ALL ABOUT CAPONS.

How the Caponizing Is Done—Best Breeds to Operate On—Growth of Capons.

T. Dorizer of New York, whose experiments are always worth knowing about, gives a very interesting account of raising capons to a correspondent in Country Gentleman. His first trial was made last year with many precautions. This year, however, he has got at it in a business way and makes short and successful work of it. He writes:

My way has been to shut up from 8 to 12 cockerels at night, leave them without food and drink until the second day following and then operate them. As soon as caponized the birds are placed in a small pen with no carpet floor, where they are well fed with soft food for a few days, during which time they are examined once or twice and relieved of "wind pufs," if such happened to occur, by a slit made into the puffed up skin with the point of a keen bladed penknife. In a week or less we give the birds their liberty and let another lot, just caponized, take their places. I find, however, that the birds when skillfully operated on are so little affected by being caponized that they will eat on the operating table while undergoing the operation. Whether kept in confinement for a few days or given their liberty at once, whether fed soft food or whole grain, they are seen to heal up and recover perfectly in about a week's time.

Usually I open the ribs on both sides, feeling it safer and more expeditious thus to try to remove both testicles from one side. Only when the lower testicle appears in plain sight and in a favorable position do I take both from one opening, but even then, contrary to the ordinary direction, I take the upper one first, as I find no difficulty to remove blood (should any appear) by means of soaking it up with a little piece of moist sponge, and thus bring the lower testicle in plain sight again.

When I first began, I used the horsehair capsule. I am now using thin tinned wire, such as basketeers use for fastening artificial wreath formations in their frames, and find it far superior to the manufacturers' wire and to horsehair as well. Its use sterilizes and shortens the task materially, for the horsehair often breaks and frequently requires repeated trials before it can be slipped around the testicle.

For years I have kept the Black Langshans, and I yet consider them the best general purpose fowl. As winter layers they are to hard to excel, but if I were to make a business of raising broilers I think I would prefer Plymouth Rocks. Leghorns are too small. For a heavy, plump boiled broiler or capon the Indian game will be hard to beat, and its crosses are also excellent, but as egg layers the breed ranks very, very low. We can caponize Langshans, Cochins, Plymouth Rocks, Games, Leghorns, etc., and their crosses with about equal ease. Only the Brahmas have given us some trouble on account of the wormlike shape of their testicles. Game Langshans crosses sometimes have too much flesh on the ribs to show the latter well, and we sometimes make the incision more by guesswork than by sight or feeling of the exact spot.

Desires in caponizing supplies almost invariably assert that capons grow faster and reach a greater weight than roosters, but such is not my experience. I have not been able to discover much difference in their respective rate of growth. But it is certain that capons grow fatter and plumper, and that their meat is much sweeter and more tender. I dislike the smell and flavor of roosters when it comes along in the winter or toward spring, but I can find no fault with the taste of capon meat. The price alone, compared with that of rooster meat, proves the superior table quality of the capon.

Keeping Turnips and Potatoes.

The average farmer in the west looks more favorably at practices within his means than upon appliances more costly and which require more or less of experience to accomplish successfully. Now, turnips can be kept in the ordinary cellar fairly well about half, sometimes through winter. But nineteen twenties of the farmers have reached the conclusion that to kill them is by far the best plan. There is no art required beyond industry, a spade and a wagon load or two of manure. The turnips should be topped close to prevent sprouting, and dirt and straw and manure sufficient to keep them from freezing should be heaped upon them. A Prairie Farmer correspondent writes: "I have made long rills of turnips and been able thereby to feed my cows a ration of them the greater part of the winter. Turnips make cows pour the milk down and are almost a substitute for grain stuff. They are a good sound to grass. It was never any trouble to me to get at my turnips all winter, and all the winter, too, they were welcome on the table."

Potatoes take more kindly to the cellar than any other root crop. If the cellar be kept just above freezing point and they be kept dry, they will keep quite well enough the winter. Nevertheless I prefer to bury them. The same as I bury turnips and apples. They keep with the exception of the potatoes just mentioned, and in my judgment are better every way than those in the cellar. The objections people have to burying fruits and roots grow out of the difficulty at times of getting at them, because of snow and mud. But the fall can be made to the lee of a fence or building and in addition a couple of days supply may always be kept on hand.

The Shrewder Sometimes Yielded.

Dr. Holmes said as little need to the dictum of the thirteenth time that a reader should not read with a proposition or other important word as did the old writer of a work on rhetoric who told them the rule, "A proposition should not be used to end a sentence with." Dr. Holmes ended not only sentences, but chapters, with propositions and close magnificent words. For example, chapter 6 of "Elsie Venner" ends with the words "school-ma'ms," and chapter 16 of the same novel ends with the words "life of."—Boston Transcript.

The Just Fear of God.

If we work upon marble, it will perish; if we work upon brass, time will efface it; if we rear temples, they will crumble into dust, but if we work upon immortal souls, if we imbue them with principles, with the just fear of God and love of our fellow man, we engrave on those tablets something which will brighten to all eternity.—Daniel Webster.

The teachers of cooking in the Boston public schools are paid $40 for their first year's work, with an annual increase of $40 until the maximum of $144 is reached. The director of the cooking schools is paid $1,000.

GUN POWDER

Let him now shoot who never shot before, and let him who always shot now shoot his more.

HAZARD'S "Kentucky Rifle"
HAZARD'S "Duck Shooting"
HAZARD'S "Sporting and Blasting"
HAZARD'S "Rifle" (FFG) is the best rifle powder in the market.

Manufactured by
THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY,
Hazardville, Conn.
Represented in Utah by—
SALT LAKE HARDWARE CO.

SAPONIFIER

is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Dissolves enclosed cake in 10 minutes. Makes 50 gals. soft soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for SAPONIFIER and take no other. Frank Bot Mfg. Co., Philadelphia.

THE LEADING BOOK MANUFACTURING HOUSE OF THE WEST.

BECKTOLD & CO.,
GENERAL
Book Manufacturers
and Book Binders.
202-213 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS.

Ruling, Perforating, Paging, Job Work, Blank Books, Tab Work, Tab Ruling, Embossing by the Trade, Tab Binding, Leather, Tab Indexes, Gold Lettering, Tab Indexes, Etc., Etc.
SPECIALTIES:
BOOKS PARTICULARLY ADAPTED TO RURAL TRADES, CLUB AND MERCANTILE.
We make and Stock Cases for Printers and Publishers as a Branch. We carry a large assortment of Binders, Overlands, Letter Files, and a whole of material needed in case in the country.
FIRST-CLASS LAW WORK MADE A SPECIALTY.
Estimates Cheerfully Given. Your Orders Solicited.
BECKTOLD & CO.

MARSHAL'S SALE

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SALE to me directed by the Third Judicial District Court in and for Salt Lake County, in the Territory of Utah, I, Nathan Morris, will on Wednesday, the 16th day of January, 1895, at the hour of one o'clock p. m. of said day at the Court House in said Salt Lake County, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest of Hezekiah Thomas and George E. Taylor, of in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in said Salt Lake City and County, and described as follows, to-wit:

All of lot 3, Block 50, in Plat "A" Plat of Salt Lake City, according to the official survey of said city, and the improvements thereon, consisting of a two-story brick house, and being the same property of Hezekiah Thomas and George E. Taylor, at the suit of Jane Kirkham.

Terms of sale, cash.

NAT M. BRIGHAM,
By L. L. Morris, Deputy Marshal.
U. S. Marshal.

Dated December 10, 1894.

H. G. Hampton, Attorney for Plaintiff.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
BEECHAM'S PILLS
TASTELESS—EFFECTUAL
FOR A
DISORDERED LIVER
25 Cents a Box.
WILCOX'S
Sold with a Tasteless & Durable Coating, in all climates. Price 25 cents a box.

DELINQUENT ASSESSMENT.

Delinquent Stock—The Gravy Mining Company.

Location of Principal Place of Business Salt Lake City, Utah.

Location of Works—White Pine Co., Nevada.

NOTICE—THESE ARE DELINQUENT upon the following assessment thereon levied by the Board of Trustees of said Company, on the 6th day of November, 1894, in the sums set down opposite the names of the respective stockholders as follows:

	No. of Certificate	No. of Shares	Amount
Jesse N. Fox	7	2,000	$20.00
Jesse N. Fox	8	2,000	20.00
Jesse N. Fox	11	1,000	10.00
Jesse N. Fox	12	1,000	10.00
Jesse N. Fox	13	1,000	10.00
Jesse N. Fox	14	1,000	10.00
Warren McIntyre	21	2,000	20.00
Warren McIntyre	22	2,000	20.00
Jesse N. Fox et al.	23	1,000	10.00
Jesse N. Fox et al.	24	1,000	10.00
H. N. White	32	1,000	10.00
Jesse Fox	33	1,000	10.00

And in accordance with law and the order of the board of trustees made on the fifteenth day of November, 1894, so much thereof as may be necessary will be sold at public auction, at the office of the company, on the eighth day of December, 1894, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, to pay the delinquent assessment opposite the name of each stockholder and the costs of advertising and expense of sale.

HARD JENNINGS, Secretary.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Gravy Mining Co., held at the office of the company, in Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 15th day of November, 1894, it was ordered that the delinquent assessment upon the stock of delinquent stockholders be paid to the secretary at his office, on or before the 8th day of December, 1894, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, when and where will be sold so much of said stock as may be necessary to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the costs of advertising and expense of sale.

By order of the board of directors.

A. E. HYDE, President.

40 West North Temple Street.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE BY ADMINISTRATOR.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Salt Lake County, Utah, made on the 12th day of December, 1894, in the matter of the estate of Wm. L. S. Allen, deceased, the undersigned administrator of said estate will sell at private sale to the highest bidder, for cash, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on or after Monday, the 21st day of January, 1895, at the right, title, interest or estate of said deceased, at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has acquired in and to the premises described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the northeast corner of lot 1, block 10, plat "A" Salt Lake City survey; thence south 20 rods; thence west 10 rods; thence north 20 rods; thence east 10 rods to the place of beginning, containing one acre of ground, lying and being in the county and city of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah.

Terms of sale: Cash, gold coin of the United States. The purchaser to be required to pay for the cost of sale and the balance on confirmation of sale by the Probate Court. Deed to be executed and delivered upon payment of the purchase money.

Sale to be made subject to the rights of the widow therein, and also to the rights of creditors, if any, of said estate.

Sale to be made at the office of the undersigned, in Salt Lake City, Utah.

Dated December 3, 1894.

MARY A. ALLEN,
Administratrix of the estate of Wm. L. S. Allen, deceased.

MARSHAL'S SALE

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SALE to me directed by the Third District Court of the Territory of Utah, I will expose at public sale, at the south door of the court house in the city and county of Salt Lake, and Territory of Utah, on the 16th day of January, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, the following described real estate and personal property, viz.: Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40,