Monday, . . . . March 8, 1869.

ADVANTAGES OF TWO THROUGH

LINES.

WE at last have a mail from the East. After a blockade of twenty-one days passengers and mails have begun to arrive to-day in this city. When it is considered that this has been a mild winter the detention has been an extraordinary one, and it gives the Union Pacific Railroad people a little idea of what they would have had to contend with in building their line had this winter been as severe as our winters are usually in these mountains. It is quite likely that the passengers who have been caught on the road, and prevented, by the closing up of the railroad line, from traveling in either direction, have suffered great inconveniences and been under heavy expenses, and, as a consequence, have been very impatient; but in this city and Ter-ritory a disposition has been manifested son, holding the office instituted by the to submit to the deprivation very cheerfully. If the malls had been on the immediate consideration. Sherman stages and detained as long as they have said the bill ought to pass. Sumner been by the cars this winter, there would, thought it ought not to be acted upon dissatisfaction felt and expressed. The feeling has been very general that the Railroad has great difficulties to conwithout doubt, have been considerable tend with this winter; the line is new and it is not so well prepared for storms

lar fault finding. There is, however, a question in the tary of the Treasury. On motion of minds of many persons about the entire Sumner it was tabled and ordered practicability of this route throughout the winter season. The light, fleecy snow which falls in the mountains east of us, is constantly kept moving during the prevalence of the high winds which, not unfrequently, blow there. It is true that, by constructing sheds, this evil can, in a great measure, be guarded against; but it will require an immense amount of material to build a sufficient number of sheds to answer the desired end; and even if they should be con-structed, there will doubtless be many stoppages during each winter, especially if there should be a heavy snowfall.

at the present as it will be in future

winters; and there has been no particu-

The idea has been broached about the Central Pacific Railroad striking south from Ogden, through Davis County and past this city to some point where a practicable route can be found across the mountains that will not be so much exposed to snow storms, as the route directly east of us now traversed by the U. P. R. R. Line. If a pass through the mountains south possessing these advantages can be found, and the Central Pacific should conclude to locate their line there, it would prove a very desirable route for winter travel, and be of very great advantage to our settlements south. Various opinions prevail respecting the possibility of finding 'a route within any convenient distance to the south which possesses any advantage over the route used by the Union Pacific Line in regard to the snow fall: some stating that there is no practicable route to be found without going too far south, and others asserting that there is a route which possesses all the needed requisites.

The Sacramento Union suggests that if each line-that is, the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific—can be induced to branch off near Salt Lake and make a through road east and west, each will find a route superior to that of the other in the same direction. The Union thinks that the U. P. R. R. can find a better route to the Pacific coast than that adopted by the C. P. R. R., and that the latter can find a better route through the Rocky Mountains than that chosen by the former company. If these extensions are made, there will always be, the Union thinks, a through route open across the point of intersection near Salt Lake, and neither road will be injured by the extension; on the contrary be greatly benefitted We cannot speak so positively as the Union does about the advantages that the U. P. R. R. will have over the C. P. R. R., by choosing a route different to theirs through the Sierra Nevada; but a practicable route through the mountains east of us, free from heavy falls of snow, if adopted by the C. P. R. R., would give it a decided advantage over the other line in the winter season.

After descanting upon the benefits which the Union Pacific would derive by building a through extension, the Moses Depay, father and son, who Union touches upon the trade the Cen- were convicted of receiving seized whis-Union touches upon the trade the Central Pacific would have if it should build

an independent through line. It says:

"On the other hand, the Central will find in St. Louis a distributing point, having yery great advantages over Chicago. It is not the Mississippi—the great central canal of the country. The route through it is for us as near to New York as by way of Chicago. But the great advantages is that St. Louis is the legitlimate point of distribution for the whole vast area south of its parallel—comprising two thirds of the country. Our through Chicago, by one to three hundred miles, to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Normalies, to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Normalies, to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Royal, Savannah, folk, Charleston, Port Royal, Savannah, folk, New York.—Seward arrived at the Astor house this afternoon and has been besieged with visitors since. He chattanooga and other roads, and the Mississippi river. Thus, placing the palm at St. Louis, every finger points to a divergent route, traversing a country rich in resources and destined to teem with population, while Chicago itself may be reached by another direct route, that ring in the way as a large meeting of merchants opposed to the protective system; Dudly Field, in a speech, approved of our own region and in the distribution of our own region and in the distribution of several arrived at the Astor house this afternoon and has been besieged with visitors since. He astor house this afternoon and has been besieged with visitors since. He astor house this afternoon and has been besieged with visitors since. He astor house this afternoon and has been besieged with visitors since. He astor house this afternoon and has been besieged with visitors since. He astor house in the Carson Mint.

Washington.—The Indian Appropriation of Device in a Conference of the North.—J R Davis, Geo T Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D Odell.

To the East.—E H Hand, C A Reeves, D

Asiatic and California products, the Central Pacific, by going to St. Louis, will have greatly the advantage of its rival. And it will have less difficulty and expense to incur than the Union Pacific, in making its through connection. Already the Kansas road stretches half way to meet it. The intermediate country will afford profit from local business at every step. Passing south through Salt Lake city, the center of the further east, it will traverse a country more valuable than that crossed by the Union Pacific. The Kansas road will push west to meet it, and the connection may be se-cured sooner, probably, than that between the Union and the California Pacific.

(Special to the Deseret Evening News.)

## By Telegraph.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Several bills were introduced: one by Sumner, for further securing equal rights in the District of Columbia; he asked for its immediate consideration; an objection was made. One by Grimes to questing the relief of Stewart Holland the recognize the navy; one by Patterson to law of 1798, prohibiting persons engaged in trade from being Secretary of the Paris.—Vintry has been appointed president of the Senate, vice Troplong, President of the Senate, vice Troplong, act, who may be concerned in trade that purpose, but S directly or indirectly. He asked for its the bill went over. by a committee. Sherman suggested the Committee of Finance. There being no committee to which to refer the bill it was tabled.

A message was received from the President requesting Congress to repeal

Sherman introduced a bill to repeal that part of the law of '98 which refers to the officers of the Treasury, and asked for its immediate consideration.

treaties, in open session, was passed. 80 One by Sawyer, for a joint committee on political disabilities, was discussed and referred to a committee; also one for the revision of the rules.

ifying the 15th Constitutional amendment. Adjourned.

### GENERAL.

Washington.-General orders have been issued from headquarters to-day, by direction of the President, giving the command of the Department of the South to Gen. A. H. Terry; Meade is assigned to the Military Division of the Atlantic, and is to transfer his headquarters to Philadelphia; he transfers his present command, temporarily, to Bra-vet Major Gen. Ruger, who is assigned the duty according to brevet. Sheridan is assigned to the command of the Department of Louisana, transferring the command of the Department of Missouri, temporarily, to his next senior officer. Hancock is assigned to the Department of Dacotah; Canby is assigned to the command of the first Military District and will proceed to his Bluff Creek, on the afternoon of the consummation of the sale of the Island post as soon as he is relieved by Rey-

Gillem, of the 24th infantry is transferred to the command of the fifth district according to brevet. Major General Emory, of the 5th eavalry, is ment of Washington according to his they cannot find protection at any sea- and it is believed that their destination

brevet of Major General. Washburn, Cresswell and Stewart were with the President during the forenoon; no formal organization of the Cabinet has yet taken place. The military staff of Grant is still on duty, as secretaries of the President, but it is his intention shortly to appoint civil-

Dent, Comstock and Porter will be assigned to the staff of Sherman.

The acting secretaries of the Departments were summoned to the Executive Mansion at noon, with the object of ascertaining the condition of public matters; they were instructed to transact only the ordinary routine of business until the new Secretaries take charge. Cresswell intends entering upon his duties this afternoon.

Sherman is still sick. A dispatch has been received from Hoar announcing that he will be in the city on Tuesday. Delano has not yet qualified. Rollins will leave next

Brig. General Forsyth, recently wounded in an Indian engagement, is in the city.

New York, 6 .- The general disappointment at the Cabinet accompanies the hope that it will prove efficient. Washburn, it is believed, resigns soon for the French mission; Hamilton Fish,

it is thought will succeed him. Bovie's health will probably compel his declination.

Conness wants a Foreign Mission. New York .- Grant, to-day, ordered the pardon of Johnson and of Jacob and ky from revenue officers, which they withheld; subsequently Washburne oran independent through line. It says: dered the pardon cancelled and returned

Baltimore.—The Rev. Chas. Gillett, of Brooklyn, agent of the American Board of Missions, of the Episcopal church, fell dead to-day in this city.

New York.—Seward arrived at the Astor house this afternoon and has been besieged with visitors since. He been besieged with visitors since. He deallings to express his views on public constitute. Territories; \$10,000 for Raymond's Mining statics; \$4,000 for the clerks of the aurveyors in California and Arizona; \$42,000 for machinery, and \$74,600 for wages in the Carson Mint.

Washington.—The Indian Appropriate the North.—J R Davis, Geo T printing of the Carson Mint.

Washington.—The Indian Appropriate the North.—J R Davis, Geo T Odell.

disappointed at the Cabinet, which is dicates peace.

Utah trade will be tapped, and the advantage in that respect secured. Then turning east into Colorado, the road will come into the vicinity of the Pike's Peak mines, reapting a golden harvest from that region. Still further east, it will traverse a country more tall that the possessing competency and faithfulness notwithstanding the prompt endorsement of the Senate; it particularly deployed the plores the appointment of Stewart, and says there is nothing in his history to show the possession of the qualities necessary to success as a finance minister; the latter, it is reported, were killed.

The Captain-General has recognized that a consul General for the United than that crossed by the Union that the prompt endorse and a band of colored volunteers and a band of colored insurgents in the plantage to attack them. it doubts the wisdom of the selection of States. Arrests continue.

thinks they will be received by the as Captain-General.

country generally with satisfaction. boxes of guineas, of the coinage of guala Grande; the inhabitants in that George the Third, have been recovered vicinity sank a schooner to prevent the from the wreck of the British frigate, Hussar, which was sunk in the East

Inaugural.

questing the relief of Stewart from the the three latter were liberated uncon-

that purpose, but Sumner objected, and

Chicago.—A private dispatch from sionally, in addition to the foreign New York says there is great excite- port-folio. ment at Washington. Washburne has hastily, and he must object. Sherman resigned and goes to France; the ing Stewart inelligible for the office of port the U.S. Steamer Kansas aground Secretary of the Treasury, and is waiting at Villetta, on the Paraguay river.

the law of 1798 in reference to the Secre- a capital of \$5,000,000. The Company therein as false. has purchased all the property belonging to the California, Oregon and sick of the small pox. succeeds.

> Legislature met at Salem yesterday; ever arisen to disturb friendly relations but there being no quorum present they between America and Germany.

Legal tenders 78.

Washington.-Since the President's There are rumors of serious engagemessage was sent to the Senate, asking ments near Sancterisperitu; no particuthe repeal of the law relative to the lars. Nobody having appeared to carry Treasuryship, there has been much the political prisoners to Fernando Po, consultation among the members of it is reported that the Government has Congress on the subject. Some of the ordered the War Steamer Cadiz to trans-Republicans declare they will vote for port them. The small-pox is raging at the resolution asked, while others ex-press their reluctance, but say they will Advices from Trinidad, on Tuesday, do nothing to embarrass the President report that the siege is raised and that PROFESSOR JOHN R. PARK, at the commencement of his adminis-tration. Stewart was in consultation with various Senators to-day. It is now probable that the President will with-iard in Maivra had been killed. Eight make another appointment.

On account of the amount of business | the expenses of the war. before Congress the session is unlikely

for his home in Tennessee.

Indian war is ended, and that Sheridan | Havana, 7.—Advices from St. Thomas and staff arrived here from Medicine state that the renewed efforts for the 24th of February. Custer, with the to the United States cause intense disseventh cavalry and nineteenth Kansas gust among the inhabitants. The Govvolunteers remains, with orders to move ernor of the Island has forbidden the to Camp Supply at the Junction of the exportation of arms and munitions du-Beaver and Wolf rivers. Affairs are ring the war in Hayti, St. Domingo and highly satisfactory as to the condition Cuba. Ex-President Cabral and Gen. assigned to the command of the Depart- of the Indians, who are convinced that Luperon have sailed from the Island, son of the year. The campaign has is St. Domingo.
proved a salutary lesson to them. There Late advices f is not a hostile Indian in the Department of Missouri, the refractory tribes sea and land, but that after bombarding having been entirely subdued. The it twenty-four hours with no success, he troops are in fine health. The General, suddenly sailed for Port Au Prince, before reaching here, was met by a courlanded his forces and assaulted the ler, sent with a telegraphic announce-ment of his promotion to a Lieutenaut but was repulsed. The rebel President,

Washington, where he has been sumand High streets; loss a handred thou- the payment of the French debt.

the firm of McKean, Bovie & Co., im- visionally, until an election is had for porting and shipping merchants. He is a native of Philadelphia, of French extraction, fifty-eight years old and has Luperon has purchased a war been engaged thirty years in the China at St. Thomas, in which he intends to tea and silk trade, importing for Cuba embark with an expedition to overand Mexico as well as Philadelphia. He throw Baez. The rebellion in the is out of active business, but is univer- southern and eastern portions of Dosally esteemed for the purity and integ-rity of his character. It is doubtful if are very active. It is rumored that he will accept office.

city during last night, involving an annexation. aggregate loss of a hundred thousand Berlin.—T dollars; alarms were almost constant finally, on Saturday. during the entire night, and the greatest consternation prevailed. The weather was intensely cold, and the wind blew a gale, and fears were entertained by reference to our advertising columns towere not confined to any particular lo- day, the Land Office is now open in this cality but were at the same time in city, and prepared to transact business. every district. The firemen were com-

pletely exhausted with cold and fatigue ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES The bodies of four men, who fell with

The Times says the country will be that the paragraph on foreign policy in-

not equal in point of capacity, to Johnson's at the close of his term of office, and much weaker than Lincoln's at any time.

Havana.—On Thursday, of last week, the rebel General Arazo was captured and brought to Sogua; he was shot on the following Saturday.

The Republican criticizes the Cabinet unfavorably; it cannot find characters possessing competency and faithfulness troops have left Santiago to attack them.

Washburne.

The Tribune commends the appointments generally, and particularly that
of Stewart, Washburne and Cox, and
of Stewart, Washburne and Cox, and

A revolutionary expedition, it is re-New York.-It is stated that several ported, has landed at the mouth of Sa-

escape of troops sent in pursuit.

London.—Seven Fenians, imprisoned River, in 1784.

Wendell Phillips, in a lecture in Jerbeen liberated: Thomas F. Burke, the sey City, commented favorably on the American Fenian organizer, Charles sey City, commented favorably on the Inaugural.

Washington.—A message from the President was sent to the Senate, re
West Thomas F. Burke, the Series Charles Chickwell, one of the editors of the Irish People, Captain Mackey, and President was sent to the Senate, re-

Sherman also introduced a bill for deceased. La Raquela succeeds Vintry as President of the Council. Rouher takes the Interior Department provi-

> London.-Rumors from the Continent again mention the death of the Pope. Later advices from Rio Janeiro re-

Havana.-Jose De Arnos, recently San Francisco, 6.—The press of the sent as a Commissioner by Dulce to the city generally, are disappointed at insurgents, it is alleged, has issued a Grant's cabinet, and express doubts of proclamation at Nassau, impugning the actions of Dulce. Corea, the companion The North Pacific Steamship Com- of De Arnos, denounces the proclamapany was incorporated yesterday, with tion as a forgery, and the statements

The revolutionist general, Quesda, is

Mexico steamship Company, which it Berlin.-At Bancroft's dinner, given vesterday in honor of Grant's inaugura-About twenty members of the Oregon tion, Bismarck said that no dispute had

Summer objected.

Several resolutions were introduced yesterday and taken up. Drake's, providing for the consideration of Indian treaties, in open session, was passed.

Summer objected.

Summer objected.

Several resolutions were introduced having refused to order an election to fill the vacancies, efforts were made to induce the Speaker of the House to do the Speaker o for New York.

draw the message, or that Stewart will hundred armed troops had gone there. resign and leave the President free to The Clergy have offered the Gevernment a sixth of their income to defray

London.-Late advices, received from Japan via. Shanghae, say the Minister Johnson and his wife are still here; of France to Japan had had an audience t is expected that he will, by invita- with the Mikado at Jeddo, and presention from the authorities of Baltimore, ted his credentials. The ports of Yeddo visit that, city on Wednesday, and and Negata are opened to foreigners. then return to Washington and leave Yeddo is to be the official residence of the Mikado and the permanent capital The Herald's Ft. Hays special says the of the Japanese Empire.

Late advices from Hayti say that Salnave made an attack on Aux Cays, by Generalcy; he leaves te-morrow for Sagat, has arrived at St. Maries. The Washington, where he has been summoned by telegraph.

Akron, Ohio.—A conflagration has destroyed all the buildings on the south

The French Admiral reiterates his deside of Market street, between Canal mand on the Haytien government for

Later dates from Caracas say the Chicago.—The Tribune's Philadelphia Venezulan Congress have entrusted special says that Adolph Bovie, the new Executive powers to Gens. Jose Ruperto, Secretary of the Navy, is a member of Monagas and Guillerrio Villejas, pro-

Reports from San Domingo say that Luperon has purchased a war steamer Baez has sent Fabens to Washington There were nine different fires in the as a special Commissioner to treat for Berlin.-The Prussian Diet adjourned

## BY STAGE.

# NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Engagement of the Favorite Artiste, MISS ANNIE

# OCKHART

This Evening, MONDAY, MAR. 8, 1869,

The Performance will consist of Tom Taylor's charming Comedy, entitled

# MATCH!

MISS ANNIE LOCKHART Supported by

GREAT CAST OF THE COMPANY. DOORS OPEN at 7 o'clock, Performance ommences punctually at 71/4.

The Calebrated Artiste. MISS LUCILLE WESTERN. And the popular Comedian, Mr. J. A. HERNE, Are engaged, and will shortly appear.

n preparation, Mr. Herne's great specialty of Rip Van Winkle!

## NOTICE.

United States Land Office For the District of Utah,

IS NOW OPEN

For the transaction of business.

OFFICE HOURS-

From 9 o'clock a.m. to 4 o'clock p.m. C. C. CLEMENTS, Register.

I. S. HILLS, Receiver. d90 2 s10 1& wif

THE BOARD OF REGENTS have secured

Late Teacher at South Willow Creek, And have engaced him as Principal of the Institution, supported by such a Corps of Assistants as he may require.

The Branches of Study to be taught in the University will be embraced in two courses-a NORMAL and COLLEGIATE. The Normal, or Teacher's Course, will

include the following: ENGLISH BRANCHES-Orthography, Reading and Elocution, Penmanship, Arithmetic, written and mental, Geography, Grammar, Drawing, Composition, History, Object Teaching, Theory and art of Teaching, Vocal Music.

MATHEMATICS-

Higher Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry. COMMERCIAL BUSINESS-Theory and practice of Bookkeeping in all its departments, including Banking and Joint Stock Business.

NATURAL SCIENCES-Natural Philosophy, Botany, Zoology, Geology and Mineralogy, Astronomy, Chemistry, Physi-ology, Mental Philosophy, Political Science.

The Collegiate Course will include, in addition to the above, the German and French languages, the higher Mathematics, the Latin and Greek, with the Classics generally.

# TERMS, IN ADVANCE:

For the English Branches, 88.00 per term.

"Commercial Business, 15.00 "

"Natural Sciences, (including English branches), 15.00 "

"Collegiate Course - 25.00 "

The University will open at 9 a.m., on Monday, March 8th, 1869.

ROBERT L. CAMPBELL, Acting Committee ISAAC GROO, DAVID O. CALDER, Board of Regents d86 tf

HOLINESS TO THE LORD.

MERCANTILE INSTITUTION.

This Institution will BE OPENED

Exclusively for Wholesale Trade.

ON MONDAY MORNING NEXT, MARCH 4 1869 IN THE

Emporium Buildings,

Lately occupied by Wm. Jennings & Co.

STREET, STREET, Jobbers, Retail Dealers and

Country Traders

WILL FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO PATRONIZE THE INSTITUTION.

In a very few days the "Old Constitution Buildings," now occupied by Eldredge & Claw-son, will also be opened for Wnolessie trade.

WIN. CLAYTON,

On hand one of the

LARGEST STOCKS

# UNEQUAL MERCHANDISE

WHICH WE OFFER

Very Low Prices,

Salt Lake City, Feb. 12, 1869.

Chasselas de Fontainbleau, Dutch Sweetwater, Buckland Sweetwater, Child's Superb, Royal Muscadine, Black Hamburg, Chasselas Musque, Pitmaston White Cluster, White Frontignan, best for dry land.

I recommend the above as the finest European Table Grapes. They ripen in August and September, and are especially adapted to our bench lands. Should be lightly covered with soil in winter.

Strong, well-rooted Vines, \$1 00 each. 810 00 per Dozen.

# DELAWARE, hardiest of ail; very sweet and early; Wine Color, 50 Cents each.

HARDY GRAPE VINES!

Village.

Very fine Trees.

DOUBLE RED ROSES! 50 Cents Each.

English Black, Red and White Currants; and Largest Goose-

Large Red Giant Raspberries, \$2 oo per Dozen.

r. w. ellerbeck.

D. O. CALDER & Co.,

Beg to inform their FRIENDS and the PUBLIC that they will be prepared to

Goods !

U.P.R.R. FOR TRAFFIC TO OGDEN.

Our Mr. Calder, having had fourteen year's experience in all departments of the business, including that of Manager, of the largest carrying company in Scotland, who owned railroad, canals, steamboats and sailing vessels; and being determined to give the utmost satisfaction to their patrons, they hope to receive the full support of the Merchants and Manufacturers of Utah.

# FOR SALE!

It being the determination of the Board of Directors to sell on a uniform system of small profits, the business will necessarily have to be conducted on a strictly Cash.

In the lith WARD, near the Schoolhouse, a House of 5 rooms and Granary or Store room, also a good substantial Cellar and necessary Outhouses; together with City Lot, under cultivation, two-thirds of it being planted with choice varieties of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c., in good bearing condition.

For terms apply at this Office, or address to GEORGE ATKIN, 1893

THE Property known as "THE FOREST FARM" is now offered to let to some re-

For terms apply to President Brigham Young.

TERRITORY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GRAPES.

THEY YIELD ENORMOUS CROPS EVERY YEAR.

Isabella, Concord, Catawba, Union

HERRY TREES OF THE VERY BEST VARIETIES GROWN.

berries, \$1, 50 per Dozen.

For Sale by,

Near Union Square, 17th Ward, S. L. City. d78-39t

FORWARDING

Salt Lake City and Ogden,

Receive and Forward

Addressed to care of CALDER & Co., Ogden, to all parts of the TERRITORY, immediately on the opening of the

The above property is enclosed by a good

FARM TO LET.

sponsible person. The Ferm will be stocked with Ploughs, Harrows, Teams, Rows, Fowls and all the appurtenances belonging to the business of farming in the most thorough and efficient manner.

Salt Lake City, U. T., March 6, 1869,