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Being the Great Central Line, affords to travelers, by reason of its unrivalled geographi al position, the shortest and best route between the East, Northeast and Southeast, and he West, Northwest and Southwest.

It is literally and strictly true, that its connections are all of the principal lines of rons, setween the Atlantic and the Pacific

etween the Atlantic and the Pacific By its main line and branches it reaches Chicago, Joliet, Peoria, Ottawa, La Salle Senesco, Moline and Rock Island, in linnois; Davenport, Muscatine, Wasburgton, Keo ruk, Knoxville, Oskaloosa, Fairdeld, Des Moines, West Liberty, Jowa Cuy, Atlantic Avoca, Auduboa, Harian, Guthrie Ceuter and Council Riuffs, in Iowa; Gallatin, Trenton, Came non and Kansas City, in Missouri, and Leavenworth and Atchison in Kansas, and the hun Orede of citics, villages and towns intermediate. The

"GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,"

te it is familiarly called, offers to travelers all the advantages and comforts incident to a mooth track, safe bridges, Union Depots at all connecting points, Fast Express Trains. composed of COMMODIOUS, WELL VENTILATED, WELL HEATED, FINELY UP HOLSTERED and ELEGANT DAY COA "HES; a has of the MOST MAGNIFICEN' BORTON RECLINING CHAIR CARS e ir built; PULLMAN'S latest designed and landsomest PALACE SLEEPING CARS, and DINING CARS, that are acknowledged by press and people to be the FINEST RUN UPON ANY ROAD IN THE COUNTRY, and in which superior meals are served to travelers at the low rate of SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS CACH.

THREE TRAINS each way between CHICAGO and the MISSOURI BIVER. TWO TRAINS each way between CHICAGO and MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL via the famous

ALBERT LEA ROUTE.

January 1882, a new line will be opened, via Seneca and Kankakee, between Newport avers, Bichmond, Cincinnan, Indianapolis and La Fayette, and Council Blaffs, St. Paul diuscapolis and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers carried on Fast Express Trains. For more detailed information see Maps and Folders, which may be obtained, reli as "ickets, at all principal Ticket offices in the United States and Canada, or of R. R. CABLE. E. ST. JOHN,



mentioned. Mr. Lincoln said he had no knowledge whatever of the duplica-tion of Col. Morrow's pay accounts prior to the announcement by Gen. Swaim. He was then asked if he had read reports of the fact, but this ques-tion was objected to, and the objection custained EVENING NEWS. Wyo., 12.-George Cook at Larsmie City, Wyo., at or the murder of his bro-**TUTT'S** was hanged at Laramie City, Wyo., at 11.30 to-day for the murder of his bro-ther-in-law, Henry Blount, one year ago. He made no remarks on the scaf-fold, but maintained to the last that he had been too drunk to know he was committing murder. He died easily in ten minutes. His neck was broken. BY TELEGRAPH Investigating. Springfield, 12.—The Egremont inys-tery ceased by the opening to-day of Estella Nowman's grave and finding the body undisturbed. TORPID BOWELS Barker continued his tes "HE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE. Barker continued his testimony to-day before the committee examining his charges against the Comptroller's office. He testified that he had objec-ted to passing the accounts of several United States marshals; he also ob-jected to the account of John I. Dav-enport, chief supervisor of elections of the City of New York. At the re-quest of Milliken, a section of the Re-vised Statutes and the order of the court showing that the account was legal and had been ordered to be allow-ed, was read. Judge Lawrence will testify Monday. DISORDERED LIVER XLVIII CONGRESS. of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence : Loss of Appstite. Bowels cosive, Sick Headache, miness after cating aver-sion to exertion of body or mind, Ernetation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, a feeling of hav-ing neglested some duty. Diminess, Finitering at the Heart, Pots before the eyes, highly colored Urime, CON-STIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a diver medicine TUTT'S FILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kid-neys and skin is also prompt; removing all imputrities through these three "scav-ongers of the system," producing appe-tite, sound dig mion, regular stools, a dearskin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S FILLS cause no mansea or griping norm-ierfere with daily work, and ares perfect SENATE. WASHINGTON, 11. — After routine business, Van Wyck offered the fol-lowing: WHEREAS, A commercial treaty of freat importance has been negotiated which was made public by the King of spain to such an extent that it was cabled from Madria to the American people by that journal before the same was presented with becoming solemni-ty and secrecy to the Senate; and, whereas, the provisions of said treaty, materially affecting the subjects of revolues and taxation, and involving no serious questions of diplomacy and state secrets, the discussion thereof hould be in open session, so that the people may be fully apprised of the reater and the committee on miss be directed to report an amend-tic or rejected; there for the or additional rule requiring that the secrets which concern matters of reve-ue be considered in open session. SENATE. CLEVELAND'S CABINET. The Public Health. The committee on federal legisla-for appointed by the national con-formace of state boards of health is completed a bill which embods is the best method of prevent is the best method of prevent is the best method of prevent is the throduction into the United states of cholera and other diseases ingerous to the public health. The the bill provides for a board of health, the bill provides for an ember the bill provides for the original act, the bill provides for the sense board the board and excludes from the the board and excludes from the the board section of the new bill to wides, as did the corresponding sec-tion and dissemination of sanitary in the scope of the boards powers by au torizing it to frame rules and regula-tors for the government of the scope of the boards powers by au torizing it to frame rules and regula to a for the government of The committee on federal legisla-Correspondence Rochester Sunday Herald. ANTIDOTE to MALARIA. GRAT HAIR OR WHISKERS changed in-stantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Drug-gists, or sent by express on receipt of GL sold everywhers. Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.

went over one day. Consideration of the Oregon Cen-tral land forfeiture bill was then re-

sumed. The amendment of Dolph was, greed to, providing that all settlers in good faith on lands forfeited, who are other-wise qualified, shall be entitled to pre-ference of the right to enter lands in accordance with homesteaded or pre-cuption laws, and shall be regarded as having legally settled such lands from the date of settlement; and in case such settler be not so entitled under existing laws, he should be permitted, within a year, to purchase not to ex-ceed 160 acres at \$1.25, and reducing to \$1.25 the price of even-numbered sec-tions along the line of the uncompleted portion.

The amendment offered by Plumb was agreed to by a vote of 33 to 11, re-pealing the act of March &d, 1875, which allowed settlers on railroad lands, sub-sequently forfeited, to locate an amount equal to the original entry without additional cost.

Sherman, in some remarks favoring his, said the land was open to homestead entry, which was enough. It would not do to permit speculators to get a hold on these lands and hold them get a hold on these lands and hold them from settlement. He (Sherman) would favor, in the bill, the repeal of the pre-emption laws: they had long outlived their usefulness. Morgan inquired of Dolph whether there were any other parties affected by the forfeiture than the United States

throw of impurities. Frickly Ash Bitters are aspecially compounded for this purpose. They are mild in their action and effective as a

mild in their action and effective as a ours; are pleasant to the lasts and taken easily by both children and adults. In-bon according to directions, they are a safe and pleasant ours for Dyspeput's, General Debility, Habitual Com-stipation, Diseased Kidneys, etc., etc. As a Blood Purifier they are superior to any other modioine; eleansing the system theroughly, and imparting new life and energy to the in-valid. It is a medicino and not an intexicating beauty of a string. believed there had been no effort made by the company to sell lands. Dolph believed there was a mortgage and perhaps a deed of trust, which embraced in their descriptions all lands of the company, both earned and un-earned, but supposed the grantee of a land grant, made upon conditions sub-sequent, could only take or mortgage such rights as existed, and if the con-ditions had not been performed, there could have existed no right which the mortgage could take. There were no questions involved, Dolph said, that would not be fairly and equitably set-led by the provisions of the bill. Morgan had understood in commit-tee that there were no mortgages or in-ASE YOUR BRUBBIST FOR PRISELY ASE BITTERS,

Detroit, 12.-Foxes' candy factory burned this evening. Three parls were burned to death and one dangerously hurt by falling from the first escape.

PROBABLE EFFECTS OF THE CHANGE ON OFFICEHOLDERS-VIEWS

OF AN OLD-TIMER.

"Yes, the principal topic of conver-sation here at present is the probable action of the in-coming administra-tion."

tion." The speaker was Mr. William M. Ashley, of 506 Maine Avenue, a man whose large and intimate acquaintance with prominent public men here in Washington, renders his opinion of unusual weight. "The all important question among the clerks of the various departments is, who is to go. In my opinion there will be very few changes among the old-time employes who have been here year in and year out through several administrations. The removals will occur among the heads of depart-ments."

"The sense of mistrust which must

ments."
"The sense of mistrust which must necessarily pervade the departments is, I suppose, detrimental to the proper transaction of business?"
"Well, rather, I reckon. It unfits the clerks for business. Some get very blue, for they have purchased little homes which they must sacrifice."
"Tast summer it was reported that many were ill of malaria. How is it?" "More likely, ill of a fear of change. I don't think Washington is so very malarious. At the same time I admit that since residing here, I have not al-ways felt first-rate. At times I have been greatly troubled with sharp-shooting pains. One day my right arm and leg would torture me with pain; there would be great redness, heat and swelling of the parts, and per-haps the next day the left arm and leg would be similarly affected. Then again it would locate in some particular part of my body and pro-duce a tenderness which would well nigh drive me frantic. There would be weeks at a time that I would be afficted with an intermitting-kind of pain that would come on every after-noon and leave me comparatively free from suffering during the balance of the twenty-four hours." "Of course you consulted the doc-tors regarding your difficulty?" "Consulted them? Well I should say I did. Some told me I had neural-gis; others that I had infiammatory rheumatism, for which there was no cure." regardless of the local boards. The third section relates to the regu-lation of the marine quarantine service, and authorizes the national board to frame rules to be observed by all ves-sels sailing from foreign ports to ports of the United States, and provides that such rules, when approved by the President and issued by the Depart-ment of State shall be enforced by all consular officers and agents of the United States, as well as by medical

United States, as well as by medical officers serving under this act.

Section four provides that any ves-sel from any foreign port which shall attempt to enter any port of the United States in violation of the above men-tioned rules and regulations shall be liable to process in the proper District Court of the United States, and, upon conviction, shall forfeit to the United States a sum to be awarded in the dis-cretion of the court, not exceeding \$1,000, which shall be a lien upon the vessel. In order to show that it has complied with these rules and regula-tions, every vessel shall be pro-vided with the proper certificate from the United States consul or medical



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ARE PREPARED TO DO



The majority of the ills of the human body arise from a derangement of the Liver, affecting both the stomach and bowels. In order to effect a cure, is is necessary to remove the cause. Irrequ-lar and Sluggish action of the Bowels, Beadache, Sichness at the Stomach, Pain in the Back and Loins, etc., indicate that the Liver is at fault, and that nature ro-quires assistance to emable this organ to throw of impuricies.

ment and the railroad com pany, Stater did not think there were. He

believed there had been no effort made

Of the United States, and by vesting in it (this board) all authoritly which is now or may hereafter be provided by law for the control and protection of the public health. It directs the national board to co-operate with local boands so far as it lawfully can, and ald in the enforcement of the latter's rules and regulations,; but it also authorizes the national board, upon direction of the President, to acc in the several . States independently, and make and enforce there its own rules, regardless of 'he local boards.

regaraless of the local boards.

Penalty.

