TELEGRAPHIC.

A CLOUD OF SMOKE,

Completely Enveloping Lake Michigan for Days.

FED BY RAGING FOREST FIRES.

Steamers Groping About in Egyptian Darkness—Navigation Rendered Extremely Difficult.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Lake Michigan has been completely enveloped in a thick cloud of smoke caused by forest fires in Wisconsin and northern Michigan, for the past three days, that limited the range of vision to a quarter of a mile in any direction. Through this the sun shone like a ball of fire, and the tooting of the fog signal out on the water sounded monotonously at short intervals. Navigation on the lake was attended with considerable dangers, as captains of steamers could not see other vessels half a dozen lengths ahead and had to run slow and sound the fog signal constantly. All boats in shipping were several hours late and tonight there were many inquiries for vessels which were due but still lingering around out on the lake. Lake captains after comparing notes came to the conclusion this was the thickest smoke on the lake and of the most forest fires that they had known for several years. Captains of arriving steamers all had stories to tell of the difficulties of navigation in the smoke. For many days the smoke has been very heavy over the lower end of the lake, but the prevailing south winds kept it away from this part of the lake.

DENSE AS A FOG.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 27.—The pall of smoke which has enshrouded not only the water of Lake Michigan, but the entire city, exceeded anything before known. A fog could not have been much denser and obscuring than the smoke from the fires. Vessels are compelled to feel their way with the lead. The passenger steamers Virginia and Louisiana, with large excursion parties from Chicago, were each one hour behind their usual time on account of the dense clouds. No standings have occurred so far as known.

The Work of an Incendiary.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 27.—An extensive fire took place last night in Hintonsville, a suburb of this city, doing damage estimated at upwards of $100,000. The fire started in piles of lumber belonging to John H. Booth, and, owing to the great distance of water supply, soon got beyond control and extended toward the city until the wind fortunately changed. The territory covered by the fire was about ten acres. On the ground were six and eight million feet of lumber belonging to Mr. Booth, valued at $150,000, six railway cars with lumber belonging to the Export Lumber company, the Parry Sound bridge, the Cedar street public school, valued at $9,000, Several smaller buildings were also burned. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. At midnight it was burning lightly.

The Strike Investigation.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Mr. Gompers, when asked for his opinion as to the methods for preventing strikes, said: "I do not condemn strikes as heartily as do some men. I believe that so long as present conditions exist they are necessary, and I believe that all strikes do good in calling attention to the fact that laboring men will not be driven further down into poverty."

The witness was rather frankly uncomplimentary regarding the strike commission. "I think late thing is rather late in the day," he said. This examination by the commissioners is rather in the nature of an inquest on a dead body. I don't anticipate great good from the present investigation."

The witness had something he wanted to say about the injunctions issued by the courts. He held these injunctions were not rightly based on the interstate commerce law; that that law was not intended to apply to labor organizations. He said the injunctions were based upon court-martial law, upon decisions given in the absence of law. When Mr. Gompers finished the commission adjourned until Monday.

An effort was made last night to get at the proceedings before the commission investigating the Pullman strike. The statement was made that Mr. St. John, general manager of the Rock Island, declared that a list of names had been prepared for the General Managers' association containing the names of the most active strikers. Mr. St. John made no such statement, but testified that neither the Rock Island nor the General Managers' association had ever kept a black list or that they had such at the present time.

Thomas Reed Opens the Campaign.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., Aug. 25.—Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed opened the Republican campaign in this state here this afternoon with a speech which called forth the heartiest cheers from the thousands present. Mr. Reed's main effort was to prove that the Democratic party had shown itself incapable of taking the country safely, certainly to the majority of the people, and even to the large minority which helped compose it."

Stands Up for Breckinridge.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Aug. 25.—George G. Brown, the well known evangelist, today delivered a speech in which he spoke all good things to vote for Colonel Breckinridge. It created a tremendous sensation.

Will Stop at Salt Lake.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Prime Minister Ito and his secretary, Nagasaki, and their two aide-de-camps, left Chicago over the Burlington. They will stop one day at Denver and a day at Salt Lake City, after which they will proceed to San Francisco and take a steamer for Japan.

Knights of Pythias.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 26.—An enormous house warming was given the Knights of Pythias encamped in the White City of tents around the Washington monument this afternoon. It came in the form of a thunder shower which swept over the city almost without warning, and then settled into a steady rain until sunset. Never tents were dismantled by the sweep of rain which beat around them, and the lightning was unpleasantly sharp. All of the decorators fortunately in the storm were accepted in a hilarious mood by the knights, however, and they made fun under the canvas as well as outside after the first drenching rain had passed over.

The thousands cheered on the arrival of new companies, while the bands in the camp kept giving a continual concert, endeavoring to outplay their rivals. Special trains were pouring into the depot, and knights brilliantly uniformed in scarlet, blue and white, went marching up Pennsylvania avenue through the rain, many displaying handsome banners. Particularly striking was the Florida Division, presenting a gleaming array of white duck trousers and carrying at the head of the line the most famous product of their state, a stuffed alligator rampant.

UNDER CONFUSION.

The Declaration of Independence by Corea's Ruler.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—A dispatch from Berlin to the *Standard* says that China is about to address a note to the powers protesting against the king of Corea declaring his independence. The dispatch adds several of the powers are likely to recognize the justice of the protest because they are certain the declaration was under Japanese compulsion after the king was captured, and it was intended to make it appear voluntary.

The Outlook for Silver.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, accompanied by his wife and son, were passengers on La Normandie, which arrived today. Senator Wolcott said that during his trip abroad he had spent much of his time in England, France and Germany, the three countries most interested in the silver question. In Germany the feeling was most entirely in favor of bimetallism, but that country would make no move until England took the initiative. In England, Balfour and Chamberlain favored bimetallism, and thought the system adopted in India was not satisfactory. Gladstone was opposed to bimetallism, and Lord Rosebery will express no opinion on the question. The senator thought the time was not far distant when there would be an international agreement on the subject.

On the Production of Lead.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 26.—A report on the production of lead in the United States during the first six months of the year was submitted to the United States geological survey today by Special Agent C. Kimball. It shows a heavy falling off in the quantity of lead drawn from domestic sources and shows the decline in the price of silver, and the prostration of the silver mining industry have seriously affected the leading industries of the Rocky Mountain states and territories.

The production of desilverized lead amounted to 80,772 net tons, against 94,921 for the first six months of 1893, and of soft lead, 15,610 tons net, against 16,355 for the preceding period of last year. The total production of refined lead was 102,082 net tons, against 111,926 in the first half of 1893; the refined in bond amounting to 21,392 net tons, against 13,239 for the first half of last year.

Our Nicaraguan Policy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—A special from Washington says: Definite information concerning the Nicaraguan policy of the administration was obtained from an official source today. For some time there has been many speculations on the subject, as recent advices from Bluefields, and the present mission to London of General Barrios, the Nicaraguan special commissioner, have aroused fresh interest here. Briefly expressed, the resignation of the complete sovereignty of Nicaragua in the Mosquito reservation is the policy which has been agreed upon. Neither Chief Clarendon nor his successor in any event is regarded as having any authority or rights separate from or independent of national control. Nicaragua is considered the only treaty power and the sole source of government. With her all relations concerning American interests in the reservation are to be had and Clarendon and his advisers are to be treated as purely local authorities, subordinate to and under the constant tuition of Nicaragua in all matters, for aids or omission and consultation with respect to Americans and their rights, Nicaragua is to be held responsible.

SATOLLI'S LETTER EXPLAINED.

Dr. McGlynn Says Its Importance Has Been Overestimated.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Fifteen honored persons assembled at Prohibition Park, Staten Island, today, to hear Rev. Dr. McGlynn discourse on a "Model Commonwealth." Preceding his remarks he gave by request a prelude upon Mgr. Satolli's confirmation of Bishop Watterson's famous letter. At a meeting at the park a week ago, the question was asked if the importance and seriousness of the delegate's utterance against the saloon were not overestimated, and it was also asked if a single representative Catholic could be named who was opposed to the saloon.

In introducing Dr. McGlynn, the utterances of Archbishop Corrigan, Bishop McCloskey, of Vermont, and Bishop Messmer, of Wisconsin, were read, endorsing Mgr. Satolli's position.

Father McGlynn said there was a danger in magnifying Monsignor Satolli's letter beyond the intention of the writer and beyond its real effect. It was not a decree. Mgr. Satolli barely meant and Bishop Watterson hardly meant that it was a sin to drink intoxicating liquors or to sell them. They have not gone so far as that. In effect the letter meant that Catholics should look to it that their churches, families and business should be conducted so as to be no occasion of sin or scandal.

The letter of the apostolic delegate is more forceful than the order of the Bishop of Columbus, but it did not require great perception to understand now far-reaching words he is effect. The letter placing Catholics that it each bishop in the United States should issue the same orders as had Bishop Watterson, and Mgr. Satolli should be appealed to for a reversal of the order, that he would give the same answer. It could have no effect in encouraging the Catholic people and clergy to premise or to present temperance. It would cause saloonkeepers to conduct their business with greater prudence because when they understand they might be excluded from the church for engaging in the traffic.

DEADLY CYCLONE AT SEA.

One Thousand Persons Supposed to Have Perished.

Vessels Destroyed and Villages Along the Shore Almost Wiped Out of Existence.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 25.—A special telegram to the *Globe-Democrat* from St. Petersburg says:

A wind of death. No other words can describe the cyclone that swept across the Sea of Azof yesterday. It would be impossible for days yet to compute the damage done, but it is almost certain that 1,000 have perished, some by drowning, others by being crushed under falling houses and trees.

The excitement is great among the American colony in this city, for it is feared that at least two parties of American tourists were on the Sea of Azof at the time the wind did its deadly work. All the afternoon there has been a string of saloons at the American ministry asking, almost begging, for news from Odessa, whence the tourists were to have started on the regulation sightseeing trip across the Crimea, visiting Sebastopol, Balaklava and the other famous battle scenes.

At a late hour there was only a general report of the disaster to base surmises of the Americans' safety. The report reconcile wide haven. The wind was But tell at Nogaisk. When the hurricane had swept out to the north a terrible scene was presented. The village was razed, overturned, as if an immense plough had been pushed through it. Lying everywhere were women and children, in the last agonies. The shallow waters of the sea were lashed to such a height that it was plain that every floating boat must have been sunk. The cyclone swept on to the northwest after wrecking Nogaisk.

Its path seems to have been unusually wide, for at Mariouopol it invested on the country to a point eleven miles inland, and laid its outer edge far upon the sea. Mariouopol was practically blotted out of existence. Not three houses in a hundred are left standing. It is estimated that 500 persons perished in the place alone. North of here the cyclone made a sudden turn to the east, over the Dolga Points. Its left edge inflicted slight damage to the town of Berdinsk. Houses were unroofed and a dozen persons killed by falling timbers. Once at sea the storm made its full fury felt.

Of the steamers that touch at the port of Berdinsk, not one had come in at the hour of the latest report. Grave fears are expressed that every craft has gone to the bottom and that every passenger is drowned. When the wind swept over the northeast end of Azof it took a new course, going southerly along the coast of the land of the Black Cossacks.

Tarsanna and Achmet were ravaged each town being almost totally destroyed. Telegraph communication with this district are suspended, and it is impossible to learn the extent of the destruction, but at least 1,000 persons must have died on the two shores. The storm, as nearly as can be learned, seemed to sincerely lose its force near Temernik and passed off with a comparative quiet southerly over the Black Sea.

THE FRANKLYN HORROR.

The Blue Willoby Set Fire to, is the Verdict.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 26.—The coroner's jury investigating the disaster in the Franklyn coal mine Friday, in which thirty-seven men were killed, has rendered a verdict finding that the fire was started by parties unknown, who wilfully, knowingly and maliciously desired to do great injury and damage to the lives of the employes and the property of the Oregon Improvement company.

PULLMAN STRIKERS.

They Consider the Advisability of Moving to Kansas.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—A meeting of about forty Pullman mechanics was held this afternoon to consider the project of moving in a body to Kansas, where it is claimed work has been offered them. It was stated at the meeting that the men believed they would be given employment in car works to be built at Hiawatha, Kas.

Another Earthquake.

ATHENS, Aug. 26.—An earthquake was felt here at 8 o'clock this morning. The shock was also felt at Corinth, Vastizza, Zante, Thebes, Chalcis and Atalanta. The inhabitants of some of the places affected were terribly frightened, thinking there was about to be a repetition of the disasters that occurred some little time ago. They fled to the fields and other open places for safety. So far as known no persons were killed.

Call For County Republican Convention.

A convention of the Republicans of Salt Lake county is hereby called to meet at the old Federal court room, Wasatch building, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Thursday, September 6, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating 32 delegates to the Republican Territorial convention to be held in Provo, September 11, 1894, pursuant to call of the Territorial Republican committee. Said county convention will consist of 187 delegates, apportioned among the various precincts of Salt Lake county as follows:

Salt Lake City, First precinct, 4; Second precinct, 5; Third precinct, 10; Fourth precinct, 22; Fifth precinct, 6; Brigham, 6; Pleasant Green, 2; Herriman, 2; North Point, 1; West Jordan, 6; South Jordan, 3; North Jordan, 2; Bertram, 2; Riverdale, 1; Bluff Dale, 1; Draper, 3; Bingham, 3; Granger, 2; Farmer's, 3; Mill Creek, 3; Sugar House, 3; East Mill Creek, 3; Mountain Dell, 2; Union, 3; South Cottonwood, 7; Big Cottonwood, 3; Little Cottonwood, 1; Holladay, 3; Sandy, 6; Granite, 3; Silver, 3; Pleasant View, 1; total, 187.

Primaries for the election of delegates to said county convention will be held under the direction of the chairmen of the various precincts at the usual places for holding primaries, on Tuesday, September 4th, 1894, at 8 o'clock p. m. In case in any precinct no place is generally understood at which primaries shall be held the chairman of such precinct is hereby requested to designate some place and to publish notice thereof in connection with this call.

By order of County Republican Committee.

W. F. JAMES, Chairman.
GEORGE M. CANNON, Secretary.

All Curable Diseases

ARE TREATED AND CURED BY DRS. SHORES & SHORES FOR $5 A MONTH. MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE.

No Catchpenny Schemes, but Honest Treatment—You will Notice the Might Specialists Have Quit.

No Frauds can Live Under the Shores & Shores' Mighty Exposure.

Mrs. Oberg has resided here for the past eighteen years and her many friends will be glad to hear of her little daughter's rapid recovery.

LITTLE ITIE OBERG.

Are you afflicted with freckles, pimples or complexion? Are you warned by the ringing in your ears of the extension of the cavernal passages to the hearing?

Do you suffer from dyspepsia, loss of appetite, bowels out of tone, sick, or any of the forms of catarrhal interference with the digestive organs?

Have you severe bronchial trouble, hacking cough, pains in the chest, loss of flesh? Have you been warned of approaching consumption?

Are you a sufferer from Asthma, and have you been led to believe this your disease is incurable?

Do you suffer from Rheumatism for which remedies and prescriptions have proved unavailing?

Is your heart affected? Do you suffer from an oppressed feeling, choking sensation, smothering spells, an irregular pulse, shortness of breath and fluttering or palpitation?

Do you suffer from Liver complaint? Are you constantly melancholy, unhappy and miserable, without knowing a good reason why?

Do you suffer from Nervous trouble, which affects so many at this time, when cures are taken heavily?

If You Cannot Come to Salt Lake

Write for the mail treatment. One of the physicians in personal charge superintends the mail department and by a system of close correspondence controls those out of the city quite as well as those who come to the office. Send for symptom book. Medicines shipped carefully. Try this treatment.

Drs. Shores & Shores.

Specialists,

Zion Medical and Surgical Institute

54 E. Second South Street.

Specialties: All diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Lungs, Female, Rectal and Private Diseases. Only specialists for Piles in Salt Lake. Consultation free. Any one address. Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. Tues. 7 to 8 evenings. 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 12 m. Only Eclectic Physicians. Medicines furnished free from our own laboratory.

SPORTING GOODS.

WE

Have the Largest Stock and Finest Assortment of Fishing Tackle, Lawn Tennis, Base Ball and Cricket Supplies, Tents, Hammocks, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Guns, Rifles, Ammunition, Bicycles and General Sporting Goods.

Ride a Copper Rim Rambler, if you want the Best Wheel Made. Send for Catalogue of Sporting Goods.

Browning Bros.,

155 Main St., Salt Lake City.
2401 Washington Ave., Ogden.

The

WAGENER BREWING CO.

Established in 1864.
Incorporated in 1890.

BREWERY AND PARK, AT EMIGRATION or PIONEER CANYON

Family Trade Solicited.

Principal Office, No. 64 East First South St. Telephone 918.

Knox Hats.

We have just received the Fall Style in Knox Hats. Remember "Knox" the hatter," took the six highest awards at the World's Fair for Silk Hats, Soft and Stiff Hats, Straw Hats and Napped Hats. If you are thinking of buying a Hat, it will pay you to buy the best Hat made. Always buy Knox. Union made, world Renowned Hats. We are Sole Agents for Salt Lake City.

ONE PRICE.

J. P. GARDNER,

141 Main Street

SUNOL!

ROBERT BONNER

Superintending the shoeing of Sunol with the Putnam Nail.

PROSPECT HILL STOCK FARM,
MILLER & SIMLEY,
SHELBYVILLE, TENNESSEE, Feb. 20, 1893.
PUTNAM NAIL CO., Boston, Mass.:
GENTLEMEN:—Speaking for myself and for all the folk here, will state that I have used the Putnam Nail and others, but it has come to the point with me that where there I will not allow any other nail to be used than the Putnam. Enclosed find $5 for which please send me a small assortment of your nails, as I have used up my last supply. Very respectfully yours,

Chas. Marvin

The Putnam Nail is the only exclusively Hot-Forged and Hammer-Pointed nail.

Look in your smith's shoeing box, if the nails have smooth edges for the whole length they are the PUTNAM, for they are Hammer-Pointed and are not sheared.

The above picture, from a photo representing Mr. Sunol, is the use of shoeing his colts in Putnam nails, while experimenting the shoeing of Sunol, will be sent in the form of a half size, size, 10c, on three, white paper, with wide margin, on receipt of 5 cent stamp for postage, etc.

PUTNAM NAIL CO.,

Neponset, Boston, Mass.

For Sale by F. C. M. I. and Branch Houses.

DISSTONS' CELEBRATED

SAWS

Cross Cut, Drag, One Man, Upright, Mill, Hand, Rip, Panel, Turon, Pruning, Compass, Butcher, Cone, Keyhole, Etc.

ALSO

CIRCULAR.

Both Solid and Chisel Point Tooth and "TRIUMPH," for felling trees, are selling at lower prices than ever. Also a full stock of their Rasps and Files always on hand.

Z. C. M. I.

C. W. PECK,

Fine Tailoring.

54 WEST, SECOND SOUTH STREET.

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

The Largest and Finest Stock of

Home Made and Imported Goods.

Suits of Home Made Goods, from $20 up. Pants of Home Made Goods, from $5 up.

Sacred Heart Academy, Ogden, Utah.

CONDUCTED by the Sisters of the Holy Cross. The location of the Academy is unsurpassed for health and beauty of location. The course of instruction comprises all the requisites of a thorough and accomplished education. For full particulars address

SISTER SUPERIOR,

Sacred Heart Academy, Ogden, Utah.

To infuse Life and Magnetism into Business in these dull times it is necessary to have a Magnet of Powerful Attraction, in order to Draw Trade. The Magnet of

The...

Siegel Clothing Co

For the next TWO WEEKS

For the next TWO WEEKS

Will be an Immense Clearance Sale of

Summer Suits, at $7.50

A Suit. These Suits have been Selling for $12.50, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00. To purchase without seeing these Bargains is like Buying a Ticket in a Bogus Lottery—you get no return for your investment.

The Siegel

Clothing Co.

Guarantee Honest Goods, Fair Dealing and Lowest Prices.

SALT LAKE. OGDEN. BUTTE.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

Nothing Like It Ever Heard of before in Salt Lake City.

LOWERING THE RECORD!

Our Great Sale of all Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Capes for Fall Wear at ¼, ⅓ and ½ of Former Prices. Positively no such Grand Values have ever been offered to you before. These are a few of the Items.

LADIES' JACKETS.

To close a line of Jackets, that sold for $2.00 and $2.50, in Navy and Black, size 32 to 36. They go at 75c.

Another line of Blazer Jackets in Navy Blue, Black and Green, worth $3.50, plain or embroidered Lapels, for $1.98.

20 Ladies' Jackets, Black or Navy Blue, in a variety of styles, worth $5.25 to $6.50, for $2.75.

One Load of Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, assorted styles and colors for $3.98, worth up to $7.50.

Still another assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, Boucle cloths, large sleeves etc., black, blue, brown, worth up to $10.00, for $5.25.

LADIES' CAPES.

An elegant line of Ladies' Capes, assorted colors and makes, plain or braided, regular value $3.00 to $5.00, for $1.98.

A Beautiful Assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Capes, value $5.00 to $7.00, for $3.25.

A fine line of Capes, of all styles and colors for $3.85.

An excellent line of Capes, splendid quality, very latest styles, noble, stylish assorted colors, value $8 to $12.50, for $5.95.

Our entire stock of Capes and Jackets are cut in same proportions.

CHILDREN'S REEFERS.

One whole assorted stock of Children's Jackets marked to either ½ or ⅓ reductions.

WRAPPERS.

Ladies' Percale Wrappers, all sizes, value $1.00, for 35c.

Colored Percale Waists, with ruffle over shoulder, worth 50c, for 35c.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Ladies' Ready-made Suits in Cheviots and Mixtures, for fall and winter wear, very nobby and stylish.

CHEMISETTES.

A line of Ladies' Chemisettes in White and colors, for 10c.

FALL AND WINTER WOOLENS AND SILKS

Are now arriving daily, and are being shown in the very Latest Effects. Novelties in cloth, German and French Suitings, imported by us in larger quantities than usual, and sold by the yard instead of single suit, on account of Tariff Deductions, at 25 per cent less than former seasons.

A line of 36 inch Fancy Suitings, new colors and effects, worth 50c, for 39c yd.

20 inch all wool Fancy Suitings, worth 65c, for 39c yd.

36 inch serges, strictly all wool, a big bargain, at 49c yd.

New Silks. New Silks.

New Dress Silks, at 39c, for the thing in Widow of Dresses, special this week at 79c yd, worth double.

Short lengths in Novelty Silks. We offer this week a big collection.

Great reductions this week in Boys School Suits and Shoes.

TUESDAY ONLY.

25 Inch Colored Challies, worth 10c, special at 37½c yd.

THURSDAY ONLY.

44 Black Mantle, worth 75 yd, special at 49 yd.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.