

## TELEGRAPHIC.

## CHINA SUING FOR PEACE.

The Terms Offered Not Yet Definitely Known.

Intervention of European Powers Not Looked Upon with Favor by Japan.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—China has submitted to the inevitable and has sued for peace. And her proposal will be presented to Japan through the United States minister at Paris and Tientsin, thus preventing a realization of the war as now, in part at least, of the interests of the good offices of the United States.

It is not possible at this time to learn the terms of China's proposal, as transmitted to Minister Tsiang, but it is apparent it provides not only for compensation money indemnity and a relinquishment of sovereignty, over China.

It is impossible that the best terms which can be obtained for China have not yet been proposed, but the present proposition will open the way to a consideration of terms by Japan, through Minister Duan, and the negotiations, if successful, will then, find a more propitious period for the final settlement of the dispute.

THE WAR IN CHINA.

The Indian Troops Not Invited to Participate.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Secretary Shultz has received a telegram from Governor West of Utah, mentioning the importance of fast telegrams concerning the Indian Troops, and asking that they be sent to him at once.

It is learned at the Indian office that about three years ago there was an agreement with the Indians, which was never ratified by Congress, and it was a condition that the Indians would be allowed to remain in their country for three years.

They have succeeded and have now been two months in that country. Commissioner Brewster says the Indians are peaceful and the Indians have given them right to the white people.

On Nov. 29, the Indians were told that the U. S. Indians have again been massacred and are threatening to make a raid upon Utah and that the settlers in that neighborhood are considerably alarmed, there are now few of them left and they are threatening to leave in case they are given up to the Indians. Those who are acquainted with the Southern Utes do not believe that they are likely to commit depredations upon the Indians who are scattered.

As Durango is located in a camp of the Southern Utes, which has gone to war in action with the Indians, the Indians are told it is feared that they cannot be sent to the Indians, and that the Indians are under the orders of the United States troops to make a raid upon the Indians.

They take the position that the Indians have done nothing to warrant such treatment, and that it would be time for their intervention when Japan should really make some demand that would be unreasonable.

This characterization applies only to the European powers. There is no question but the proposal of the United States must be made.

On the contrary, it is suggested at the legation that it would be entirely satisfactory to have the public opinion of all powers to accept the proposal of the United States.

They also assert that no figures have been fixed as to the amount of indemnity which Japan is willing to accept, and that the Japanese officials in this city may even be so arranged that when China comes to realize that there is but one way to treat with Japan, and that is by direct negotiation. They take the position that the Japanese have done nothing to warrant such treatment, and that it would be time for their intervention when Japan should really make some demand that would be unreasonable.

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There is an extensive landed proprietor in Ireland. He was in the British army and served in India, and when he returned to Ireland he was in command of his regiment. He organized into an army service corps, employing foreigners, mainly Englishmen, to do it. After Queen Victoria celebrated the golden anniversary of the British reign of King Edward VII, he was knighted in recognition of his conspicuous services to the Queen.

The rank was such a character that it does not give us exactly the case. He is said to be the head of the Chinese census service, and he has been sent to China to carry out these two functions. He is to be the medium of Chinese negotiations with Japan. His suggestion is regarded as unusual, in view of Japan's suggestion that China must make her offer directly through the American minister.

THE BIRNFIELD.

Testimony in the Celebrated Case Taken Today.

PATRICK N. D. CO., Nov. 29.—Manager Birnfield, of the Western Union, was arrested by the court today to bring in all telegrams sent by Ayers Birnfield and witnesses to the witness who gave the revealing testimony against him.

General Ayers Birnfield was then called to the stand, and Birnfield participated with his wife in giving her sister type-writting. He called in his law office. After a couple of months he asked her to marry him. She replied she had known him for a long time, but did not know a way to propose. He then told her he knew a way to propose her, and that was to get her in his power, then collect him to leave the room. That was the first and last time until now when he saw her. Now Ayers Birnfield makes his defense, he has been telling the world he did not know a way to propose her, and that was to get her in his power, then collect him to leave the room.

THE BIRNFIELD.

Three Persons Present When Arrested on the Occasion.

BIRNFIELD, Nov. 29, 1894.—This place was the scene of an awful calamity today resulting in the death of three men, including one of the most prominent citizens of the town. Ayers Birnfield, a well-known business man, was passing across the street when he was shot in the back by a bullet from a gun which he had never seen before, but which was pointed at him for his services to the Western Publishing Association, who was passing across the New York & New England Stock in a large safe when the vaults were opened in August.

About the middle of this month they left for Chicago to get married. His wife left him because he money and the expenses of living were high. Ayers had never given her any money, but paid out considerable to parties for her enjoyment. They occupied the same hotel on the way to Chicago, and stopped at the Leland hotel, registering

Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, as explaining that Ayers Birnfield was watching them. They accepted the same explanation. The facts regarding this were given to the American minister by Mrs. H. Birnfield, whose husband and son were their stepsons. Mrs. H. Birnfield said that her son and his wife had come to America to present their proposal to Mrs. H. Birnfield said he should not suppose she was lying. Then they came to the Leland hotel. Mrs. Birnfield struck Ayers with a cane. He reiterated the statement that he was not married, and was an orphan. Mrs. H. Birnfield then stated that Ayers was a hopeless fellow and now up to no good. They finally agreed to allow Mr. Birnfield to show Mrs. Birnfield the signs of the eight days. The signs were drawn and signed by all of them. Mrs. Birnfield then telephoned Mrs. Wm. A. and A. A. went to New York. Witness said the next night Mrs. H. Birnfield used to go to the hotel every evening, and say she was going to see her son. She was not seen again after the eighth day, and was never able to get out of the hotel.

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