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GEORGE Q. CANNON,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

### GENERAL.

NEW YORK, 17.—The striking sugar refiners asked permission of the police to parade the lower part of the city tomorrow morning, expecting to turn out 3,000 strong. It is believed the piano makers will all resume work on the ten hour system. The machinists met at the works and report the accession of five new shops to day, making 35 in all. The larger employers are determined to hold out. Singer's sewing machine factory is still closed on account of the strike of the employees. The white lead works at Brooklyn struck to-day. A delegation are trying to induce others to follow. It is rumored that the Metropolitan gas works have struck and anticipating trouble the police reserves in the vicinity have been strengthened. The machinists of Erie Co. send a delegation up the line to-night to get all the men out. The strike on the York Central is general to Buffalo. All the trades-unions are arranging for a grand procession on the 4th of July.

ST. LOUIS, 17.—A large meeting of the Board of Trade, and citizens generally was held at the Southern hotel to night, on the extension of the A. and P. railway to the Pacific coast, and to receive propositions of the committee from San Francisco. The meeting was addressed by Messrs. Sneath, Hopkins, Hager, and Phelps, of San Francisco, who stated that they had agreed upon a basis for co-operation. Mayor Brown and Ex-governor Henderson also addressed the meeting, advocating an early and earnest pushing of the project to completion, urging the citizens of St. Louis to give the enterprise encouragement and material aid. Much enthusiasm was manifested.

WASHINGTON, 17.—The laborers on the concrete pavement struck to-day for eight hours and increased pay. The demands were refused.

The House delegates passed the bill making eight hours a day's work and \$2 a day's pay of laborers for the District government.

The World's special from Geneva says that notwithstanding all denials the English argument was submitted on Saturday, on the suggestion of Count Schöepes that the pleadings should not be considered final and the English declaration of withdrawal must be subsequently presented. The tribunal has adjourned until Wednesday, owing to delay by the Americans. The court is strongly inclined to grant England's request for adjournment.

ALBANY, 17.—The strike on the Central and Hudson River Railway Co's,

continues. The conductors and brakemen are obliged to act as switchmen and signal men for their own trains. It is said that the conductors on the Boston and Albany will strike for an advance of wages and it is expected the demands will be complied with. The strike on the Central extends only to Utica. The company is firm in refusal to yield to the demands of the workmen, and many of the latter are anxious to return to work.

BOSTON, 17.—The Coliseum was well filled this p.m. The proceedings opened by prayer, after which Mayor Gaston made a speech of welcome. Banks delivered the inauguration address, interrupted by frequent applause. The first performance was the Old Hundred by the full chorus of over sixteen thousand voices, orchestra of fifteen hundred, and the grand organ. The first part of the programme closed with inflammation from Rossini, in which Madame Rudersdorf sang a solo. Her voice was not fully up to the expectations of the audience. The second part opened with the United States marine band, which played several patriotic airs. The singing of the Star Spangled Banner followed, the grand chorus being given with cannon and bells, all the military bands, the full orchestra, the great organ, and the full chorus. The audience was wild with enthusiasm. The concert waltz of Strauss, "On the Beautiful Blue Danube," the music conducted by himself, came next. Perdi's Anvil Chorus was performed. The performance closed with singing "Nearer My God to Thee."

The 97th anniversary of Bunker Hill was duly celebrated to-day, one of the features being the dedication of the soldiers' monument. Business was suspended, and the city was gaily decorated with flags.

ALBANY, 18.—The workmen of the East Albany railroad shops, now on strike, marched in a body to West Albany to induce the workmen to strike.

NEW YORK, 18.—A detachment of police guarding Durant's sugar refinery prevents the strikers from interfering with the men at work.

An explosion occurred in Warren's oil works, Long Island city, this morning. Michael Hanauer was blown a distance of forty feet and fatally injured. Fragments of the building were blown a great distance. The building instantly took fire. It is impossible to estimate the loss at present.

BANGOR, ME., 18.—The Democratic State convention met here to-day and nominated Chas. P. Kimball, governor, by acclamation, and adopted resolutions endorsing the Cincinnati platform and nominees, and instructing the delegates to Baltimore to vote for Greeley and Brown. The convention was large and enthusiastic for the Cincinnati ticket.

BOSTON, Mass., 18.—The Coliseum was somewhat better filled at the p.m. performance. It commenced with the choral "Now may God's will be done," given by a full chorus of the organ and orchestra. One of the attractions of to-day's programme was the debut of Madame Peschka Leutner. She sang an aria, from the "Magic Flute," accompanied by a full orchestra. At the close the whole audience arose and applauded. Madame Arabella Goddard was warmly welcomed on her first appearance in this country, and played the piano solo "The Last Rose of Summer." The Grenadier Guard band, under the leadership of Dan. Godfrey, made their appearance and were received with tremendous cheering by the whole audience; the organ played the English anthem. After the applause subsided Madame Rudersdorf was led to the rostrum, by Gilmore. The British national anthem was then performed, and the first chorus was accompanied by the Grenadier and all the bands, and the organs at full power, while the bells of the city and cannon were brought into requisition. The enthusiasm was immense, and Gilmore resigned his baton to Godfrey, who conducted the performance. On a repetition, in answer to an encore, Godfrey returned the baton and conducted the Grenadier band through the Star Spangled Banner,

with full cannon accompaniment, and the concert closed by singing a missionary hymn. There is now no question as to the perfect success of the enterprise.

WASHINGTON, 19.—Our government has not objected and don't propose to object to the postponement of the arbitration at Geneva desired by Britain, and will do nothing to give the Queen a pretext for withdrawing from the arbitration. It is considered within the power of the tribunal to grant a postponement for a reasonable time or until the Senate again meets in regular course to act on such modifications of the amended additional article to the treaty as may be proposed by Britain. No extra session will be called but meantime nothing will be done on our part to occasion the failure of the treaty. No fears are now entertained in that direction, and there is no information to warrant the conclusion that the efforts to adjust the differences will be ineffectual.

NEW YORK, 19.—The employers in all branches of manufacture in this vicinity met last evening and passed resolutions to reject the eight-hour system, accept only ten hours for a day's work, and hold out to the bitter end. The effect of the strike in Jersey city are already felt among the poorer classes.

Forty-nine thousand more emigrants since January 1st have arrived here than during the same period last year.

PHILADELPHIA, 19.—Four hundred and fifty clothing cutters struck for eight hours.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Vice-President Colfax and family arrived here yesterday a.m. He was serenaded this evening, over a thousand citizens marching in a body to his residence. In response to repeated calls he appeared and spoke a few minutes, expressing his gratitude to his friends and neighbors for their kindness and for the confidence they always reposed in him. Referring to his defeat at Philadelphia, he said it was not due to any personal feelings against him, but because the majority thought another the stronger man. "Principles are everything, men nothing," had always been his motto, and he did not regret the decision made. He would labor for the success of the party and hoped to rejoice with them in its success in October and November.

NEW YORK, 19.—The excitement over the strikes appears to be waning. Not over four hundred persons attended the daily reunion of the eight hour league this morning. At the piano makers' meeting, this morning, a member strongly urged immediate resumption. Peter Cooper gave \$1,000 to sustain the strikers.

The Stokes' trial commenced this morning. The prisoner appears in the best of health. McKean challenged the panel of the petit jurors on the ground that it was not legally drawn, but Judge Ingraham decided the challenge was not sustained. Impanelling the jury was then proceeded with, and up to adjournment two were accepted.

The employees of the Erie road are preparing to strike.

BOSTON, 19.—The third day of the Jubilee was devoted to the Germans. The Coliseum was well filled. The German programme included the choral, "A strong castle is our Lord," Wagner's overture from Tannhauser, Mendelssohn's chorus, "Yet doth the Lord," the aria, "Elvare," sung by Peschka Leutner, "Farewell to the forest," Strauss' Margenblatte waltz, conducted by Strauss, and the piano solo by Franz Bendel, all finely rendered and eliciting great applause. The appearance of the Fritz Grenadiers band created immense enthusiasm. Herr Sara led it through several selections of hymns dedicated to the Emperor of Germany, and sang by the grand chorus. The German imperial cornet quartette performed several selections, which were rendered amid great applause. Franz Abt directed the performance, at the conclusion of which the audience rose and cheered for several minutes. The Anvil chorus with accompaniments followed, and the concert concluded with the hymn, "Kingdoms and Thrones," with a full chorus and all the accompaniments.

Mrs. Emily Pitt's Stevens presented an address on the woman's rights question, in manuscript. She was loudly cheered and withdrew.

The mechanics and laborers on Long Island struck yesterday, for eight hours and an increase of wages of from six to ten cents an hour.

### EUROPEAN.

LONDON, 17.—Earl Dufferin, the new Governor General of Canada, sailed for America to-day.

Gladstone said the report of the summary that the British argument on the Alabama claims had been presented was incorrect. Britain had made application for adjournment, doing so in reliance on Secretary Fish's dispatch. It was possible that the arbitrators might not arrive at a decision on the question in to-morrow's sitting, hence it would not be courteous to make a full statement.

A fire in the town of Warrington, Lancashire, last night, partially destroyed the cotton mills there. Loss, a hundred thousand pounds. Many hands are out of employment.

LONDON, 17.—In the Lords this evening Cairns enquired as to the truth of the report that a printed copy of the English argument had been presented at Geneva.

Granville had already stated what England would do at Geneva, and he refused to disclose what he privately knew.

Cairns said the answer was unintelligible and repeated the question.

Granville said the argument had not been presented.

The reply caused great laughter.

BERLIN, 18.—Twelve thousand men employed at Dartmund have struck.

ROME, 18.—The Pope has sent representations to foreign powers in an important circular, concerning the present condition of the Holy See, which are soon to be made public.

BERLIN, eve., 18.—The miners' strike at Westphalia is spreading. The workmen of 42 mines in the neighborhood of Essex and Bockhorn have joined the movement commenced at Dartmund.

ROME, 19.—The pope has addressed a letter to Antonelli, deploring the approaching enforcement of the law for the suppression of the convents in Italy, as a violation of international law. He says the constant encroachment of the government of Italy on the rights of the church violates morality and justice, and only his regard for the highest interest prevents the head of the church from leaving Rome. A conflict between the Holy See and the Italian government is inevitable, and reconciliation impossible.

The board of arbitration adjourned until the 26th of June, by which date intelligence is expected which will prove favorable to the settlement of the differences.

MOVEMENTS OF ELDERS. — By letter from Elder W. C. Staines, under date of the 13th instant, New York, we learn that President Geo. A. Smith was then visiting Topsfield, Mass., the first residence of his ancestors on this continent, in company with Elder Charles Cram. They were intending to remain there a week. Elders D. H. Wells, Jr., and Geo. H. Knowlden had left New York that morning for the West. Elder Jas. S. Brown and his brother had gone to Boston. They had been preaching on Long Island. Bishop John Sharp had not returned from Boston to New York. Elder Staines himself was, at the date of writing, in excellent health and spirits.

TEMPLE ROCK. — The large granite blocks, quarried for the corners of the Temple in this city, are now being hauled by the contractors, Messrs. E. F. Sheets and Isaac Brockbank. The quarry is situated at Little Cottonwood, and the rock is transported by wagons from that point to the Utah Southern Railroad, near Sandy Station. Four blocks, weighing respectively 9,173, 9,093, 8,680 and 8,380, lbs. were hauled on to the Temple square yesterday. There are 32 of these blocks to be hauled, and Messrs. S. and B. bring a car load daily from the quarry to the railroad, an amount which is expected to be doubled after a while. When the track is completed, which is being built up South Temple Street from the Railroad depot to the Temple foundation, the transportation of rock for the building will be greatly facilitated.