

HAS BEEN A DAY OF ARGUMENT.

Counsel Talk for Both Guilt and
Innocence of Van Kuran.

ENTIRE CASE IS REVIEWED.

Defendant's Attorneys Allege That
The Prosecution Has Failed to
Make Good Its Serious Charges.

The day in Judge Stewart's court has been entirely occupied by the arguments of counsel for and against the guilt or innocence of Arthur J. Van Kuran, charged with the embezzlement of \$8,000 from the funds of the Oregon Short Line Railroad company, while he was local treasurer for that company, under a bond furnished by the American Surety company of New York.

Arguments to the jury were commenced immediately after the court minutes had been read. The argument for the prosecution was opened by District Attorney Eichhorn. He drew attention to the receipt by the defendant of two checks from the Block Pollock Iron company, one for \$2,000, dated February 6, 1900, and another for \$3,446, dated May 4, 1900, neither of which had been entered up in the cash receipts book of the Oregon Short Line company, according to the testimony of ex-Auditor Hills, in June 1900. These checks, Mr. Eichhorn handed to the jury, and waited for a few minutes while they examined them along with Mr. Van Kuran's receipt on behalf of the Oregon Short Line Railroad company for cash.

This the prosecutor held was an illustration of Mr. Van Kuran's system. The effect of it was that any shortage would not show in the books. Mr. Eichhorn next called the attention of the jury to an entry in the bank balance book on Oct. 31st, "contra \$3,446," and on Nov. 1st, "remittances \$3,446." While Mr. Eichhorn's bank pass book showed only \$16,549.62, again on Nov. 30th the prosecutor said that Van Kuran subtracted \$3,446 from the balance of \$16,549.62, making it \$13,103.62. Again on Dec. 31st he had subtracted \$3,446 from the balance, which he had added on again on Jan. 2, 1901. On Jan. 31st the same process was repeated.

Mr. Eichhorn drew the attention of the jury to the cash blotter as an additional proof of his assertion. Again he drew attention to the McCornick's bank books, which on Jan. 31st showed a balance of \$58,000 in round figures, whereas the true balance was about \$60,000. All of which, said the prosecutor, went to show that the defendant was manipulating the Oregon Short Line account with McCornick's bank by adding on and subtracting \$3,446, so as to make his own books agree with those of the bank.

Mr. Eichhorn said that Mr. Van Kuran's explanation of the entry "contra" was decidedly lame and amounted to a boomerang. He could not explain the entry because he was in the language of the day "up against it."

Mr. Eichhorn finished his argument at 11 o'clock and Attorney H. E. Booth took the jury. He laid stress on the unlikelihood of a man who had torn a good character for honesty until he was 40 or 45 years of age, and who had for many years handled large sums of money, giving way to temptation at his time of life.

"I leave it to you," said Mr. Booth, "that the actions of this defendant are consistent with innocence. The moment he got back to the office he was told by Mr. Craig that Mr. Hills had said he was not to transact any further business in that office, and Mr. Van Kuran had replied that he had been elected to that office and that he was not going to be suspended by Auditor Hills. What would any high-minded man do under these circumstances? Just what Mr. Van Kuran did, until he had and could leave the office. All his actions showed him to be a high-minded, honorable man. Mr. Hills claims to have been Mr. Van Kuran's friend and yet he has done everything in his power to help the prosecution, although the Oregon Short Line company is really not in any way interested in the case. Is that consistent with friendship?"

Mr. Booth then read part of Mr. Hills' testimony from the record, with the purpose of showing that even according to this testimony Mr. Van Kuran was willing to help to check up the books if he had ever been given an opportunity.

THE SLUMP IN MINING STOCKS.

The Marked Decline in Many Well Known Properties the Occasion
of Considerable Discussion—Mining and Business
Men Say It is Not Alarming.

The gradual decline in the price of many well known and valuable mining stocks that has been going on for the past couple of weeks or more, reached its lowest point today. While conservative mining and business men agreed that there was nothing alarming in the slump, they nevertheless discussed the subject freely in the attempt to locate the cause of "the slide," as some of the brokers were pleased to call it.

One well known authority in speaking to the "News" this afternoon said: "There is no reason, in my opinion, to become frightened. Most of the properties on the exchange are good and their stocks generally worth what they have brought. The truth is, there is a rather marked tightening in the money market. In other words, dealers are not able to secure loans with the same readiness they did a little while ago. There are various reasons for this condition. The principal ones are these: Merchants are acquiring money with which to carry their fall stocks and have borrowed freely; cattle prices have been low and few sales have been made. A fact that has made it necessary for owners to get money from the banks also. The same is true of the sheep men. They, too, have been compelled to get advances. This means that nearly all classes of business men have been temporary borrowers. Naturally that has reduced considerably the amount of money the banks have had in their vaults, although as a matter of fact there is no real scarcity of money."

Another banker added what he thought a still further reason for the slump. He said: "A lot of money has recently gone out of the state—money, too, that ordinarily would have been used in mining circles. For instance there is the \$225,000 which is said to be the purchase price of the Carlsbad and a half million dollars that Jesse Knight got for the Uncle Sam. The first amount went to Colorado and the latter to Canada. These two sums alone being used over and over again in the city and on our mining exchanges would be quite sufficient to produce either a

Beautiful



Is the exclamation heard on all
sides, as the people behold our
exhibit of Three Crown baking
powder, spices, flavoring ex-
tracts and soda water at the
State Fair. Do not miss it.
Nothing like it seen here before.

HEWLETT BROS. CO.

Mr. Booth drew a parallel with the Dreyfus trial, and the attempt to convict him on the most flimsy circumstantial evidence, and his later acquittal before all the world on the most satisfactory proof. He pointed out that the prosecution had failed to show that Mr. Van Kuran had used on Dec. 31st of the money he is accused of appropriating. There was no evidence in the appearance of the defendant or his wife of having lived extravagantly. Though the defendant had been drawing a salary of \$225 and later of \$250 a month.

Counsel drew attention to a number of checks and the time it took them to get back to Chicago and go through the clearance house there, in order to confuse Mr. Eichhorn's statement as to the checks of Feb. 4th and May 4th, which were not entered on the Oregon Short Line cash receipts book till June 4th. Besides, counsel pointed out, there was no evidence of the entry not having been made till that date, except the testimony of Mr. Hills, the book having been destroyed in the Oregon Short Line building fire. Why did the prosecution not preserve these so called evidences of Mr. Van Kuran's guilt?

Mr. Booth made the statement that it was up to Claim Agent Abbott of the American Surety company to convict Van Kuran or lose his job. "He would have taken away the \$2,500 insurance policy from this defendant's wife and children and left them penniless. That shows the character of the man," asserted Mr. Booth.

Mr. Booth also drew attention to the habit of banks of taking the depositors' initials on the deposit book and simply entering that amount on the slip and bank pass book. If there had been \$8,000 deposited more than was listed it was shown that the banks would have entered such a fact, although they generally found out where a shortage was. "I ask you as true, upright, loyal men," concluded "Booth," "to give us the justice we are entitled to."

The court then took a recess till 2 o'clock.

Yesterday afternoon Van Kuran left the stand shortly after 4 o'clock, and County Attorney P. P. Christensen, Deputy County Attorney F. C. Loof-bourne, Chief Clerk A. E. Kimball and Auditor James L. Craig, of the Oregon Short Line testified briefly, part of their testimony being ruled out on motion of Judge Powers.

When all the evidence was in, Judge Powers ruled that all McCornick & Co.'s books be excluded from the record, as the defendant had nothing to do with making them up and they were not introduced by him. The motion was argued at length by Judge Powers and Mr. Varian, and was overruled. Judge Powers noting an exception, Mr. Van Kuran did not object to it being deemed inadvisable to commence arguments at so late an hour.

WELL RECEIVED.

Mr. Arthur Shepherd, who is in Boston pursuing his piano studies, has written a letter to Mr. Alfred Rordam of Calder's music palace, telling of some of his experiences among the bean counters. Mr. Shepherd has had enthusiastic reception from old friends and especially from his old tutor. He is enjoying his stay much and receives very complimentary attention from musicians and their patrons.

AFTERNOON MINING CALL.

Prices Still on Down Grade—Sunbeam and Daly-West Much Lower.

Prices continued their downward course at this afternoon's call on the mining exchange. Much concern was manifested by not a few of the brokers, who recovered slightly before the call closed. There was a feeling, however, that the market would fully recover itself within the next day or two. The principal changes were shown in the decline of Ajax, Carlsbad, Uncle Sam, Daly-West, Mammoth, Lower Mammoth, and Sunbeam. Ajax, which recently sold around \$1.75, fell away to \$1.35, while Carlsbad, which only a few weeks ago sold at \$1.25, was offered as low as \$1.24, with only \$1.21 bid. Daly-West declined to \$2.64, Sunbeam, which was traded in at \$1 per share recently sold down to \$1. Mammoth was also very weak, being offered at \$1.85 as compared with \$2.25 a few weeks ago. Lower Mammoth dropped to \$2.50. Century was also lower at 10 cents. Uncle Sam fell to \$1.47, but recovered slightly before the call closed. Tesora, which was active at better than \$1 per share this summer, sold as low as 65¢. Star Con. was traded at 37½¢. Victor was stronger, selling up to \$4. Grand Central was offered at \$4.45 with \$4.10 bid. May Day was traded at \$1.37. Eagle & Blue Bell sold as low as \$1.16. Sacramento was sold at \$1.25. Little Chief hung around 21. Martha Washington sold at 4½¢, with \$1.00 Teller going at 26.

The Taylor-Brunton sampler reported 7 cars of ore from Stockton today. Seven cars of concentrates were on the market today from the Ophir Hill. Tod Goodrich acted as caller on the mining exchange today in place of Ira Jones, who is taking a well earned vacation.

Five cars of ore are on the way to market from the Uncle Sam. Manager Evans says the regular dividend will be posted on the 7th inst., if not before.

LETTER TO PREST, SNOW.

Resident of Tasmania Expresses Views on
The Religious Situation.

He Says That White Men Are Kept in
Slavery to Support an Oppu-
lent Clergy.

H. H. Scott, curator of the Victoria Museum at Launceston, Tasmania, is the author of the following letter received today by President Snow:

Launceston, Tasmania, Aug. 5, 1901.
Lorenzo Snow, Esq., President of the Church in Utah and Governor of the Latter-day Saints:

Sir—I am taking the liberty of addressing you as a man of the world, who, without any special claims to one religion or another, has yet been constantly brought into touch with the teachers of your special articles of faith. The object of my letter is to show you how the actions of your workers in the field impress an unbiased thinker. Let me once again say to you, that I am not a Christian at all, and for the simple reason that the manner in which the so-called "Christian religion" is presented to the world in this age, leads it to opt for a religion of materialism, and a species of a vast commercial transaction. As one looks down the vast line of well fed, well housed, opulent men who distort the teaching of Jesus Christ to the tune of hundreds of pounds per year, one is inclined to say, "When the Son of Man cometh shall He find faith on the earth." I do not mean that these men, by all means, but when we remember (and I have seen it again and again) that the money which ministers frequently claim "very much in excess of their salaries" is in the hands of the miserable pliancy of men, whose lives are spent in "white slavery" to keep body and soul together, we cannot but feel that the religion which has evolved from Him, who "knew not where to lay His head."

The men you send into the world have come to us again and again, and I have told them, I have nothing to give you, I shall not accept your religion, nor join your Church. I cannot say you are wrong in your ideas, but I have told them, I have nothing to give you, I shall not accept your religion, nor join your Church. I cannot say you are wrong in your ideas, but I have told them, I have nothing to give you, I shall not accept your religion, nor join your Church.

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With the best spirit of fairness known to me, I am inclined to believe that the teachings of the Latter-day Saints, as both have failed to convince me I infer that, as in most other religions, the truth lies midway between them, although this has, of course, nothing to do with your Church as compared with the other churches of the world. If I am not mistaken, "I do not know when I shall revile you," is to be the standard of greatness, then all I can say is, you are about the richest Church I know!

In addressing you, my people should not discuss religion, and approach religion in exactly the same way that they do the other affairs of life. If a man is to go to the aid of his neighbor, he sits down quietly and thinks out the best way to get there, and even if his friends do not consider his ultimate judgment a wise one, he is not entitled to be disturbed. In religion this seems to be the normal condition of things, and it is a treat to meet with people who will argue quietly, and with regard to the subject, and not with the spirit of a conqueror. For the third time, I am not of your Church, or any other church, but I must congratulate you on your system of sending out men of and for the world, and I hope you will explain the truth (as it seems to you) and I wish you and your people every prosperity in your day and generation.

Trusting you will pardon my freedom in addressing you at all, and believe that the seeker after truth is often called upon to outstep the small round of social customs, and laws, I have the honor to be, dear Sir, Yours faithfully,

H. H. SCOTT.

P.S.—I may just add, that I consider myself known to me as a Latter-day Saint. Dr. E. F. Henschel, Esq., W. H. Bryan, Esq.

DEITY MADE NO MISTAKE.

Young Doctor Who Affirms the Necessity of the Vermiform Appendix.

To the Editor:
Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 30, 1901.—At a recent meeting of medical men of Colorado, Wyoming, Utah and New Mexico, Dr. E. F. Henschel, attacked one of the oldest theories known to medical science. He boldly took the position that the vermiform appendix was not a misnomer, but a part of the body which fashioned the human body. In the opinion of Dr. Henschel the appendix has all these centuries been misrepresented. It is one of the useful organs of the body and notwithstanding the dicta of the most noted anatomists and physiologists of the world, the assistance of this organ in maintaining the health of the individual will yet be recognized. The newspaper report states that the medical men were startled by the daring utterances of a surgeon conversant with the subject, and vehement protests were uttered.

Among them Dr. Wright gave utterance to the following statement: "It is hard enough under existing circumstances to induce men and women to consent to the surgical operation for the removal of the appendix, and how much harder will it be if this opinion is spread abroad among the lay mind?" I suppose that Dr. Wright meant exactly what he said, and said exactly what he meant. By the "lay mind" he meant the mind of the layman, and the layman in his view are everybody who are not medical men. Well, now, according to this theory of Dr. Wright, everybody should be decapitated to have his or her appendix removed, therefore, notified by the doctor that their time had come to take their chances, spread themselves upon the operating table and cry, "remove my appendix." It seems to be the rule.

Headache

Is often a warning that the liver is out of order. It is a sure sign of trouble. For a prompt, efficient cure of Headache and all liver troubles, take

Hood's Pills

While they rouse the liver, restore full regular action of the bowels, they gently soothe the stomach, soothe and soothe the internal organs, but have a positive tonic effect. 25¢ at all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

gret of Dr. Wright's life that Dr. Henschel should have the temerity to teach that the vermiform appendix is a part of the human organization placed there by the great Creator just as much as were the fingers and toes of the human body. It would seem that Dr. Wright would insist upon the doctrine that the human race being cursed with the appendix as part of their creation, be at once educated to his theory that a great mistake had been made in the human organization, such as he possessed, should now be brought before the world for the benefit of the entire human race, and the gospel of appendectomy be preached by every human being. Dr. Wright seems to contend that nothing will insure human healthy conditions but the removal of this organ. He does not stop to consider the fact that there are more than one thousand millions of the human race that have never yet been told that they possess an appendix, much less educated to its removal. What a state these millions are in, how they must suffer, and what a field for the genius of a man like the doctor. A thousand million people be cut for appendicitis. Even at one dollar a head this means the enormous sum of one thousand million of dollars. Shades of Croesus! Monte Cristo! and the theatrical people! Your once famous wealth should no more be thought of after contemplating the fabulous amount to be obtained even from the heathen, and their thousands of millions in numbers who have never yet known the luxury of an operation for removal of the appendix. DR. SEYMOUR B. YOUNG.

HAVELY FUNERAL.

Impressive Services Over Remains of Famous Ministerial King.

Impressive and beautiful were the funeral services held in the Grand opera house this afternoon over the remains of Colonel J. H. Havely. Through the kindness of Manager Mulvey the Grand was placed at the disposal of the many friends of the "ministerial king," and the theatrical people in this city, and the bereaved widow consented for the funeral to be held there. The stage was decorated with black crepe hanging in canopy form from the middle drop and from the center a dove hung, directly over the elaborate black casket, which was hidden under superb floral creations. Upon the stage were the widow and her daughters, also theatrical friends of Colonel Havely, who acted as a choir and sang most beautifully "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and other appropriate selections. The funeral services began at 2 o'clock and Rev. Mr. Thacher of the First Unitarian society, very eloquently spoke words of praise about the life of the late Havely, and comforting words to the bereaved wife, daughter and friends. His remarks were upon the text "Blessed are they that mourn, for they shall be comforted." The widow and her daughters followed them. His address was a beautiful tribute to the dead "Ministerial King."

The remains, which have been embalmed by Undertaker S. D. Evans, will be shipped to Philadelphia and buried in the Havely plot in the cemetery of that city.

BUDDHIST PRIESTESS HERE.

The Buddhist priestess from India, Outman Olivio, is in the city and will lecture in the Assembly hall at 7:30 o'clock tomorrow evening. Her subject will be "The Buddhist Religion." Citizens generally are cordially invited to be present and Madame Olivio promises them an interesting talk, with no collection attached.

FRANCHISE DELAY.

Merchants' Lighting Company Must Incorporate or Retire.

Attorney H. C. Edwards will have to file incorporation papers for the Merchants' Lighting company before the Council committee on laws will consider the application for a franchise of the company, for which he is acting as sponsor. Mr. Edwards promised to draw up the incorporation papers at once and send them to New York for the approval of the clients there. This was decided at the meeting of the committee on laws last night. Mr. Edwards tried to sound the committee as to how it would regard the granting of the franchise on condition that the requirements of law had been complied with, but the committee was uncommunicative on this point.

GETS JORDAN WATER.

Manager T. R. Cutler of the Utah Sugar company asked the committee on irrigation to permit him to have a small tract of water from the East Jordan canal through the city's canal to the company's auxiliary plant at Bingham Junction. The proposition was to exchange a piece of land near the Jordan Narrows for a perpetual right. But City Attorney Stephens advised against it, saying Mr. Cutler would be given permission to use the water during the best sugar season.

POLL TAX COMPROMISE.

Alex. McMaster, with his attorneys, Casey and Walters, appeared before the laws committee and proposed to amend the law so that the semi-annual meeting of that organization will be held in the Salt Lake Clearing House office in the Utah National bank on Monday, October 7th at 12:45 p. m. Those who are interested are requested to be present.

DAMAGE CLAIM.

Marcus Shumann's claim against the city for \$250 for damages to his property on Ninth street between K and L by flooding from a city flume was turned down.

SUBJECT OF INVESTIGATION.

Queer Case in Which Lake and Lochrie Figure Prominently.

A case touching the conduct of Francis G. Luke of the Merchants' Protective association and Peter Lochrie, justice of the peace of the First precinct, came to light yesterday afternoon, when Attorney J. W. Stringfellow lodged a complaint before County Attorney Christensen.

It is the case of the Merchants' Protective association vs. G. W. Palmer of Davis county, to collect an alleged debt of \$125. Mr. Palmer says that on September 17th, he received what he supposed to be a copy of a summons issued from Justice Lochrie's court, giving him twenty days to appear and defend against the claim. The summons was scratched out and the other date substituted. The attorney believes that a bogus summons was sent to Palmer for the purpose of intimidation and he wants the justice to investigate. According to his statements it would seem that before the suit was filed, Luke sent Palmer a summons to make him think he was about to be sued. Then the fact that the justice's name was not found at first, and when it was found he was not found, led to the suit. To his mind looks suspicious, to say the least. The fact that the justice's name was not found at first, and when it was found he was not found, led to the suit. To his mind looks suspicious, to say the least. The fact that the justice's name was not found at first, and when it was found he was not found, led to the suit. To his mind looks suspicious, to say the least.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of cod-liver oil is the means of life and enjoyment of life to thousands: men women and children.

When appetite fails, it restores it. When food is a burden, it lifts the burden.

When you lose flesh, it brings the plumpness of health.

When work is hard and duty is heavy, it makes life bright.

It is the thin edge of the wedge; the thick end is food. But what is the use of food when you hate it, and can't digest it?

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil is the food that makes you forget your stomach.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, 439 Pearl street, New York

date. He said the original summons was given to the complainant and he would not get it again until it was certified and sent back to him. County Attorney Christensen said if he found that the facts warranted it, he would begin prosecuting proceedings.

AMUSEMENTS.

The length of the engagement and the increase in prices, were probably responsible for keeping the attendance at the Grand last night below the jangled point. Down stairs the turnout was only fair, but in the gallery there was hardly breathing room. The production is one as strong as many others that the town has flopped to pay a dollar or more to witness. It was under the disadvantage of coming so closely upon the heels of a mammoth production like "Florodora," but musically speaking, it stood the test well, and before the week is over the town will echo with the strains of the catchy numbers with which "The Flamingo Girl" is filled. The company is a big one for the Grand, and crowded the stage to the uncomfortable point at times.

The center of attention was Arthur Dunn, who kept the fun going at a lively rate all night, and he scored a decided hit with the audience. Miss Josephine, the maid, made a lively companion for Mr. Dunn. Aside from these two, the support was generally of the mediocre order, the big features being the brightness of the chorus, the costumes, and the stage business, which was handled. The libretto is like all comic opera stories, very light waisted. The same bill goes tonight, and as the theatergoers grow more and more in evidence, a big engagement is looked for.

Prof. McClellan, a holding nightly rehearsals of "The Wedding Day" at the Theater. The first performance occurs next Saturday afternoon.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25¢

BUSINESS NOTES.

The clearings for the first day of October amounted to \$791,550.35, as compared with \$145,743.46 for the corresponding day of last year.

Sam C. Park, who for the past seven years has been connected with the Bank of Commerce, has resigned his position as cashier and will become associated with his father, Boyd Park, in the management of the jewelry firm.

Ernest Goddard, and others of Salt Lake have purchased the Speake ranch on Snake river in Oregon for \$25,000 cash. There are some placer mines on the property, which have been worked in a small way for a number of years. Mr. Goddard and his associates intend to work these mines and grow fruit on the property.

It is announced by President Ellison and Secretary Vowles of the Utah State Millers' association, that the semi-annual meeting of that organization will be held in the Salt Lake Clearing House office in the Utah National bank on Monday, October 7th at 12:45 p. m. Those who are interested are requested to be present.

The management of the Manitou hotel has again changed and this morning Mrs. Elizabeth Parker, widow of Captain Montgomery D. Parker, succeeded Mrs. Belle Schermer as lessee and manager. It is Mrs. Schermer's intention to move to the coast on account of ill health. The new management will, it is stated, considerably improve the house and its furnishings. Hamilton G. Park is the owner of the building and furnishings.

The Anderson Investment company has begun the erection of a fine double house to be built on the corner of Ninth and Main streets.

Gives Good Digestion

Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water after meals, removes the distress, oppression and "all gone" feeling.

Gives good appetite, perfect digestion and restful sleep.

A Tonic and Nerve Food.

"The genuine bears the name 'Horsford's' on its label."

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water after meals, removes the distress, oppression and "all gone" feeling.

Gives good appetite, perfect digestion and restful sleep.

A Tonic and Nerve Food.

"The genuine bears the name 'Horsford's' on its label."

Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water after meals, removes the distress, oppression and "all gone" feeling.

Gives good appetite, perfect digestion and restful sleep.

A Tonic and Nerve Food.

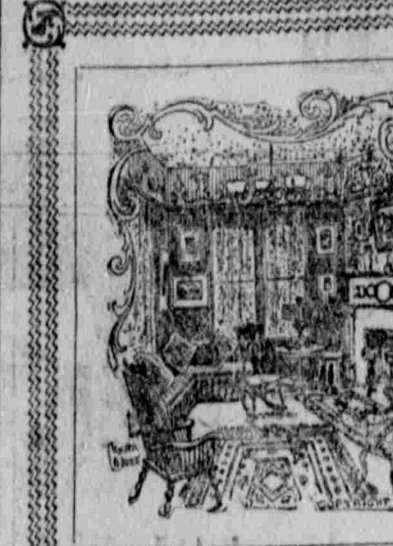
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Parlor Suits.

We have a Splendid Line of Parlor Furniture in Every Conceivable Style.

All up to date and new and bright. Every grade, so that we can suit the pockets of all classes. We have them in two, three, four and five piece suits.

A very nice three-piece suit upholstered in beautiful silk tapestry, with fine carved mahogany frame for

\$22.00

We invite your special attention to our magnificent display of these goods.

H. DINWOODEY FURNITURE CO.



Stylish Suits FOR BOYS.

There's a sort of individuality of style displayed in the Siegel Clothes for Boys that does not appear in the ordinary kind. That's due to the careful and painstaking manner in which all our goods are bought.

The most desirable styles and best values that the Eastern Markets afford are the ones sought by us.

With a competent buyer always at the source of production, every effort is spent to keep in touch with the prevailing fashions, both in Men's and Boys' Wearables.

FOR LITTLE BOYS.

Age 2 to 8 years. We've the Vestee and Russian Blouse Suits in Cheviot, Cassimere and Serge.

Vestees, \$2.00 to \$3.00; Russian Blouses, \$4.50 to \$5.00.

FOR BOYS-8 to 16 YEARS.

There's an excellent variety of Two and Three Piece Knee Pants Suits here. The latest cuts and fabrics.

Two Piece Suits, \$2.00 to \$3.00; Three Piece Suits, \$3.50 to \$4.00.

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS-\$10.00.

At that price we show an unusual assortment of Nobby Suits, and they're unusual values, too. There are many suits selling elsewhere at \$12.00 and \$13.50 that are no better than these we offer at \$10.00. There are both single and double breasted styles in Cheviots, Cassimere and Unfinished Worsteds.

And plenty of other