

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Wednesday, December 22, 1899.

"HOLINESS TO THE LORD"—CO-OPERATION.

Not many days ago we published a communication from Z. on the subject of Co-operation and the retention of the co-operative sign over the doors of those who had expressed hostility against the measure. It was scarcely the kind of communication in every respect that we are in the habit of admitting to our columns; but it touched upon a subject that needed mention, and so we published it, hoping it would have the effect either to have the signs taken down, or to show the people that the words "Holiness to the Lord" did not in every instance distinguish those who sustained co-operation in contradistinction to those who opposed it. Whether Z's communication had any effect, or not, we can not say; but we have it in our power to announce to day that at least two signs have been hauled down, the proprietors of the stores having come to the conclusion to sail no longer under colors to which their language and acts show they have no claim. This is as it should be. The people should have some means of distinguishing those who sustain co-operation from those who do not. This sign was adopted as this means, and when a man ceases to support the measure, or tries to bring it into disrepute, he should, to say the least, take down his sign and let the public know his true position. If such persons do not wish "Holiness to the Lord" to be over their stores, they should be honest enough to remove the words. The Latter-day Saints believe that not only will "Holiness to the Lord" be over our stores and places of business of His people; but as Zechariah, the prophet, predicts, the words shall even be on the bells of the horses and the vessels in common use, as well as upon those in use in the Lord's house.

We anticipated excellent effects from the co-operative movement when it was inaugurated; and we have not been disappointed. It has been a great blessing to the community by giving them cheap goods. Every household in the land has reason to be thankful that the principle was ever broached and put into practical operation, for it has wonderfully lessened expenses; and another excellent feature of the institution is that the profits are divided among the people. We know a Ward Retail Store, whose profits have not been so large as others, which, at the expiration of four months from the opening of the store, paid up a dividend on its capital at the rate of forty-three per cent. per annum. Besides this dividend, the people had their goods at prices far below anything ever before known in this country, and far lower, too, than, if there had been no co-operation, they would have been with the present cheap freights and other advantages which we now have. It is capable of the clearest demonstration that co-operation has been, thus far, of great benefit to the people.

But another effect of co-operation is that it has shown the people the nature of the ties by which some have been attached to the people and the cause which they love; it has exhibited friendship in its true colors. The wisdom of financial measures, which are now caviled at, would never have been questioned, and men's real feelings would not have been exhibited as they now are, had it not been for co-operation. Had the old system of doing business been left undisturbed, faith of a certain character would have still existed, and the financial policy of the leaders of Israel would not have been deemed unsound. But it is surprising how suddenly doubts and fears arose respecting the authority and wisdom of the priesthood when that measure was mooted, and how its success has increased those doubts.

Verily Washington Irving was not far wrong when he called the dollar "almighty."

THE Chicago Evening Journal, of a late date, publishes a circular from a dealer in counterfeit currency—Morgan & Co., Nassau Street, New York, which has been sent in for publication by L. Carter & Co., of Astoria, Ill. The numerous frauds that have been perpetrated of late by counterfeiters, have caused considerable excitement and comment in various quarters. A few extracts from the circular in question will serve to show the extent to which these frauds have been perpetrated, and the coolness and audacity of those engaged in them. It begins in the following modest manner:

"Dear Sir:—Believing you to be 'true blue' we will introduce for consideration a matter which will be the means of putting many thousands of dollars in your pocket in a very short time. We have now on hand, ready for circulation, \$350,000 in \$1, \$2 and \$5 bills. They are the best counterfeits ever put in the market, and we defy the Treasury experts themselves to detect them. They are of the same size as the genuine, are printed on first-class paper, are correctly numbered, and are so exceedingly well executed in every respect that they cannot possibly be detected, even by the aid of a powerful microscope. We have them put up in packages of \$500 each. We will sell you \$500 of the \$1 or \$5 bills for \$100; \$1,000 for \$180. We shall charge you \$200 per thousand of the \$5 bills, as the engraving of the plate cost us considerably more than for the others. If you desire to feel your way before investing largely,

we will send you \$500 upon the receipt of \$5 or \$10, whichever you see fit to send us, and you may pay the balance within 15 days after receiving the bills, or we will wait until you arrive. Any railroad ticket agent will take them, because he cannot detect them."

This precious document then proceeds to caution the "True Blue" against showing more than fifty at a time and in one place. It then proceeds to suggest certain precautionary measures in the transmission of money for supplies, assuring the recipient of the circular that every precautionary measure has been taken to prevent detection and to insure safety in passing off these counterfeit notes.

"Depend upon it," says the circular, "we are in earnest in this matter, and if you take hold off in a proper manner, you can make \$20,000 before November."

In cautioning the recipient of this villainous document against divulging the name of its sender, it proceeds:

"We have the reputation in New York of being men of good standing, and, therefore, we will never be suspected of dealing in counterfeit money."

"WAGON & CO.,
73 Nassau street, New York."

As a guarantee of the quality of their counterfeits, this firm extracts the following paragraph from the Herald:

"The amount of the counterfeit money in circulation throughout the country, the nicety of its execution, and the facilities everywhere afforded to the shavers, are absolutely startling. It is computed by persons who have investigated the matter that in some districts fully one-half the currency in circulation is spurious. A man now \$1 and \$2 bill were recently shown to one of our reporters, which had been pronounced genuine by the cashiers of five National Banks. Yet the foreman of one of our engraving companies, who is unquestionably the ablest expert in this line in the country, insisted that the bills were counterfeits, and pointed out two or three inaccuracies in the engraving. The paper was perfect. If the foreman was right in his supposition, and we have no reason to doubt it, these are certainly the best executed counterfeit money ever produced in the United States, and it is difficult to devise any plan by which they can be detected by the mass of the people."

(SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.)

By Telegraph.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

BILL FOR GEORGIA HAS PASSED.

TWO STEAMERS COLLIDE—ONE SUNK.

Officers for Utah have been Confirmed.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Nomination of Ministers.

WASHINGTON.—The Senate confirmed a large number of nominations, including the following: Samuel Henderson, E. M., at Santa Clara, California. H. T. Wilson at Vallejo, California. E. T. Blond, Minister Plenipotentiary to Brazil, Frederick F. Low, Minister Plenipotentiary to China; E. R. Wing, Minister resident to Ecuador. Branch mints, J. F. Cohemer, at Denver; F. D. Hitrick, at Carson City. John P. Taggart, Assessor of Utah. G. A. Smith, Collector of Internal Revenue for New Mexico; Charles J. Folger, as assistant Treasurer of the United States, at New York. James M. Marshall, first assistant Post Master General, George W. Howard, Santa Fe, New Mexico; Edgar W. Collier, Judge of the United States District Court for Nevada; N. F. Wheeler, Marshall for Minnesota; Wm. A. Cole, Gov. of New Mexico; J. B. Overton, receiver of public money for Utah. H. C. Bennett, pension agent at San Francisco; J. W. Parsons, Consul at San Diego De Cuba. Navy Captain Ammer, chief of bureau of yards and docks; Commodore Case, chief of bureau of ordinance; George R. Maxwell, Register of the land office for Utah; C. C. Clements, Surveyor General for Utah; F. D. Turner, Post Master at Carson City, Nev.; L. D. Latimer, United States Attorney for California.

HOUSE.

Animated Discussion on the Georgia Bill—Bill passed 121 to 51—Discussion on sending Ship of War to meet Remains of Peabody.

Voorhees ascribed the introduction of the bill to the President and declared Georgia was a State, and as such the Federal Government had no power to prescribe how she should organize her Legislature.

Eldredge offered the bill and asserted that the House had almost ceased to be a deliberative body, its action was dictated by the leading partisans of the Republican party.

Cox denounced the bill as a gospel of anarchy and revolution. When he asked the Governor of a State hanging around the halls of Congress, begging to have his State taken out of the Union, he led him to inquire the reason, which he found in a letter, read yesterday from the Treasurer of Georgia, charging Gov. Bullock with perjury.

Bingham said the bill was in conflict with every letter of the past legislation of Congress on the subject of reconstruction and in conflict with the express order of the President, when he was General of the army acting under the law of reconstruction in 1863, in relation to Georgia, and in conflict with the utterance of the Attorney General of the United States in reference to Virginia, under the operation of all the reconstruction acts, and in conflict with all past legislation, and of the interpretation of the Constitution. He declared the law was not worth a moment's consideration of the House and that he would vote against it. He moved the consideration of the bill till the third Wednesday in January.

Farnsworth opposed the bill and supported the motion to postpone, and in case that failed he would vote against the bill.

Paine, Wittermore and Logan supported the bill. Butler closed the debate, replying briefly to the arguments made against the bill.

To-day, the House proceeded to vote on Bingham's motion to postpone which stood 54 to 111. The Republicans voting for it were Bingham, Farnsworth and Tinkler. The amendment of Beck was rejected, and the bill passed.

by 121 to 51. Among the negatives were Farnsworth and Bingham.

Voorhees, deprecated the discussion. Since the resolutions had been adopted as any negative action would be construed by the civilized world as disrespect to the man whom the civilized world delighted to honor. He said his sense of propriety forbade him to allow the discussion to proceed any further, and he moved the previous question. After several motions intended to defeat the resolution it was adopted in a modified form, authorizing the President to make such preparations for the reception of the body of our distinguished philanthropist as it merited, by his glorious deeds, in a manner commensurate with the justice, magnanimity and dignity of a great nation.

The House adjourned till to-morrow, with the understanding the Session shall be for general debate alone.

The Senate passed a joint resolution suspending the existing provisions of the law for taking the census. Niblack offered a concurrent resolution extending the recess from January 5th to the 10th. Adopted.

Jones, Senator from Kentucky, then called up his resolution, requesting the President to detail one or more ships of war to meet at sea the English war vessel coming to this country with the remains of the late George Peabody and convey it into port, and supported the resolution in a eulogy on the character of Peabody.

Schenck moved to adjourn, giving as one reason, the motion was to give gentlemen time to consider the propriety of incurring the expense which the resolution would render necessary. He thought Congress had already given public testimonials of its respect to Peabody. Ungracious as it might be, he would say he would rather divide a little of that respect and attention by sending ships to meet the body of some humble individual however poor he might be, who, in the struggle of the war going on for the life of this nation, gave his time, his energies, his hopes and his endeavors along with his sympathies for the Union.

CINCINNATI.

Steamers Collided.

CINCINNATI.—The steamer *Swallow* from New Orleans, with a valuable cargo of groceries, collided during a heavy storm to-day with the steamer *Champion*. The former sunk and will probably be a total loss.

FOREIGN NEWS.

CANADA.

Montreal threatened as the Seat of Government.

QUEBEC.—An attempt will be made to remove the seat of the local legislature to Montreal, in the event of the ministry passing a vote of \$50,000 for public buildings.

Special Notices.

CO-OPERATIVE—FOR THE HOLIDAYS—We have a complete stock of Family and Fancy Groceries at extremely Low Figures.

STURTS & KIRKWOOD.

Christmas and New Year.—For a choice Stock of Goods, of Best Quality and Lowest Prices, go to G. W. Davis.

Two Doors North of Kimball & Lawrence.

WANTED.—At the Historian's Office, two copies of the Daily News, No. 299 of Vol. 1, Nov. 9, 1898.

PERSONS from this City or Territory going east, to Chicago, may find first-class accommodation at moderate rates at the Revere House, corner North Clark and Kinzie Streets. Gilbert Dutcher, proprietor.

Dooley's Baking Powder.

No article has ever been introduced to the public in which the component parts entering into its composition are so perfectly pure and so nicely proportioned, that the same results follow with each trial. Not only is it cheaper, but the many testimonials in its favor pronounce it the BEST IN USE. Lovers of sweet healthy breads, cakes, pastry, etc., should not fail to give the article a trial, as they will use no other hereafter. For sale by Grocers.

BEWARE OF numerous deleterious imitations of Barne's Cacaoine for the Hair.

FRONZEL, the sweetest perfume, the very breath of Flora, is a fixed and permanent delight.

BURNETT'S KALLISTON the ladies of our household endorse as an unrivalled Cosmetic.—*Home Journal*.

TO GET BURNETT'S Cooking Extracts, housewives who desire to improve the flavor of their dishes, should demand them.

ASITEXA is not a terrible disease when Whitcomb's Remedy is taken.

THOUSANDS in the West place their confidence in the Red Jacket Bitters, because they are aware that they secure health to families who dwell in unhealthy districts, and that those thus situated who do not use it, fall sick from the effects of bad water and bad air.

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

THE Choicest Assortment in Town of

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

Choice Gunpowder Teas, Carrant's, Clara and Rio-Coffee, Peel and Spice, Sugar, all kinds, Candies, Raisins, ETC., ETC.

And a complete Stock of Goods suitable for the Season, of Best Quality, at Prices to suit the times.

G. W. DAVIS,

Two Doors North of Kimball & Lawrence.

d25-2w

STRAY MULES AND HORSES

At the Farmer's Feed Stable, S. L. City

One pair of Dark Bay Mare MULES; one is collar marked on the neck, branded A on left shoulder; the other has white spots on the saddle place, sides and collar place, scar on the tail and on hip.

One pair of PONIES, one of them is a Black Horse, four years old, w. its marks on the saddle place; the other, a Dark Roan Mare, eight years old, branded C on left shoulder.

Owner wishes them away and pay expenses.

d27-3w-1 JAMES MITCHELL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE.

Lessee and Managers—H. B. Clawson & J. T. Quinn
Prompter, W. T. Harris, Treasurer, T. Williams,
Leader of the Orchestra, Geo. Careless.

BRILLIANT SUCCESS

OF THE

FAVORITE VERSATILE ACTRESS,

KATE DENIN

Engagement of the Popular Young Actor,

Mr. JOHN WILSON

MR. D. MCKENZIE AS MAJOR WARFIELD.

THIS EVENING,

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 22,

Will be presented, the Exciting Drama,

in 5 Acts, entitled THE

HIDDEN HAND!

Capitols. KATE DENIN

Col. Gilbert Le Noir, MR. JOHN WILSON

Major Warfield, MR. D. MCKENZIE

Doors open at 8 1/2 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7.

BYASS' LONDON PORTER,

ARROL'S SCOTCH ALE, and

SANDS' CHICAGO STOCK ALE.

On Draught at

Salt Lake Billiard Room.

d260-3m

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

JOE SIMMONS,

PROPRIETOR "REVERE HOUSE SALOON,"

Is receiving daily, Fresh Oysters direct from Baltimore, and also Fish, Calves Tongues, Old English and Scotch Ale and Porter, Brown, Bonas & Co.'s celebrated Ale, Wagner's Ale and Lager Beer, Golden Crown Cigars, Premium Fine Cut Tobacco; in fact, to speak seriously, you must call and see and taste for yourself.

d174-1r

FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM; consisting of twenty-five acres, enclosed, chiefly good Meadow land; an Orchard of two acres; good-sized Adobe House, etc., situated four miles south of Gardner's Mills, on the Jordan bottom.

Apply to THOMAS ALISON, at Gardner's Mills, West Jordan.

d29-6

LOOK HERE.

PARTIES Holding Orders on me, issued by D. D. Jones, for work on Jones & Gro's Contract, U. P. R. R., can receive payment in part in Merchandise, Provisions, Orders, etc., by presenting their Orders at my Office, No. 2 City Hall.

d17-6 ISAAC GROO.

CHICAGO

AND

NORTH WESTERN

RAILWAY!

Shortest Line between Omaha and Chicago.

The Old Established Line.

Fast Trains and Sure Connections.

The only Line running the celebrated

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS

BETWEEN OMAHA & CHICAGO.

TWO DAILY TRAINS

In connection with Trains on

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,

And make sure connections at Chicago with all

EASTERN AND SOUTHERN ROADS.

Through Tickets and all information in regard to FREIGHT obtained of David G. Corder & Co., Agents, Salt Lake City, or of Agents of Union Pacific Road.

W. M. R. SALONG.

Ticket Agent, Council Bluffs & Omaha.

H. P. STANWOOD, G. L. DUNLAP,

Agents, Chicago.

d261-6m Chicago.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHRISTMAS!

TO ARRIVE, a few Original cases of

ASSORTED TOYS,

Suitable for small Stores. APPLY EARLY.

A FULL LINE OF

FANCY GROCERIES, FRUIT, &c.

Zion's Co-operative M. I.,

d24-6 H. B. CLAWSON, Supt.

14th WARD FAIR!

Dec. 22, 23 & 24, 1899.

The Female Relief Society, of

the 14th Ward,

Want a suitable building for their meetings,

and in which to labor, and have concluded to

hold

A FAIR

FOR THE

SALE OF FANCY & USEFUL ARTICLES

IN THE

14th WARD ASSEMBLY ROOMS,

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,

December 22, 23 and 24,

To raise funds for this worthy purpose.

Friends of this movement, and all well-wishers

of the objects to be accomplished by these societies,

can render efficient aid by patronizing the

Fair.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Season Tickets, 50 cents.

Single Admission, 25 cents.

Children under 12 years, 10 cents.

Tickets can be had at Zion's Co-operative

Wholesale Store, at the 14th Ward Branch

Store, at W. B. Wilkinson's, at T. & W. Taylor's,

and at Woodmansee Bros. Store, and at

the door on the days of the Fair.

d24-1d

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