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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 108. TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI.

NEWS WIRED TODAY.

Municipal and State Elections in Various Places.

LANDING OF A SHIP'S CREW.

Offended at President Cleveland—Presidential Nominations.—The Senate Extra Session.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 4.—One of the liveliest municipal campaigns in the history of the city is closing today with balloting under the Australian law. Ex-Mayor Carter H. Harrison, editor of the Times, heads the Democratic ticket; opposed to him and Samuel W. Allerton, a wealthy grain packer, running on a joint Republican and citizens ticket; and ex-Mayor Dewitt C. Cregier, Independent Democrat. Allerton is supported by the entire city press, both Republican and Democratic except, of course, the Times, and the contest has been waged with vigor.

The day is all that could be asked as to weather and a large vote will doubtless be polled. Harrison's friends claim that he is certain to be elected.

The threatened strike of a thousand union World's Fair carpenters today to enforce the demands for discrimination against non-union men proved a fizzle. Less than a hundred men are quitting. Their leaders claim that this is owing to misunderstanding.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Villard Has No Intention to Withdraw, He Says.

NEW YORK, April 4.—In regard to the report that Henry Villard is to retire from the board of directors of the Northern Pacific, President Oakes says: "The written resignation of Villard has not, as stated, been handed in. Neither has there been any intimation from him or any one speaking for him of his intention to resign. It is probable that the plan will be presented at the meeting of the board of directors on April 20th for limiting the floating Villard has stated to his friends that he has no present intention of withdrawing from the Northern Pacific management.

NOMINATED BY THE PRESIDENT.

A Former Salt Lake Minister to Austria.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The President has sent the Senate the following nominations:

Charles D. Broadhead, Missouri, minister to Switzerland.

Charles Tripp, South Dakota, minister to Austro-Hungary.

Eber Alexander, North Carolina, minister to Greece, Roumania and Servia.

Consular: Jane E. Neal, Ohio, at Liverpool; James M. Dubois, Georgia, at Valparaiso.

DECLINED AN OFFICE.

O'Donoghue Offended at the Way in Which the Office was Made.

NEW YORK, April 4.—President Cleveland has, it is stated, offered Joseph J. O'Donoghue the position of assistant treasurer of the United States at the subtreasury of this city. O'Donoghue declined it. Some very interesting correspondence on the subject is said to have passed between the President and the office merchant. O'Donoghue is said to have taken offense at the offer and the way in which it was made. According to the report, the offer was made in a letter to Cleveland reminding him of his pledge made last December regarding the officeholding of this port.

Michigan Elections.

DETROIT, April 4.—Returns from yesterday's state elections are still incomplete, but the indications point to the election of Hooker, Republican, to the supreme bench by a plurality of 10,000 or more, and of the Republican candidates for regents by a larger plurality. In the old Democratic strongholds, such as Wayne and Saginaw counties, the Republicans made great gains. They have captured Grand Rapids, Ann Arbor, Manistee and other cities formerly Democratic. The Democrats elect mayors at Ypsilanti and Port Huron, overturning the Republican majorities. All proposed constitutional amendments will succeedingly be carried. A light vote was polled throughout the state owing to apathy and bad weather.

SENDING PROTESTS.

Against the Appointments of Mr. Eads for Governor of New Mexico.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., April 4.—The Democratic central committee members of the Democrat Territorial central committee, Albuquerque Commercial Club and prominent business men irrespective of party are telegraphing protests to Washington against William Eads of Missouri for governor of New Mexico, mainly on the ground of his being a nonresident. They strongly endorse Colonel J. W. Albright of this city as not only the choice of his party but of the whole people here in Albuquerque where he is best known. Colonel Albright has owned and edited the leading democratic daily of the territory for 12 years, which has been a power in New Mexico politics.

THROUGHOUT KANSAS.

The Elections are of Unusual Interest This Time.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 4.—The municipal elections throughout Kansas today have an unusual interest. The party lines are wiped out in the Democrats and Populists were strongly down and the results will go far to determine which party gained and which lost public confidence in the recent struggle in the legislature and to settle the party supremacy in the state at the next state election. I will also decide whether women's suffrage will be extended to municipal elections. The women are entering uniform and in solid phalanx, according to the changes the women draw at the polls. The registration of women has been larger than ever before and a large number have expressed, in Kansas City, Kansas, Mrs. Annie Pulsi is running for mayor on the Independent ticket. She will hardly be elected.

The weather throughout the state is fine, which is in favor of the Populists. Most of their life is in the country and it requires good roads to bring them out.

St. Louis at the Polls.

ST. LOUIS, April 4.—The weather is perfect for the municipal election in progress today. Five tickets—Democratic, Republican, Democratic Reform, Prohibition and Independent—are in the field. At most over half the registration had voted.

Strangled to a Shanty.

ST. LOUIS, April 4.—The body of Theodore Hills, an army veteran, was found in a shanty late last night. He had been strangled to death, probably Sunday night, when Joseph Happel, who claims to be a cook, and Shul, a cigar maker, who rented a room, was seen leaving a man supposed to be Hills, in the place. There is no clue to the whereabouts of the murderers.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The Senate resumed the consideration of the report of the committee on privileges and elections in favor of the admission of the senators appointed by the governors of Montana, Wyoming and Washington.

Senator Vest made an argument in opposition to admission. At the conclusion of his address the Senate went into executive session.

Buried Under an Elevator.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., April 4.—Part of one of the big elevators collapsed, burying five men. Two are dead.

ORANGEMEN TO THE FRONT.

A Great Demonstration in Belfast Against Home Rule.

Enthusiastic March the Streets Cheered Enthusiastically by the Crowds.

BELFAST, April 4.—The scene is one of a general holiday in the city and vicinity. Railway trains brought thousands of people and the streets are thronged with enthusiastic crowds. Everybody is wearing a badge in imitation of the Union Jack, signifying devotion to the union.

At noon Right Rev. Hon. A. J. Balfour, Marquis and Marchioness Londonderry, Duke of Abercorn, the mayor of Belfast, and other leading unionists, headed a monster procession of orangemen and members of unionist clubs, Odd Fellows and other organizations which marched through the streets with the full regalia of their respective orders. The procession was followed by students from Dublin in gowns, bands played British national airs, while the great multitude that lined the streets in the business quarters was cheered with fierce enthusiasm as each noted character or well known organization passed along. Balfour drove in a carriage turnbuckled, or standing towing in the position of the prisoner of the multitude. Bright, sunshiny weather, gaily decorated buildings and the mass of marching organizations with attendance, all combined to make the most brilliant possible spectacle.

Legislature Meet.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 4.—The legislature met at noon. It consists of 37 Democrats and 1 People's party man. Pasco will be chosen to succeed himself as United States senator.

Negro Killed by Negroes.

GORDONSVILLE, Va., April 4.—A negro desperado, named Morgan, has been lynched by a mob of negroes for the murder of another negro. The mob is looking for Morgan's confederates and threats to lynch them.

Cannot Form a Cabinet.

PARIS, April 4.—Dupuy has abandoned his effort to form a cabinet because he could not induce Paul Louis Peytral to accept the portfolio of finance unless Dupuy would also include Edouard Lockroy as minister of commerce, which Dupuy would not do, believing Lockroy too radical.

Lockroy, upon the urgent request of President Carnot, Dupuy consented to make another attempt to form a ministry.

Death in the Deep.

AMSTERDAM, April 4.—A sail boat with a pleasure party capsized. Four were drowned but the remainder were rescued exhausted.

Off the Calendar.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The suit of the United States against General Adam Badeau for fees received while consul at Havana, has been stricken from the calendar, having been compromised. The amount involved was $2000. The amount paid by General Badeau and counsel is $1500.

The Honduras Revolution.

PANAMA, April 4.—Mail advices confirm the news of the triumph of the revolutionists in Honduras. The fighting continues among the nomadic bands, but the encounters are unimportant. Bonilla is in power.

ESCAPED DEATH.

A Shipwrecked Crew Arrives at Point Conception.

LOMPOC, Cal., April 4.—A boat has landed at the Point Conception lighthouse with sixteen men from the new steel ship King James, coal laden, from Newcastle to San Francisco, and turned at sea. The fire caught in the hold March 19th. The crew fought the flames till the 30th, when an explosion tore up the deck and compelled them to take to the boats. They were 28 miles from Conception. Two men were not allowed to land, but the captain's half brother, Captain Donkersloot and son, taken from another boat, and Captain Donkersloot was secreted from the sheriff and officers who had the place surrounded. Fears are expressed for the safety of the two.

A JIM CROW DIVORCE.

No Social Ostracism in His Matrimonial Life.

ST. LOUIS, April 4.—D. Semmes, colonel, one of the best president Illinois R. R. for twenty, has been granted a divorce from his wife upon the ground of desertion. Mrs. Semmes-Roberts is now in Chicago and did not contest the suit.

A Cook Succumbs.

MONTREAL, April 4.—The Dominion line of Australia has two passenger steamer. The steamer has been in other ships because time and the cholera was rife on board. The book keeping showed of $1,000,000, which included exports $2,000,000. The reserve is enormous. It has branches in London, Edinburg, Glasgow, and the principal cities of Australia.

THE MEXICAN BOUNDARY.

The Line Further South Than was Supposed.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., April 4.—Reports from the United States survey party measuring the line between Mexico and the United States seem that the line is found to be miles and a quarter further south than was supposed. This strip will be thrown open to settlement. Camps where occupied by Arizonans, who will be given priority.

The Boring Dispute.

PARIS, April 4.—The Boring sensation of exhibition committed today. Many Americans hiss were among the audience. Sir Chas. Russell of counsel for Great Britain, moved that Cassell be made the court a copy of the report of Sir Henry Elliott on the Boring sea question. The motion was supported by Webster, also of the British counsel, and opposed by Phelps and Carter of the counsel for the United States, after which the court took a recess.

AN ALLEGHENY FIRE.

The Flames Threatening the City.—Help Asked For.

PITTSBURG, April 4.—A big fire is raging in Allegheny. It started in Gaffey & Clark's warehouse, a four-story building, and spread rapidly to Eberhardt & Ober's adjoining warehouse and with, taken on fire, and the flames were spreading from the roofs of these buildings. The entire fire department is at work and Chief Bigelow has been asked for help. Gaffey & Clark lose $50,000; Eberhardt & Ober, $100,000. At 5:45 p.m. the fire had spread to twelve buildings. The lumber yard of Cupp & Fleckley is also on fire and Heinz's pickle work are threatened.

The Hope Cotton mills, Cupp and Fleckley's planing mill and the Heinz pickle warehouse are all burning and the two blocks between Sycamore and Chestnut streets and the South Canal and Main streets are ablaze. Diamond Leather Works, Vacuum Works and the factory of Heinz and Cole are threatened. Help has been asked of Pittsburg. The wind is blowing a gale and sparks are flying in all directions. People for a dozen blocks around are very unimaginative small fires on the roofs.

At 6:30 the flames had spread to three dwellings on Main street. The loss at this hour is from $250,000 to $300,000.

After Desperadoes.

DALTON CITY, Or., April 3.—Sheriff Cronin and his deputies today started out to arrest Thomas, George and William McCarthy at their ranches, twelve miles from this city. On knocking at the door, the sheriff was covered with Winchester rifles in the hands of William and Thomas McCarthy, who disarmed the sheriff. He was then held by the sisters of William McCarthy until his father and uncle had made their escape. A posse immediately started in pursuit. They are wanted for the robbery of the Roslyn bank in Washington.

At Antlers.

PARIS, Tex., April 3.—Agent Bennett spent much of the day with the Choctaw militia at Goodland. It looked as if a temporary peace had been obtained, but tonight brings ugly rumors. Some of the militia including Captain Reyes Durant were arrested and brought here today for introducing whisky into the Territory. They gave bond and then got to drinking. Tney were very outspoken and declared it their intention to attack Locke before tomorrow night.

A Battle of Legreta.

RIO JANEIRO, April 3.—Details are received of a battle at Legreta, March 27, in the state of Rio Grande Do Sul. The slaughter was frightful. Fifteen hundred troops were engaged on both sides. Five hundred were killed and a large number wounded. The state troops were defeated and the revolutionists have full sway there.

Italy will Promote Her Minister.

PARIS, April 3.—The Temps states that Italy, following the example of England and France, will raise her legation at Washington to the dignity of an embassy.

The Gold Mines of the South.

Many years before the discovery of the California gold fields gold mining in the western part of Georgia and North and South Carolina had been an established industry. With slave labor gold mining in the south paid well; but since the war a number of spasmodic efforts which have been made to operate the mines as a rule resulted in failure.

In the early days of mining a shaft was sunk at some convenient spot on a vein, the ore was roasted near by, and was then carried, often forty miles, to a water power.

Five dollars per ton of recoverable gold was the minimum limit at which mines paid gold. The pyrites or gold bearing sulphurets were considered worthless and were allowed to go to waste. As a rule the quantity of ore taken out of a mine was insignificant, and a vast amount of gold still exists which can today be profitably recovered. Gold mining property can be bought very cheap—almost at a nominal figure.—Manufacturers' Record.

THE MINERS' UNION.

Its Letter of Complaint to President Woodruff.

UNION COMMITTEE REPLIED TO.

A Request by the Union for the President to Use His Influence With Church Members.

The bitter feeling engendered by the disagreement between the Bullion-Beck company and the striking miners does not show any signs of moderation. Already there has been considerable trouble over affairs. The striking miners insist on maintaining the union rules in the mine, and the company seems determined to operate its own property in its own way, both as to employes and wages. Those have been generally regarded as differences that should be settled between the parties themselves, but allegations of Church interference have been made by the union, the executive committee of which sent the following on the subject to the President of the Church:

EUREKA, Utah, March 1, 1893.

William Woodruff, Esq.:

Dear Sir—There is a dispute existing between the late employes and employers of the Bullion-Beck & Champion Mining Co., and the miners, who are supposed to be members of the Church of which you are President, are getting Bishops to influence to fill the places of the men who are striking out to maintain the wages that have long been the standard of the Territory of Utah.

The men, coupled with the religious intimidation supposed to be used here and the men being shipped here from Logan, is causing gloom in the office that the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints is instrumental in reducing the wages of miners in this district.

Are committees of the Eureka Miners' Union, we don't know if such is the case or not, and would like you to inform us. And further if it is not so we think it would be wise on your part to advise your Bishops not to be our payment agents for such acts, from the fact that it is liable to cast stigma to the name against your institution that is all we have here to meet.

Fairly understanding the influence of a Bishop over his ward, you can see the ill feeling it is likely to create between latter-day saints and your Church by filling the gap between capital and labor with or by members of your Church. And we consider it would be a benefit to us if you would advise members not to do so.

We hope you will answer this and advise us as to your standing as a Church in this matter, and if it is neutral, we ask as a favor that you advise your members and personality implicated to not take sides in disputes between capital and labor, and especially in this one in the Tintic mining district.

Yours respectfully,

L. T. JACOBS,
President E. M. U.
J. T. HARRINGTON,
S. T. HARRISON,
Members of Committee.

To this communication the following reply was made:

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah,
March 19th, 1893.

L. T. Jacobs, J. T. Harrington, S. T. Harris, Committee of Miners' Union, Eureka: Gentlemen—Your favor of the 15th inst. has been received. Permit me to say in reply thereto that I have no knowledge whatever of the matters of which you complain. It may of our people have gone from Logan or elsewhere to Eureka to work in the Bullion-Beck and Champion company's mines I have not been informed of it. And further, I will say that I deem it entirely out of the scope of our religious duties to take sides or intermeddle between capital and labor, between employers and employed.

You refer to the bishops of our Church. It is a part of their duty to help the needy and to aid in finding employment for those who are in need of it. It is possible that in this way some may have suggested for men to go to the mines, in that they would be justified but if they were acted as employment agents with a special view to the present misunderstanding at Tintic, they have been imposed on, possibly thoughtlessness, and have gone beyond what we consider their jurisdiction. Yours very respectfully,

W. WOODRUFF.

To this letter of President Woodruff's the secretary of the union responded as follows:

W. Woodruff, First President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, Salt Lake City, Utah:

Sir—Yours in reply to communication from committee of Eureka Miners' Union was handed to me in request to acknowledge same, and also to convey to you information that will, no doubt, convince you that the employes of the Bullion-Beck and Champion have been for years subjected to a system of intimidation, which, if consummated, resulted in their discharge. The object of this has been to make unjust, because exorbitant profits for the owner of the mines—at one time of boarding houses as well as store keeper, Manager A. E. Hyde.

In March, 1891, the boarding house tyranny was abolished by the action of the board of directors of the company, on information given them by the committee of miners, copies of which will accompany this. The Bullion-Beck and Champion company is also in possession of copies, having been furnished with them at the time.

In regard to the present difficulty existing between that company and the Miner's union, I will simply say that the reduction sought to be enforced is not justified by the condition of the mine, and further that the company's books submitted to the inspection of representatives of the employes, as well as to myself, do not show the true condition of the company's affairs. This will appear to you a bold and unwarranted statement coming from so humble a person as I am, but is nevertheless true, as a full investigation will prove.

The use of Church influence in old of any person or corporation belonging to secure to "security and of the scope of our religious duties" we humbly and sad without confidence request the aid of that influence which your exalted position gives you, at least to the extent that we request use of their authority as Bishops or other officers of the Church to aid of the Bullion Beck and Champion Mining company and against the poor, hard-working and industrious members of your Church and others, no longer permitted. Yours respectfully,

JOHN DONOVAN,
Secretary.

Chinese Village.

A number of Ogden Chinamen have filed articles of incorporation of the Wah Mee Exposition company with Secretary Sells. The object of the company is to establish a Chinese village, with a tea garden, cafe, bazaar, theater and joss house, at the World's Fair. The capital stock is placed at $200,000, divided into 40,000 shares of one par value of $5 each, and it is to be served for by Mr. C. Gee Wo, Dr. Wing Lett and Chan Pak Kwai of Chicago, Ang Hing, W. N. Scanlan, Rev. Gunnerbach and A. R. Heywood of Ogden.

A Lady's Lost Watch.

If the lady who lost a watch on East Temple street a day or two ago will call at the NEWS office she will be informed where she can recover her lost chronometer, as the name of the individual who picked it up has been reported at this office.

A Joint Meeting.

A meeting of the members of the joint city and county building was called to convene in Mayor Baskin's office this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

An Exciting Runaway.

There was an exciting runaway and very narrow escape from serious accident on South Temple street last evening about 5 o'clock. A span of nail broke loose belonging to Sam. McIntyre gallaway from their driver at the rear of E. C. St. L., and dashed up the alley behind northward at a terrific rate of speed. They were attached to a farm wagon containing quite a load but drew it with apparently as much ease as though it had been a toy vehicle. The street was filled with people and they scampered away in all directions. The frightened horses crossed the street and turned westward followed close to the sidewalk. Fortunately the animals came to a sudden halt, for when in front of the NEWS office they ran almost on top of a score of newsboys who were bunched together congaing to obtain admission to the building for the purpose of papers. The cause for the unbridled car slap was a collision with a shade tree which badly wrecked the wagon and knocked one of the horses to the ground.

WANTS TO BE GOVERNOR.

A Crazy Man Invades the Editorial Sanctum of the "News" with a Grievance Against Mayor Baskin.

A rather well dressed man, whose raven hair and black beard are being silvered with streaks of gray, called at the NEWS editorial rooms this morning and politely asked to see the man who reports the City Council proceedings.

Being introduced to the individual in question he commenced his complaint by saying:

"Don't use my name in the paper, it is Jo Morris in private life but John Brown in public. I have a suit against the city government and I want you to help make it count. But I am more particularly agitated at the unreasonable conduct of Mayor Baskin. I suppose you have heard that he went to Washington recently. Well, I wanted to go with him but the wretched fellow is in a rage because I wanted to be made governor of Utah but the Judge was fishing for that nutt himself so I had to stay at home and endure the nuisance the Gurney Cab company maintains on my premises. When I found out it was no use trying to get the governorship I asked for a berth on the sewer department. But it is evident that I am not in touch with the administration and I want your paper to help me out."

The visitor then commenced an unintelligible speech, during the deliverance of which he acted strangely and proved that there are men and women in the insane asylum whose mental faculties are in a much healthier state than his own.

A PECULIAR CASE.

A Difficult Operation Effected Through an Accidental Burn.

Peter Hansen, Daniels canon, relates the circumstances of a peculiar incident that has come under his notice. There is an aged couple residing on Mr. Larsen's farm, adjoining Mr. Hansen's residence in South Cottonwood. The lady has been for some time afflicted with dropsy, and the disease had advanced to such a stage that about two weeks ago two physicians who were attending her gave no hope of her recovery. The only chance was to remove the water from her body, and the operation they thought would be more than she could stand. Her limbs were greatly enlarged by the pressure of the liquid, and for some time she had been unable to lie down to rest.

Ten days ago her feet possessed a sense of intense cold, and at her request her husband heated some bricks which she said he was to be sure and make hot enough. He did so, and she placed her feet on them, but the place of dark intervening between the flesh and the bricks was so thin that the soles of her feet were badly blistered before she felt that the heat was too great.

As a result of this, the blisters poured forth a quantity of water, which kept steadily, though not rapidly, running for several days, until several gallons came away. The effect upon the lady was remarkable. She was not only relieved in size to a normal condition by the removal of the water, and was able to lie down in comfort, but began to regain strength and vigor, and indications are that she will have a new lease of life for a short time at least. The success of tapping which had been regarded as the quick or her strength, has been accomplished in an unknown far and satisfactory manner.

History of Utah.

The second volume of the History of Utah by Bishop Orson F. Whitney is now out and the delivery to subscribers will immediately be commenced.

THE REDISTRICTING SCHEME

It Was Talked Over at President Lorenzo's Office Last Night.

A few choice spirits belonging to the liberal ranks met in President Lorenzo's office last night to discuss the scheme for redistricting the municipal election precincts, as announced in yesterday evening's NEWS.

President Lorenzo was asked by a reporter of this paper this afternoon what he knew of the matter and he replied positively nothing. He admitted, however, that the matter was been informally talked over at his office last night but that no specific understanding had been arrived at. It was not yet in the hands of any committee and had not been brought to open public, though the matter would probably come up at an early date.

BURGLARS REAP A HARVEST

Rich in Diamonds, Gold Watches, Chains and Cash.

The Scene of Their Activity the Residence of Nephi W. Clayton, No. 150 Second Street.

The handsome residence of Nephi W. Clayton, president of the Salt Lake and Los Angeles Railway, at No. 150 Second street, was selected as a shining mark by the ever ubiquitous and enterprising burglar last night. The choice was an exceedingly fortunate one for the person or persons who planned and executed the robbery. On the other hand a most inopportune place or neglect proved an expensive event in the history of the Clayton household.

The building is finely fitted up with the latest electrical burglar alarm system and when sounded will arouse nearly the inmates of the house but people in the neighborhood. During the day the current is switched off so as to allow the opening and closing of doors and windows without the ringing of bells. At night when the family retires it is not is has been the constant custom to lock the doors, bolt the windows and so adjust the burglar system that it would be impossible for anyone to effect an entrance into the house without causing electrical bells to ring. This cautious proceeding had been repeated hundreds of times, apparently to no use, as burglars never came. Last night about 12 o'clock the members of the family who had not retired earlier went to bed forgetting to switch on the current and the unexpected housebreakers inside them a quiet little visit and took their departure as noiselessly as they came.

Entrance was effected through a basement window. From the cellar the robbers passed upon back stairway into the kitchen. From thence they went up to the upper flight of stairs, and it is supposed, first entered the bed chamber of a couple of Mr. Clayton's sisters. There they secured $20 in gold and passed across the railway into a room occupied by Mr. F. M. Lyman and ransacked his gold watch and chain and three or four dollars in silver from his pockets. Mr. Clayton's room was next inspected. As a result that gentleman mourns the loss of a $250 diamond shirt stud and a $600 gold watch and chain. To make up a magnificent time piece, a present from his father, Wm. Clayton, whose name it bears with the words "Great Salt Lake City, 1886." Mr. Clayton's purse was cut open and $50 taken therefrom. Several diamond rings, a gold necklace and other valuable jewelry belonging to Mrs. Clayton was not molested. It is supposed that some of the inmates moved in their beds and the felons fled to their hosts before finishing their work.

Fully $3000 worth of silverware, within easy reach was also untouched.

Mr. Lyman's watch was a gift from his father and is very valuable timepiece which he prized highly. The Robbery was reported to the police immediately as soon as discovered, and they have no clue that is likely to lead to the apprehension of the guilty parties.

BURGLARIZING A STORE.

Sacks of Flour, Hams and Other Groceries Stolen.

A small store that was being run by Mr. Little, at the corner of Third West and South South streets, was an object of attention from burglars last night. The front door was burst in, and two sacks of flour, two hams and a lot of groceries carried off.

There is no clue to the thieves, but the general impression in this instance is that the parties do not reside very far off. That locality has been auspicious to a good deal of petty thieving of late, and is practically without police protection.

PRIDE OF THE WEST.

Rich Strike Reported in Christensen's Mine at Dugway.

GOOD LUCK OF THE STAR OWNERS

Stage Line to the Henry Mountains Copper in Kane County.—The Millers.—Brief Bits.

N. C. Christensen arrived last evening from the Pride of the West mine at Dugway, and reports a big strike in the mine. He says it is a four feet vein, and will average over $100 in gold, silver and lead. Mr. Christensen is all smiles at his discovery, and says that the camp will show the people there is something in it worth having.

THE STAR HAS IT RICH.

Isaac Brockbank is down from the Star mine in Lake, and reports that on the ounces cut made from the shaft the walls of ore was encountered at a distance of thirty-eight feet. When he left they were in fifteen inches on the vein, and the ore was of remarkably good quality. Two hundred ounces silver to the ton, and fifty per cent lead is stated as about the average.

This morning a telegram was received by Secretary Stayner, stating that the vein was sixteen inches wide. It is the same as rock with 150 feet higher up. Said one of the owners of the mine today, "We have got what we have been looking for, and more too. We knew there was good ore there, but we never thought it would be as rich. The mine is made. We were satisfied we had a big thing to the start, but this is better than we ever expected.

MORE OF DUGWAY.

George E. Sensmann, recorder of the Dugway mining district, and Alex. Paterson, foreman of the Cannon group of mines, came in last evening. Mr. Paterson reports the mines over which he has charge as showing better prospects than ever before. Mr. Sensmann is owner of the Harvest gold mine. He is taking out ore and expects to make some shipments. He says the outlook for the whole district is bright.

THE MILLERS' ASSOCIATION.

In the proceedings of the meeting of the millers of Utah, Idaho and western Wyoming, yesterday afternoon, the business of the convention was continued by the appointment of the following committee to arrange plints for markets not yet established: Messrs. Chapman, Fuller, Rich, Mortenson, Tomlinson, Sparkman, Robinson, Miles and Merrill.

A constitution and by-laws for governing the business of the association was adopted, which provided for the election of nine directors, a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer and an executive committee of three. The organization is called the Inter-Mountain Millers' Association.

The by-laws provide that any miller or flour dealer can become a member of the association by paying the initiation fee of $5 and subscribing to the rules.

The association shall arrange freight rates and endeavor to secure a foreign market for the export produce. It shall fix a price on all mill stock in the territory of the association, which shall be binding on the members. Each member must deposit his check for $100 as a guarantee of good faith.

After the adoption of the constitution and by-laws and a discussion on other mill produce the meeting adjourned.

NOTES.

H. S. Hyde, who was shot at Eureka on Friday, is still progressing favorably, though not yet out of danger.

Mining in the Henry Mountains is looking up and with the good roads being built into that section exciting times are looked for this summer.

The work on the copper plant is being pushed as fast as is necessary to prepare the grounds for building by the time the contract bids are opened and passed upon.

The sale of delinquent stock of the Well Assile mine will take place on Monday, the 10th, at the company's office in the Constitution building.

The $50,000 subscription for the copper refinery has come in slowly as yet, but as tomorrow is the day for final payment it is anticipated that the required amount will be forthcoming.

The snow is reported as being very deep at La Plata, so deep indeed, that all but the tallest houses are buried. Men have been at work for several weeks running a cross cut in the La Plata mine.

Marshal Benton has withdrawn several of his deputies from Eureka, but has left what he considers a sufficient force for any needs that may arise. The Bullion-Beck is still increasing the force of men at work in the mine.

Messrs. W. J. Hammond & Co., of Grand Junction, have arranged for a stage line from Green River to Eagle township, in the Henry Mountains, and will begin weekly service between those two points not later than April 10th. They have already shipped into Green River a four-horse stage outfit and will increase their service as fast as the circumstances will justify it. It is said they have plenty of capital behind them.

The Salina Press says: Chas. F. Boyle and August Anderson, of Richfield, who have lately been prospecting in the southeastern portion of Kane county, have returned and are at present sojourning in Salina. They are waiting returns from a shipment of copper and petrified tree from Pahreah creek. They claim to have enough copper ore of a high grade in sight to supply the wants of any smelter which may be built in Utah, and also that the ore is rich enough to bear the expense of shipping. They claim to have located another silver lead. Investigation by competent mining men will now be in order.