ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER ON THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 260 MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1891, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XX

THE RUSSIAN LOAN.

The German Government Explains Its Policy in Permitting the Bankers to Issue It.

CAPRIVI'S STATEMENT NOT CANDID.

It Is Thought He Never Wanted the Czar to Get the Money.—Other Items from Germany.

By Telegraph to the News.

GERMAN TOPICS.

The New Russian Loan—The Emperors Meet—American Pork.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—[Copyright, 1891, New York Associated Press.]—The Government finds it necessary to explain its policy of permitting the Cologne bankers to take part of the new Russian loans. The unanimity of the press protests convinced Von Caprivi that it would be a grave political error if a denial were not made of the rumor circulated by the syndicate that the loan has the tacit sanction of the German government.

The *North German Gazette*, the official organ, publishes a communication tonight, in which it denies the government is in any way departing from the path of political finance which it has trodden. The Manteuffelites made confidential inquiries from the foreign office of the attitude of the government towards the issue. In reply the foreign office informed the bankers that the present political situation afforded no occasion for the government to interfere in any form. The Chancellor did not deign in reply to convey the information to the bankers. These bankers, the reply declared, are in most cases perfectly capable of acting upon their own judgment.

The semi-official statement wants frankness in expressing the fact that the German bosses, before joining the syndicate, were led to believe that the Czar's visit to Berlin and the issue of the loan were on political grounds. The political clamor against supplementing the cash balances of Germany's enemy has obliged Von Caprivi to drop his complacency toward the loan. It will not go here. Probably the government is not intended it be successful.

The committee on the Reichstag field an unusually prolonged meeting today and decided not to increase the number of discount. The American demand for bullion is, in the meantime, far below what it was expected it would be.

SEE THE CZAR.

It is reported that Emperor William, who is at his shooting lodge near Ebenhausen, met the train conveying the Czar, on his trip to Russia from Denmark, and had a conversation with him.

The *Post* tonight, referring to Von Waldersee's

EXPLORATION TO IMPERIAL FAVOR,

states that the Emperor has nominated him to the command of the garde du corps. This will keep Von Waldersee in Berlin and give him the ear of the Emperor, with whom he will have greater influence than ever.

CAPTAIN BINGHAM PLEASED.

In an interview, Captain Bingham, a military attaché of the American legation here, who has just returned from the German military manoeuvers, alluded upon the courtesy he had received from the sporting and military authorities, who gave him every opportunity to see everything of interest. Captain Bingham said he was greatly impressed by the wonderful uniformity of training shown by the soldiery on parade, as well as in the field. The unyielding power of the German army, he declared, is simply irresistible. Speaking of the fighting qualities of the army, Captain Bingham said that the march faster in a trot as was the marching quality of the men, adding: "When you can count on having your forces always on hand at the right moment, you can win by force of numbers."

Captain Bingham spoke in the highest terms of praise of Emperor William's qualities as a horseman in the saddle. "His Majesty," he said, "took the field at 4 o'clock in the morning and remained until 2 o'clock in the afternoon." Even the Empress Augusta attended the reviews, remained in the saddle for four hours, although the heat on 2 that were stifling. She smiled on the troops as they passed, thrilling the soldiers with the greatest enthusiasm. In conclusion Captain Bingham said that he had learned enough of value and interest in the American army to compensate him for the fortnight's fatigue and hard riding.

A DINNER

was given tonight in Minister Phelps at the American legation to ex-United States Senator Warner Miller, Mrs. Miller and Colonel Milling. There were also present Chancellor Von Caprivi, Herr Von Berlepsch, Prussian minister of commerce; secretary Bittenburg; Mr. Wessendorf, engineer of the Nicaragua Canal company; Baroness Berlepsch, Madame Bingham and Bucher, Misses Halstead and Phelps, and Herr Von and Baron Von Stumm d'Alkirer. During the progress of the dinner a dispatch was received from Mr. Johnson, the American consul at Hamburg, which was read aloud by Mr. Phelps.

THE MESSAGE

read: The first American pork certificate was presented at Hamburg today for fifty-four cases from Chicago. Other shipments are in port and now on the way." Mrs. Phelps told her guests that if they could limit their appetites for a few hours they could have a course of American pork.

The publishers story regarding

THE CONVERSION OF PROFESSOR WINDSCHEID

of Leipsic to Protestantism is not exactly accurate. He converted was not entirely due to the disapproval of the infallibility of the "holy coat." The facts are that the professor joined the old Catholic movement in 1870, since which time he has been entirely disassociated with the Catholic church.

THE REPORT OF THE SOCIALIST SUBSIDY

committee discloses the entire failure of the organizations which were being arranged to bring about a strike in all the trades. Since the formation of the strike committee thirty-one strikes have been organized, and in every case the labor party were defeated. The committee complained of a want of foreign support.

A Request for an Increase of Conductors' Wages.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 28.—The general grievance committee of the Order of Railway Conductors, trainmen and switchmen today presented each of the six division superintendents of the Atlantic system of the Southern Pacific with a printed request for an increase of conductors' wages about $8 a month; brakemen $7; and switchmen $6. The division superintendents denied the request, as its acceptance would make an increase of expenses of $40,000 a month. The grievance committee will refer the matter to the highest general officers of their order, who will make the demand upon the general superintendent and general manager. If they refuse, the trainmen on the Atlantic system of the road will be granted the privileges of striking if they see fit. It would be a tremendous strike, covering 1,500 miles of road.

An Irish Agitator in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Michael Davitt, the well-known Irish agitator, arrived here this morning and is stopping at the residence of Alexander Sullivan. To an Associated Press reporter he declared that his trip was a purely private one and had no connection with politics. He had spent five months in California for his health, in accordance to his physician's orders. He said he had no disposition to introduce the subject touching the disagreements in this politics among his countrymen in America. "We will settle that in Ireland at the next general election," said he, "and when it is settled the settlement will leave Parnell out of Irish politics. I have been invited to speak several times since I came to America, but I cannot find it my duty to every time the reason given." Davitt said he would not attend the league convention to be held here next week. He is on the road home.

37 A Bulletin on the Coal Product.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The census office has issued a bulletin on the coal product of the United States. It shows that the coal product of the United States reached a total of 141,-228,415 short tons in the census year, and was valued at the mines, before any expenses of shipment, at $153,225,-351. The product included 41,536,449 short tons of bituminous and coking coal, valued at $54,189,809. The product also included 5,993,023 short tons of lignites, valued at $9,436,809. The average value of all saleable grades of anthracite was $1.58 per ton at the mines, and the average of the bituminous coal was 97 cents per short ton at the mines. In 1880 the total product included 28,649,932 short tons of anthracite and 42,827,759 short tons of bituminous coal. The value of the entire product was $90,645,396. The product increased 97.57 per cent during the decade and the total value 67.53 per cent. The number of persons engaged in the industry was 260,509, who received in the aggregate $108,136,625 in wages.

THE Illinois Central.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—The forty-first annual report of the Illinois Central railroad company for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, shows that the gross earnings for the year were $17,561,351, an increase of $429,352 over the previous year. The operating expenses and taxes amounted to $12,-701,098, an increase of $767,855, leaving the net earnings $4,750,849, a decrease of $278,191. The net receipts, taking into account the land sales and miscellaneous profits and the income from investments, are $5,000,000 or $50,000 of which has been paid the interest of the funded debt, the sinking fund bonds, the rent of the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans, and the Dubuque and Sioux City railroads at 5 per cent dividend, leaving $214,920 to be carried forward to the surplus dividend account. The net interest is the statement that the company has turned into Illinois State treasury during the year $520,949, which is the largest sum paid to the State in any one year.

The Weather Crop Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The weekly weather crop bulletin says in part:

OREGON—The first frost on the 22nd did no damage; threshing is nearly completed; the yield of wheat and hay per harvested; hops are the only short crop; everything else is up to the average.

CALIFORNIA—Frost slightly damaged the grapes in Napa and Sonoma valleys during the early part of the week; good weather prevailed during the latter part for raisin curing and fruit drying. In Southern California the weather was favorable for raisin curing; three hundred tons of beets are daily converted into sugar.

Russia's Policy in China.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—The Journal de St. Petersburg says: "The maintenance of the present friendly neutrality with China. Any other course, it says, will surely save English and French interests, while jeopardizing the interests of Asiatic Russia and resisting English ascendancy in the Pacific. A judicious neutrality now will pave the way for a Russo-French British understanding in the far east.

Fitzgerald Has Recovered.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—President Fitzgerald of the Irish National League of America has so far recovered from his recent illness that he is expected to preside at next week's convention of the league. Secretary Sutton is already in the city making arrangements for the convention. He said tonight that one of the principal subjects of the convention would be to inaugurate a movement that will result in the restoration of $200,000, now held by Parnell and McCarthy to the purpose for which it was originally intended—the benefit of the poor in Ireland.

Arrested for Selling Fortunes Without a License.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Tobar, spiritualists, who were arrested for selling fortunes without securing a license, have fled and in the federal court for $100,000 damages against Mayor Dorian of Texarkana for false imprisonment.

THE RUSSIAN JEWS.

A Newspaper Article Defending the Persecutions of the Barbarous Czar.

THE EXPULSIONS ASCRIBED TO VIOLATIONS OF LAW.

Baron Hirsch's Scheme Criticised: The Expelled Jews Described as an Inferior Race.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE HEBREWS IN RUSSIA.

Another View Presented of the Persecutions they Suffer.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—"In Defense Russia" points out that Baron Hirsch's scheme, if successful, can only provide for about three per cent of the Russian Jews.

A letter which appeared in *Anti-Semitism*, and which was signed "An Irksome Wanderer," has been published in the newspapers and is attracting considerable attention. It severely defends Russia and declares that the Jews refusing to be Russians by law are unfit to be allowed, but has been operated with so little rigor that one-third of the Jews reside today in the governments from which they were expelled in contravention to his physician's orders. He said he had no disposition to introduce the subject touching the disagreements in this politics among his countrymen in America. "We will settle that in Ireland at the next general election," said he, "and when it is settled the settlement will leave Parnell out of Irish politics. I have been invited to speak several times since I came to America, but I cannot find it my duty to every time the reason given." Davitt said he would not attend the league convention to be held here next week. He is on the road home.

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Contagious Malady a "Valentine" Fleet, Too.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The government of Montenegro has ordered three merchant steamers built in England after the type of the Russian volunteer fleet. The vessels are to be employed during peace in trade between the Adriatic and Odessa.

Excitement in Cotton Fields.

MANNIS, Ark., Sept. 28.—Fully armed men are riding over the cotton fields and the cotton pickers from the field and harvest the gin house. They threaten to drive all the pickers out and will set the gin house on fire. The sheriff is on the ground with warrants for the leaders. Much excitement prevails.

QUARANTINED IN A BOX.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 28.—Late reports received from Mariana say the yellow fever situation there is worse than ever. Deaths culminated in a riot, resulting in several negroes being killed and a number wounded. The riot started from the fact that a family living next door quarantined in a box, the members of which were stricken with the disease. Considerable crockery and glassware was demolished. It is reported, but not authenticated, that wooden stables on the outskirts of the town were tipped over. Buildings facing south and south-west were vacated by the whites. The watchmen in charge of the buildings became alarmed and hastened to the ground. No serious damage is yet reported.

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ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—It has been discovered that four men escaped from the Jefferson barracks. One has been recaptured.

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OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 28.—It is generally understood that unless some unforeseen event occurs the prorogation of Parliament will take place on Wednesday next.

An Old Yorke Fells.

ANTWERP, Sept. 28.—The old firm of I. Pierre, of this city, has failed. It is said that the liabilities reach 2,000,000 francs in consequence of heavy speculations in coffee, wool and South American securities.

The liabilities of I. Pierre, who recently failed, amounted to $1,000,000. ed

For Violation of the Chinese Exclusion Act.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Four Chinamen were captured in this city this morning. They will be returned to China as they violated the exclusion law.

A Report on the Production of Steel.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The census bureau issued a report on the production of steel. There are in the United States 595 farms with a total of 102,551 acres devoted exclusively to seed growing.

The Russian Loan.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—The *Bourse Gazette* says the agreement as to the issue of the new Russian loan has been signed.

The Czar Will Get Money.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—It is now understood here that both Mendelssohn and Warschauer will issue the Russian loan.

Report of the Board of Ordnance and Fortifications.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The army board of ordnance and fortifications has completed its business, and its report has been approved by the Secretary of War. The board recommends that authority be granted the chief of ordnance to make a few of the twelve-inch gun forgings, for which as is now under a contract, of forty calibres length.

An Interview with Gould.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The *Daily Mail and Express*, a financial newspaper, prints an interview with Jay Gould, in which he says the current dividend on the Missouri Pacific will be paid. Earnings of the road on the Texas and *Iowsky* lines in this quarter, Gould declared that the poor crops last year, and the consequent lack of money in the Missouri Pacific was the cause of the falling off in the earnings. Gould also said that the shipping of the connecting link being pushed, that will enable the delivery of wheat and other grain at New Orleans for export, over the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain at the same price as other roads can lay it down at Chicago.

A Mayor Shot by a Negro.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Sept. 28.—This evening Mayor Henderson, while attempting to arrest a quarreling negro named Wilson, was shot and instantly killed by the latter. At a late hour tonight the jail is surrounded by a howling mob and the negro will probably be lynched.

Inciting Rebellion in Salvador.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 27.—A letter from Salvador says President Barrios of Guatemala is account for inciting rebellion in Salvador, of which policy President Ezeta has been guilty in aiding simple revolt. The Mexican press generally is attacking Barrillas and demands in regard to the revolutionary element in connection with the affairs. Associated Press correspondents have made an investigation. Reports from twenty-four States and two Territories say the most perfect peace prevails.

Domestic Trouble and Murder.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 27.—This evening Colonel Jas. Cunningham, general superintendent of the Alabama Midland railroad, shot and killed Jas. Cunningham, 19 years of age, on account of domestic troubles.

A Warehouse Destroyed by Fire.

MANSFIELD, Sept. 27.—Hildreth's agricultural implement warehouse was destroyed by fire this afternoon, with its contents. It was an entirely new building, built on the "slow combustion" principle and supposed to be capable of withstanding any kind of fire, but the owners and insurance companies were doomed to sad disappointment. The loss on the building is $25,000, insurance $10,000. The loss on the contents, farm implements, wagons, etc., $25,000; insurance about the same.

Arrest of a Confidence Man.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Thomas O'Brien, a well-known, all-round rock and ore-broker man, has been arrested, charged with robbing a wealthy citizen of Albany of $10,000, a year and a half ago.

AN EARTHQUAKE.

Vibrations Distinctly Felt in a Great Many Places, but Only Slight Damage Done.

THE TEMPERATURE FALLS TEN DEGREES AT PEORIA.

The Session of a Circuit Court Interrupted.—Brick Buildings Damaged at Mount Vernon.

By Telegraph to the News.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

Vibrations Felt in Various Places Saturday.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—An earthquake shock occurred at 10:59 tonight. The vibrations were distinctly felt, passing south. It lasted about fifty seconds. It is not thought that any damage was done. At one newspaper office the compositors felt their cases and rushed to the streets. People were awakened from sleep, particularly from the west end, and rushed to the streets in their night clothes.

Reports from Belleville, Ill., have originated from their fears and excitement. Judge Lemen and family, of the Supreme court, were shaken in their chairs. Engineer Johnson with his family, J. B. Waters of the salvage corps, on the corner of Lemen and Serre streets, were awakened by the shock while sitting at the switchboard. Considerable crockery and glassware was demolished. It is reported, but not authenticated, that wooden stables on the outskirts of the town were tipped over. Buildings facing south and south-west vacated by whites. The watchmen in charge of the buildings became alarmed and hastened to the ground. No serious damage is yet reported.

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An Old Yorke Fells.

ANTWERP, Sept. 28.—The old firm of I. Pierre, of this city, has failed. It is said that the liabilities reach 2,000,000 francs in consequence of heavy speculations in coffee, wool and South American securities.

The liabilities of I. Pierre, who recently failed, amounted to $1,000,000. ed

For Violation of the Chinese Exclusion Act.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Four Chinamen were captured in this city this morning. They will be returned to China as they violated the exclusion law.

A Report on the Production of Steel.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The census bureau issued a report on the production of steel. There are in the United States 595 farms with a total of 102,551 acres devoted exclusively to seed growing.

The Russian Loan.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—The *Bourse Gazette* says the agreement as to the issue of the new Russian loan has been signed.

The Czar Will Get Money.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—It is now understood here that both Mendelssohn and Warschauer will issue the Russian loan.

Report of the Board of Ordnance and Fortifications.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The army board of ordnance and fortifications has completed its business, and its report has been approved by the Secretary of War. The board recommends that authority be granted the chief of ordnance to make a few of the twelve-inch gun forgings, for which as is now under a contract, of forty calibres length.

An Interview with Gould.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The *Daily Mail and Express*, a financial newspaper, prints an interview with Jay Gould, in which he says the current dividend on the Missouri Pacific will be paid. Earnings of the road on the Texas and *Iowsky* lines in this quarter, Gould declared that the poor crops last year, and the consequent lack of money in the Missouri Pacific was the cause of the falling off in the earnings. Gould also said that the shipping of the connecting link being pushed, that will enable the delivery of wheat and other grain at New Orleans for export, over the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain at the same price as other roads can lay it down at Chicago.

A Mayor Shot by a Negro.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Sept. 28.—This evening Mayor Henderson, while attempting to arrest a quarreling negro named Wilson, was shot and instantly killed by the latter. At a late hour tonight the jail is surrounded by a howling mob and the negro will probably be lynched.

Inciting Rebellion in Salvador.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 27.—A letter from Salvador says President Barrios of Guatemala is account for inciting rebellion in Salvador, of which policy President Ezeta has been guilty in aiding simple revolt. The Mexican press generally is attacking Barrillas and demands in regard to the revolutionary element in connection with the affairs. Associated Press correspondents have made an investigation. Reports from twenty-four States and two Territories say the most perfect peace prevails.

Domestic Trouble and Murder.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 27.—This evening Colonel Jas. Cunningham, general superintendent of the Alabama Midland railroad, shot and killed Jas. Cunningham, 19 years of age, on account of domestic troubles.

A Warehouse Destroyed by Fire.

MANSFIELD, Sept. 27.—Hildreth's agricultural implement warehouse was destroyed by fire this afternoon, with its contents. It was an entirely new building, built on the "slow combustion" principle and supposed to be capable of withstanding any kind of fire, but the owners and insurance companies were doomed to sad disappointment. The loss on the building is $25,000, insurance $10,000. The loss on the contents, farm implements, wagons, etc., $25,000; insurance about the same.

Arrest of a Confidence Man.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Thomas O'Brien, a well-known, all-round rock and ore-broker man, has been arrested, charged with robbing a wealthy citizen of Albany of $10,000, a year and a half ago.

"VIVE LE CZAR."

Minister of Foreign Affairs Ribot Rouses the Enthusiasm of the French

AT THE UNVEILING OF A STATUE OF

General Faidherbe.—Russia's Cordial Friendship for France.

By Telegraph to the News.

RUSSIA AND FRANCE.

The Czar Cheered by Enthusiastic Crowds in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—Foreign Minister Ribot at Bayonne today unveiled a statue of General Faidherbe. As a general statement in full, the tenor of the phrase of the Republic since its foundation, and said: "Henceforth she is the mistress of her own destinies. Her position has been consolidated through adhesion to principles of prudence and moderation. Europe whose attitude was for some time uncertain, has at length found France just justice. A sovereign, far sighted in politics, has come to France. Russia and France, the nation's standard bearers, have joined hands uniting the two countries cries of "Vive la Czar!" "Vive la Russie!"), and the Russian nation has joined the Czar in extending a cordial friendship to France.

You know how well these sentiments are reciprocated. Comsatul found an echo in the smallest of our hamlets as much as in our government's spheres. Our hearts have been touched by the sentiments of friendship evinced by the French soldiers. Wherever they went they found the French respected, as was seen in the enthusiastic welcome of their honor in Denmark and Sweden, and finally in Portsmouth, where Queen Victoria received them in person and accorded them an imposing and courteous welcome.

These events have made an impression on the whole world that will not be effaced. Peace, the object of our becoming, herself, in the adjustment of the European equilibrium an indispensable factor. (Cheers).

At the same moment England signed Egypt, in alluding to the entente with Russia, said that the government had completed the work begun by its predecessors, upon the basis of the highest interests sure to the future destinies of France, effecting a change in the position which the nation occupied in Europe. (Shouts of "Vive Ribot.")

It was a great honor in the ministry to have uttered in such events, and to have paved the way by them in accordance with parliament and public opinion. The time for the collaboration of the chambers and the government, he asserted, is approaching. Whatever happens, we have the knowledge that we have worked well, and placed ourselves, heart and soul, at the service of the republic. (Prolonged cheers.)

The San Quentin Prison Plot.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 27.—S. Wallace Wells, of Janesville, Cal., has been arrested, charged with furnishing arms and ammunition to prisoners in the San Quentin prison in order to assist them in escaping. The whole plot is now known. Sullivan's brother, who is serving fifty years for murder, communicated with Sullivan through Geo. E. Wells, for whom he had been writing letters. Wells was employed as a servant in the house of the prison physician, who lives outside the walls. Sullivan, Wilson and Wallace the arms wrapped in rubber to Wells, who who put them in the basket of milk which he was carried daily into the prison, and gave to Sullivan, of San Quentin. Wells finally became frightened and confessed to the prison officials, who watched the game and arrested the leaders in solitary confinement, as already published.

One Day in Germany.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—When the Chambers became legislative next next month, the efforts of American Minister Reid to secure the withdrawal of the Park Prohibition are certain to be crowned with success. A committee of the senate will give immediate attention to the bill passed by the Chamber of Deputies. The drift of the opinion prevails that the rescinding of the German park prohibition was accelerated by the vote of the French Chamber of Deputies. Germany seeing that the French government had resolved to withdraw the French prohibition, withdrew entirely, for the purpose of assisting the French bill to get ahead in complying with the American demands.

Taken from Jail and Murdered.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Sept. 27.—A *News* special from Swainsboro says that Charles Mack, colored, was taken from jail by a mob here Sunday. Mack a few days ago criminally assaulted a white woman at that place.

Deaths.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept 27.—William H. Kemble, ex-State treasurer, died suddenly this morning, of heart failure.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Dr. James, ex-chairman of the Wesleyan conference, died suddenly at Plymouth today.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 27.—William Swindell, senior member of the firm of Swindell Bros., one of the largest house painting concerns in the East, died here today, aged 71.

PHILADELPHIA, N. J., Sept. 27.—Caspar Wistar Hodge, professor of New Testament literature and exegesis in Princeton theological seminary, died this afternoon of lung disease.

A New Interstate Postal.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Louis Gathmann's patent for preventing heat generation in ordnance was tried at Fort Sheridan yesterday and, while the experiment was entirely informal, the new method of discharging projectiles was approved by the officers who witnessed the trial. The gun used by Gathmann differed but slightly from the breech-loading rifles in common use. It has a bore of four and one-half inches and is nine feet in length. The main feature of the invention is the saving in wear and tear