

DESERET EVENING NEWS

WEATHER REPORT.

Record at the local office of the weather bureau for the 24 hours ending at 6 a. m. today:

Barometer reading at 6 a. m., 25.74 inches. Temperature at 6 a. m., 21 degrees; maximum, 30; minimum, 20; mean, 25, which is 12 degrees below normal.

Deficiency of daily mean temperature since the first of the month, 348 degrees. Deficiency of daily mean temperature since January 1, 219 degrees.

Precipitation for the 24 hours ending at 6 a. m., .04 inch.

Precipitation since the first of the month, .38 inch, which is .43 inch below normal.

Excess in precipitation since January 1, 2.4 inch.

FORECASTS TILL 6 P. M. SUNDAY.

Local forecast for Salt Lake City and vicinity:

Fair tonight and Sunday.

Utah: (Forecast taken at Denver, Colorado.)

Fair tonight and Sunday.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The storm is now central over Lake Michigan. The crest of an area of high pressure covers the northern Rocky Mountain slope. Precipitation has occurred over southern Montana, eastern Idaho, Wyoming, Utah, northern New Mexico, the Missouri, and Mississippi valleys. It is raining over the northern Rocky Mountain slope, the Missouri and Mississippi valleys.

L. H. MURDOCH, Section Director.

TODAY'S TEMPERATURE.

6 a. m.	21
7 a. m.	22
8 a. m.	23
9 a. m.	24
10 a. m.	25
11 a. m.	26
12 m.	27
1 p. m.	28
2 p. m.	27

To-day's Metals:

SILVER, Bar, 48 cents

LEAD, \$3.50.

CASTING COPPER, 12 3/8 cents a lb.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS.

THE GREAT COUNTRY PAPER OF THE WEST.

is issued Mondays and Thursdays and contains all the cream of the Daily and Saturday News.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

The fire department was paid off today, the pay roll amounting to \$3,089.05.

The next meeting of Veteran Artillerymen will be held in the old armory hall at 7:30 Tuesday evening, March 3.

J. B. Osborne of Denver lectures tomorrow evening at Murray on "Socialism, the Art of the Twelfth Century."

Upon motion of Atty. P. L. Williams, Judge Hall has admitted Attorney John G. North, of California, to practice in the equity court.

Eugene H. Dunning was examined as to his sanity yesterday by Deputy County Clerk Eldridge and Drs. Osell and A. K. Smith, and discharged.

J. P. Nelson, H. A. Lelander and W. R. Smith were Secretary Bert Raybold of the Elks lodge 310 each yesterday, with which to buy books for the Elks' new library.

Two new cases of smallpox were reported to the board of health yesterday. They are Emma Donnelly, aged 22, 578 South Second West; Mrs. C. V. Gilmer, age 35, 25 West Fifth South.

Henry J. Kruse, a miner of American Fork, this morning filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the federal court. His liabilities are set forth as being \$1,837, with assets of \$1,149.

Architect Neuhausen said this morning, that as soon as the Kyune stone quarries were opened, construction would be resumed on the Roman Catholic cathedral, and he is figuring now on the steel work.

The case against A. G. Nott, charged with embezzling \$200 from a 3000 Tuffs, was to have been heard by Judge Diehl this morning, but on motion of counsel for the state the matter was continued until March 7.

Hon. Wm. H. King will deliver a lecture in the First ward hall at 8 o'clock Sunday evening, March 1, commencing at 6 p. m., under the auspices of the Mutual Improvement association. Special music will be rendered by the ward choir.

The funeral of Master T. J. the 18-month-old son of Fred and John T. Miller, who died yesterday of cerebral spinal meningitis and bronchitis, will be held tomorrow, Sunday, at 12 m., from the Thirtieth ward meeting-house. Friends are invited.

The banquet of the Sons of the American Revolution to be held at the Commercial club tonight, will begin at 7:30 p. m. sharp, so that the feast and all the speaking may be over in time for those present to catch the 11:30 cars, and get home before midnight.

Funeral services over the remains of James Simpson Mayne will be held tomorrow, Sunday, at 12 o'clock, from the Twenty-fifth ward meetinghouse. Friends are invited to attend. The remains may be viewed from 10 to 11 a. m. at the residence, 331 West Fourth South street.

Louis M. Little, of Park City, was arrested in this city yesterday and returned to the Park by the sheriff of Summit county, in order that Mr. Little might have an opportunity to settle certain alleged arrears with his landlady, he having forgotten all about it ere leaving town.

Morning papers go on insisting that the property of the unfortunate Mr. Bell, destroyed by fire Thursday, was without insurance. As a matter of fact it carried \$2,500, divided between the Home of Utah and the Williamsburg City, and this amount would more than pay the house into shape again.

Tomorrow night the second of a series of lectures will be given in the Second ward meetinghouse at 6:30 o'clock when Elder David McKenize will be the speaker. His subject is "Fulfillment of Prophecy," a continuation of that given by Elder H. S. Tanner two weeks ago. The public is cordially invited to attend.

The funeral of Henry Lessard will be held from St. Mary's cathedral Sunday at 2 p. m. The Woodmen of the World and the Macaronis will have charge of the exercises at the grave. All three degree teams of the Woodmen will take part. All members of these two orders are invited to be present at the church and take the cars to the cemetery.

Pontiff Isaac, Sharp returned yesterday from a long and tedious chase of alleged potfistole robbers that extended from Texas to Texas. After various incidents he and the other government officials returned without landing their men. They succeeded, however, in picking up the most money order game in Colorado and contiguous states. The men give the names of Kerr and Hill, and are now safely behind the bars in Denver.

Mrs. Rhoda A. Lyman, wife of President Francis M. Lyman of the European mission, fell on the ice yesterday near the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. H. King, on Second street, and broke the two bones of the left arm just above the wrist. The limb was set by Dr. Joseph S. Richards, and Mrs. Lyman is now doing as well as could be expected. She is stopping with Mrs. King.

Levy notices are now being issued from the office of the county treasurer on personal property delinquents for the year 1932. There are several hundred of these and County Treasurer Carls says that the additional costs are from \$10 to \$25 in each case, for which he is sorry. But he declares that the time has finally come when the provisions of the law must be complied with to the letter.

Dr. David Budge of Logan is in the city recovering from a severe attack of la grippe. He aggravated the trouble because that a surgical operation was necessary. The required relief followed and the doctor was removed to the hotel, where he is now stopping with his father and mother, Hon. Wm. and Mrs. Budge of Paris, Bear Lake, Idaho. His recovery is now merely a matter of time, a fact for which his friends will be very grateful.

Convict J. W. Kane, who got "full" while on an errand up town, has been deprived of his right to trusty status in the prison, and is back in the yard under guard like any first-grader. In addition, he loses the three months that was coming to him for good behavior. It is expected that Officer Bush will have trouble in collecting the \$50 reward, as that was offered under the expectation that Kane was endeavoring to escape from the state, where he would have returned to the prison, if he is claimed, of his own accord.

The published statement that Alfred Bell was unable to turn in an alarm at the time his house was on fire for the reason that he could not get central appears in the paper as a fact. Mr. Bell so states in a letter. The truth is he was unable to get to the telephone at all. The "News" report came from an official of the fire department and was accepted as true, and it is evident that the gentleman had no intention of misrepresenting anyone. He simply acted upon information as it came to him. It is regretted that at the telephone company was in no wise to blame.

A new fire escape device has been brought out in this city which is likely to attract attention. It is a set of runways, made of light wire rope at the side and light pipe rungs running across the whole, being wound on a reel that may be carried under the arm, where the device is only of few stories in length, and may be carried on the shoulder where it is of great length. Though light, it appears to be very strong and reliable, and can be fastened over any interior window, and unwound outside to the ground for use in case of fire. The management of the Western Slope Introduction company will call the attention of Chief Devine to the device, with a view to practical test in this city.

The first meeting of the "Salt Lake Social Thistle club" was held on Thursday, Feb. 19, at the residence of L. A. Hall. About twenty-five Scotchmen and Scotchwomen met and decided to effect a permanent organization for the purpose of studying the literature and history of the Scotch race, and of Scotland. Mrs. H. McCardell was elected temporary chairman, and Joseph S. Fowler, temporary secretary. A committee of three, consisting of Joseph S. Fowler, Duncan McFadyen and David Henderson, was appointed to draft a constitution for the government of the society. The next meeting of the society will be held on Wednesday, March 1, at the Federal hall, when the constitution will be adopted and permanent officers elected.

ZION'S SAVINGS BANK & TRUST CO. has half a million dollars to loan in sums to suit borrowers, on first class collateral at lowest market rates.

SENATE STANDS BY THE WOMEN

Passes the Kindergarten Bill and Receives Bouquet of Flowers.

ONLY FOUR NEGATIVE VOTES

Senator Whitmore Says He Was Not Treated With "Decency" by House Committee—Later is Rebuked.

The senate held an extraordinary long session yesterday afternoon but consumed most of their time in talking about kindergartens and coyotes. Not since the opening of this session has the influence of women been felt so strongly as it was yesterday. With the chairman of the senate educational committee sternly opposed to them, they stood by their pet measure, the kindergarten bill, and with characteristic determination fought down nearly all opposition and witnesses the passage of the bill by the overwhelming vote of 13 to 4. The opposition was led by Senator Love, who urged the same objections he made in the committee room, viz: that the passage of the bill would be an unwise precedent, that it was properly the work of a future Legislature. Senator Bennett took a similar ground, but the further objection, however, that the revenues of the state were scarcely adequate to bear the present expenses of the state and the same commission may prevail four years hence. He did not oppose anyone to charge and with being unfriendly to the kindergartens, but he thought the friends of the measure would injure their cause by pressing its passage at this time, as it would reflect on the wisdom of the people whose assistance would be valuable.

Senator Bamberger delivered a few pointed remarks in support of the bill, and they netted him a large bouquet of American Beauty roses from the ladies.

The vote on the bill was as follows: Yes—Bamberger, Bacher, Gonsler, Johnson, C. P. Larsen, H. S. Larsen, Lawrence, Lewis, Loose, McKay, Murdoch, Whitmore, Allison—13.

Nays—Bennett, Love, Sherman, Williams—4.

BOUNTIES REMAIN SAME.

There was an effort on the part of Senator McKay and others to raise the bounty on coyotes from \$1 to \$1.50 and on bears and mountain lions from \$5 to \$10. But the senate would not listen to their appeal, so that the bounties remain as they now stand on the statute books.

HOUSE TAKEN TO TASK.

Senators Whitmore and Gardner, of the senate committee of three, appointed to confer with a similar committee from the house in reference to S. B. 3 and 4, submitted a report that rebuked the house committee for "arrogance." The bill, at the direction of Governor, the senate passed it over the veto, but the house refused to do it, hence the conference. The report was adopted by a similar committee from the house, and the request was made that "your special committee meet with said committee from the house and the majority of the house members arrogantly refused to discuss their recent report on said bills, or voted by the part of the same, and contending that they were under no obligations to assign any reason for their action, and that the communication in question was of the house, requesting that another conference committee be named, who will respectfully discuss the matter."

Senator C. P. Larsen, the third member of the committee, who will be in the majority report which was immediately turned down. Another committee will be appointed. Senator Whitmore said he was not treated with "decency" and he did not propose to go up against the house committee again.

BILLS THAT PASSED.

The following bills were passed by the senate yesterday:

Senate Bill No. 55, by Lawrence—Extending the term for which county boards may grant corporate franchises to 50 years, and providing for disposal of the stock and bonds of such counties of the stock and bonds of such counties as well as outside of city limits.

Senate Bill No. 128, by Lawrence—Regulating control of present ownership maps in the county recorder's office.

Senate Bill No. 145, by Johnson—For arbitration of water rights.

Senate Bill No. 146, by Johnson—Authorizing issue of various classes of stock by corporations.

Senate Bill No. 152, by Bennett—Making judges' chambers co-extensive with the district.

House Bill No. 49, permitting divorce in cases of insanity, passed by a vote of 14 to 4, four Senators, Gardner, Loose, McKay and Sherman voting in the negative.

House Bill No. 66, for report to state auditor of certificate of witness and juror fees.

House Bill No. 64, relating to sheep inspection, came up for consideration, but it was decided to defer action until the bill could be compared with Senator Lewis' measure relating to the same subject.

SLAUGHTERED BILLS.

The committees reported adversely on the following bills:

Senator Lewis' bill, exempting from garnishment salaries of \$100 a month or less.

S. B. 35, by Whitmore, relating to the service of summons on non-residents and foreign corporations.

S. B. 138, by Whitmore, prescribing forms of summons in civil actions.

S. B. 139, by Allison, to regulate the practice of dentistry, was revised by the health committee and a substitute bill, S. B. 180, embodying the same ideas in legal form, was reported upon favorably.

Favorable reports were made upon the following measures:

S. B. 190, by Lewis, for extra exits from mines.

S. B. 128, by Whitmore, revising the practice with reference to actions for damages caused by the wrongful act of another.

S. B. 182, by Johnson, for more complete reports from state treasurer.

S. B. 160, by Murdoch, for erection of country schools by day labor as well as by contract.

S. B. 165, by McKay, for trial in home county of defendant of cases originating outside the state.

S. B. 170, by Lawrence, for distribution in family of deceased of \$1,000 of an estate.

S. B. 169, by Lawrence, for compliance with Utah corporation laws by foreign corporations owning stock in domestic corporations.

S. B. 177, by Bennett, waiving notice to creditors of estate of deceased when summary distribution has been made of same.

H. B. 50, by Morris, permitting in-

SENATE STANDS BY THE WOMEN

Passes the Kindergarten Bill and Receives Bouquet of Flowers.

ONLY FOUR NEGATIVE VOTES

Senator Whitmore Says He Was Not Treated With "Decency" by House Committee—Later is Rebuked.

The senate held an extraordinary long session yesterday afternoon but consumed most of their time in talking about kindergartens and coyotes. Not since the opening of this session has the influence of women been felt so strongly as it was yesterday. With the chairman of the senate educational committee sternly opposed to them, they stood by their pet measure, the kindergarten bill, and with characteristic determination fought down nearly all opposition and witnesses the passage of the bill by the overwhelming vote of 13 to 4. The opposition was led by Senator Love, who urged the same objections he made in the committee room, viz: that the passage of the bill would be an unwise precedent, that it was properly the work of a future Legislature. Senator Bennett took a similar ground, but the further objection, however, that the revenues of the state were scarcely adequate to bear the present expenses of the state and the same commission may prevail four years hence. He did not oppose anyone to charge and with being unfriendly to the kindergartens, but he thought the friends of the measure would injure their cause by pressing its passage at this time, as it would reflect on the wisdom of the people whose assistance would be valuable.

Senator Bamberger delivered a few pointed remarks in support of the bill, and they netted him a large bouquet of American Beauty roses from the ladies.

The vote on the bill was as follows: Yes—Bamberger, Bacher, Gonsler, Johnson, C. P. Larsen, H. S. Larsen, Lawrence, Lewis, Loose, McKay, Murdoch, Whitmore, Allison—13.

Nays—Bennett, Love, Sherman, Williams—4.

BOUNTIES REMAIN SAME.

There was an effort on the part of Senator McKay and others to raise the bounty on coyotes from \$1 to \$1.50 and on bears and mountain lions from \$5 to \$10. But the senate would not listen to their appeal, so that the bounties remain as they now stand on the statute books.

HOUSE TAKEN TO TASK.

Senators Whitmore and Gardner, of the senate committee of three, appointed to confer with a similar committee from the house in reference to S. B. 3 and 4, submitted a report that rebuked the house committee for "arrogance." The bill, at the direction of Governor, the senate passed it over the veto, but the house refused to do it, hence the conference. The report was adopted by a similar committee from the house, and the request was made that "your special committee meet with said committee from the house and the majority of the house members arrogantly refused to discuss their recent report on said bills, or voted by the part of the same, and contending that they were under no obligations to assign any reason for their action, and that the communication in question was of the house, requesting that another conference committee be named, who will respectfully discuss the matter."

Senator C. P. Larsen, the third member of the committee, who will be in the majority report which was immediately turned down. Another committee will be appointed. Senator Whitmore said he was not treated with "decency" and he did not propose to go up against the house committee again.

BILLS THAT PASSED.

The following bills were passed by the senate yesterday:

Senate Bill No. 55, by Lawrence—Extending the term for which county boards may grant corporate franchises to 50 years, and providing for disposal of the stock and bonds of such counties of the stock and bonds of such counties as well as outside of city limits.

Senate Bill No. 128, by Lawrence—Regulating control of present ownership maps in the county recorder's office.

Senate Bill No. 145, by Johnson—For arbitration of water rights.

Senate Bill No. 146, by Johnson—Authorizing issue of various classes of stock by corporations.

Senate Bill No. 152, by Bennett—Making judges' chambers co-extensive with the district.

House Bill No. 49, permitting divorce in cases of insanity, passed by a vote of 14 to 4, four Senators, Gardner, Loose, McKay and Sherman voting in the negative.

House Bill No. 66, for report to state auditor of certificate of witness and juror fees.

House Bill No. 64, relating to sheep inspection, came up for consideration, but it was decided to defer action until the bill could be compared with Senator Lewis' measure relating to the same subject.

SLAUGHTERED BILLS.

The committees reported adversely on the following bills:

Senator Lewis' bill, exempting from garnishment salaries of \$100 a month or less.

S. B. 35, by Whitmore, relating to the service of summons on non-residents and foreign corporations.

S. B. 138, by Whitmore, prescribing forms of summons in civil actions.

S. B. 139, by Allison, to regulate the practice of dentistry, was revised by the health committee and a substitute bill, S. B. 180, embodying the same ideas in legal form, was reported upon favorably.

Favorable reports were made upon the following measures:

S. B. 190, by Lewis, for extra exits from mines.

S. B. 128, by Whitmore, revising the practice with reference to actions for damages caused by the wrongful act of another.

S. B. 182, by Johnson, for more complete reports from state treasurer.

S. B. 160, by Murdoch, for erection of country schools by day labor as well as by contract.

S. B. 165, by McKay, for trial in home county of defendant of cases originating outside the state.

S. B. 170, by Lawrence, for distribution in family of deceased of \$1,000 of an estate.

S. B. 169, by Lawrence, for compliance with Utah corporation laws by foreign corporations owning stock in domestic corporations.

S. B. 177, by Bennett, waiving notice to creditors of estate of deceased when summary distribution has been made of same.

H. B. 50, by Morris, permitting in-

SENATE STANDS BY THE WOMEN

Passes the Kindergarten Bill and Receives Bouquet of Flowers.

ONLY FOUR NEGATIVE VOTES

Senator Whitmore Says He Was Not Treated With "Decency" by House Committee—Later is Rebuked.

The senate held an extraordinary long session yesterday afternoon but consumed most of their time in talking about kindergartens and coyotes. Not since the opening of this session has the influence of women been felt so strongly as it was yesterday. With the chairman of the senate educational committee sternly opposed to them, they stood by their pet measure, the kindergarten bill, and with characteristic determination fought down nearly all opposition and witnesses the passage of the bill by the overwhelming vote of 13 to 4. The opposition was led by Senator Love, who urged the same objections he made in the committee room, viz: that the passage of the bill would be an unwise precedent, that it was properly the work of a future Legislature. Senator Bennett took a similar ground, but the further objection, however, that the revenues of the state were scarcely adequate to bear the present expenses of the state and the same commission may prevail four years hence. He did not oppose anyone to charge and with being unfriendly to the kindergartens, but he thought the friends of the measure would injure their cause by pressing its passage at this time, as it would reflect on the wisdom of the people whose assistance would be valuable.

Senator Bamberger delivered a few pointed remarks in support of the bill, and they netted him a large bouquet of American Beauty roses from the ladies.

The vote on the bill was as follows: Yes—Bamberger, Bacher, Gonsler, Johnson, C. P. Larsen, H. S. Larsen, Lawrence, Lewis, Loose, McKay, Murdoch, Whitmore, Allison—13.

Nays—Bennett, Love, Sherman, Williams—4.

BOUNTIES REMAIN SAME.

There was an effort on the part of Senator McKay and others to raise the bounty on coyotes from \$1 to \$1.50 and on bears and mountain lions from \$5 to \$10. But the senate would not listen to their appeal, so that the bounties remain as they now stand on the statute books.

HOUSE TAKEN TO TASK.

Senators Whitmore and Gardner, of the senate committee of three, appointed to confer with a similar committee from the house in reference to S. B. 3 and 4, submitted a report that rebuked the house committee for "arrogance." The bill, at the direction of Governor, the senate passed it over the veto, but the house refused to do it, hence the conference. The report was adopted by a similar committee from the house, and the request was made that "your special committee meet with said committee from the house and the majority of the house members arrogantly refused to discuss their recent report on said bills, or voted by the part of the same, and contending that they were under no obligations to assign any reason for their action, and that the communication in question was of the house, requesting that another conference committee be named, who will respectfully discuss the matter."

Senator C. P. Larsen, the third member of the committee, who will be in the majority report which was immediately turned down. Another committee will be appointed. Senator Whitmore said he was not treated with "decency" and he did not propose to go up against the house committee again.

BILLS THAT PASSED.

The following bills were passed by the senate yesterday:

Senate Bill No. 55, by Lawrence—Extending the term for which county boards may grant corporate franchises to 50 years, and providing for disposal of the stock and bonds of such counties of the stock and bonds of such counties as well as outside of city limits.

Senate Bill No. 128, by Lawrence—Regulating control of present ownership maps in the county recorder's office.

Senate Bill No. 145, by Johnson—For arbitration of water rights.

Senate Bill No. 146, by Johnson—Authorizing issue of various classes of stock by corporations.

Senate Bill No. 152, by Bennett—Making judges' chambers co-extensive with the district.

House Bill No. 49, permitting divorce in cases of insanity, passed by a vote of 14 to 4, four Senators, Gardner, Loose, McKay and Sherman voting in the negative.

House Bill No. 66, for report to state auditor of certificate of witness and juror fees.

House Bill No. 64, relating to sheep inspection, came up for consideration, but it was decided to defer action until the bill could be compared with Senator Lewis' measure relating to the same subject.

SLAUGHTERED BILLS.

The committees reported adversely on the following bills:

Senator Lewis' bill, exempting from garnishment salaries of \$100 a month or less.

S. B. 35, by Whitmore, relating to the service of summons on non-residents and foreign corporations.

S. B. 138, by Whitmore, prescribing forms of summons in civil actions.

S. B. 139, by Allison, to regulate the practice of dentistry, was revised by the health committee and a substitute bill, S. B. 180, embodying the same ideas in legal form, was reported upon favorably.

Favorable reports were made upon the following measures:

S. B. 190, by Lewis, for extra exits from mines.

S. B. 128, by Whitmore, revising the practice with reference to actions for damages caused by the wrongful act of another.

S. B. 182, by Johnson, for more complete reports from state treasurer.

S. B. 160, by Murdoch, for erection of country schools by day labor as well as by contract.

S. B. 165, by McKay, for trial in home county of defendant of cases originating outside the state.

S. B. 170, by Lawrence, for distribution in family of deceased of \$1,000 of an estate.

S. B. 169, by Lawrence, for compliance with Utah corporation laws by foreign corporations owning stock in domestic corporations.

S. B. 177, by Bennett, waiving notice to creditors of estate of deceased when summary distribution has been made of same.

H. B. 50, by Morris, permitting in-

SENATE STANDS BY THE WOMEN

Passes the Kindergarten Bill and Receives Bouquet of Flowers.

ONLY FOUR NEGATIVE VOTES

Senator Whitmore Says He Was Not Treated With "Decency" by House Committee—Later is Rebuked.

The senate held an extraordinary long session yesterday afternoon but consumed most of their time in talking about kindergartens and coyotes. Not since the opening of this session has the influence of women been felt so strongly as it was yesterday. With the chairman of the senate educational committee sternly opposed to them, they stood by their pet measure, the kindergarten bill, and with characteristic determination fought down nearly all opposition and witnesses the passage of the bill by the overwhelming vote of 13 to 4. The opposition was led by Senator Love, who urged the same objections he made in the committee room, viz: that the passage of the bill would be an unwise precedent, that it was properly the work of a future Legislature. Senator Bennett took a similar ground, but the further objection, however, that the revenues of the state were scarcely adequate to bear the present expenses of the state and the same commission may prevail four years hence. He did not oppose anyone to charge and with being unfriendly to the kindergartens, but he thought the friends of the measure would