

A Serious Accident.

On Friday night last a colored man in the service of W. A. Hickman, Esq., residing about ten miles south on the west side of the Jordan, just above Taylorville, came to the city in great haste for Doctor Dunyan, stating that Mr. Hickman had been badly wounded that evening, and was not expected to live.

From the varied statements made by the negro, to sundry persons on the street, about the affair, several stories were in circulation next morning, concerning the occurrence, one that Hickman had been shot by some unknown person, another that the negro was suspected of having done the deed, and a third that it was the result of an accidental discharge of his own pistol, which on the return of the doctor was ascertained to be the true statement of the case.

It seems that Hickman had been out with his family that day on a visit or to do some business, and on his return home, while unharassing his horses, he stooped down to pick up some portion of the tackling, and while in that position one of his pistols dropped from the belt and went off, the ball striking him on the right side, between the two lower ribs, and coming out at the back, passing square through the body, inflicting a dangerous, if not a fatal wound.

Execution of Cockcroft.

William Cockcroft, the murderer of Robert Brown, was shot on Saturday last in accordance with the sentence of the court. The execution took place within the Court House inclosure, somewhat to the disappointment of a few hundred persons who were anxiously waiting in the street for the prisoner to be brought out and taken to some place outside the city, where it was supposed he would be executed in a public manner.

It was thought by the sheriff, Col. Burton, that no good could result from taking the prisoner two or three miles for execution, and therefore, in the presence of a suitable number of persons, most of whom were officers of the law, the penalty of death was inflicted, as before stated, in the Court House yard at ten minutes to three in the afternoon.

The Market House.

After so much has been said and done about a city market, the municipal authorities have at length got a large and commodious building for that purpose nearly completed. It is situated in First South, between East and West Temple Streets, in a very convenient place, and will, when finished and occupied for the purposes for which it is intended, be a great public benefit, and result in the closing up of the many little market shops heretofore occurring in various parts of the city.

Fire in the Mountains.

For nearly a week, and up to Monday last, a fire, said to have been set by Indians, was raging in the West Mountains, in the vicinity of Bingham's Creek; and report says much wood and timber was destroyed. There seems to be no way of preventing such occurrences, for the Lamanites claim and exercise the right of enkindling fires where and when they please; and they are generally quite indifferent about the damage that accrues to the whites in consequence of their lawless acts.

THE TABERNACLE.—The work of fitting up the Tabernacle, that it may be ready for the holding of the Semi-annual Conference, is progressing as rapidly as could be expected, and it will in all probability be completed by the time appointed. Should the weather be favorable, there will doubtless be a large concourse of people in attendance—more by thousands than can get within its walls, in which event the people residing in the city will unquestionably give place to those from the country, as they have generally done heretofore on such occasions.

DEPARTURE.—Hon. J. M. Bernhisel, Delegate to Congress from this Territory, left for the Federal city in the Overland Mail coach, yesterday morning. He certainly enjoys the full confidence of his many friends, and from the experience of the past, they do not expect that he will secede even if Washington be taken and sacked by the Confederates, before his term of office shall expire.

Postmaster-General Blair on the Liberty of the Press.

Jas. W. Wall, of Burlington, N. J., wrote a letter to Mr. Blair, complaining of and denouncing the course of the government in hindering the circulation of the *News*, the *Journal of Commerce*, the *Day Book*, and other secession newspapers. To this Mr. Blair made the following brief reply:—

"WASHINGTON, August 31.
DEAR SIR:—I did not give the order to which you refer because I thought the papers very dangerous. From what I have heard of the ability and temper of the most offensive, I doubt if any great harm could be done by them. As, however, the objects of the writers were traitorous, the demand of the people that they should be aided by the machinery of the government in these objects, could not be disregarded, although I do not myself apprehend any serious effect from such writings.

Allow me to add, in conclusion, that I am much pained to find that the son of Garrett D. Wall, my father's friend, and the friend of Jackson, should have become the disciple of Calhoun in its worst phase. I may be wrong in the way I take to maintain this Union those men loved; but I assure you that I had no other object than they had, and would not willingly put any discredit upon so noble a cause, by resorting to any unjust or unlawful measures in support of it.

I am, Sir, respectfully, yours,
M. BLAIR.
To Jas. W. Wall, Esq., Burlington, N. J.

"As Good as Gold."

The following, order issued by General Scott, may be consoling, till the contrary is made to appear by the lapse of time, to the "good husbands, fathers, sons, and brothers serving under the Stars and Stripes." The making of packages of the new panacea will, no doubt, receive the special attention of the officers:—

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

The General-in-Chief is happy to announce that the Treasury Department, to meet future payments to the troops, is about to supply, besides coin as heretofore, Treasury notes in fives, tens and twenties, as good as gold at all banks and government offices throughout the United States, and most convenient for transmission by mail from officers and men to their families at home. Good husbands, fathers, sons and brothers serving under the stars and stripes will thus soon have the ready and safe means of relieving an immense amount of suffering which could not be reached with coin. In making up such packages, every officer may be relied on, no doubt, for such assistance as may be needed by his men.

By command of LIEUT.-GEN. SCOTT.
(Signed)
E. D. Townsend, Ass.-Adjt.-Gen.

Confederate Pass.

The following form of a pass, given to persons wishing to go from Virginia into the Northern States, with the form of the oath they are required to take and subscribe before they can pass beyond the Confederate lines, we clip from an exchange:—

"HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT ALEX-
ANDRIA, MANASSAS JUNCTION."

By authority of the Governor of Virginia, I have permission from these headquarters to leave the State of Virginia will be permitted to take with them such moveables as cannot be of assistance to the enemy. The commanders of all guards, pickets, videttes, or scouting parties whom they may meet, will be careful in ascertaining that they do not carry beyond our lines either horses, wagons, fire-arms, or anything else that may be used by the enemy.

G. T. BEAUREGARD,
Brigadier General Commanding.

"I do solemnly swear that in leaving the State of Virginia it is not my purpose to take up arms against the Confederate States, or any of them; nor will I in any manner, directly or indirectly, give aid and comfort to their enemies by information or otherwise: So help me God. And if found in arms against the said Confederate States, or any of them, or if guilty of a violation of any of the particulars aforesaid, the penalty shall be death."

MAKING TIME.—A story is told of the Hon. John A. Gurley, representative in Congress from the 2d district, Ohio, which will bear repeating. The honorable M. C., like Mr. Ely, wanted to see a battle, and, overpowered by his curiosity, he took his horse and gig and followed on after the army. When the battle commenced he hitched his horse to a tree, at a convenient distance, and sought a position where his view would be uninterrupted. When the time arrived for making a sudden departure necessary, Mr. Gurley sought his horse and gig, but somebody had been in that vicinity before him, and his conveyance was gone. No time was to be lost, so the member from Ohio peeled off his coat and vest, got out of his boots as quickly as possible, and started with apparently a full determination to make the quickest time to the capital; and, as an evidence of his running qualities, it is stated that he beat his own horse and gig to Washington nearly an hour.

General Fremont's Proclamation.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE WESTERN DE-
PARTMENT,
St. Louis, Aug. 31.

Circumstances, in my judgment of sufficient urgency, render it necessary that the Commanding General of this Department should assume the administrative powers of the State. Its disorganized condition, the helplessness of the civil authority, the total insecurity of life, and the devastation of property by bands of murderers and marauders, who infest nearly every county in the State and avail themselves of the public misfortunes and vicinity of a hostile force to gratify private and neighborhood vengeance, and who find an enemy wherever they find plunder, finally demand the severest measures to repress the daily increasing crimes and outrages which are driving off the inhabitants and ruining the State. In this condition the public safety and the success of our arms require unity of purpose without let or hindrance to the prompt administration of affairs.

In order, therefore, to suppress disorders, to maintain as far as now practicable the public peace, and to give security and protection to the persons and property of loyal citizens, I do hereby extend, and declare established martial law throughout the State of Missouri. The lines of the army of occupation in this State are for the present declared to extend from Leavenworth by the way of the posts of Jefferson City, Rolla and Ironton, to Cape Girardeau on the Mississippi River. All persons who shall be taken with arms in their hands within these lines shall be tried by court-martial, and if found guilty will be shot. The property, real and personal, of all persons in the State of Missouri, who shall take up arms against the United States, or who shall be directly proven to have taken active part with their enemies in the field, is declared to be confiscated to the public use, and their slaves, if any they have, are hereby declared free men.

All persons who shall be proven to have destroyed, after the publication of this order, railroad tracks, bridges or telegraphs, shall suffer the extreme penalty of the law.

All persons engaged in treasonable correspondence, in giving or procuring aid to the enemies of the United States, in disturbing the public tranquility by creating and circulating false reports or incendiary documents, are in their own interest warned that they are exposing themselves.

All persons who have been led away from their allegiance, are required to return to their homes forthwith; any such absence, without sufficient cause, will be held to be presumptive evidence against them.

The object of this declaration is to place in the hands of the military authorities the power to give instantaneous effect to existing laws, and to supply such deficiencies as the conditions of war demand. But it is not intended to suspend the ordinary tribunals of the country, where the law will be administered by the civil officers in the usual manner and with their customary authority, while the same can be peaceably exercised.

The Commanding General will labor vigilantly for the public welfare and, in his efforts for their safety, hopes to obtain not only the acquiescence but the active support of the people of the country.

(Signed) J. C. FREMONT,
Major-General Commanding.

Married:

In G. S. L. City, Sept. 23d, 1861, by Elder I. Geo. Mr. BENJAMIN GUNN, of Philadelphia, and Miss ELIZABETH MARSHALL, late of London, Eng.
Mil. Star please copy.

In North Canyon Ward, Sept. 10, 1861, by Elder Israel Barlow, Mr. DAVID WILLIAM THOMPSON and Miss PAMELA ELIZABETH BARLOW. Both of the same place.

New Advertisements.

TAKEN UP.

ON the 2d of August, a white SOV. both ears cropped. The owner can have it by proving property and paying charges. Apply at my residence in the 12th Ward or at Howard's Boot and Shoe factory.
21-1 ALBERT LUTZ.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

LAST Spring, one brindle OX, four or five years old, staggy horns; branded G. W. H. on left horn and 5 on left hip; also, a brand on left shoulder resembling a circle. Marked in each ear with a crop and underbit. Whoever will give information that will lead to his recovery, will confer a great favor on—
21-1 LEVI W. HANCOCK.

BASKETS, BASKETS.

THE undersigned beg respectfully to announce that they are prepared to furnish baskets to order of any quality or quantity desired. Good, substantial, seasoned, bushel baskets kept constantly on hand, at one dollar each, at their shop on Canyon Creek, two blocks east of State Road, or at John Pisknell's butcher shop.
22-3 JOB SMITH,
ELIJAH PEARCE,

ON HAND,

AND FOR SALE LOW FOR
GRAIN, FLOUR, CATTLE, YOUNG STOCK,
AND CASH,

1200 Sides Sole Leather,
700 do Upper,
500 do Harness and Skirting,
500 do Sheep, Calf and Kipskin,
1000 pairs Home-made Boots and Shoes,
At W. JENNINGS',
TEA, COFFEE, SUGAR, SOAP, PEPPER, CANDLES,
ETC., At W. JENNINGS'.

NOTICE.

WE the undersigned will, at the next regular term of the County Court on Dec. 2d, 1861, make application for the use of the water running west of James Gordon and Joe. Wright's pasture, for irrigating purposes.
JNO. SNEDKER,
THOS. HOWARD,
THOS. DAVIS,
WM. SMITH,

22-1

LOST PIG.

STRAYED from the pen of John B. Lewis, 20th Ward, on Friday last, the 13th inst., a small white PIG, six weeks old. Whoever will deliver the same to the owner or at the Tithing Office, will be suitably rewarded.
22-1

STRAY PIG.

CAME to my lot at the mouth of City Creek canyon, about six weeks ago, a white sow PIG. The owner can have it by proving property, paying damages and taking it away.
22-1 WM. H. HUNT.

ESTRAYS.

I HAVE in my possession a yoke of OXEN: one, a dark speckled OX, about 6 years old, branded V on left shoulder; the other, a brown OX, 7 or 8 years old, star in forehead. The owner can have them by paying charges and taking them away.
22-1 JOSEPH NICHOLAS,
Pound keeper, Willard city

ESTRAYS.

I HAVE in my possession, on State Road, Little Cottonwood, one red, line back Heifer, black with white face; one red and white spotted Steer; one dark brindle Steer. All coming two years old. The owners will please call, prove property, pay charges and take them away immediately.
22-2 ANDREW CAHOON.

TAXPAYERS OF DAVIS COUNTY.

I HEREBY give notice that I will receive the Territorial and County Taxes now due, on every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, at the County House, Farmington. I will receive Wheat at \$1.50, Barley at \$1.25 and Oats at \$1 per bushel on account of County taxes. All debtors, wishing to avoid further expense, will please pay up immediately.
per WM. BRIDGE, Deputy.
22-3m

LOT SMITH,
Ass't and Col'r.

SOLD OUT! SOLD OUT!

HAVING sold our entire stock of Merchandise to Mr. Thomas Taylor, the undersigned would return thanks to their friends for past patronage, and trust that they will bestow a continuance of the same on their successor in business. All indebted to our firm will please settle up with Mr. M. Tokes, the resident partner of the firm, who will be found at the store of Mr. Taylor.
22-3 J. CALISHER & CO.

FRUIT AND MOLASSES.

I HAVE for sale or exchange, at my residence, 19 h Ward, a quantity of excellent peaches at \$1.00 per bushel. All kinds of grain taken in payment at the usual prices, also wood. I am manufacturing a superior article of molasses, which I will exchange for wood or produce on fair terms. Whoever wants a fruit or sweets on those terms, please give me a call.
22-2 S. A. KNOWLTON.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the firm of Angus M. Cannon, John, James and Bedson Eardley, is this day, Sept. 23, 1861, dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons holding due bills, or having accounts against the firm heretofore known as the firm of Cannon, Eardley & Bros., are requested to present them for settlement on or before the 19th of October next. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said firm are likewise requested to call and settle by said date.

ANGUS M. CANNON,
JOHN EARDLEY,
JAMES EARDLEY,
BEDSON EARDLEY,

NOTICE.—Eardley Bros. will carry on the business of putting at the old s and of Cannon, Eardley & Bros., 7th Ward.
22-4

SWEETS, SWEETS, SWEETS.

HAVING rented and put in complete repair, the Sugar Mill and Molasses Manufactory, located at the old mill factory in the 19th Ward, I am prepared to receive and manufacture into Molasses any amount of Sugar Cane that may be desired. The mill, machinery and fixtures are of the first order—excelled by none in the Territory, and, if I do not make as good an article and deal upon as fair terms as any other like establishment in this city or county, I ask not for patronage. I only desire to be rewarded according to my works.
22-1m ISRAEL IVINS.

NEW STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has bought the entire stock of goods of J. Calisher & Co., and purposes keeping, at the old stand of the former firm, a well selected assortment of

STAPLE DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, HARDWARE, ETC.,
which he will sell on the ONE PRICE SYSTEM—

LOW FOR CASH OR GRAIN.

THOMAS TAYLOR,
Main Street, G. S. L. City.

22-1f

100 TEAMS WANTED,
TO FREIGHT GRAIN TO STATIONS ON
THE OVERLAND MAIL ROUTE

WEST OF FORT CRITTENDEN.

Price: 13-4 Cents per Pound, per
Hundred Miles.

CASH PAID FOR OATS & BAR-
LEY at Salt Lake City and Fort
Crittenden.

Apply at the Overland Mail Company's office, Town-
send's Hotel, Salt Lake City, and to J. Gooding, Fort
Crittenden.
22-2

TO THE CAPITALISTS
OF UTAH.

WE WILL SELL OUR ENTIRE

STOCK OF MERCHANDIZE

FOR EASTERN COST AND 15 CENTS
PER POUND TRANSPORTATION.

WHO WILL PURCHASE?

22-1f J. M. BROWNE & CO.