

GEORGE Q. CANNON,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Monday, March 7, 1870.

THE REWARD FOR OPENING UP AN EMPIRE.

Less than a quarter of a century ago Missouri and Illinois were viewed as the Far West of the American Republic. The States of Iowa and Nebraska were inhabited by Indians. What is now Colorado and Wyoming was a portion of the Great American Desert, and the Pathfinder, Fremont, for his explorations through the West, was considered to have done enough to entitle him to the nation's gratitude, and, by many, to give him a strong claim upon the highest gift in the power of the people—the Presidential chair. Utah, Nevada and California were Mexican territory, over the larger portion of which a few tribes of the most degraded Indians roamed at pleasure, living on small game, fish, berries, and a few roots of spontaneous growth.

But what a change in so short a period! Some few advanced minds at that time thought of a transcontinental railroad, to unite the waters of the Atlantic with the Pacific. But they were looked upon as dreamers. Giant and impassable mountains were believed to intervene, rendering such a work impossible; and the idea was deemed a chimera of the wildest and most unreasonable character. Yet to-day China and Japan shake hands with Europe across this continent. The "Great American Desert" is pierced, penetrated, opened up, settled; hundreds of thriving towns are scattered over it; population is pouring into it; vast mineral deposits have been discovered, and, to an extent, developed in it; agriculture flourishes in hundreds of lovely valleys; rich vegetation offers support to countless herds of stock; and the foundation has been successfully laid and is being built upon for a chain of rich, populous and powerful States, that may, before the close of the century, outlive the present on the Atlantic seaboard. And all this, and much more, in less than a quarter of a century; in less than twenty-three years.

This extension of the national domain the development of so vast an increase of the national resources; the opening up of millions of acres of land, capable of supporting millions of men and women; the preparing the way and laying the foundation of these young States, that will soon be able to put forth a giant strength; and the making possible that Pacific Railroad barely dreamed of a quarter of a century ago; these are matters which the future historian of America will rank among the brightest achievements of the race for national development and social progress. And an enlightened stranger, unacquainted with the history of the West during the past twenty-five years, but who saw its present condition and learned what it was then, would naturally ask: What honors are heaped upon the daring pioneers of this vast region; upon the men and women who had courage to dare the unknown perils of the desert and prove amid dangers and privations the feasibility of increasing the national greatness, glory and power, by increasing its habitable area in so vast a region deemed uninhabitable? When the mere fact of one man having simply passed over it with a few guides and hardy attendants, entitled him to a candidature for the Chief Magistracy, while he reported the impossibility of settling this region; what honors have been paid the man who led a community of people here and successfully colonized the heart of that desert? and what extra privileges have been extended to those hardy pioneers who followed that man, and aided him in establishing the colony?

The future will not fail to ask these questions, or others very like them; for whatever respect may be entertained for dead prophets, the acts of dead statesmen are as apt to be critically examined as those of living statesmen. What estimate would our imaginary stranger, or will the future, put upon those in the nation who would not only bestow no honors upon the people that were the pioneers in bringing about the great progressive change spoken of; but would actually strip them of every right and privilege guaranteed to their fellow citizens, and of the very possessions they had acquired at such risk and with such noble heroism; and all because this people believed in a religion which differed from those of others, and sought to worship God according to the light they enjoyed?

The Latter-day Saints pioneered the West, under the protection of God and the leadership of President Brigham Young. They wrestled their homes and possessions from an unwilling soil; they struggled for existence in the face of the most adverse circumstances. They made a storehouse in the heart of the continent, from which supplies could be obtained while the great work of national development was being prosecuted in the West—a development which they had first proved possible and practicable. They advanced the great inter-oceanic railroad, at least half a century; indeed, no one can say, or with any degree of correctness guess at,

when the Pacific railroad would have begun much less completed, had it not been for the Latter-day Saints in Utah. And for all they have done, which we have referred to, as well as for much more in increasing the national greatness and power they are threatened with pains and penalties. Were the great dramatist Hamlet, living now, well might he say, after calmly considering the matter of which we have been treating—"The world is out of joint," when such reward is proffered for such services.

(SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.)

By Telegraph.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

ILLINOIS.

The Plegan massacre—Annexation Fever in Nova Scotia—Deluge at the Gold Room.

CHICAGO.—The Tribune's Washington special says that General Buller writes to the Indian Bureau in regard to the Plegan massacre, expressing grave doubts whether the band surprised and murdered had taken any part in the late depredations. Lieut. Pease, agent of the Blackfeet, sends a full report of the affair to Commissioner Parker, which puts the matter in a worse light than at first reported. The affair is looked on at the Interior Department as the most disgraceful butchery in human dealings with the Indians, and, in one respect, blacker than that of the Chivington massacre, the band at the time being terribly afflicted with the small pox, the deaths averaging one in thirty-six daily. Logan, on account of this affair, sustained as it appears to be by Sheridan and Sherman, will ask his committee to strike out the clause in the military bill transferring the Indian Bureau to the War Department.

Captain Hall lectures to-morrow evening, at the request of the President, Vice-President and all the members of the Cabinet, and many other officials and prominent gentlemen. The object of the lecture is to get the presentation of his wishes and plans for his third voyage for the purpose of arctic exploration, which he is very anxious to make as soon as the means for paying its expenses can be obtained. A bill extending national aid, in some way, to the undertaking, will probably be presented to the House next week, and, it can already be said, will receive strong support from the leading members. The President and family will be present to-morrow evening, and the Vice-President will preside.

The Tribune's New York special letter from Nova Scotia says it is asserted, on pretty good authority, that the U. S. government has been sounded on the subject of annexation, and has expressed itself favorably and is ready to open negotiations as soon as the people, by a fair vote, express a desire for annexation, and send delegates to Washington for that purpose. The Nova Scotia Herald says the people of the western counties, with but few exceptions, are strongly in favor of annexation to the United States, and from reports that come from the east the people seem very much the same, and there can be no doubt that an immense majority of the people desire annexation. The editor proposes a meeting for the purpose of sending a petition to the President and Congress, and it thinks it would be signed by seven-eighths of the population.

The transactions at the gold board are estimated at \$5,000,000, making it the largest day's work since last season's business. It did not cease with the day but continued until the small hours of the night. At the Fifth Avenue hotel there was a considerable assemblage of operators, and the talk, generally, was in favor of lower prices to-morrow. None of the leading operators in last season's conspiracy are in the present operations, with the exception of a few brokers and commission houses, say six or seven. Failures of bull operators are currently reported to-night, and if gold reaches 110 there will be twenty or more bets were freely made to-night on a further decline, and one wager was that it would touch 108 within a week. Dry goods men are complaining of stagnation in trade in consequence of the decline in gold.

CALIFORNIA.

Exciting Champion Billiard Game.

SAN FRANCISCO, 5.—A large audience, with a considerable number of ladies, was attracted to the Pavilion to-night to witness the contest for the diamond cue and the championship of America.

The game was fifteen hundred points, and pushing and crotch shots barred. Deery won the first innings and played for safety. Rudolph followed with a run. Rudolph won the game by about one. Deery claimed foul, creating terrible excitement for a few minutes, but all calmed down. When the referee decided in his favor there was terrible excitement but there was no damage. There could not have been less than 400 persons present at the conclusion of the game and great confusion prevailed for a few moments, when the crowd seized Rudolph and carried him from the Pavilion.

SAN FRANCISCO, 6.—At the conclusion of the game last night seventy-nine innings had been played. The score stood, Deery 1337; Rudolph 1501. Deery's average was sixteen seventy, Rudolph's nineteen. Deery was given forty-eight points for pockets and misses; Rudolph fifty-seven. Rudolph was considerably annoyed throughout the game by some of Deery's backers.

MISSOURI.

Steam Communication from St. Louis to San Francisco.

St. Louis.—A line of nine first-class steamers will run from Atchison, Kansas, to Omaha, in connection with the Missouri and Pacific railroad the coming season, making a direct route from St. Louis to California.

Geo. T. Camp, a prominent western railroad contractor, and a member of the firm of Sangor, Camp & Co., and one of the contractors of the Panama railroad, died here yesterday.

WASHINGTON.

Resignation not accepted.

WASHINGTON.—Governor Stevenson, of Kentucky, has telegraphed to Golla-

day, refusing to accept his resignation as a member of the House of Representatives, saying that his duty to his State, his constituents and his own honor demands a full investigation of the charges against him in relation to the sale of cadetships, and that is the only tribunal to which he is amenable under the circumstances.

VIRGINIA.

Big Snow Fall.

RICHMOND, Va., 5.—Nine inches of snow fell to-day.

CONNECTICUT.

Died.

HARTFORD.—Thos. R. Bruce, one of the directors, and formerly Secretary, of the Etna Insurance Company, died to-day.

OHIO.

Violent death.

CLEVELAND.—C. V. Hobbs, a prominent railroad man, shot himself through the head last night, supposed accidentally, as no cause is known for the act.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Parrot shell exploded.

WILMINGTON, N.C.—A thirty-pound Parrot shell exploded at a foundry yesterday, dangerously hurting three men.

NEW YORK.

A second pardoned.—The cause of the late Fenian quarrel—Resignation not accepted—Sensation story of Napoleon's death—The Ward's Island affair, etc.

NEW YORK.—The trial of Fullerton will positively commence to-morrow. A friend of the accused, yesterday, offered to bet ten thousand dollars against three cents that he would not be convicted.

Alexander Reno, sentenced to twenty years in the State prison for outraging the person of a little girl, has been pardoned by Governor Hoffman on condition of leaving the country. The pardon was granted through the Russian Minister, Reno's father being an officer in the Russian army and a member of the personal staff of the Czar.

Michael Tobin, a butcher, was knocked down last night by two men and robbed of twelve hundred dollars.

The near approach of gold to par occasions a disinclination on the part of the members of the Gold Exchange to pay their dues; several expulsions are talked of.

It appears that the stormy proceedings in the Fenian Senate the night Mehan was shot, had reference to the invasion of Canada, which O'Neil urged, while the majority of the organization opposed it, considering such a measure, before all the branches of the brotherhood were united, rash in the extreme.

Capain Hall delivered a lecture to-night to a large audience, including the President, Vice President, Chief Justice Chase and many members of Congress. Hall related his experience in his Arctic voyage. He wants \$15,000 for his expedition to the North Pole in the interest of science. He has no doubt that he will discover an extensive whaling ground. He was willing that the money should be placed in the hands of President Grant for disbursement.

The World has an extraordinary sensation in its Paris letter, dated Feb. 21, published to-day, which says that according to the gossip in the French salons the Emperor Napoleon died on the ninth of September last, under the knife of Surgeon Ricord, and in his place reigns the Prince Imperial as Napoleon IV., with the Empress Eugenie as Regent. The story runs that a near relative of the Emperor, though not in the line of succession, bearing a close resemblance to him, appears in the place of Napoleon on the few occasions on which he is supposed to appear in public. The correspondent says the plan originated with the late Emperor, who feared a European complication; and that before his death he received a promise from England and Russia that they would give aid in maintaining the Prince on the throne. The letter gives various reasons for crediting the story, and says it explains the recent remarkable change in policy on the part of the French government; nevertheless, it appears very like an easily constructed canard.

The legislative committee on commerce, yesterday, made a searching investigation into the cause of the recent riots among the immigrants on Ward's Island, and concluded that the complaints of the so-called rioters were not without sufficient foundation, and that reform is very much needed. The testimony taken was all to the same purpose. It was shown that there were only two wash-basins and two towels for six hundred persons, and that these were changed but twice a week. No reading matter of any kind was provided, and persons soon got covered with vermin. The beds were hard and unclean and the bedding was not often changed and was generally dirty.

A petition has been received here asking Congress to vote away no more public land to the advantage of railroad companies, but to save the remaining acres for the benefit of immigrants and settlers.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BELGIUM.

New Postal Treaty.

BRUSSELS.—The new postal treaty between Belgium and the United States, which reduces ocean postage to half the present rates, has been ratified by Belgium.

The ice in the Baltic has been broken up and navigation will soon be resumed.

FRANCE.

Editors Convicted.

PARIS.—Seven members of the editorial staffs of reform newspapers have been convicted of violations of the press law and have received sentences of one to four months imprisonment, with a total fines of ten thousand francs. M. Basile, one of the writers of the *Morcelle*, on seeing the Emperor one day, shouted "vive la Republique," for which he has been condemned to imprisonment for three months and fined five hundred francs.

HAVANA.

Assassin Executed.

HAVANA.—Consul General Biddle has taken full charge of the American Consulate.

The assassin of Hemora was executed this afternoon in the presence of a detachment from every volunteer battalion around the city.

GREAT BRITAIN.

More Cable Schemes.

LONDON.—A project is on foot for laying a new trans-Atlantic cable, smaller and lighter than those heretofore used. The estimated cost of the cable does not exceed a quarter of a million pounds.

A scheme for connecting England with all her colonies by telegraph is talked of.

TURKEY.

Tolls Abolished.

CONSTANTINOPLE.—The Turkish government has abolished the collection of tolls on vessels passing through the Bosphorus; and merchantmen are no longer to be subjected to delay by visitation during the passage.

Special Notices.

WANTED.—Any one having for sale a building lot about 80x150 feet, centrally located, can find a cash customer by applying soon to 633-1W HUSSEY, DAHLER & CO.

Dealey's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder

Is the only reliable baking powder in market. The ingredients entering into its composition are chemically pure, and so carefully combined that it never fails to make light, sweet and nutritious biscuits, rolls, cakes, pastry, &c., of all varieties with uniform success. It is the cheapest to the consumer, as it requires from one-third to a half less than those of ordinary manufacture. For sale by Grocers generally.

THE UNIVERSAL RESPONSE.—Barnett's Stand, and Preparations are of approved usefulness and all that they profess to be.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

D. T. MERRIM of Boston writes: "I have used the contents of one bottle of Barnett's Cocoa, and my one half pound is covered all over with young hair about three-eighths of an inch long, which is determined to grow."

BURNETT'S FLORIMEL will not discolor muslin.

THE BEST JUDGES use Burnett's Flavoring Extracts.

AN INFALLIBLE CURE for Asthma is obtained in Whitcomb's Remedy.

WANTED.—At the Historian's Office, two copies of the *Deseret News*, No. 299 or Vol. 1, Nov. 9, 1868. d12-M

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having unsettled accounts with me are requested to call and have a settlement between this and the 25th of March as I am closing up my business, previous to moving south, and parties having repairs at my shop will please call and get them as I don't wish to take the same away with me.

THOS. HAWKINS.

Salt Lake City, March 4, 1870. d87-1W W-5

NOTICE.

I WILL BUY Utah Central Railroad Bonds, Due Bills or Sharp & Young's papers on same Railroad. Any person wishing to sell the above papers, will please call at my store in Ogden or at Mr. E. Martin's Photograph Gallery, Salt Lake City. d87-1W

LOUIS REGGEL.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION to me directed from the District Court, 3d Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, against CHAS. DAVEY et al and in favor of HUSSEY, DAHLER & CO., for the sum of six hundred and thirteen dollars and fifty-five cents, I have levied upon the following named property, to-wit:—North half of lot No. 4, south half lot No. 4, west half lot No. 4, in Block No. 12, plot A; also lot No. 5, Block 14, plot A, City Survey; and will offer the same for sale at public auction on March 31st, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 1 p.m., to the highest bidder for cash, at the door of the Court House, Salt Lake City.

J. D. T. MOULDER, Territorial Marshal.

S. L. City, Mar. 1st, 1870. d85-1d

ESTRAY.

CAME to my place in December last, a Red COW, branded S on left side; also, a Cal. The owner of the above will please prove property, pay expenses and take them away.

LEWIS JOHNSON, South Cottonwood.

Cheap Maps For Sale.

THE excellent Double Maps—one side showing the United States, with Railroads and every particular item shown on the other side a map of the world, and in addition twelve important cities. Well mounted and varnished for \$2.00.

Can be had at CALDER BROTHERS.

d86-3 Salt Lake City.

HOME MUSEUM

AND

MENAGERIE!

SALT LAKE CITY,

Half-a-block East of the "Deseret News" Office,

NOW OPEN

Every Day, except Sunday, from 9 to 5.

ADMISSION, 50c. CHILDREN, 10c.

FERRING TIME, 3 P.M.

People visiting Salt Lake City, should not neglect calling at the above establishment to see the finest collection of Rocky Mountain mammals and birds ever exhibited.

Also a Cabinet of Foreign and Domestic curiosities and minerals, together with a fine collection of B.B.W. SILVERWARE and natural productions of this Territory.

JOHN W. YOUNG.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE.

OLE

BULL!

Respectfully announces Two

GRAND CONCERTS

AT THE

SALT LAKE THEATRE,

ON

Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings,

MARCH 8th and 9th, 1870,

Assisted by the following Artists:

MISS HATTIE SAFFORD,
The Favorite Soprano;

MR. WILLIAM MACDONALD,
The Popular Tenor;

MR. EDWARD HOFFMAN,
The Distinguished Pianist and Composer.

ADMISSION

Reserved Seats in Dress Circle \$1.00 and \$1.50
Parquette 75 " 1.00
Second Circle 75 " 1.00
Third Circle 50 " 50

Doors open at 7. Concert begins at 8 o'clock.

Tickets for sale on Monday morning at the Box Office of the Theatre.

ALEX. BULL, Business Manager
J. JAY WATSON, Agent. d87-4

RYAN'S LONDON PORTER,
ARROL'S SCOTCH ALE, and
SANDS' CHICAGO STOCK ALE.

On Draught at

Salt Lake Billiard Room. d87-3m

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

JOE SIMMONS,

PROPRIETOR "REVERE HOUSE SALOON,"

Is receiving daily, Fresh Oysters direct from Baltimore. Also Fig's Feet, Calves' Tongues, Old English and Scotch Ale and Porter; Brewer, Benson & Co's celebrated Ale, Wagoner's Ale and Lager Beer, Golden Crown Cigars, Premium Fine Cut Tobacco; in fact, to speak seriously you must call and see and taste for yourself. d174-4r

NOTICE OF MARSHAL'S SALE.

AT 3 o'clock p.m., on Tuesday, the 15th day of March, A.D. 1870, I will expose to public sale, at Weber Station, on the Union Pacific Railroad, in Morgan County, Utah Territory, the following property, to-wit:—One new Twelve Horse Power Steam Saw Mill, complete in every particular, now located in, and until very recently, in operation in Harderabre Canyon, twelve miles south of Weber Station. Also one pair of Mules and one yoke of Oxen; being property taken by virtue of an execution from the Third District Court of Utah, at the suit of A. Gear & Co. against Neil Georgenson & W. U. Watson.

J. M. ORR, United States Marshal.

d78-M

BEFORE BUYING IMPORTED

DOORS,

SASH,

MOULDINGS,

&c.

Examine the following price list of those articles, made from the BEST

TRUCKEE LUMBER.

DOORS:

7-8 to 11-2 inches thick, 2ft. 6in. to 3ft. wide and from 6ft. to 7ft. in length; Moulded or Raised panels, at from \$3.00 to \$5.50 each.

SASHES:

12 light from 8x10; to 10x14 at from \$1.75 to \$2.25 each.

AND ALL OTHER KINDS OF WORK AT PROPORTIONATE RATES.

A reduction from the above rates will be made to

WHOLESALE PURCHASERS!

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As these prices are extremely low, comparing with the rates at which Imported Articles are sold, we can only sell for

CASH,

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SMITH BRO.,

STATE ROAD.

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d87-1W W-4 d82-

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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DEPARTMENT.

PAISLEY, STELLA, CASHMERE, GRENADINE and the celebrated PATTI SHAWLS.

ON MONDAY NEXT, we will expose for the Inspection of our Patrons, a fine display of

LACE COLLARS, SWITCHES, BOWS FOR LADIES, ETC.

A FEW OF THE FAMOUS OLE BULL NECKTIES.

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