Bessarabian and indemnity, remain for settlement.

A Vienna correspondent hears, on excellent authority, that Austria recently made advances for a co-operation with England in the congress.

The entire Indian expedition except one small craft, has arrived.

A disturbance occurred in Belgrade, and the crowd pelted Prince Milan's palace and cheered for Karageorgevitch.

The Times has begun to urge the establishment of a British protectorate over Turkey in Asia.

Affairs at Constantinople begin to look less dangerous. The advance of the Russian cavalry to Pirinji, which the Turks understood to be an attempt to seize Pirog, with the view of commanding the road to Kavak, is now disavowed by Gen. Todleben. General Schouvaloff, who ordered the occupation of Pirinji, is declared to have exceeded his authority and committed an indiscretion. The Russians have withdrawn from Pirinji, and Gen. Todleben is said to be exceedingly careful to prevent anything at this moment which would cause suspicion or create irritation.

The withdrawal from Pirinji and the news from the European capitals have so relieved the previous tension, that little fear is now entertained of an accidental collision. Both the Russian and Turkish officers are indulging in pleasure excursions. The work of preparing fortifications is greatly relaxed.

The invitations to the congress, issued by Germany, state in effect that the congress will meet in Berlin to discuss the treaty of San Stefano.

Correspondents at Paris and Vienna say that the good offices of Prince Bismarck have been largely instrumental in bringing about the result without humiliation to Russia or risk to England. The Austrian and Hungarian delegations will submit a written explanation of the government's motives, availing itself of the 60,000,000 credit. It is expected that he will state that Austria only prepares to take defensive and preventive measures. The treaty of San Stefano contains several articles affecting Austrian interests. These, it is hoped, the congress will modify in a manner favorable to Austria. Nevertheless it is necessary she should prepare for all eventualities.

ST. PETERSBURG, 28.—Prince Gortschakoff has so far recovered from his illness as to be able to leave his bed.

BERLIN, 28.—The reports that invitations to the congress have already been dispatched to the Powers, are unfounded.

Correspondence.

St. GEORGE, May 30th, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

It has been raining about two hours, with a good prospect for considerable more. These rains will prove of great value to us Dixieites, making grass abundant on our ranges, and a splendid prospect for a rich harvest.

The Grand Gulch Mine Smelting furnace is reported to be doing well, and I understand it is the intention of Mr. Hinman to build several more, commencing at the work immediately. This company, if successful, will furnish considerable labor for freighters and others. Woolley Lund and Jordd and R. Bentley intend opening a store there immediately, to supply the "honest miner" with all the articles necessary in the shape of merchandize and other supplies.

The water flume east of the city is progressing, and it is expected that the water will be running through it in about six weeks, it is about sixty rods long, and averages about ten feet high to the under side. The flume is ten inches deep and twelve inches wide, with a fall of one half inch to every twelve feet, made of solid two inch plank. This is a very necessary improvement, as the water now runs in a very crooked ditch, and one that is difficult to keep clean, and above all places in Utah the water courses here should be kept clean, to prevent as much as possible the "chills" which last year were quite frequent here, as well as in Washington.

A short time ago I visited Washington and spoke in praise of their fine school-house, and believe there is a general spirit of improvement there, but still am led to think how much pleasanter and healthier it would be if those cesspools and nasty ponds and ditches, in the city and suburbs were thoroughly cleaned, and kept so. If this were done it would restore a "flesh color" to many who have been in the habit of shaking with the chills so often for so many years. They have a fine Sunday School, which numbers one hundred and thirty, and is presided over by a "live" superintendent, Bro. R. Gould.

When last in Leeds I visited their day school, which is in an excellent condition.

Harrisburg does not grow much; the location is not good for a handsome town; the ground is too broken and the area of good land too small, yet the people can and do improve, especially all those who have not sold all their water claims. They have a day school and good Sunday school.

At Santa Clara I find the children well up in the first principles of our faith. They answer questions readily, and seem so happy in having the privilege of attending school.

The Sunday schools in St. George are all in a healthy condition.

There is some sickness here at present. Three children died last week, and I hear of others being sick.

AMRAM.

Missionary Labors.

St. LOUIS, May 18, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

I herewith send you a condensed account of my labors in the ministry during the past three months. With a view to awaken, if possible, an interest in the work here, I took the liberty, in the latter part of February, of calling upon several of the principal editors of this place, and succeeded in getting three of them to publish the time and place of our meetings, the name of the speaker, etc. By advertising, however, but few strangers attended our meetings, and those who came seemed to come more for curiosity than for anything else. The masses of the people are so carried away with the love of the world and its amusements and pleasures that they seem to have but little if any time to devote to investigating the truth. The churches even of the most learned and eloquent ministers, are, as a general thing, but poorly attended. It requires a Beecher, an Ingersoll, or a Moody to draw a house, and the more infidelity, fable and sensation they have, the better people seem to like it. While the churches are but poorly attended, theatres, concert-halls, beer-gardens and beer-saloons (2,000 of the latter in number)

are well patronized, even on Sunday.

During the month of April I spent some three weeks in visiting some five small towns east of here, in Illinois, found, generally speaking, much bitterness of feeling and many enemies, but I also found a few friends. I taught the gospel to many families at their homes.

I have recently returned from a three weeks tour up the river. While absent I visited Quincy, Keokuk, Nashville, Nauvoo, La-grange, Kahoka, and Alexandria, instructing the saints and others. One family is preparing to emigrate. While at Alexandria a Methodist church being opened to me, for one night, I addressed some 35 strangers on the subject of the gospel. At the close of the meeting I was invited home by a Mr. Scott and wife, who believe the truth but have not yet obeyed it. Since my last report one family have emigrated from here to Utah. Sister Sophrona Fletcher and son have the means by them to emigrate, and all being well, they design leaving here for Ogden on the 7th day of June. They will take with them an old lady from Barry, Ills., who has sons living in Utah, who have sent money for her emigration. She is 94 years of age, and is in the enjoyment of good health. If she makes the trip, I think she will be the oldest person that has emigrated to our Territory. In justice to Sr. Fletcher I wish to say, that since her connection with the Church, her house has always been open to the Elders from Zion, and she and her son William have always made them welcome, and in return they have been greatly blessed.

The saints throughout the district have kindly administered to my necessities while laboring as a missionary among them. The Lord reward them for their good works. Since my last letter I have baptized two persons, "one of a city," and there are some few others who are investigating.

Your brother in the gospel,
P. P. PRATT.

WHITBY, Canada West,
May 22nd, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

I left Ogden on the 7th inst. in company with the Elders who were then going on missions to the States and to Europe, in which I derived much instruction and happiness, until we arrived at Chicago, where I bid them all farewell, and taking the Grand Trunk line of railway, arriving here on the evening of the 11th.

I will say, in behalf of the branch of the Church here, that I found it in as good condition as I could expect, considering the influences with which it has to contend. We have all manner of spirits to fight against, from bad to worse, the worse being the Irish Catholics, for allowing me to be the judge, they love a "Mormon" so well, that they would like one for breakfast, and one for supper, and I might say, one for lunch, but as long as this desire is not among the possibilities they are disappointed.

The branch now consists of eleven members, with a good prospect of more joining soon. The officers in the branch are as follows: Two Elders, one Priest, one Teacher, and one Deacon. A good feeling and spirit is manifest, and since I added new fuel to the fire that was yet burning, their desire to gather to the mountains is very great, but, as the cry is "hard times," they are left almost in despair, having little or no surplus to emigrate with.

I shall leave to-morrow (if the Lord will) for the State of Maine, by way of Montreal, feeling that I have done good in holding meetings, and imparting instructions, and giving counsel.

Your brother in the gospel,
A. W. BESSEY.

A certain Bishop in the House of Lords rose to speak, and announced that he should divide what he had to say into 12 parts, when the Duke of Wharton interrupted him and begged he might be indulged for a few minutes, as he had a story to tell which he could only introduce at that moment. A drunken fellow was passing by St. Paul's at night, and heard the clock slowly chiming 12. He counted the strokes, and when it had finished looked toward the clock and said, "D—n you! why couldn't you give us all that at once?" There was an end of the Bishop's story.

STAKE AND WARD REPORTS.

We are now prepared to furnish Presidents of Stakes with the necessary blank forms for their reports.

Stake Reports, 5 cents per copy.

Ward " 25 cents per doz.

Mailed on receipt of price.

Address—

CANNON & YOUNG,
Deseret News Office,
Salt Lake City.



4 TON Hay Scales \$60.
Old Price \$160. Other sizes Scales, Beam, &c., at a great reduction. All Scales warranted. Send for circular and price list.

DOWN WITH HIGH PRICES.
CHICAGO SCALE CO.
68 & 70 WEST MONROE ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

Lenzi's Helvetian Salve

Never fails to cure felons, corns, bunions, chilblains, broken breasts, cancers, old sores, bruises, burns, freckles, ulcers, etc.

Price 35 cts. per box.
A Home Production.
G. W. CROCHERON, Sole Agent,
Salt Lake City, Utah, opposite Kimball Block. Post Office box 419.
N.B.—Wholesale price very low

IN THE WHOLE history of medicine, no preparation has ever performed such marvellous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long-continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in the throat and lung disorders of children, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and effects, Physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and Clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its remedial effects, and will always cure where cures are possible. FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. 1

FOR BABY CARRIAGES,



WALL PAPER, Building and Roofing Paper,

REFRIGERATORS,
CUPBOARDS, DESKS,
INVALID CHAIRS, BEE HIVES,
PARLOR BRACKETS

Parlor Suits,
WINDOW BLINDS,
WINDOW CORNICES,
LACE CURTAINS

FEATHERS,
Hair and Wire Mattresses,
UPHOLSTERY WORK,
GO TO
H. DINWOODEY.

GRAPENBERG CHILDREN'S PANACEA!

Sold by Druggists and Co-operative Stores, price 50 cents per bottle.

This remedy has been known and used for over thirty years with the most remarkable beneficial results. Thousands of testimonials from all classes bear witness to its value as a children's medicine.

It is purely vegetable and acts as a tonic, restoring the appetite and assisting nature in throwing off disease.

The Panacea should be used in all cases of Children's complaints. Let it be the first thing resorted to and almost instant relief will be experienced. Full directions on each bottle. w32

TO
Merchants and Others
DO NOT IMPORT WOOLLEN GOODS

When you can buy them in GREAT VARIETY and at Prices that Defy Competition, at
PROVO WOOLLEN FACTORY.
See Samples at Z. C. M. I. and at Taylor & Cutler's, Salt Lake City, also at the Factory.
200,000 lbs. WOOL WANTED
Special Rates and attention given to the Trade.
Wm. JAMES DINN, Supt.

MOUNTAIN WARBLER!
THERE being several hundred copies of the above Song Book remaining unsold, they can be obtained at the Deseret News Office for 25 cents per copy.
WM. WILLES,
S. L. City, March 31st, 1878.

\$3 GOLD PLATED WATCHES.
Cheapest in the known world. Sample Watch Free to Agents. Address, A. COURTES & CO., Chicago.

\$1200 Salary. Permanent saler wanted to sell our Staple Goods to dealers. Expenses paid. Address S. A. GRANT & CO., No. 2, 4, 6 & 8 Home St., Cincinnati, O.